"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Unsettled, probably showers, cooler to-day; unsettled to-morrow.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,029. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ASQUITH POSTPONES FIGHT IN COMMONS

Conservatives Acquiesce in Plan Not to Take Up Reform of Lords or Veto Before Easter.

BUDGET IS SIDETRACKED

In Mean Time the Government Will Seek Authority to Borrow and Will Pass Appropriation Bills.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—After Premier Asquith had made a statement in the House of Commons to-day, the effect of which was to postpone till after Easter all the contentious questions of the budget, reform of the House of Lords, and the curbing of their veto power, his Government obtained a lease of life till then through the acquiescence of the Conservatives. They refrained from calling for a division on his motion, which was that Government business should have precedence at every session until March 24. The forbearance of the Conservatives was due to their anxiety to avoid another general election so soon after the recent one.

Mr. Asquith's plan gained the support of the advanced Radicals and the Laborites, who have been wavering, with the result that later in the evening the Government had majorities of 91 and 95, respectively, against two proposed amendments to Mr. Asquith's resolution. The Irish members had withdrawn from the House for a discussion of policy when the programme was accepted. They had decided, however, to refrain from voting. Most of them will return to Ireland until the question relating to the House of Lords takes the centre of the stage.

Other Business Comes First.

From now until the Easter adjournment the House will deal with resolutions enabling the Government to continue to borrow money, necessitated by the failure of the budget, and with the appropriation bill for the army, navy, and other departments.

When the House of Commons meets after Easter it will take up the struggle to revolutionize the British Government system. Resolutions will be presented to deprive the House of Lords of all authority over finances, and also of the power of vetoing other measures of the lower house, leaving to the Lords only the functions of delay and discussion. If this plan succeeds the Government proposes next year to proceed with the transformation of the House of Lords from a hereditary to a democratic body.

Such was the programme the Prime Minister unfolded, and he and Chancellor Lloyd-George declared that the Government staked its existence on it. In the meantime the budget stands sidetracked. It is likely that when it is taken up it will combine the budgets of two years, shorn of the features objectionable to the Irish members.

Financial Situation Exigent.

In opening his statement Premier Asquith declared exigencies of the financial situation were such that the vote on the Army and Navy bills, resolutions covering the borrowings, and other urgent demands must occupy the whole time of the House of Commons up to March 24, when adjournment would be taken to March 29.

As soon as Parliament reassembled, he said, the Government would introduce resolutions excluding the House of Lords altogether from the domain of finance and declaring that in other legislation the power of veto, as at present possessed by the House of Lords, should be limited so as to secure a predominance for the House of Commons during the lifetime of a single Parliament.

It would be made plain that these changes were without prejudice to the question of reforming the Lords, and that the Government contemplated in the subsequent year the substitution in the second chamber of a democratic for a hereditary basis. A bill giving effect to the operative part of the resolutions would then be introduced, Mr. Asquith said, but in order to avoid waste of time and labor and to bring the matter to an issue at the earliest possible moment the resolutions would be submitted to the House of Lords.

"If the House of Lords agrees to them, well and good," the Prime Minister concluded, "but whether it does or does not, the Government will regard the placing with all possible promptitude upon the statute books of a provision which will set free this House from the veto of the House of Lords, not only as the first condition of the legislative dignity and utility of the House of Commons, but as our own primary and paramount duty.

"In the prosecution of that task we shall adopt all such measures within the limits of the Constitution as seem to us proper and adequate, and upon its successful accomplishment are at stake not only our fortunes, but our existence as a Government."

"Where Is the Budget?"

At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Asquith was greeted with loud Ministerial cheers, mingled with Unionist cries of "Where is the Budget?"

A. J. Balfour, the Opposition leader, twitted the Premier on the quick changes in the Government programme, and the abandonment of pledges with regard to the Budget under pressure from those who had a passionate desire to destroy the Lords, but who did not have a passionate desire to pass the "people's" Budget. The Premier's only consideration, Mr. Balfour said, seemed to be to keep the Cabinet together.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, who followed Mr. Balfour, declared that "nothing that the Prime Minister has said alters my view that we ought to vote against the motion."

Mr. Redmond complained that Premier Asquith had not made it clear what he would do if the House of Lords rejected the resolutions. He declared that if Mr. Asquith would give a definite promise that in the event of the House of Lords hanging up the resolutions he would go to the King and ask for guarantees, and, if refused, would resign, in the meantime suspending consideration of the Budget, the Irish Nationalists would support the Premier's motion. Otherwise the Nationalists must vote against it.

Radicals Are Propitiated.

Sir James H. Dalziel, the Radical whose hostile amendment disapproving any Government resolutions aiming at reform was ruled out of order, admitted in a brief speech that Premier Asquith's statement had done much to meet the views of the Radical "rebels."

Chancellor Lloyd-George said the Government could not ask for the exercise of the royal prerogative on proposals which had not yet received the sanction of the House of Commons or the opposition of the House of Lords.

"The Government will stake its existence," said the Chancellor, "upon the advice it will give the sovereign if it becomes necessary to do so. This is a matter of the greatest moment to the democracy of Great Britain and Ireland. We are fighting a powerful combination, which cannot be overthrown without courage and comradeship, loyalty and sacrifice."

The Chancellor appealed to the Liberals to trust the Government and work together.

Mr. Asquith's motion was then carried without a division.

SUES GUFFEY FOR MILLIONS.

J. Montefiore Myers Wants $2,189,000 for Alleged Breach of Contract.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Col. James M. Guffey of Pittsburg, the oil operator and Democratic State leader, was summoned to answer a suit brought against him here to-day by J. Montefiore Myers, a mining promoter of London, who is seeking to recover $2,189,000 damages for the alleged violation of an agreement arising from negotiations for the sale of coal lands in West Virginia.

Mr. Myers declares that on June 19, 1908, he entered into an agreement with Col. Guffey's representative, John M. Garman of Wilkesbarre, under which Col. Guffey was to have a company incorporated, capitalized at $20,000,000, and to have conveyed to it 135,000 acres of coal land clear of all incumbrances. It was proposed to have a $15,000,000 bond issue, which was to be placed in the plaintiff's control, but Mr. Myers alleges that, although various extensions were granted for the performance of the agreement, neither Col. Guffey nor his representative fulfilled their part.

Mr. Myers charges that Col. Guffey, in attempting to relieve himself of his obligation, while the complainant was in custody in New York on a false charge of grand larceny, obtained with the connivance of the police officials, Myers's dress suit case and through his agents got possession of all the papers relating to the transaction.

Myers asserts that he was exonerated of the charges against him without trial. Myers declares that Col. Guffey afterward caused his arrest on a charge of conspiracy, but the Grand Jury ignored a charge presented against him on Jan. 8, 1909.

Myers says that the contract was arbitrarily canceled on Nov. 24, 1908, and the sum sued for represents the special profits and advantages, which he believes he would have derived had the agreement been carried out.

WOMAN GRAPPLES BURGLAR.

He Escapes from Her, but Is Caught After a Long Chase.

Mrs. William Allen, wife of a priter at 529 Fifty-sixth Street, South Brooklyn, heard some one fumbling with a key in the lock of the front door of their flat on the third floor at noon yesterday, and thinking it must be her husband returning early for lunch, tiptoed into the parlor from the kitchen to greet him unawares. In the parlor, instead of her husband, she found a stranger, kneeling on the floor before a blanket, on which lay several articles of the Allen household jewelry.

Mrs. Allen grappled with the stranger without hesitation. He got free by striking her a hard blow. Mrs. Allen pursued him to the street, calling loudly for help and drawing a large crowd to join in the hue and cry.

The man ran through Fifty-sixth Street to Fifth Avenue, turned north, and fled to Forty-eighth Street. There Patrolman John Kelly of the Fourth Avenue Station joined in the chase. At Forty-fifth Street, eleven blocks from his starting point, the fugitive, badly winded, drew up and submitted to arrest.

At the Fourth Avenue Station, where he was taken on a charge of burglary, he gave his name as Henry Loughlin, 22 years old, of 335 Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn. In his pocket was found a razor and a book containing addresses of various houses in the Flatbush and Prospect Park sections. Later he waived examination in the Fifth Avenue Court, and Magistrate Geismar held him without bail. The police say there have been a number of burglaries in the Flatbush and Prospect Park districts and think they have made an arrest that may stop them.

BY BALLOON FROM TEXAS.

Harmon on Way Here from San Antonio in Big Gas Bag New York.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 28.—Hoping to lift the Lahm trophy and break the world's record for long-distance balloon flight, Clifford B. Harmon of New York, accompanied by his aid, George B. Harrison, started north from this city in his dirigible balloon, New York, soon after 6 o'clock to-night.

In the car of the New York are stored provisions enough to last three weeks, twenty gallons of water, a photographic outfit, and an apparatus for cooking, making a total load of 400 pounds.

While thousands watched this afternoon the big gas bag holding 800,000 cubic feet of gas was filled in the suburbs of the city. The start was made under favorable conditions and the flight was begun directly north.

"I shall make New York City without a decent," said Harmon just before he waved a signal for the release of the car. "If we have good winds," he added, "I believe we can go straight through into Canada, breaking all records for long distance." As the New York rose into the air, the wind, at an altitude of 2,000 feet, was blowing at twenty miles an hour.

The passengers will drop leaded cards along the route containing a request that they be returned to San Antonio, together with any features of the balloon's passage noted by the finders. By this means it is hoped a complete history of the New York's continent crossing trip will be filed in San Antonio by the time the balloon arrives in New York City, a few days from now.

The start was made at night in order to give the balloon a twelve-hour start on the gas. The morning sun heating it again and thus saving the necessity of throwing out ballast on the first day's flight.

WOMAN STRUCK BY CAR.

Mother of ex-Assemblyman Butler Perhaps Mortally Hurt in Twenty-third St.

Mrs. Margaret Butler, 54 years old, mother of former Assemblyman Richard J. Butler, was struck by a Twenty-third Street car near the corner of Fourth Avenue, late last evening and possibly mortally injured.

Mrs. Butler's home is at 510 West Twenty-eighth Street, and she had been spending the evening with friends in West 177th Street. She took a Subway train to Twenty-third Street, when returning, and soon after leaving the station was struck by the crosstown car. No one saw the accident, but three policemen heard Mrs. Butler scream.

She was unconscious when they reached her. She was carried to the sidewalk, and an ambulance summoned from Bellevue. Dr. Sullivan responded, and said Mrs. Butler was suffering from internal injuries and shock. He hurried her to the hospital.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—SS. Mesaba, London, Feb. 12; SS. Ancon, Cristobel; SS. Columbia, Glasgow, Feb. 19.

FLORIDA—QUICKEST AND BEST SERVICE via Penna. and Atlantic Coast Line, "N. Y. & Florida Special." Leaves 1:25 P. M. Superior roadway & equipment. 1218 B'way.—Adv.

BOYS CONFESS PLOT TO WRECK A TRAIN

Hoped to Rob the Dead and Wounded After Ditching New Haven Local from New York.

SEEN TO THROW A SWITCH

Railroad Man Prevented Accident—Many Wealthy Commuters Aboard When Attempt Was Made.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 28.—The arrest to-day of George Lenko, 10 years old; Stephen Yoski, aged 14; Edward Gydooski, 12; Andrew Milken, 12, and Matthew Gydooski, 19, revealed the attempt of these youngsters last Saturday to wreck the New Haven Railroad train which left New York shortly after noon. Their plan was to loot the bodies of the dead and injured.

They got as far as opening a switch, near the East Port Chester freight yard, having found or stolen the keys. That their plan did not succeed was due to the fact that a switchman happened to see them throw the switch and closed it in time to avert an accident.

Had their plans not miscarried the result would have been a terrible wreck, for the switch onto which the fast traveling suburban train would have been sent ends abruptly at a thirty-foot rock embankment.

The train carries one of the special club cars, on which travel E. C. Converse, William G. Rockefeller, E. C. Benedict, J. Kennedy Tod, and a score of other wealthy men who have homes either in Greenwich or Stamford, and who come out early on Saturdays.

One of the lads coolly told to-day of the plot, and gave as the reason for the attempted crime the hope of getting a few dollars from the pockets of the dead and wounded. The boys admitted having formed a regular organization, which imposed elaborate oaths of secrecy. These oaths did not interfere with their confessions once they had been thoroughly frightened.

Yoski, the fourteen-year-old boy, seems to have been the ringleader, but it was he who turned State's evidence when he was captured. The boys admitted that they were regular attendants at the moving-picture shows in Port Chester, and that they had acquired some of their ideas of outlawry from the melodramatic scenes of burglaries, train wrecking, &c.

Matthew Gydooski, the oldest boy, was bound over for the next term of the Superior Criminal Court; Yoski was sent to the State Reform School, and the other three were paroled in charge of Probation Officer Finnegan.

The boys are the sons of Slav parents. With the exception of the oldest, Gydooski, they go to school in East Port Chester.

The switchman, in his anxiety to save the train, had allowed the boys to escape, but they were finally caught through detective work performed by Edward Nedley, a sophomore in the Greenwich High School and a son of Policeman James J. Nedley of the Greenwich force. Both the Greenwich police and the New Haven Railroad detectives were in search of the boys from Saturday morning until Sunday evening, but no trace of them could be found until young Nedley, who knew of some of Yoski's haunts, tracked them.

OLEOMARGARINE MAN JAILED.

Six Year's Sentence and $15,000 Fine from Judge K. M. Landis.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Federal inquiry into methods of disposing of oleomargarine was ordered to-day by Judge K. M. Landis of the United States District Court after he had sentenced William Broadwell, one of four dealers who had been indicted for violating the oleomargarine regulations, to six years in the Federal prison at Fort Leavenworth and fined him $15,000.

"It has been disclosed that probably not less than $15,000 and possibly more than $20,000 has been lost by the United States Government as a result of Broadwell's activities," said Judge Landis in sentencing the oleomargarine dealer. "Whenever arrested he has given bonds and then gone out and violated the law again the next day. It has been a willful defiance of the law. His bond has been supplied by a manufacturer of the commodity which he sold illegally, a proceeding which I regard it as my duty to say is highly significant."

Thomas Dudman, a purchasing agent for an oleomargarine concern, told of his connection with the case as bondsman for the indicted men.

"When you went on the bonds of these men did you expect to be indemnified in case there were any losses?" asked Judge Landis.

"Yes, Sir," replied Dudman.

"Who was going to indemnify you?"

"My employer, William J. Moxley."

Mr. Moxley is Representative in Congress from the Sixth District of Illinois.

Federal Inspectors told the court that the defendant sold daily large quantities of illegally manufactured oleomargarine to downtown restaurants. The Government's contention was that the defendant bought white and colored oleomargarine and colored the white oleomargarine before disposing of it, thus avoiding the tax of 10 cents a pound on the colored product.

RUNAWAY IN CROWDED 5TH AV.

Auto Grazes Mrs. W. A. Greer's Horse —Policeman Prevents Accident.

During the rush hour last evening, when Fifth Avenue was crowded with traffic, a motor car grazed one of the horses attached to the coupe in which Mrs. William Armstrong Greer of 56 West Ninth Street was seated. The vehicle had just turned into Fifth Avenue from West Fiftieth Street, and the frightened horse sprang into a gallop, dragging its mate with it, before Driver John Lynch could gain control. One of the pins holding the pole snapped and beat the horses as they galloped.

Mounted Policeman Brady, who was at Forty-seventh Street, heard the shouts of warning and spurred alongside. He seized the bridle of the off horse and finally managed to turn the coupé into West Forty-fifth Street.

Mrs. Greer took a taxicab home.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

TENEMENT CAVES IN; WATCHMEN IN RUINS

Two Men Dug Out by Firemen and Police—One Dead, Other Dying.

CRASH BRINGS THOUSANDS

Building at 225 Forty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, Condemned as Unsafe and the Last Family Had Moved.

Shortly after 11 o'clock last night a large three-story double frame tenement at 225 Forty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, collapsed with a tremendous roar audible for many blocks. When the police reserves of the Fourth Avenue, Fifth Avenue, and Fort Hamilton Stations arrived they found the streets crowded with people, many of whom were crying that half a dozen persons were caught in the ruins.

Two watchmen were known to be in the building, and it was thought they had been entertaining friends. The police and firemen of five companies later dug out John Copottie of 90 Atlantic Avenue, one of the watchmen, but he was unconscious with a fractured skull and internal injuries, and could give no account of who was in the building at the time of the crash.

Shortly after midnight Firemen Robert Stack, Thomas Clifford, and Cornelius Nolan of Engine Company 101 found the body of Albert Fortunato, the other watchman, dead in the ruins. It was removed to the Fourth Avenue Police Station. Capottie was taken to the Norwegian Hospital, where it was said he would probably die before morning. Soon after finding Fortunato's body the firemen stopped searching among the débris, believing that the building had had no other occupants.

The house had been condemned as unsafe some time ago. About two years ago a great trunk line sewer in Forty-ninth Street, between Second and Third Avenues, caved in, and since then the foundations of many of the buildings along there had been weakened. All the six families living in the tenement had been ordered out, and the last three are known to have moved away on Sunday.

There was an excavation at the east end of the building, and this is thought to have weakened the foundation. Suddenly it was seen to crumble, and the upper two stories seemed to lean over, toppling a moment later with a crash and a roar into the excavation.

When the reserves from the three police stations, under Capts. Thor, Murphy, and Evans had managed to clear a path through the crowd of several thousands that thronged all the nearby streets, the firemen under command of Acting Battalion Chief Costello got to work on the ruins.

PASTOR ACCEPTS CALL HERE.

Rev. Dr. Reisner of Denver Will Come to Grace Methodist Church.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Feb. 28.—The Rev. Dr. Christian F. Reisner, the first pastor to declare that the church should use advertising methods to bring men and women within its fold, and the originator of many novel features of religious work, is going to New York to take the pulpit of Grace Methodist Church there.

The brass band, the illuminated sign, and the billboard legend, "Grace Methodist, A Homelike Church," have made Dr. Reisner's pastorate known throughout the city.

"If you want a house or a room, or if you wish to bring about any business transaction, you advertise," Dr. Reisner says. "It is my business to save men and women, so why should I not use advertising to reach those who otherwise would not be attracted?"

Dr. Reisner has had a large number of calls from churches in all parts of the country. Grace Church here has done everything possible to retain its pastor, but Dr. Reisner told his congregation yesterday that he felt it his duty to accept the call from New York.

Dr. Reisner came to Denver seven years ago from Kansas City, and has been in charge of Grace Church ever since. When he took charge the congregation numbered 225 members. Now there are 900, and Dr. Reisner has a record of bringing into the church organization nearly 2,000 men and women in his seven years of work in Denver. Dr. Reisner is a graduate of the Boston University School of Theology, and has the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Baker University.

LOOKS IN VAIN FOR HIS SON.

Davenport Has Not Abandoned Hope, Though Trace of His Boy Is Lost.

Charles H. Davenport, the paper manufacturer of South Hadley, Mass., whose thirty-eight-year-old son, Charles H. Davenport, Jr., dropped out of sight in this city on the night of Feb. 10, returned yesterday from his New England home to continue his search for his boy. When seen at the Hotel Belmont Mr. Davenport seemed disheartened that no trace of his son had been found.

"It may be that my boy is dead," said Mr. Davenport, sadly. "But I'm not going to give up the search for him, and I shall remain at the Belmont all week, waiting and hoping.

"I shall search the city through. The Central Office has detailed another detective to assist us, and practically every hotel detective in New York is looking for him.

"I haven't offered any reward publicly as yet, but I shall liberally reward the person who brings me tidings of my boy. The story which was published in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Saturday morning, Feb. 26, concerning the disappearance of my son, was copied in all of the leading newspapers in New England, and I feel sure that it will meet the eyes of some one who has seen him."

Mrs. Roosevelt Sightseeing.

NAPLES, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Roosevelt and her daughter spent the day in sightseeing. They were accompanied by Commander Andrew T. Long, the American Naval Attaché.

PATTENS TO RETIRE WITH $25,000,000

Chicago Wheat Operator and Brother Will Quit Brokerage Firm in July.

WHY SEEK MORE WEALTH?

James A. Proposes to Enjoy What He Has, but May Operate on the Board of Trade Now and Then.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—James A. Patten, the giant of the Chicago grain market, will on July 1 next retire from active part in the brokerage firm of Bartlett, Patten & Co., with which he has been associated for a quarter of a century.

"I've made my pile and I'm going to quit," said Mr. Patten to-day. "My partners, William H. Bartlett and George W. Patten, also have made enough to permit them to retire, and on July 1 the firm of Bartlett, Patten & Co. will be incorporated, with the younger members of the present concern in active charge.

"Some of our money will be invested in the stock of the new company when it is incorporated, but the other members will conduct the business.

"It is probable that neither my brother, Mr. Bartlett, nor myself will engage in active business again, but will rest and spend our money without being hampered by business of a confining character. We are all of us getting well along in years, and my brother has not been in good health for several years. In the case of Mr. Bartlett there is a special reason for his seeking retirement. He was thrown from a horse on his New Mexico ranch about a year ago and has never fully recovered from the injury.

"We three have as much money as we need, so why should we keep on trying to make more? We have spent a good many years making it, and now propose to enjoy it."

Henry J. Patten, Charles B. Pierce, William E. Huhson, George E. Fuller, and Edward D. Pogue, who have been associated with the concern for years, will have the active management of the new corporation.

There is nothing in Mr. Patten's announcement which indicates any intention on the part of himself and the two partners who will retire with him to cease operations on the Board of Trade.

Mr. Patten left Chicago to-day for New York, on his way to Liverpool, to study the cotton situation there.

James A. Patten and W. H. Bartlett are each worth $20,000,000, and George W. Patten is worth anywhere from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, was the consensus of opinion as to the wealth of the three men retiring, although each one who discussed it admitted that he was merely guessing.

AMERICAN WOMAN USES GUN.

Repulses Nicaraguan Officer Who Sought to Recruit Her Servant.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 28.—Frank Sweetser, an American resident of Matagalpa, has visited Rear Admiral Kimball and protested against the forcible entry of his house by a Nicaraguan officer, who attempted to recruit his servant. The servant resisted, and a scuffle ensued, the officer drawing his sword.

Mrs. Sweetser intervened and ordered the officer to leave the house. He made an insulting retort, and the woman secured her husband's revolver and covered the man, who hastily backed out of the house.

The Nicaraguan Government has expressed regret at the incident, and the officer has been disciplined.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Feb. 28.—It is reported here that fifty Americans from the Canal Zone have landed at Bluefields, the headquarters of the insurgents.

THE 20TH CENTURY DERAILED.

Only Three Passengers Bruised, One of Them a New Yorker.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 28.—Three persons were only slightly injured early to-day when the Twentieth Century Limited, westbound on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway, left the track near Olmstead Falls, twenty miles west of here, while traveling at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The train was derailed by a broken track on one of the forward cars.

All of the seven cars left the rails. The shock was so slight, it is said, that many of the eighty passengers on the train did not know there had been an accident. A relief train took the run of the wreck train, running less than three hours late.

The injured were: Irin S. Beckelmer, 334 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, head bruised; Louis A. Fischer, 1,388 Nicholas Avenue, New York, shoulder bruised, and L. Fairfax, England, shoulder bruised.

$10,000 JEWEL ROBBERY.

Valuables Taken from Big Safe in Boston Store.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—A jewelry robbery, with the loss placed at $10,000, was reported to the police to-day by Samuel E. Ullian of 1,137 Washington Street, who recently purchased the store from Jacob Adelburg.

Ullian stated that when he entered his store to-day he found that some one had broken a rear cellar window, pushed up two planks in the floor, and had robbed the safe of much of its contents.

ARBITRATOR IS NAMED.

Prof. Kirby to Help Settle Railway Telegraphers' Troubles.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The Rev. Dr. William J. Kirby, Professor of Sociology at the Catholic University of America of Washington, to-day was named as the third arbitrator of the controversies that have arisen between the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railroad and the Big Four Railway and their telegraphers.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. 50c. per case of 6 glass stoppered bottles.—Adv.

KING WANTS PICTURE BACK.

Albert Orders Return of Rubens Leopold Sent Here for Sale.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 28.—The Patriote says that King Albert has sent orders to New York for the return to the royal palace of the Rubens picture, "The Miracle of St. Benignus," sent there for sale by King Leopold.

CONNERS SIGNED NO PAPER.

Tells The Times That Report That He Exonerated Murphy Is Untrue.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 28.—Answering your telegram [regarding a story that he had signed an affidavit exonerating Charles F. Murphy from charges about the sale of Judgeships] the story is a lie made out of whole cloth. I made no affidavits and signed no paper. What I did was in open meeting. Lincoln said "Write Union at the top, no matter what you write below." I did not resign and I serve my term. W. J. CONNERS.

EARTHQUAKE IS RECORDED.

Seismographs at St. Louis and Cleveland Make Records of Shocks.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 28.—Five long earthquake shocks were recorded by the seismograph at St. Louis University, to-day, commencing at 3:30:45 and continuing until 8:48:10 o'clock. The shocks were from east to west, according to Father Goesse, and indicated a severe shock at some distant point.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 28. — Earthquake tremors lasting more than an hour were recorded here this afternoon by the seismograph at St. Ignatius Observatory. The Rev. Frederick Odenbach said that the tremors evidently came from a long distance.

South America, at least, appears to be eliminated from the field of earth disturbances as indicated by seismographs yesterday. The South American Cable Company reported last night that communication was intact as far south as Valparaiso and that no earthquake had been reported.

TOWER OF PISA MENACED.

Water Flowing from Foundation Thought to Have Weakened It.

PISA, Italy, Feb. 28.—A special committee of scientists is making an investigation to ascertain the stability of the leaning tower, from the foundation of which water has been springing for a long time.

This has resulted, it is feared, in weakening the under structure of the historic tower.

MAYOR FOR WOMEN POLICE.

Shank of Indianapolis Would Have Them in the Shopping Districts.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 28.—Mayor Shank to-day announced that he would try to have women appointed as policemen in Indianapolis.

The Mayor's plan is to place women on beats in the shopping quarter to clear the streets of objectionable characters. The scheme will be submitted to the Board of Public Safety.

HOGS SELL ABOVE $10.

New High Mark Made on the Indianapolis Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Live hogs advanced still closer to the $10 mark to-day, sales being made at $9.92½ per hundred weight. Pork followed the lead and advanced 40 cents above the highest point recorded Saturday, the top price to-day being $24.70 per barrel for the May delivery.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 28.—A new high mark was made in the local market to-day when hogs sold at $10.05 per hundred weight. This is the first time prices have passed the high price of $10 in the Indianapolis stock yards.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 28.—Hogs sold at the stock yards here to-day for $9.85 a hundred weight.

$5,000 GIFT TO YALE.

C. W. Lyman of New York Establishes Lectureship in Memory of Father.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 28.—Prof. Russell H. Chittenden, director of the Sheffield Scientific School, announced to-day a gift of $5,000 to the Sheffield Trustees for the establishment of a lectureship in the school. The gift is made by Chester W. Lyman of New York City, a graduate of Yale College in the class of 1882, to be used for a course of lectures on the subject of water storage conservation.

The lectureship will be known as the Chester S. Lyman Lectureship, in memory of the donor's father, who was for many years Professor of Physics and Astronomy in the Sheffield School.

Y. W. C. A. RAISES $100,000.

Rockefeller Gives $25,000 More to Wipe Out a Deficit.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 28.—After a whirlwind campaign of two days, it was announced to-night that the Young Women's Christian Association of Cleveland had succeeded in raising $100,000 for the purpose of clearing their building of debt. At the last moment a deficit of $25,000 was made good by John D. Rockefeller, who the week previous contributed $100,000 to the Y. M. C. A.

The latter organization raised $530,000 toward the erection of a new $1,000,000 headquarters. Of this sum they gave $11,000 to their sister organization.

DR. A. REMINGTON DIVORCED.

Daughter of George C. Thomas Gets Decree in Philadelphia Court.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Sophie Thomas Remington, a daughter of the late George C. Thomas, who was a member of the banking firm of Drexel & Co., obtained a divorce to-day from Dr. Arthur Remington. Dr. Remington, who is a son of Dean Remington of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, is now in the Far West. The case was heard privately before a master.

The Remingtons were married about ten years ago. Mrs. Remington is a sister of Leonard M. Thomas, who recently married Miss Blanche Oelrichs of New York.

MAILLARD'S VANILLA CHOCOLATE. Have it handy when traveling anywhere, at any time. Flavored with the Mexican Vanilla bean.—Adv.

MACCRACKEN QUITS THE UNIVERSITY

Chancellor, 70 Years Old in September, Will Have Taught for Half Century.

WOULDN'T COPY ROOSEVELT

"But I Should Like to Hunt Lions of Education in Japan," He Adds—May Tour World.

Henry Mitchell MacCracken, Chancellor of New York University for nearly twenty years, and a recognized leader in collegiate affairs, told the Council of his university at a quarterly meeting yesterday that he intends to offer his resignation as Chancellor at the coming April meeting, the same to take effect on his seventieth birthday, Sept. 28 next. At the same time he will resign from the chair in Philosophy, which he has held since he came to the university in 1883.

Dr. MacCracken made known his intent to retire in a letter read to the Council yesterday. Here is what he says:

Chancellor's Office,
New York University.
New York, Feb. 28, 1910.

To the Venerable Council of New York University:

Gentlemen:

It is my purpose to offer at your meeting in April my resignation of the Chancellorship of New York University and of the Professorship of Philosophy in the same, to take effect upon my seventieth birthday, Sept. 28, 1910, or at an earlier day if the interests of the university seem to make this expedient.

I have now served a full half century as a public teacher under one or another name. I deem it wise to turn, while I still enjoy unbroken health, away from prescribed labor defined by contract to voluntary effort in such forms as may seem best suited to me. I shall hope to be able to render some little service to the public, not forgetting New York University, to which I have given over a quarter of a century of my life.

Within this quarter century the strength of this younger university of the metropolis, so far as strength is shown by mere figures, has been multiplied several times. Especially what is called our "university plant," which is this year to be freed from all debt, has grown to be the twelfth in value among the plants of American universities. But her relative strength, or what the university possesses of resources of every sort, as compared with the demands made upon her Faculties and her corporation, is so moderate as to require from the executive head untiring vigilance, industry, zeal, and perseverance. And these are graces which suit better a man at forty than at seventy years of age.

The constantly increasing constituency of New York University, by which I mean that portion of the community who prefer our methods and our men, belong to a younger generation than mine and need to be met by a younger man. At this date our university is not crossing a river. Throughout the Faculties, the student body, and the corporation there prevails a marked unity of spirit and effort. It is every way a fitting time for me to lay down an office which I esteem now more than ever, particularly for the opportunity it offers for helping a multitude of earnest students, men and women, to live more effective lives. Sincerely yours,

HENRY MITCHELL MacCRACKEN.

Dr. MacCracken, when seen after the meeting yesterday, said that the matter of his resignation had been referred to a committee composed of the President of the council, the Rev. Dr. George Alexander; the Secretary, George A. Strong, and the thirteen Chairmen of the standing committees of the council. What action this committee would take he was not prepared to say, but said they would confer with him and make a report to the council at the April meeting.

Has Kept Intention Secret.

Dr. MacCracken said that he had kept his proposed resignation a secret, and it was not until last Thursday that he told the President and Secretary of the corporation what he intended to do. These were the only two persons, he said, who had an inkling of his purpose, and, as he put it, more than one member of the council told him that his intended resignation was "a bolt from the blue."

Asked as to his purpose in resigning in September, the Chancellor, who appears hale and hearty for all his 69 years, said:

"I have never taken a sabbatical year during all my twenty-six years' connection with New York University. The only extended absence I have had from the university duties was when I took Mrs. MacCracken to Sicily for her health a few years ago. There are two or three bits of literary work which I have on hand, and I always have had an ambition to make a leisurely journey around the globe. This journey will not be for sentimental reasons so much as for its educational value. Of course, I know from hearsay what they are doing in educational matters in other countries, but I should like to see it at first hand—notably at the University of Tokio."

Won't Hunt Lions in Africa.

At this point Dr. MacCracken looked up with a twinkle in his eye.

"I don't want to hunt lions in Africa," said he, "but I should like to hunt the lions of education in Japan, China, India, or Russia. If Mr. Kennedy had not given us three-quarters of a million dollars recently which has cleared the university of all debt and left a comfortable margin, I should have felt that I ought to stay. Speaking of Mr. Kennedy reminds me of a conversation I had with him. I remarked that Dr. McCosh was a wise man to resign the Presidency of Princeton at seventy years. 'Yes,' answered Mr. Kennedy, 'and what a wise woman Mrs. McCosh was to get him to resign.'"

The Chancellor didn't say whether Mrs. MacCraken had had much to do with influencing him to resign his office.

Dr. MacCraken is eligible to a pension under the Carnegie Foundation. He came to New York University in 1883 as Professor of Philosophy. He was made Vice Chancellor in 1884 and Chancellor in 1891.

The Chancellor's Career.

Dr. MacCracken was born at Oxford, Ohio, Sept. 28, 1840, and was educated at Miami University, where he received the degree of A. B. in 1857 and LL. D. in 1888. Wittenberg College conferred the degree of D. D. upon him in 1878. He continued his studies at the United Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Princeton Theological Seminary, and Tubingen and Berlin Universities. He was pastor of several Western churches and Chancellor of Western University of Pittsburg from 1881 to 1883.

Coming to New York University in 1883, Dr. MacCracken took up the work of the university with vigor and soon became a leading figure in the educational world. Under his guidance the university grew and progressed with remarkable rapidity, and it has been due largely to his untiring zeal that it has assumed a prominent place among the institutions of this country.

University's Growth Under Him.

At the time that he became Chancellor the university consisted of four departments, and since he has held the office five new schools have been added to the curriculum. They are the School of Pedagogy, which was the first to be organized on the same standard as that of Law and Medicine; the School of Commerce and Finance, the largest in the country; the Graduate School, the Collegiate Division, and the Veterinary College. In the twenty-five years of Dr. MacCracken's Chancellorship the number of Faculties has increased from one to eight, the number of Faculty members, including administrative officers, has grown from 10 to 256, and the fees collected from students from $1,433 to $307,478. The number of students has increased in this time from 93 to 4,118, and the volumes in the library from 9,000 to 97,000. Meanwhile the income of the university has increased from $26,273 to $434,378, while the expenditures have risen from $27,275 to $441,715.

The value of the real property acquired by the university in the Chancellorship of Dr. MacCracken has grown from $300,000 to more than $4,000,000. In 1891 the university made the first purchase of land on University Heights, and more land was added gradually until, in 1906, the Schwab estate was obtained, making a total of forty acres in this section. In 1894 the college proper and the Engineering School were moved to the heights, where there are now fifteen buildings belonging to the university. In 1896 the block between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Streets was obtained for the Medical School. It was in 1894 that the Washington Square Building was erected on the site of the old university, and here the different downtown schools are maintained. All of the schools are open to men and women alike except the college, the Engineering School, the School of Medicine, and the Veterinary College.

It was largely through the efforts of Chancellor MacCracken that in 1905 the Intercollegiate Athletic Association was organized.

Will Not Name Successor.

He said last night that he had not the slightest idea who would be his successor as Chancellor. No mention of the matter, according to Dr. MacCracken, had been made by him to any officer of the administrative body, and he left it entirely in the hands of the corporation, in whose power it lies, to make the appointment. In some quarters it has been rumored that John Henry MacCracken, Dr. MacCracken's son, would be the next Chancellor. He has been Syndic of New York University and Professor of Politics since 1903, and is also a Trustee of the university.

LAW FOR LONG HATPINS.

Chicago Council Considers One—Women Want Them for Protection.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Chicago's City Council to-night formally took up and deliberated upon the following questions:

"Are women's long hatpins, which menace the noses, eyes, and faces of other people a public nuisance?

"Ought women, despite the danger of hatpins, to be allowed to wear them for self-protection?"

Alderman Bauler introduced an order requiring the Corporation Counsel to draw up an ordinance restricting the length of hatpins worn in public places.

"We have an ordinance prohibiting the wearing of large hats in theatres," declared Alderman Bauler. "I am going to teach the women of Chicago that they must stop wearing pins a foot and a half long. Some of the pins stick five or six inches beyond the brims of their hats."

Grave silence hovered over a delegation of women crowded in the galleries. Then a woman's voice piped out, "Doesn't your wife wear long hatpins?"

"No, you bet she doesn't. She wouldn't do such a thing," shouted Alderman Bauler. "Oh, you women of Chicago, don't you ever consider when you get into a crowded street car with your long hatpins that you are endangering the faces of all us men!"

The women had prepared an answer, and as soon as the Alderman sat down the City Clerk read a letter which was spread on the Council minutes. The letter was signed by May E. Davis. It read:

> In behalf of myself and thousands of other women in Chicago who are occasionally on the streets after dark, I want to express an objection against the proposition to curtail the use of hatpins. A hatpin is a woman's weapon of defense. She is no more permitted to carry a revolver or other weapon than is a member of the sterner sex. I always feel safe going home at night with a hatpin available. Before leaving a street car I always get a hatpin ready in my hand until I am safe within the door of my home. Many a time it has proved its need. Thousands of other women can speak from their experience of how a stout hatpin has been an effective defense in time of danger.

The Council chamber rang with applause from the women's gallery after the reading of the letter. After Mayor Busse had pounded his gavel for order Alderman Bauler's resolution was referred to a committee.

MRS. HAVEMEYER IN COURT.

Boys Accused of Sending Her Black Hand Letter Persist in Their Denials.

Mrs. Henry O. Havemeyer appeared in the Children's Court yesterday and heard Justice Wyatt try to coax the truth from two boys regarding a Black Hand letter which they are charged with sending Mrs. Havemeyer, demanding $2,500 under pain of death.

The boys, George Stahal, 13, of 1,015 Third Avenue, and Sammy Williams, 9, of 265 East Seventy-eighth Street, persisted in their original story that they did not write the letter, but took the decoy box from a designated spot in the edge of Central Park, just off Fifth Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, for a man unknown to them, under promise of 25 cents for the service. The Justice was still convinced that the boys were not telling the truth, and he remanded them again until Friday.

Justice Wyatt asked Stahl to write for him: "Take twenty $100 bills on Feb. 24," an excerpt from the letter, and when young Stahl had finished the Justice qualified as an expert and declared his belief that the same hand had written both the excerpt and the letter.

PEACE MOVES MADE IN CAR MEN'S STRIKE

Philadelphia Labor Leaders Ask Councilmen to Bring About Arbitration.

MORE CARS ARE OPERATED

Mayor Reyburn and Leader Pratt Hope for Settlement Soon—Few Acts of Violence Reported.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—There was little violence to-day in connection with the street car strike. The day was spent in preparation for the diplomatic conflict between the Rapid Transit Company and its striking employes that is impending. A hasty conference of a number of Rapid Transit Directors, the result of which was not made public, was held, and there was a conference of Mayor Reyburn and the Presidents of Councils, called ostensibly to pave the way for Councilmanic intervention. Labor leaders of the State and city also held a meeting. At the labor meeting little was done except to indorse the action of the Central Labor Union in calling for a general strike in sympathy with the trolley men.

Rapid Transit Company officials said that nearly 1,000 cars were operated during the day and the night service was augmented considerably. There were 540 cars running to-night, according to the company officials, a decided increase over the night service since the strike began.

Methodist and Lutheran clergymen passed resolutions demanding arbitration. Officials of the company, however, reiterated their statement of last week that they were not considering arbitration or intervention from any source.

Mayor Is Hopeful.

Mayor Reyburn said to-night that the situation had improved materially during the day, and that he was confident the rapid transit company and the men would get together for an amicable settlement if outsiders would let well enough alone. The proposal of arbitration, he said, was talked over at to-day's meeting of the Rapid Transit Board, but he took no part in the discussion.

Men who report for work to-morrow morning, the Mayor stated, would be taken back and will be subjected to no punishment. They must come as individuals, however, and would not be permitted to wear the union button.

Mayor Reyburn said positively that he would not consent to act as an arbitrator.

"The arguments put forth for arbitration make me weary," he continued. "Their effect is to hoodwink the men. The last strike was settled by arbitration, and see the result. Men are being sent to prison and lives and property are being endangered and destroyed. Let the men and the company settle their own differences."

Mayor Reyburn's opinion that the probabilities of a general strike are very remote was unchanged by the action of the Central Labor Union. The Mayor said that he questioned whether the labor unions controlled 75,000 men, or even much more than a third of that number. "All that I can see in their action is that they hope that it may bring about some settlement," he concluded.

Appeal to Councilmen.

In accordance with a plan mapped out at the labor meeting yesterday, labor leaders to-day called on several members of both branches of Councils, and urged them to favor the resolution for arbitration of the questions at issue. In the event that Councils oppose such action at the regular session on Thursday, several of the union leaders expressed the hope that the business interests of the city would unite to bring about a settlement. They admitted, however, that this hope was faint.

John Mitchell, ex-President of the United Mine Workers of America, is expected here to-morrow, and labor leaders hope that he will devise a means of bringing about a settlement before the general strike order goes into effect on Saturday. Mr. Mitchell, according to a dispatch from Washington, will be joined here on Friday by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and four Vice Presidents of the National organization. Mr. Mitchell is Chairman of the Trade Agreement department of the National Civic Federation, and it is thought that the federation may endeavor to settle the strike.

When told of the Rapid Transit Company's claim that several hundred union men had returned to work, C. O. Pratt, leader of the strike, said:

"I suppose that report is based upon what they call their inside information. And as to this inside information I want to say that it is simply concocted in the office of H. G. Silcox, the company's detective. The Silcox method of trying to manufacture evidence is well known to the people of Philadelphia, and it is surprising that a corporation that pretends to be self-respecting should employ and keep up such a disgraceful institution.

"As to the situation of the union car men, they are standing their ground bravely, and the indications that they will win are stronger now than ever. The company has so misrepresented everything in its promises to the public and to the car men that all the interests are disgusted, and the action of the Central Labor bodies in standing together ready to strike in sympathy has placed the responsibility exactly where it belongs."

Hopes to Avoid General Strike.

Pratt said that he believed public sentiment would force a settlement of the strike before Saturday, and that a general strike would probably not be necessary.

"The carmen's union made an agreement with the company last June, and we are prepared to prove that every clause was broken and destroyed by the company," he said. "That is why they are afraid to meet us in arbitration."

Yesterday's rioting resulted in the death of a man and a boy, the injury of two boys from bullets, and the wounding of half a hundred other persons from flying missiles and policemen's clubs. More than 100 arrests were made.

At Forty-fifth Street and Lancaster Avenue to-day the stoning of a car resulted in the calling out of police reserves, and one man was badly beaten by police clubs and sent to a hospital.

At another place near the scene of this trouble a policeman was injured in a peculiar manner. He was leaving a car to stop a band of boys from stoning the trolley when the motorman closed the door too quickly. The automatic turning up of the step tripped the policeman and he was pitched head first into the street. He probably has a fractured skull.

Disturbances occurred to-night in the southern section of the city. At Fifth Street and Moyamensing Avenue a car of the Southwestern Traction Company and a car of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit collided. Both cars were badly smashed, but the only passenger, a woman, refused to go to a hospital. A mob started to complete the destruction of the cars, but was dispersed by the police.

STRIKERS REFUSE TO RETURN.

Attempt of Bethlehem Steel Company to Reopen Plant Fails.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Feb. 28.—The attempt of the Bethlehem Steel Company to reopen its plant to-day was a failure. Reports received to-night are that not more than 300 or 400 of the force of nearly 10,000 men were at work to-day, and not many men went out on the night shift. It is predicted that to-morrow morning the number of men going to work will be largely in excess of to-day, as the company sent out notices this afternoon to most of the men who were still at work when the plant was shut down on Saturday to return to the plant, giving assurance that they will receive protection. A number of foremen returned home to-day after waiting several hours without enough workmen appearing to operate the departments.

The labor leaders say that the strike is won. They assert that with one or two exceptions all departments have been organized. In a day or two, they say, they will be able to formulate the demands of the various unions, which will then be submitted to the priests of the Roman Catholic churches here, who have promised to use their best offices to act as arbitrators for an adjustment of the grievances.

A John Doe warrant was issued this afternoon by Coroner Goheen of Lehigh County for the arrest of the State police officer whose shot killed Joseph Szambo. This decision was reached after a conference with District Attorney McKeen of Easton, who is quoted as saying, after viewing the scene of the tragedy that "there is no doubt in my mind that the act of the trooper was uncalled for, and that he can be held accountable on the charge of either murder or manslaughter."

Constable James Cullen, who was one of the twenty-nine men arrested by the State troopers on Saturday night, was to-day fined $2 for being intoxicated.

Organizer Tazelaar to-day held a conference with Clarence Darrow, a labor attorney, and it is probable that Darrow will assist H. A. Cyphers, a local attorney, in pushing the case against the trooper who shot Szambo. George Myrak, the Hungarian who was shot by the same trooper, is in a critical condition.

Reception for Mr. and Mrs. Fairbanks.

Ex-Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks, returning from their tour of the world, will reach New York on Friday, March 18, and the Daughters of Indiana of New York will honor their fellow-Statesman and his wife with a reception and dinner on the same evening at the Hotel Astor.

The Value of a "Player-piano" Depends Upon the "Player" It Contains

WHEN the PIANOLA Piano scored its amazing success, there were no such things as "Player-pianos". The name has been coined to cover a multitude of pianos that contain some other "Player" than the PIANOLA.

Think what this means:

No matter how excellent a piano may be, it drops to a lower grade the moment it is inseparably united with an inferior "Player".

The PIANOLA is the one Piano-player that is everywhere accepted as **THE STANDARD.** It is the one Player that everybody knows about. In fact its leadership is so universally acknowledged that the name "PIANOLA" is sometimes mistakenly applied to Piano-Players in general.

The piano with an interior Player is every day becoming a more and more conspicuous factor in the musical industry. The most enthusiastic prophecies are being made as to the revolutionary effect which "the new idea" will have upon the entire piano industry.

But, always, *the playing method* will continue to govern the value of the combined instrument. The questions that the purchaser needs to have answered are. "What is the name of the Player? Who makes it? How long has it been made? What is its standing in the musical world? Does it represent the highest degree of artistic and constructional efficiency?"

Behind the PIANOLA are over 300 patents insuring an artistic quality not even approximated by any of its imitations. No instrument is a PIANOLA Piano, unless the name "PIANOLA" appears plainly upon the fall-board.

The PIANOLA, $250 to $450. The PIANOLA PIANO, $550 and Upwards.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY, AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Avenue Near 34th Street, - NEW YORK

FLOODS THREATEN UP-STATE TOWNS

Herkimer Already Partly Under Water—Lights Out and Drinking Water Supply Cut Off.

ICE BREAKS AT ALBANY

Merchants There Removing Goods from Cellars—River Rising Eight Inches an Hour.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The village of Herkimer is in terror to-night from floods. The electric lighting plant is under water and all the village lights are out, the fires under the boilers of the pumping stations have been quenched, and there is only a twenty-four-hour supply of drinking water in sight for 8,000 people. All manufacturing plants have suspended, and two schools are closed. Many fled to higher land during the daylight hours, and to-night armed guards patrol in boats the canals that yesterday were streets.

One hundred and fifty houses have been vacated, and sharp watch on the rise of the waters is being kept by the patrol, lest those asleep on second-story floors be drowned in their beds.

The village is menaced on the west by the Mohawk River and on the north and east by West Canada Creek, a confluent. On one side only is there escape. The creek has thus far risen more rapidly than the river, because of an ice jam at the point where the two join.

At Hornell, the flood situation is alarming, all that section of the city south of Cedar Street being inundated. Water is pouring through many houses, the occupants of which were removed to places of safety during the night. For four miles below the city the valley is full of water from hill to hill, and the river is rising every hour.

The Erie Railroad reports that the Canisteo River is spread out over the valley for a distance of thirty miles, and that the tracks are under water in many places.

Geneseo, N. Y., reports that the worst flood in ten years is working its way down the Genesee Valley from Groveland, and unless it is checked by a freeze great damage is inevitable. On the Dansville & Mount Morris Railway water reached high up on the engine wheels and threatened to flood the fireboxes. It is predicted that the water will reach the highest point in twenty years.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—With the streams tributary to the Hudson River swollen by heavy rains and melting snow, and with the river rising at the rate of about eight inches an hour at 8 o'clock to-night, one of the worst floods in recent years is predicted here. Because of the large amount of snow and ice in the north woods and the Mohawk Valley little relief is expected for several days unless the freshet is checked by a cold snap.

The ice in the river opposite Albany broke up shortly before 2 o'clock and began to move southward. Twenty miles down the river, at Coxsackie, where an ice gorge usually forms in times of high water, the ice was intact early in the evening and teams were driving across. The rapidly rising water above, however, was expected to change conditions there before morning.

Flood warnings were sent out to-day by the local Weather Bureau and merchants put in a busy day removing goods from cellars in the danger zone. The tracks of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad leading to the New York Central station are under water.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Feb. 28.—To-night's rain and the heavy thaw promises to cause considerable damage in this section. The Fishkill Creek to-night has overflowed its banks and the high water threatens to put out of commission the hat factories along the bank and also the electric lighting plant. The Fallkill Creek, which flows through Poughkeepsie, is rising, and many cellars are flooded. The ice in the Hudson at this city is still intact, but very weak and liable to move out at any time.

Esopus Creek at Kingston is over its bank, and Rondout Creek is rising rapidly. At East Meredith, Delaware County, an ice gorge has caused the water to overflow the railroad tracks. Afternoon trains were delayed five hours.

In the Catskill forests the average depth of snow is over four feet.

FLOOD TIES UP TRAINS.

1,500 Passengers Marooned in Town of Battle Mountain, Nev.

RENO, Nev. Feb. 28.—A mile of Southern Pacific Railroad track near Battle Mountain, Nev., was washed away yesterday by a sudden rise of the Reese River. Six passenger trains are tied up at Battle Mountain for an indefinite period, and the population of that little town is temporarily increased by 1,500 persons. Many of the stranded passengers are from the East.

From Echo, Utah, east through Wyoming, Union Pacific trains are encountering a severe blizzard. A snowstorm accompanied by a sixty-mile wind was reported to-day at many points.

EVERETT, Wash., Feb. 28.—Four hundred men to-night are striving to open the Great Northern main line through the Cascade Mountains, and to release the last imprisoned train, a Spokane local, which has been held near Wellington, at the summit of the range, since Feb. 24.

There are thirty passengers in the train, which has a dining car. Supplies are taken to the passengers by work trains as far as they can go, and then carried on foot for the rest of the distance.

OHIO DAMAGE GREAT.

Villages Submerged, Factories to Close—Two Drownings.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 28.—At least two dead, many hundreds homeless, scores of factories preparing to close down, and property damage reaching into hundreds of thousands of dollars; these are the main results of the flood which has devastated the State of Ohio during the last last two days and which has not yet reached its full volume.

The first death occurred here this afternoon, when 4-year-old Catherine Hannan was swept off her feet by a block of ice swirling down Nine Mile Creek. The little girl was carried off into the stream, and although dynamite was used, her body could not be recovered.

The second fatality to be reported was at Youngstown, where a boy named Howard Lightbody was drowned.

From all parts of the State come stories of submerged villages and people being driven from their failing homes. At Elkton the Beaver Creek has completely flooded the town, and there are several feet of water in the street. Canton is in almost as bad a plight, and the bulk of the population is marooned in the upper stories of their houses.

From an industrial point of view the most ominous news comes from East Liverpool, where the potteries, which support hundreds of workmen, are preparing to close down. Similar news is sent by Youngstown in respect to its great steel plants.

"RED" ADAMS GUILTY.

Verdict Against Him on Five Indictments for Using Mails to Defraud.

It took a jury less than an hour yesterday to find a verdict of guilty against Charles "Red" Adams, the old time confidence man, who has been on trial before Judge Hough in the United States District Court for a week on a charge of using the mails to defraud. Adams was convicted upon five indictments, and the aged crook faces a sentence of eighteen months on each. He received the verdict with a composure born of experience with other juries in his earlier years, and will be sentenced to-morrow morning.

The prosecution closed its case somewhat suddenly yesterday morning after more testimony from handwriting experts to the effect that Adams had written the letters informing the heirs of departed Englishmen that fortunes were awaiting them here. The bait proved successful to the extent of bringing several hopeful Britons to this country in search of the promised gold mines in Colorado.

Edward Lauterbach made the argument for the defendant, which was based primarily upon the contention that the scheme did not, at any rate, get far enough for Adams to actually get any money out of the trustful Englishmen who came over. Assistant United States Attorney Dorr replied, and then Judge Hough in summing up the case remarked that it was sufficient to prove the existence of a scheme to defraud.

After the jury had returned its verdict Mr. Lauterbach made several motions of the usual character following conviction, all of which Judge Hough denied, saying incidentally that he believed that Adams for a matter of forty years had been "one of those individuals, forunately few in this country," who undertook to prey on the gullible and avaricious members of society.

Judge Hough noted also that the criminal authorities in several other jurisdictions would be ready to take Adams in hand on long-pending charges in case he were turned loose here, and suggested that the best thing to do with such a man was to send him away where he would be safe for a considerable number of years.

Adams, at the times of his last arrest by Detective Nelson of Headquarters, at the instance of the Post Office authorities, was living in Midwood Manor, a section of Flatbush, as a respectable citizen. His criminal career covers fully two-score years and a wide variety of confidence and gold-brick games.

ROOSEVELT SAILS DOWN NILE.

Leaves Gondokoro for Khartoum—Scientific Expedition Ended.

GONDOKORO, Soudan, Feb. 28.—Col. Roosevelt and the others of his immediate party sailed to-day on the steamer Dal for Khartoum, where they expect to arrive on March 15. With their departure the African scientific expedition, under the auspices of the Smithsonian Institution of Washington and led by the former President of the United States, was, for all practical purposes, brought to a close.

Col. Roosevelt considers the killing of the giant elands in his recent excursion along the upper reaches of the Nile a fitting ending of his hunting trip. The results generally, from the standpoint of the hunter and the scientist, have exceeded all expectations.

Col. Roosevelt and his son Kermit have killed some 500 specimens of large mammals. The bag includes 17 lions, 11 elephants, 10 buffaloes, 10 black rhinoceroses, 9 white rhinoceroses, 9 hippopotami, 9 giraffes, 3 leopards, 7 chetahs, 3 giant elands, 3 sables, 1 sitatunga, and 2 bongos. All these were killed in the interest of science, and the specimens will be disposed of accordingly, the greater number going to the Smithsonian Institution. Mr. Roosevelt will retain not more than six trophies for himself.

In comparative importance, the most highly prized game may be rated as follows: First, the giant elands, the first complete specimens of which family are now being taken from the country; second, the white rhinoceroses; third, the bongos, the first to be stalked and killed by a white man, and, fourth, the sitatunga, a species of antelope.

The naturalists secured a remarkable collection, comprising many thousands of other mammals and birds. The game taken and the collections made constitute a world's record for a similar period of hunting and scientific research in Africa, and the American museums will receive the greatest collection of African fauna in existence.

Col. Roosevelt will now devote his time to writing, including the preparation of the addresses which he is to deliver in Europe. He will do no more hunting unless during the trip down the Nile chance throws in his way an opportunity to secure some rare specimens.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—The Council of the University of Paris has considered plans for the reception of Theodore Roosevelt in April. No details of the programme are given out, further than the announcement that the ex-President's lecture, which will be in English, will not be open to the public, but will be for students and professors only.

LONDON ROOSEVELT PLANS.

Proposed to Give Him Freedom of City in Gold Box.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The Corporation of London will hold a special meeting on Thursday to consider a requisition, which has been signed by many influential members, to present the honorary freedom of the city to Theodore Roosevelt in a gold box, and to entertain him at a reception and luncheon at the Guild Hall.

This distinction has been accorded previously to Garibaldi, Gen. Grant, George Peabody, the philanthropist, and Count de Lesseps.

ROOSEVELT GAME FOR TAFT.

Gemboks Killed in Africa to be Served at Banquet to President.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Sir Michael Dennison of British Uganda has cabled that two buck gemboks, captured by the Roosevelt party, would probably arrive in Chicago in time to be served at the Taft dinner, to be held by the Irish Fellowship Club on March 17. Yesterday it was announced by the committee in charge of the banquet that the buck meat will be included on the menu unless the carcasses do not arrive in time.

Sir Michael Dennison says the shipment of game, a species of African antelope, ought to arrive in New York on March 12.

TO PROTECT AMERICAN JEWS.

Rockhill Instructed by Taft to Protest Against Arrests in Russia.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—President Taft has instructed the American Ambassador at St. Petersburg, Mr. Rockhill, to make strong representations to the Russian Government looking to the inviolability of American passports in that country. Mr. Rockhill, it is stated, will take the matter up with the Czar personally.

Leon Kamarky and Jacob Faphirstein of New York told President Taft to-day that for a number of years the Jews of this country had been endeavoring to secure action that would give American citizens freedom from political arrest in Russia. President Taft said he was deeply interested in the matter, and had given Mr. Rockhill the instructions referred to above as one of the most important features of his mission to Russia.

FAIRBANKS SEES FALLIERES.

Cordially Greeted by French President—Going to London To-day.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—President Fallières received Charles W. Fairbanks at the Elysée Palace this afternoon. The American Ambassador, Mr. Bacon, presented the former Vice President, and the exchange of greetings was most cordial.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairbanks will leave for London to-morrow. During their stay in Paris Mrs. Fairbanks has been entertained at several luncheons and teas by Mrs. Bacon and other American ladies.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—The court to-day denied the appeal of Mrs. Gubata, formerly Mrs. Beck of New York, who was convicted of obtaining jewelry by fraud, but reduced the term of her imprisonment from two years to three months.

BOMBAY, Feb. 28.—The grain and oil warehouses were burned out to-day. The fire loss is estimated at [illegible].

PEKING, Feb. 28.—China's prohibition of grain exportations has been extended so as to embrace practically all of Manchuria.

INDICTED IMPORTERS REPORTED MISSING

Firm Members of Ahrenfeldt & Son, Dealers in China, Can't Be Found.

FLED TO EUROPE, IT IS SAID

Business in Other Hands Now—Domestic Pottery Dealers Look for Other Indictments.

In the office of the United States District Attorney for this district there is W. L. Wemple, a young assistant, who would like to meet two men for whom he has notices of indictment. He is doubtful about being able to deliver the documents, however.

The two men are Charles Ahrenfeldt and M. O. Doering, who did business as china importers under the firm name of Charles Ahrenfeldt & Son, with a sales store at 52 Murray Street, in the heart of the wholesale china importers' district.

It is suspected that they became entangled in the snares that Collector Loeb has been setting for those who failed properly to settle with the man in the cashier's office at the Custom House when intending to bring into this country a shipment of dutiable goods.

In this case the trick discovered to have been working in many different branches of the importing business of using a double set of invoices, one of which was fraudulent, was utilized. Collector Loeb's sleuths turned up one of the genuine invoices and was able to compare it with the Consular invoice submitted at the Custom House as a basis for assessing an ad valorem duty.

Evidence in the case was prepared by United States District Attorney Wise and turned over to a Federal Grand Jury, along with evidence against various cheese, silk, fig, and beer importers. The trial of Musica, the cheese importer, with its resulting heavy sentence, came forth from the court in October. Now they are ready to take up the trial of the indicted firm of Ahrenfeldt & Son and want to serve their notices on Ahrenfeldt and Doering, its members.

The assistant to the District Attorney went to the firm's headquarters and found that it had sold out to Herman C. Kupper, who was duly authorized, he said, to transact any business that might be desired in the line of filling Ahrenfeldt china orders.

After that the District Attorney's man went to Cranford, N. J., where Doering, the manager, had one of the finest residences in town. He found that it had been sold. Inquiry at several banks where Doering was on the list of Directors brought information to the effect that he had sold his holdings and disappeared. The New York Crockery Board of Trade, of which he was Vice President, reported that he had resigned and was not in this country so far as they knew.

Inquiry at the Murray Street store of Ahrenfeldt & Son for Manager Doering yesterday brought the information that he was no longer connected with the concern. A clerk handed out a printed notice to the effect that the firm of Ahrenfeldt & Son was no more, and that Herman C. Kupper was the new proprietor of the business. Kupper is an old employe of the house, who served directly under Doering when he was manager. The firm, besides its American sales store, owned a factory at Limoges, France.

A paragraph in the note of relinquishment from Ahrenfeldt & Son is to the effect that "Mr. Kupper has arranged to deliver all unfilled outstanding orders heretofore placed with us."

"We don't think they will ever come back to face the music," said Mr. Wemple last night. "In fact, the last news we had of them they had arranged their business so that they could stay permanently on the other side of the Atlantic. They knew that the Government had possession of some of their correspondence relative to invoices, and I suppose what happened to Musica, the cheese man, made them realize that a moving day would be desirable. We hardly expect to hear from them again."

The indictment against the two men is brought under the Customs Administrative act, covering the case of fraudulent entry of merchandise. A fine of $5,000 is provided for each offense or imprisonment for two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

One group of dealers in china was greatly interested in the indictment of this firm, and hold that it will prove merely to be an initial move, to be followed by others against importers of china. One of the dealers handling domestic pottery products said that the Ahrenfeldt indictment vindicated the contention frequently made by representatives of the American pottery industry that there have been gross undervaluations in the entry of European chinaware into the United States. The domestic dealers, he said, were obtaining evidence that before long would bring many cases similar to this one to light. A special committee of the United States Potters' Association is understood to be at work among importers gathering such evidence.

The news that the indicted importers had sold their American interests and fled in advance of an impending trial spread rapidly through the wholesale china importing district. At the Custom House it was said that their interest in the case ceased when they turned over to District Attorney Wise the evidence on which the indictment was returned. The Collector sent agents to Europe early last Summer, it was said, to look into the workings of the double invoice system duty cases.

HORNBLOWER'S CLIENT GUILTY

Negro Gets Verdict of Manslaughter, Though Accused of Murder.

After an argument of two hours and ten minutes by William B. Hornblower in defense of John Washington, a negro kalsominer, who was indicted for murder in the first degree for shooting and killing Giovanni Chieca, a barkeeper, in a quarrel over pinochle in a saloon on West Sixty-first Street, on Aug. 30, the jury in Justice Goff's court last night returned a verdict declaring the prisoner guilty of manslaughter in the first degree. They had deliberated seven hours.

Mr. Hornblower was one of the three prominent lawyers appointed by Justice Malone last September to defend prisoners in murder cases. He based his defense, which lasted all the week, on the theory that Washington had acted in self-defense. At midnight the jury asked Justice Goff to define a crime which a man would commit by firing at random and killing another in the heat of passion, but without intent to kill. Justice Goff defined it as manslaughter in the first degree, and two minutes later the jury returned, bringing in its verdict to that effect.

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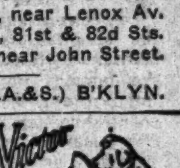

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IDAHO SNOWSLIDE KILLS TWENTY-FOUR

Four Camps in Death Trail, but Warning Had Sent Many Residents Away.

RESCUED AFTER 8 HOURS

One Man, Given Up for Dead, Is Dug Out Alive—Work Train Upset, but Crew Dig Their Way to Safety.

SPOKANE, Wash., Feb. 28.—Twenty-four persons are known to be dead as the result of snowslides yesterday and to-day in the mining region of Northern Idaho. To the nineteen who perished in the avalanches at Mace and Burke, Idaho, last night and early to-day, are added three who died in a similar disaster yesterday when the camp of the Carbonate Hill Mining Company at Mullen, Idaho, was destroyed, and two more killed at Dorsey, Idaho, to-day.

Mace is situated on a creek and the mountains rise high on either side of the town. The main body of the avalanche, which started from the top of Custer Mountain Sunday night, passed beyond the town and striking the opposite slope with terrific force rushed up the mountainside. The cañon is filled to a depth of 45 feet.

The damage to Mace was done by a fragment of the main slide, which carried a construction train from the track as it plunged into the ravine. The men on the train dug themselves out of the drift.

The slide demolished the houses in its path and stopped a short distance beyond the wrecked home of H. S. Pascoe, Superintendent of the Standard Mine.

"My husband! Where is he?" cried Mrs. Pascoe when rescuers pulled her out of a mass of twisted iron bed rails under forty feet of snow. Only a cast-iron bed post saved her from death. Her husband was mangled almost beyond recognition. Her son and daughter were also killed.

The boarding house of the Standard Mine, where 300 miners were sleeping, was missed by 120 feet.

Old-timers in the Coeur d'Alene district had been sounding daily warnings to Mace and other towns that, because of the record depth of the snow, slides were imminent. For sixteen Winters these towns had escaped devastating slides, and so strong was the confidence of the miner residents that their homes and families were safe that no precautions had been taken.

When the alarm spread through the mining camps that Mace had been almost wiped out by a snowslide, mothers, wives, and children of the miners employed at the Hecla, Hercules, and Anchor, and caretakers at the old Tiger-Poorman mine began to seek places of safety. Mothers hauled their children to the side hills, brothers dragged little sisters to places of safety, and when the slide struck Burke many of the homes were deserted.

Four of those who lost their lives at Burke were miners from the rescue party that had been at work at night at Mace. They were David Sheppard, Dick Richol, William Painter, and James Rogers. These men were among the first to respond to the call for succor when the news of the Mace disaster reached Burke. After working several hours at the mass of ice and earth that blocked the cañon, they returned to Burke just in time to be caught in the slide there.

Among the last to be taken out of the snow alive at Mace was Mrs. George Hooper, an old woman who lived on the outskirts of the town. She was buried thirteen feet under the snow and it took four hours to extricate her. She had suffered from the cold, but was not severely injured.

"At the time the slide occurred," said R. J. McLeod, who, with his son, John A. McLeod, was rescued after being buried two hours, "I was sleeping in a small bunk room just off the compressor room. My son was on shift at the compressor. I was aroused from sleep when he ran into the bunk room crying an alarm.

"The slide struck the building with great force, and we were buried under a whirling mass of snow and timbers. My son was knocked on the bed across [illegible] with the exception of my right hand I was unable to move. With this hand I scraped away enough snow to give us air."

Burke is buried fifty feet under snow and earth. The slide is 3,000 feet long and fills the cañon.

James Rogers, who was supposed to have perished, was rescued at Burke to-night. He had been buried in the snow eight hours.

On Thursday night a snow and landslide snuffed out the lives of three prospectors and a woman at Avery, a small town on the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Road, near the Montana line. All were in the cabin at dinner when the snow descended.

During the Winter of 1888 the snow piled high in the cañons, and never since has such a heavy fall been recorded as this year. Chinook winds accompanied by rains have prevailed since Thursday, with the snow from two to ten feet deep.

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You therefore "KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING."
It eliminates the poisons that cause
Rheumatism, Uric Acid, Gout, Liver and Kidney Disorders, Irritation of Bladder.
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BROOKLYN JUBILANT OVER JAMAICA BAY

Many Join in Celebrating the City's Plan for a Great Harbor There.

GOVERNMENT IS CRITICISED

Fear Tardiness May Wrest from New York Her Supremacy as Chief Atlantic Port.

The driving rain that was falling over Jamaica Bay and Brooklyn last night seemed to have no visibly deterrent effect on some 200 denizens of those regions who came out to celebrate what they called the winning of the first round in a battle which will soon make of Jamaica Bay the world's chief harbor.

The celebration was held in the hall of the Manufacturers' Association, at 168 Montague Street, under the auspices of the Jamaica Bay Improvement Association, an organization which has just won concessions for which it has fought for five years.

Besides drinking toasts to each other and presenting the Secretary with a bulging purse of $20 gold pieces, those present passed resolutions and listened to speeches on the future of the move to make of Jamaica Bay a deep waterway completely fringed with railroads, docks, and terminal facilities.

Mayor Gaynor and the Board of Estimate were felicitated upon having passed the resolution calling for the initial expenditure of $1,000,000 in dredging out the bay. In the same resolution was incorporated a paragraph urging the Mayor to give to Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins "the fullest power of initiative in this great enterprise, and to grant him every latitude possible under the charter in its prosecution to the end that the development may be advanced to the greatest possible extent during this administration."

The Government, for its tardiness in making an appropriation, was criticised by several speakers, and resolutions were finally passed urging the New York State delegation to force immediate action on the recommendations of Col. William M. Black of the army engineers for the deepening of certain portions of the upper Hudson River, this work being necessary to the opening of the new 1,000-ton barge canal, of which it is hoped to make Jamaica Bay the seaboard terminal. It was held that further delay in acting upon Col. Black's recommendations would prevent the passage of the appropriation at this session.

Need for the Harbor.

The urgency of making a great harbor, well supplied with docks and railroad terminals, at Jamaica Bay was impressed upon those present in an address by George Wilson, Vice President of the association. He held that Canada was actively engaged in a race to obtain supremacy for Montreal as the chief Atlantic port, and that so far as Manhattan's facilities to handle freight in bulk were concerned, Canada was spending enough millions to guarantee her leadership.

He held also that Philadelphia and Boston were both doing their best to wrest New York's laurels from her, and that Newark was trying hard to create terminal facilities in the Hackensack River which would take the honor of the leadership into New Jersey.

"We must loosen the purse strings of the City of New York and the State of New York and of the Nation," he said, "until none of these calamities will be possible. We must dredge a deep channel all the way around Jamaica Bay and make two great islands of the sand and gravel we will take out of the bottom of the bay. Railroads must traverse these islands and fringe our channel around the bay, until it will be possible to step from any transatlantic steamship directly into a transcontinental railroad.

"Only by such a plan can New York regain what it has lost and win what it naturally is entitled to. Already real estate taxes have become so high and terminal facilities so expensive that it is cheaper to lighter cargo down to Newport News than to ship cargo overland direct.

"We cannot look to Manhattan any more, and every competing city knows it. You all know that the War Department will not allow any further trespass on the Hudson River, and the reason is simple. A powerful ebb tide sweeps down that river as it is. If another fifty or one hundred feet were allowed for wharfage out in the river the resulting passageway would be so narrow that at ebb tide a current would sweep down that no steamship could withstand. You know that when a great vessel lies in her dock her hull reaches close to the bottom, and that acts as a great dam against the passage of water.

Bigger Ships Coming.

"The ships of the Cunard Line are already as big as the river can provide for. The ships of the future will be much bigger than those of the present, and Montreal is speedily preparing to care for these great ships that will find no welcome anywhere around Manhattan.

"In our Jamaica Bay plan we intend to care for such ships, and to build such grain elevators and docks and wharfage that Manhattan's water front will be no longer congested with cargoes, and there will be no such scramble for facilities as now constantly goes on along the overcrowded water front."

A map was presented to all present detailing the plan for the deep waterway. It provides that the Government dig a canal into Barren Island from Rockaway Inlet. The city will then take up the work of making a complete circuit of the bay, creating West, North, East, Hassock, and Beach Channels, surrounding a large island, to be built of the gravel taken up by the dredges.

The Long Island Railroad already traverses the proposed islands, known as North and South Islands. On the Long Island shore will be four long rectangular basins, where the Pennsylvania and other railroads will be provided with terminals, from which they can run trains straight through the East River and Hudson River tubes to New Jersey and on across the continent.

The land on which these terminals will be built will belong to the city, through a special grant of the State deeding the land now under water to the city, the grant to take effect upon the passing of the appropriation of New York City and Congress to carry out the improvement. This bay shore land is estimated to be worth $12,000,000, and it is held that revenue from it can be made to much more than pay the entire cost of building the bay improvements.

Big Supplementary Harbor.

The project is counted on to give New York a supplementary harbor forty square miles in area—larger by ten square miles than Manhattan Island. Entrance will be gained through a 1,500-foot channel to be dredged through Rockaway Inlet. Money to start on this channel this Summer, it is expected, will be provided in the River and Harbor bill in the sum of $250,000 as an initial appropriation. Ultimately the improvement is planned to include 150 miles of piers and wharves, most of which can be built long enough to accommodate the biggest steamers afloat or likely to be built.

A point urged by the backers of the plan is that it has the approval of Senator Burton, Chairman of the Senate Waterways Committee; the United States Board of Engineers, the Presidents of eighteen taxpayers' associations, a commission of engineers appointed by Mayor McClellan and by the New York State Waterways Association.

A telegram from Representative Charles B. Law regretting his inability to be present was read to the assembly. He has led the fight in Congress for the improvement. President Henry A. Meyer said that Congressman Law had made this matter his particular hobby and that he would be immortalised in its final achievement. The movement was originated, he said, by Edward M. Grout when he was Controller. In 1906 the Board of Estimate acted on a recommendation of Mr. Grout authorizing the Mayor to appoint an investigating body of engineers.

On May 31, 1907, the engineers reported favorably in a majority report approving a plan for expending $14,000,000. Senator Burton of Ohio became interested in 1906 and made a personal visit to the bay. He became an enthusiastic advocate of the plan, and a board of Government engineers was ordered to make preliminary surveys looking to co-operation in the development between the Nation and city.

The engineers, whose work was in charge of Col. Knight, made a report in 1909 recommending the expenditure of $8,610,050 by the Government. The Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors cut the sum to $7,480,050, and ultimately recommended the expenditure of this amount, provided the city went forward with the interior improvement of the bay and its water front.

At present the Government Board of Engineers is holding back a report on the cost of deepening the Upper Hudson River, and those present last night urged that it was vitally necessary to start this work this Summer in order to have it progressing equally with the bay improvement so that the large barges can be brought down to the Jamaica terminal.

BUGHER WON'T BE SURVEYOR.

President Persuaded to Have Him Withdraw—Parr May Get It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—It was learned to-day that President Taft had given up the idea of appointing Frederick H. Bugher, Deputy Police Commissioner of New York, as Surveyor of the port here.

Ever since it was intimated that the President might make this appointment there has been a storm of protest from the Republican leaders in New York on the ground that Mr. Bugher was a Democrat. Mr. Bugher has been in Washington since yesterday and had a talk with President Taft about the matter of his appointment.

Senator Root and several Congressmen also saw the President to-day. The matter of selecting a successor to Surveyor Clarkson is not a pressing one, as the latter's term does not expire until April 15.

There was jubilation in the ranks of the local Republican organization yesterday when news was received from Washington that the name of Frederick H. Bugher, First Deputy Police Commissioner, had been eliminated from the possibilities for Surveyor of the Port.

It was learned that the President's summons to Mr. Bugher on Saturday was for the purpose of endeavoring to persuade him to withdraw from the field. The matter stood as a personal one between the President, Senator Root, and John R. McLean, owner of The Washington Post and the Cincinnati Inquirer, who is Bugher's uncle. The appointment was practically decided upon, but when the President came to this city last week State Chairman Woodruff and County Chairman Griscom labored with him long and earnestly not to name Bugher.

It is clear now that the President appreciated the situation and decided to ask Bugher to withdraw, and that in this he was successful.

The most promising candidate for the place now is Richard Parr, Deputy Surveyor, who disclosed the Sugar frauds. He is not active in the local organization, however, and it is believed a decided effort will be made to have the appointment go to a "regular."

CUSTOMS FRAUD CASES LAG.

Representative Fitzgerald Tries to Hasten Prosecutions by Administration

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—A resolution that seeks to hurry the Administration in its prosecution of those guilty of the Customs House frauds unearthed in New York, was introduced in the House to-day by Representative Fitzgerald of New York. It asks that the President be requested to inform the House "what facts, if any, exist which make inexpedient at this time a thorough investigation by the House of frauds in the Customs Service, mentioned by the President in his annual message to Congress at this session."

Representative Fitzgerald, in discussing the resolution, said:

"Unless sufficient reason is given why the House should not make an investigation on its own account I believe that the time has arrived to look into the matter. It has been proved that a great deal of rottenness existed in the New York Customs Service. The President, however, in his message, asked that the House and Senate should not take independent action in respect to these frauds on the grounds that it would embarrass the Administration officially or otherwise. But few prosecutions have begun, and it is time the House investigated the entire questions of sugar and customs frauds."

FAVOR THE COMMERCE COURT.

Taft's Plan Adopted by House Committee by Vote of 10 to 8.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—By a majority of two, the House Committee on Inter-State Commerce to-day voted to create the Inter-State Commerce Court, which is one of the principal features of the Townsend Administration Railroad bill. This is the provision for which the President and the Attorney General have been fighting to have kept in the bill. The vote in the committee was 10 to 8.

Chairman Mann and Representative Stevens of Minnesota, Republicans, and Representatives Adamson of Georgia, Richardson of Alabama, Bartlett of Georgia, Russell of Texas, Sims of Tennessee, and Peters of Massachusetts voted against the commerce court. Those voting for it were Representatives Wanger of Pennsylvania, Esch of Wisconsin, Townsend of Michigan, Kennedy of Ohio, Knowland of California, Hubbard of West Virginia, Miller of Kansas, Stafford of Wisconsin, Calder of New York, and Washburn of Massachusetts. There were several absentees, but they had been communicated with and their votes were recorded as indicated.

The committee adopted with minor amendments the first six sections of the Townsend bill, all of which relate to the court, and had just reached the seventh section relating to tariff agreements, when it adjourned. It will take up the rest of the bill, section by section, and probably be able to order a favorable report on the bill by the latter part of this week.

HEIKE STAY HOLDS.

Supreme Court Grants Week's Delay on Immunity Plea.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—After a sharp conflict between the counsel concerned, the Supreme Court of the United States to-day declined to vacate the order Justice Lurton issued Friday last staying the trial of Charles R. Heike, a former official of the American Sugar Refining Company, until the Supreme Court reviews the decision of the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York in regard to his immunity plea.

Heike is charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government in the weighing of sugar imported. The court did, however, take the matter under consideration with the possibility that it may later vacate the order.

Solicitor General Bowers asked that the order be vacated so that Heike might be tried to-morrow "with his subordinate clerks," who were indicted with him.

George S. Graham and J. B. Stanchfield appeared as counsel for Heike and opposed the request, and a sharp conflict arose as to whether there was a judgment in the case. The Solicitor General offered to show a certified copy of the proceedings, so that the opposing counsel might point out a judgment.

"I don't propose to accept your record," retorted Mr. Graham.

Counsel for Heike wanted three weeks in which to print the record. The court gave them one week only.

It is understood the trial of Heike and the clerks will be held up for a week in order to give the Supreme Court an opportunity to act.

The children of Consumptive and delicate parents should be given small, daily doses of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It makes them strong and rugged, and prevents development of many inherited weaknesses.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

HARBOR FOG BOUND; TRAFFIC CRIPPLED

Ferryboats Forced to Quit and Incoming Liners Held at Anchor Outside.

QUARANTINE BOAT AGROUND

Steamer Fletcher, After Rescuing the Patients, Herself Sticks in the Mud for Eight Hours.

It was a day of general discomfort yesterday—a dark, dismal day with a drizzle of rain turning to downpour in the late afternoon. Added to this was one of the heaviest fogs of the season, which placed an embargo on shipping, and a temperature and humidity which made even the wearing of a raincoat oppressive. The fog was a shifting one. Early in the morning it hung so heavy over land and water that off shore it was impossible to see a boat's length ahead. In the afternoon it lifted somewhat.

About 3 o'clock, when the fog was thickest, the Quarantine boat Staten Island went on the bottom about fifty feet south of Ellis Island. She had on board about forty convalescent patients from Hoffman Island. There was much excitement on board, and those on the island could hear the shouts of the passengers. The steamboat Fletcher went out and took them off. Then she, too, went aground, and it was 11 o'clock last night before she got free and landed the convalescents.

Shortly after 8 o'clock last evening a Staten Island ferry boat, leaving her slip, struck the Revenue Cutter Calumet making her Battery berth. Little damage was done, as the big ferry boat struck a glancing blow.

In trying to avoid striking the pier off Castle Williams on Governors Island the cutter got fast in the mud. The Customs officers climbed ashore and came to the Battery on the ferry boat Gen. Hancock. The cutter, soon free, got back to the Battery before them.

The Panama liner Colon left Quarantine in the afternoon, but the fog shut down again, and she had to anchor for the night in the upper bay.

Incoming Liners Held Up.

It was so dense down the bay that only four vessels left Quarantine, and these had to crawl to their piers, at times losing their way. The revenue cutter on her first boarding trip had a hard time, and it was late in the morning before she got back to the Battery. The steamship Prinz Sigismund, from the West Indies, was the first to leave Quarantine, and soon the Porto Rico liner Coamo, the Dunkeld, and the Edda got under way.

Still at anchor outside are many of the fleet due yesterday. In the afternoon when it brightened up a bit a number of coastwise craft got through. Then the fog settled down again, and when the heavy rain cleared away much of the fog it was too late for others to come to their piers.

Capt. Fraser of the steamer Bermuda attempted to get to his pier last evening. He sent a wireless that the fog had shut in and he had anchored to await daylight.

Off the Battery all day there was a constant blare of fog horns and ringing of bells, mingled with the whistles of river craft. On her 4:30 trip from Ellis Island the ferryboat Ellis Island came within twenty feet of the Battery sea wall. Her engines were reversed just in time. Commissioner Williams ordered the 5:30 trip omitted. There were 2,000 immigrants on the island and many were unable to get away. It was impossible to take those waiting to go West to the railroad stations in Jersey City. A number of the officials had to spend the night on the island.

One experience was a duplicate of many during the day. The Central Railroad of New Jersey ferryboat which left the other side at 4:30 o'clock for Twenty-third Street got lost in the fog and was about an hour in coming across. She had to feel every foot of the way, and there was more than once when she was saved from collision with craft by skillful navigation. Once she missed a tugboat only by quick work in the engine room.

After being for hours fog-bound in the Sound the fleet of Sound steamers struggled through whenever the shifting fog permitted. The big Fall River liner Plymouth did not reach her North River pier until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Last night none of the Sound steamers got away on time.

Sound Steamer Aground.

The steamer Hattie Bell, from this city for Oyster Bay, ran ashore on the south end of Hart's Island at 3 o'clock. She was hauled off by the tug Greenwich, apparently not damaged.

Traffic on all the ferries was crippled, and in the morning some of the Brooklyn ferries had to go out of business. This caused congestion ashore, and the streets were lined with trucks waiting a chance to get on board. In Jersey City the congestion was especially bad. The railroad ferryboats ran on fog schedule, that is, as frequently as fog and safety would allow.

Ferries from this side were from 15 to 40 minutes behind schedule. The McAdoo tubes carried thousands who would have been otherwise delayed.

In the worst of the fog the ferry boat Baltimore of the Desbrosses Street line bumped the Newark of the Cortlandt Street line, but except to frighten the passengers no harm was done. The Newark was in her slip at Jersey City when the Baltimore, looking for her slip, missed it and ran into the occupied one.

Ettore Giannattasio of Brooklyn, inventor of a chemical light for flashing signals through a fog, experimented with his apparatus in the morning. Two army officers looked on. The light could be seen through the fog for a thousand feet away. The experiment was discontinued because the crowd of curious about the Battery got in the way.

It was unseasonably hot yesterday. At 8 A. M. the temperature was 54 degrees, and at 1 P. M. it registered 58. The humidity in the morning was 75 per cent.

IRISH WAR ON POST CARDS.

Plan to Have Those Which Ridicule the Race Barred from Mails.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—War is to be waged upon souvenir post cards which ridicule the Irish race. Some of the leading Irishmen of the National capital have started a crusade to have the Post Office Department hold up such post cards as unmailable.

P. J. Haltigan, editor of the National Hibernian, declaring to-day that it was against the law to use the mails in defamation of private or public characters, said that the Ancient Order of Hibernians would invoke the aid of the Government "to abolish this nefarious practice."

There is no special law according to the Post Office Department, forbidding the caricaturing of a race on post cards, although an average of half a million cards are destroyed monthly as unmailable.

ATLANTIC CITY
SATURDAY ONLY TRAIN
Pennsylvania Railroad
Beginning March 5,
Leave New York, 12:55 P. M.
Arrive Atlantic City, 4:15 P. M.
Parlor cars, Dining car, Parlor-smoking car, Coaches.
Regular through trains leave
NEW YORK
9:55 A. M., 2:55 P. M. Weekdays
7:55 A. M. Sundays

TAFT TRIBUTE TO JEWS.

Follows Protest Against Pending Bills to Restrict Immigration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—In replying to a delegation from the American Association of Foreign Language Newspapers, who called at the White House to protest against the Hayes and Overman bills to restrict immigration, President Taft to-day paid a high tribute to the Jews who had come to America from various parts of the world and had become imbued with a true spirit of patriotism.

"The question of limiting immigration," said the President, "in such a way as to shut out the undesirable part of the population of Europe, which comes here rather by the artificial stimulation of those whose interest it is to have as many come as possible, is a question which has addressed itself to Congress in the past. They rejected—for I was present in Congress when it was done—the educational limitation, on the ground that the limitation was one which did not shut out those whom we most desired to shut out, and that the Anarchist—a man who comes here with no loyalty to the new Government—is the man who could easily pass a mental examination.

"Now, all I can say about this, because I cannot commit myself to any particular form of legislation, is that insofar as I am concerned I shall sign no bill without giving you gentlemen a full opportunity to be heard. It is possible that I shall differ with you, but I think that where a hearing is given a safer conclusion is likely to be reached.

"In going about this country 18,000 miles, as I did last year, the thing which impressed me more than anything else was the fact that the process through which we had gone of welcoming immigrants from everywhere and mixing them and amalgamating them with our population had produced a distinct type of American, as distinguished from any of the people of which that type was made up, and that, therefore, were we to impose unjust burdens and stop immigration, we should go back on that which up to this time had enabled us to be a great people.

"I visited the east side in New York about two years ago, and I was exceedingly impressed with the fact that all that Jewish population had recognized the opportunity that this country offered to them, and that the young men and women who had attended the public schools and who had settled in that part of New York had appreciated to the full the benefits that this country conferred, and that there was no part of the country in which the real, true spirit of patriotism prevailed more deeply than there. That threw a somewhat new light on my general view of the situation with respect to the laws of immigration and how they ought to be enforced."

DICKINSON DENIES CHARGE.

Arrangement from Panama with Harriman Lines Only One Possible.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—In a hearing before the Senate Committee on Interoceanic Canals to-day Secretary Dickinson of the War Department declared that in granting concessions to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, a Harriman line, for the traffic between Panama and San Francisco he had taken the only step possible under the circumstances. He denied Senator Bristow's charge that the Government was unwilling to establish any sort of competition to the transcontinental railway lines and explained to the committee that Mr. Bristow's charge was based on the erroneous statement of a rival of the Harriman line that he had offered the Secretary of War terms identical with those put forward by the Pacific Mail Company, and that they had been refused. According to Mr. Dickinson the offers he had rejected were impossible, in that they would have pledged the Government virtually to the establishment and maintenance of a monopoly in transportation in the face of all comers.

THEODORE H. PRICE IN COURT.

Says Jurors Who Indicted Him for Conspiracy Were Disqualified.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Theodore H. Price of New York, a cotton operator, was arraigned to-day in the Criminal Court before Justice Gould on an indictment charging him with conspiracy to defraud the United States by the procuring from Edward S. Holmes, Jr., then Associate Statistician of the Department of Agriculture, advance information on a cotton report. He entered a plea in abatement to the indictment, alleging that certain members of the Grand Jury, which returned the true bill against him, were disqualified.

The Government objected to the plea, but the court allowed it to be filed. Price then gave $5,000 bail to appear for trial.

MAY RAISE THE MAINE.

Bill for Lifting Wrecked Battleship Is Reported Favorably.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The sub-committee of the House Naval Affairs Committee decided this afternoon to report favorably a bill providing for the raising of the battleship Maine, which has lain beneath the waters of Havana Harbor for more than twelve years.

The work is to be done by contract, according to the present plans of the committee, the contract to be awarded to the lowest bidder. The bill, if reported to the House, will carry a provision that the bodies of the sailors found in the wreck of the Maine shall be buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington.

THE FIRST SPEAKER'S DINNER.

Taft to Honor Cannon and Establish New White House Function.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Speaker Cannon is to be the guest of honor at a dinner of forty covers or more at the White House on Thursday night. At that time President Taft will inaugurate a new White House custom, that of an annual function in honor of the presiding officer of the House of Representatives. The dinner is to be on a par with those tendered to the Cabinet, to the Diplomatic Corps, and to the judiciary.

Taft to be Here March 22.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—President Taft to-day accepted an invitation to be present at the banquet to be held in New York on March 22 by the American Peace and Arbitration League.

NEGRO ORATORS SUE BANNARD

Look to Him for Pay for Spellbinding in Mayoralty Campaign.

Otto T. Bannard, the defeated fusion candidate for Mayor, appeared as defendant in the Third District Municipal Court yesterday in two suits brought by negro campaign speakers to recover $375 for services on the stump from Oct. 18 to Nov. 1.

One action was brought by Isaac Allen of 235 West Sixty-third Street for $225 and the other by Julius Ayler of 1,981 Broadway, who contended that Mr. Bannard owed him $150.

Mr. Bannard was accompanied by Congressman William Bennet, his late campaign manager. R. Keity Prentice, Chairman of the Law Committee of the Republican County Committee, appeared as counsel for Mr. Bannard. Allen's contention was that a "substantial sum" had been promised to him by Congressman Bennet, to be paid, he understood, after the campaign.

"Did you turn all your oratory loose for Mr. Bannard?" asked Mr. Prentice.

"No," replied Allen. "I was told to mention other fusion men. Mr. Bannard told me to."

"Have you ever spoken in a political campaign without pay?" he was asked.

"No, Sir. I'm not built that way," was the reply.

Judge Murray, who was presiding, dismissed the complaint on the ground that no valuable services had been established.

Then Ayler's case was taken up. He said he was an independent Democrat, although he had neglected to tell Mr. Bannard that fact.

"When I saw Mr. Bannard after the election he told me the Republican committee was $30,000 in 'the hole,'" said Ayler. "I didn't get any money."

Justice Murray reserved decision in this case.

CONGRESSMEN MUST ANSWER TO COURTS

District of Columbia Supreme Court Upholds Order of Justice Wright.

NO MAN ABOVE THE LAW

Members of Senate and House, in Printing Matter, Were Acting in Ministerial, Not Legislative, Function.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Justice Wright of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia announced to-day the decision of the court that in directing the six members of the joint Congressional Committee on Printing to show cause why a mandamus should not issue compelling the committee to award a contract to the Valley Paper Company of Massachusetts he had not exceeded his authority. The three House members of the joint committee obeyed the order, appeared in court a week ago, and pleaded the privileges of the House. The three Senators, acting on a vote of the Senate, ignored the order and refrained from appearing.

The decision of the court to-day is unique in the history of American law. Justice Wright said that he had been unable to find any precedents for the rule he had issued to the members of Congress, but in support of his order he quoted many cases from State courts in reference to officers of the State Legislature who had been compelled to obey the order of the court. In one case he cited the Speaker of the lower house, though advised to the contrary by both houses of the Legislature, had been compelled to reopen certain ballot boxes and submit to a recount.

The functions of the joint committee are ministerial and not legislative, according to the finding of the court, and the members of that committee are as liable to mandamus as are officers of the Cabinet or minor officers of the Government. The question that started the controversy, says the decision, was one of law, and under the Constitution the law must be construed by the courts regardless of the high place of the alleged offenders.

"No man in this country is so high that he is higher than the law," declared Justice Wright. "All officers are creatures of the law, and even the Government of the United States is less than the law. What is there in the exalted position of a Senator which prevents any citizen from laying what he believes to be an injury before the bar of justice?"

The Justice announced that the decision made no attempt to dispose of the merits of the case, but was merely to hold that the court was acting within the authority which had been conferred upon it by Congress itself, and was interpreting the very law which Congress had created.

Whether the Senators appeared in court at this stage of the proceedings, Justice Wright declared, was immaterial. In this respect the court at considerable length differentiated between a case and a cause of action. A case certainly had been established, he declared. If there existed a cause of action, that would be determined as the proceedings went on. The question of the Senators being in court or represented by counsel would then be patent.

The Constitution specified that "the judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under the laws of the United States," and upon this the court based its jurisdiction.

Functions of Committee Analyzed.

The court then proceeded to examine whether the Joint Printing Committee of Congress was a part of the legislative body, and to dissect its functions. All legislative duties being conferred by the Constitution upon Congress, the court held that none of them could be delegated by Congress to its members. No power could be vested in a part of Congress by a law of Congress itself, Justice Wright maintained. That there was room to believe that the opening and inspection of bids for paper was an administrative duty, the court admitted, but he disclaimed any inference that any member by so doing held an administrative office.

If that were true, however, Justice Wright declared, the action of such a member constituted nothing less than the forfeiture of his seat, under that provision of the Constitution which prohibited any administrative officer of the Government from being a member of Congress during his term of office.

The court's mandamus, Justice Wright declared, was the only known procedure of law to compel a neglected public duty. After quoting at length decisions of the Supreme Court and reviewing the duties of the Printing Committee, Justice Wright concluded:

> The court is established in its convictions that it has been influenced by no greater and no less consideration for one of its Justices than it is accustomed to bestow upon the affairs of the most obscure amongst the people when they attend its bar; that the preservation of its rights and liberties of the people calls upon and requires it to vindicate its retention and its free exercise of the functions which in the name of the people have been committed to its charge; that the maintenance of those functions requires the formation of this opinion and is the justification for its expression.
>
> The court has come to meet a situation where for the first time in its affairs it has been required to examine the conduct of one of its Justices against a high and dangerous charge of misuse of the processes of the law, and on coming to an end of that examination the court embraces the enduring hope that this, the first such deprecable occasion, will as well be the last.

Findings of the Court.

The findings of the court were as follows:

> The time for the return of the rule heretofore issued having arrived, appeared the Hons. Allen F. Cooper, George C. Sturgiss, and David E. Finley, who show the court that they are members of the House of Representatives of the United States, and they invite the court to consider whether, in the judgment of the court, the law has imposed upon the court jurisdiction of the matter of the petition.
>
> The considerations which have been expressed and the conclusion to which the court's judgment has been led in the progress of an opinion just delivered require the court to answer that it is by law vested with jurisdiction to hear and determine the controversy; that it is obliged by the law of the land to entertain that jurisdiction and to proceed to that hearing and determination.
>
> If during the progress of the exercise of that jurisdiction there should transpire an undertaking to infringe upon the privileges and prerogatives of the Congress of the United States or of its members, the court expects to be the foremost among those who uncover it and who attend to the preservation and the vindication of their inviolate and inviolable character.

No Senators were present at the reading of the decision, though the three House members and many of their colleagues were on hand and the courtroom was crowded. The counsel for the representatives at once offered to proceed with the case and fight it out on its merits, but after a consultation with the opposing counsel it was decided to postpone the matter.

In the opinion of the members of the Senate Judiciary Committee the finding of the Supreme Court of the District does not put the three Senators who refused to obey the ruling in contempt. At worst, in the opinion of the Senators, their colleagues are in default. Senator Smoot, Chairman of the joint committee, said that he would make no move whatever in the matter, as the Senate must decide, but the general impression this afternoon seems to be that the court will proceed with the case on its merits and so avoid sending the question of privilege to the Supreme Court of the United States.

What will be the attitude of the Senators of the committee should a mandamus issue is not known. At present the three House members alone appear from the committee before the court.

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as a huge, cumbersome affair that is prohibitive in the home on account of the room it takes up. Years ago that was true, but the introduction of the
PEASE PETITE GRAND
has had much to do with changing that idea; it is only 5 feet 3 inches long and takes up scarcely more room than the upright; the tone is rich and powerful and gives a satisfaction to the skilled pianist that the upright cannot possibly offer.
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SAYS CLIQUES CAN'T RUN CORPORATIONS

Jersey Court of Appeals Denies Partnership Rights to Stockholders in Encyclopaedia.

PUBLIC POLICY DISAPPROVES

Decision Says Courts Have No Power to Enforce Individual Agreements for Control of Company Affairs.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 28.—The order of Vice Chancellor Howell restraining Horace E. Hooper, Harris B. Burrows, Charles C. Whinery, and Franklin H. Hooper from disposing of the assets of two of the Encyclopaedia Britannica companies was denied by the Court of Errors and Appeals to-day. The proceedings were instituted by Walter M. Jackson, who claimed that a joint partnership existed between himself and Mr. Hooper whereby various corporations engaged in selling encyclopaedias were to be run jointly by the two men.

The Court of Errors, in an opinion by Judge Dill, emphatically placed its stamp of disapproval upon the management of corporate affairs by inside cliques or agreements between controlling Directors. It held further that a court of equity had no jurisdiction to regulate the internal affairs of a corporation organized under foreign laws, through the medium of an injunction issued either against the members of the Board of Directors or individuals or against the corporation directly.

Hooper and Jackson had a falling out over the management of their companies, one of which was an English concern and the other an Illinois corporation. Jackson charged that, in violation of his agreement with Hooper, the latter had put dummy Directors into those corporations and sought to use their votes to hold control.

Vice Chancellor Howell did not contend that any partnership had been shown to exist between Jackson and Hooper, but said that it should be proved that they were engaged in a joint venture or undertaking, and therefore a preliminary injunction should issue. Jackson asked for the appointment of a receiver for the assets of the companies, amounting in the aggregate to many millions of dollars.

Judge Dill, in his opinion, said the fundamental question was not whether Jackson had established the agreement alleged to exist between him and Hooper, but whether, assuming that he had, the courts had the power to enforce it. He continued:

"It is fundamental that, no matter how the shares of stock are held, the corporation is itself an entity, wholly separate from the individuals who hold and control it.

"The law never intended that persons engaged in business as partners may incorporate, with intent to obtain the advantages and immunities of a corporate form and then become at will a copartnership or a corporation as the exigencies or purposes of their joint enterprise may from time to time require. The policy of the law is to the contrary. If the partners have the rights of partners they have the duties and liabilities imposed by law, and are responsible in solido to all creditors.

"If they adopt the corporate form, with the corporate shield extended over them to protect them against personal liability, they cease to be partners and have only the rights, duties, and obligations of stockholders. They cannot be partners between themselves and a corporation as to the rest of the world.

"Furthermore, upon grounds of public policy, the doctrine contended for cannot be tolerated as it renders nugatory and void the authority of the Legislature, a co-ordinate branch of the Government, established by the Constitution, in respect to the creation, supervision, and winding up of corporations."

SLEW HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW.

In Quarrel Over Bride Saldemano Fired Two Shots Into Her.

Mrs. Catherine Murat, 40 years old, wife of Louis Murat, a nightwatchman in an agateware factory at Woodhaven, L. I., was shot and instantly killed in the presence of nine of her eleven children by her son-in-law, Frank Saldemano, at her home, 200 Shoe-and-Leather Street, Woodhaven, yesterday afternoon.

Saldemano, who is 21 years old, married fifteen-year-old Amelia Murat, a daughter of Mrs. Murat, three weeks ago. Both the girl's father and mother had been opposed to the match, but Saldemano and the girl stole away from her home to get married.

Despite the former trouble the young couple continued to live at the Murat home until yesterday, when Saldemano insisted upon removing with his wife to a home in the Bronx. The family objected, saying that the girl was too young to leave home, and she, too, begged to stay. When Louis Murat departed for his place of work at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon he left the mother and her other daughters still pleading and quarrelling by turns with Saldemano over possession of Amelia.

Murat had not gone two blocks from home when his youngest two children came running after him, tearfully pleading with him to return. When he re-entered the house he found his wife dead on the floor. The children, grouped frightened around her, told him that he had no sooner left the house than Saldemano, drawing a revolver from his pocket, had fired two shots at his wife, and then, missing her, had turned the weapon upon her mother and fired twice again. One of the bullets struck the woman in the head, killing her instantly. Then, they said, Saldemano calmly pocketed his weapon and went away.

A police alarm was sent out for Saldemano at once, and the police of the Bronx were notified to be especially vigilant in their search for him. Shortly after 9 o'clock last night Detective George King of the Ozone Park Precinct notified his station that he had arrested Saldemano at 204th Street and Miller Avenue, the Bronx.

The Murats had been married twenty-two years. Ten of their eleven children are girls, the eldest 21 years and the youngest a babe of 6 months.

RABBI'S CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Summoned in Suit of a Plumber of Rye on Religious Days, He Explains.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The Rev. Isadore Kadushin, a rabbi of New Rochelle, was arraigned for contempt of court in the County Court to-day for not having appeared before a referee for examination in a supplementary proceeding after having been directed to do so three times by Judge Platt.

The rabbi was represented by ex-Judge John A. Van Zelm of New Rochelle, who made the excuse that the order had been made returnable each time on Jewish holidays when his client was busy attending to his religious duties. The Rev. Kadushin could not appear on the regular motion day last Saturday, he said, because it was the Jewish Sabbath.

The judgment against the rabbi is for $150 and was obtained by Henry Godesky, a plumber of Rye. Ex-Judge Van Zelm said that the Rev. Kadushin was poverty stricken and could not pay the amount, but he would pay $1 a week on account until the debt was discharged. This proposition was objected to by William Baruch, counsel for Godesky, and Judge Platt, finding that March 8 would not be a Jewish holiday, set it as the date for the hearing, which is to be held at Port Chester at 2 o'clock.

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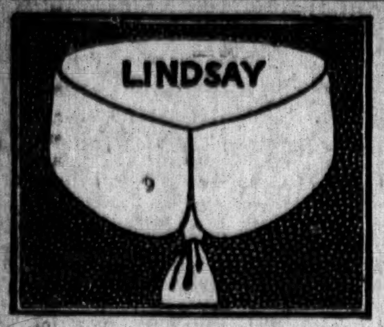

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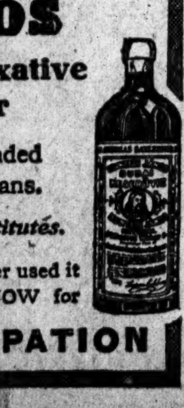

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CONSTIPATION

ROOT FOR ADOPTION OF TAX AMENDMENT

No Danger to State Bonds in Income Provision, He Argues, Answering Hughes.

LETTER READ IN ALBANY

State and Municipal Issues, He Says, Are Protected by the General Principles of the Federal Constitution.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Senator Elihu Root's reasons for thinking that the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution to provide for an income tax should be adopted was read to the Senate to-night by Senator Frederick M. Davenport, to whom Mr. Root had written at length explaining his attitude.

Senator Root, who advocated the amendment when it was before Congress last year, argued against the position of Gov. Hughes, who, in submitting the matter to the Legislature, declared that by the language of the proposed amendment the States seemed to give to the National Government the power to tax incomes derived from State and municipal bonds. The Governor, while he expressed approval of an income tax, opposed this particular amendment because it provided a tax on incomes "from whatever source derived." Senator Root, in his letter, took the ground that the proposed amendment did not give the National Government any new power. State and municipal bonds, he argued, were excluded from the application of the tax by general and established constitutional principles inherent in the very nature of the dual Government of the United States.

Senator Root's letter follows:

THE UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., Feb. 17, 1910.

My Dear Senator:

Since our conversation last month I have given much consideration to the scope and effect of the proposed Income Tax amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Much as I respect the opinion of the Governor of the State, I cannot agree with the view expressed in his special message of Jan. 5, and as I advocated in the Senate the resolution to submit the proposed amendment, it seems appropriate that I should state my view of its effect.

The proposed amendment is in these words:

> Article 16—The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States and without regard to any census or enumeration.

The objection made to the amendment is that this will confer upon the National Government the power to tax incomes derived from bonds issued by the States or under the authority of the States, and will place the borrowing capacity of the State and its Governmental agencies at the mercy of the Federal taxing power.

I do not find in the amendment any such meaning or effect. I do not consider that the amendment in any degree whatever will enlarge the taxing power of the National Government or will have any effect except to relieve the exercise of that taxing power from the requirement that the tax shall be apportioned among the several States. The effect of the amendment will be, in my view, the same as if it said, "The United States may lay a tax on incomes without apportioning the tax, and this shall be applicable whatever the source of the income subjected to the tax," leaving the question, "What incomes are subject to National taxation?" to be determined by the same principles and rules which are now applicable to the determination of that question.

If we were to construe the proposed amendment only by a critical examination of its words, the view upon which the objection is based would be reached by practically cutting the provision in two and reading it as if it read, "the Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes from whatever source derived," without the concluding words. But we are not at liberty to do this. The amendment consists of a single sentence, and the whole of it must be read together. It expresses but a single idea, and that is that the tax to which it relates must be laid and collected without apportionment among the several States and without regard to any census or enumeration, while the words "from whatever source derived" are obviously introduced to make the exemption from the rule of apportionment comprehensive and applicable to all taxes on incomes.

We are not left, however, to a mere critical examination of words. This provision, as Mr. Justice Bradley said of the Constitution in the Legal Tender cases, is "to be interpreted in the light of history and of the circumstances of the period in which it was framed." Justice Story said of another clause of the Constitution, in Briscoe against the Bank of Kentucky, (11 Peters 332,)

> And I mean to insist that the history of the Colonies, before and during the Revolution and down to the very time of the adoption of the Constitution, constitutes the highest and most authentic evidence to which we can resort to interpret this clause of the instrument; and to disregard it would be to blind ourselves to the practical mischiefs which it was meant to suppress, and to forget all the great purposes to which it was to be applied.

This view must necessarily be applied to the proposed amendment if it be adopted. It will be construed in the light of the judicial and political history which led to the proposal and which appears upon the public records of our Government.

What is that history? The Constitution of 1787 conferred upon the National Government the power of taxation without any limit whatever except that taxes on exports were prohibited.

The method of exercising the power, however, was subjected to two limitations. One, that imports, duties, and excises should be uniform, and the other, that direct taxes should be apportioned among the States. The apportionment provisions were as follows:

> Article I.—Section 2—Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, &c. (Amended, but not in this respect, by the Fourteenth Amendment.)
>
> Section 9—No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion to the census or enumeration before directed to be taken.

For more than a hundred years after the adoption of the Constitution various tax laws of Congress were, from time to time, brought before the courts upon objections that they imposed direct taxes in violation of the rule of apportionment. The decisions of the courts uniformly sustained these laws, from the Hylton case, in 1796, which sustained an unapportioned tax on carriages, (3 Dallas 171,) to the Springer case, in 1880, which sustained an unapportioned tax on incomes. (102 U. S. 586.)

In the meantime numerous laws were passed and enforced imposing taxes on incomes without apportionment; and a great part of the means for carrying on the civil war was derived from such taxes.

In the year 1895, however, an income tax law included in the Wilson Tariff act of 1894 was brought before the Supreme Court in the case of Pollock against the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and in that case the court decided against the law. The case was heard twice. On the first hearing a majority of the court held that a tax on income derived from real estate must be apportioned as a direct tax because a tax on real estate itself would be direct; and the Judges divided equally as to whether a tax on income derived from personal property must be apportioned. (157 U. S. 429.)

Upon the second hearing of the case, the court, by a majority of five to four, held that a tax upon income derived from personal property must be considered a direct tax and must be apportioned. (158 U. S. 601.) All the Judges agreed, however, that taxes on incomes derived from business or occupations need not be apportioned. The effect of these decisions was thus described in one of the minority opinions:

> But the serious aspect of the present decision is that by a new interpretation of the Constitution it so ties the hands of the legislative branch of the Government that without an amendment of that instrument, or unless this court, at some future time, should return to the old theory of the Constitution, Congress cannot subject to taxation—however great the needs or pressing the necessities of the Government—either the invested personal property of the country, bonds, stocks, and investments of all kinds, or the income arising from the renting of real estate, or from the yield of personal property, except by the grossly unequal and unjust rule of apportionment among the States. Thus, undue and disproportioned burdens are placed upon the many, while the few, safely entrenched behind the rule of apportionment among the States on the basis of numbers, are permitted to evade their share of responsibility for the support of the Government ordained for the protection of the rights of all.

It was so evidently impossible to collect an income tax by apportionment among the States according to population that the general judgment of the country confirmed the opinion that the decision in the Pollock case had practically taken away from Congress a power of vital importance to the General Government—a power the exercise of which had, at least in one time of peril, proved essential to the Nation's life.

The attention of the country was sharply called to the need of more Government revenue for the first time after the Pollock case by the decrease of customs and internal revenue receipts and the rapidly mounting deficit which followed the financial panic of 1907, and in the extraordinary session of Congress which began March 15, 1909, when the revised Tariff bill came into the Senate, an amendment to the bill was introduced reproducing in substance the old income tax provisions of 1894 which the Supreme Court had held to be invalid both as to income derived from real estate and as to income derived from personal property. The avowed and necessary effect of including such provisions in the new tariff law would be to present again to the Supreme Court the same questions which had been decided in the Pollock case and to challenge a reversal of their decision. Thereupon the resolution for the submission of this amendment was introduced in the Senate and was passed by Congress.

The proposal followed the suggestions of the Supreme Court in the Pollock case. The evil to be remedied was avowedly and manifestly the incapacity of the National Government resulting from the decision that income practically could not be taxed when derived either from real estate or from personal property, although it could be taxed when derived from business or occupation.

The terms of the amendment are apt to cure that evil and to take away from the different classes of income considered by the court a practical immunity from taxation based upon the source from which they were derived.

There was no question in Congress or in the courts or in the country about the taxation of State securities. No one claimed that the inability of the General Government to tax them was an evil. The inability to tax them did not arise from the terms of the Constitution, but from the fact that, being the necessary instruments of carrying on other and sovereign Governments they were not the proper subject of National taxation, and that, therefore, no provisions of the Constitution, however wide the scope of their language, could be held to apply to such securities or to the income from them. Judge Cooley, in his work on constitutional law, says:

> The power to tax, whether by the United States or by the States, is to be construed in the light of, and limited by, the fact that the States and the Union are inseparable, and that the Constitution contemplates the perpetual maintenance of each with all its constitutional powers, unembarrassed and unimpaired by any action of the other. The taxing power of the Federal Government does not therefore extend to the means or agencies through or by the employment of which the States perform their essential functions, &c.

This rule of construction has been maintained for generations. It is undisputed; it was referred to with approval by the Justices who wrote and delivered the opinions in the Pollock case, both for and against the judgment. It has been declared again and again by the Supreme Court to be not open to question. It is a rule of construction just as controlling in defining the scope of the proposed amendment as it is in defining the scope of the existing provisions. Under it, from the earliest times of our Government, the apparently unlimited taxing power conferred by the terms of the Constitution has been held not to apply to the instrumentalities of the State. Under it acts of Congress, which, by their express terms, appeared to include instrumentalities of State Government, have uniformly been held not to include them. This uniform, long-established, and indisputable rule applied to the construction of our Constitution—a rule which has been declared to be essential to a continuance of our dual system of government—forbids that the words of that instrument conferring the power of taxation should be deemed to apply to anything but the proper subjects of National taxation. Under it we are forbidden to apply the words "from whatever source derived" in the proposed amendment to any of the instrumentalities of State Government.

This amendment will be no new grant of power. The Congress already has power to impose taxes on incomes from whatever source derived, subject to the rule of construction, which excludes State securities from the operation of the power; but the taxes so imposed must be apportioned among the States. Under the proposed amendment there will be the same and no greater power to tax incomes from whatever source derived, subject to the same rule of construction, but relieved from the requirement that the tax shall be apportioned.

It appears therefore that no danger to the powers or instrumentalities of the State is to be apprehended from the adoption of the amendment.

It would be cause for regret if the amendment were rejected by the Legislature of New York.

It is said that a very large part of any income tax under the amendment would be paid by citizens of New York. That is undoubtedly true, but there is all the more reason why our Legislature should take special care to exclude every narrow and selfish motive from influence upon its action and should consider the proposal in a spirit of broad National patriotism and should act upon it for the best interests of the whole country.

The main reason why the citizens of New York will pay so large a part of the tax is that New York City is the chief financial and commercial centre of a great country with vast resources and industrial activity. For many years Americans engaged in developing the wealth of all parts of the country have been going to New York to secure capital and market their securities and to buy their supplies. Thousands of men who have amassed fortunes in all sorts of enterprises in other States have gone to New York to live because they like the life of the city or because their distant enterprises require representation at the financial centre. The incomes of New York are in a great measure derived from the country at large. A continual stream of wealth sets toward the great city from the mines and manufactories and railroads outside of New York. The United States is no longer a mere group of separate communities embraced in a political union; it has become a product of organic growth, a vast industrial organization covering and including the whole country; and the relation of New York City to the whole organization of which it is a part is the great source of her wealth and the chief reason why her citizens will pay so great a part of an income tax. We have the wealth because behind the city stands the country. We ought to be willing to share the burdens of the National Government in the same proportion in which we share its benefits.

The circumstances that originally justified the establishment of the rule of apportionment in the Constitution have long since passed away. It is universally conceded that its application to existing conditions would be so unjust and inequitable as to be impossible. The power of taxation which the rule makes it impossible for the Nation to exercise may be again, as it has once been, vital to the preservation of National existence. It would be most unfortunate if the several States of the Union were to insist upon the continuance of this unjust and useless limitation upon the necessary powers originally and wisely granted to the National Government.

With kind regards, I am always,
Very sincerely yours,
ELIHU ROOT.

Hon. Frederick M. Davenport,
Senate Chamber,
Albany, New York.

In the Assembly after Senator Root's letter had been read by the clerk, Edwin A. Merritt, Jr., moved that it be referred to the Judiciary Committee and printed as an Assembly document.

Daniel F. Frisbie, minority leader, seconded the motion and said that it gave him pleasure to listen to "such a sound argument from the junior United States Senator of Democratic doctrine."

A resolution disapproving the income tax amendment is now before the Senate Judiciary Committee.

THE BEST "APENTA" NATURAL APERIENT WATER

BOTTLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST, HUNGARY.

BOSSES AIM TO NAME NEW SENATE LEADER

Striving to Beat Davis with Cobb and Thus Control Upper House.

HARD FIGHT IS EXPECTED

Forces Seem About Evenly Divided, with Two Senators Uncommitted—Choice to be Made To-night.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—From all appearances there will be a lively fight when the Republican Senators meet in conference to-morrow evening for the purpose of selecting a successor to Jotham P. Allds of Chenango, who recently resigned as President pro tem. and majority leader of the Senate.

Since the Senators left the Capitol for the week end Senator George H. Cobb of Jefferson, who was placed in the field as a candidate to oppose Senator George Allen Davis of Erie for the place, has made great gains. His friends claim to-night to have the required number of votes to give him the leadership. On the other hand, the friends of Senator Davis are working hard to elect their man. They have the support of Senator Henry Wayland Hill, the Erie colleague of Senator Davis, who as Chairman of the Finance Committee wields great influence among members of the upper house who are anxious to see measures carrying appropriations in favor of their various constituencies receive his support.

From talks with a great many of the Republican Senators it would seem that the votes at the present time are about equally divided. Senator Davis is the senior member of the Senate, and this will have weight with a great many men who have served with him for years. On the other hand, Senator Cobb, while not having so many years of service to his credit, is regarded as one of the ablest members of the upper house. He has been very active since his election to the Senate in 1905. He is a regular, but has voted with Gov. Hughes and against the organization on many measures, notably on the question of Otto Kelsey's removal and on the Telegraph and Telephone bill.

The insurgent element in the Senate and those who have been regarded as friendly to Gov. Hughes, are expected to line up with Senator Davis, nevertheless. On the other hand, the "Old Guard" element in the Republican organization, through the men they can control in the Senate, are working for the election of Senator Cobb. This, in connection with the fact that certain differences have arisen which might create a split among the so-called insurgents and divert at least three votes from Davis, is believed to be the basis of the claims made to-night for Cobb.

More open campaigning over the vacant leadership was indulged in to-night on the floor of the Senate while the session was in progress than has been witnessed here for many years. At the same time the wires were alive with orders from Republican bosses, small and big, in distant parts of the State to their men in the Senate to fall into line for Cobb.

It may be stated on good authority that the reason for men like Timothy L. Woodruff, William Barnes, Jr., Francis Hendricks, George W. Aldridge, and others of the old-line Republican machine leaders following the fortunes of Senator Cobb with such lively interest is their hope that in the case of his election they will be able to control the Senate through him as they already control the Assembly through Speaker Wadsworth.

The outcome of the fight may have a vital bearing on the question of whether there shall be a thorough sifting of the reports of legislative corruption, as agreed on at the conference in New York City attended by President Taft and Gov. Hughes, or whether the lid is to be put on tight after the Allds investigation is concluded. Senator Cobb, to the surprise of many persons here, voted for the election of Senator Allds as President Pro Tem. of the Senate.

Senator Davis is more or less amenable to Postmaster Fred Greiner, the Republican leader of Erie County. Mr. Greiner made common cause with Herbert Parsons last year against the extreme opponents of Gov. Hughes, and has manifested an intention of joining hands with Mr. Griscom, who succeeded Mr. Parsons as Republican leader of New York County, for a similar purpose at this time. Erie County already has the Chairmanship of the Senate Finance Committee, a position second in importance only to the majority leadership. Mr. Greiner also is the political sponsor for Attorney General O'Malley and State Supt. of Insurance Hotchkiss. The leaders argue that if Erie County should get the place to which Senator Davis is an aspirant also it would have more than its share of patronage.

The real argument, however, is that it would be a case of too much Greiner, and a case of too much Greiner in the present frame of mind of that leader would mean too much Hughes for their peace of mind.

Of the Republican delegation from New York City all the Senators from Kings, with the exception of Eugene M. Travis, who is pledged to Senator Davis, will vote for Cobb. Of the Senators from New York County Alexander Brough, who is controlled by Abraham Gruber, will vote for Cobb. Senator Agnew, it was said, had not committed himself. Senator Newcomb will support Davis.

Senator Davis said this evening:

"After I reached Albany to-night I found that Republican State Chairman Woodruff had lined up a sufficient number of Republican Senators against me to make my election as President pro tem. a matter of doubt. I am certain of fifteen votes. The fight is on, and I believe that I shall win."

It was said late to-night that the balance of power was in the hands of Senators Meade and White, the members from Monroe County, and that they had not committed themselves.

NEW YORK'S INSANE 31,541.

State Lunacy Board's Report Shows 6,474 Admissions to Asylums for Year.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The annual report of the State Commission in Lunacy, submitted to the Legislature to-night, shows that the number of committed insane in the public and private hospitals at the close of the fiscal year was 31,541, divided as follows: Men 15,107, women 16,434. The whole number of insane in the State hospitals, including the two criminal institutions located at Matteawan and Dannemora, was 30,490, of which 1,127 were in the two last-named institutions. In the private hospitals there were 1,051 committed patients at the close of the year.

The net increase in all institutions was 1,084; in State hospitals alone 1,015; 1,524 patients were discharged as entirely recovered during the year, while the number admitted was 6,474, of whom 36 were inebriates and 11 drug habitues.

There was an excess of patients over accommodations at the close of the year amounting to 1,719. The commission deplores the failure of the Legislature to provide the necessary funds for the beginning of work on a new hospital in Rockland County, but reports the acquisition of a favorable site recently acquired at Yorktown, Westchester County, upon which the construction of a new hospital designed for at least 2,000 patients to accomodate a portion of the insane of New York City, as well as those committed from Westchester and near-by counties. The commission asks for $300,000 for the commencement of work at this point.

A detailed account is made of the commission's difficulties in endeavoring to acquire a site for a new hospital to accommodate the insane of Brooklyn and vicinity. Two or three unsuccessful efforts were made to locate the institution at some point easily accessible from Brooklyn, but owing to local opposition the commission was obliged to change its plans. The commission still retains title to the old Creedmoor rifle range, and if all other efforts fail to relieve the congestion at Flatbush it will be necessary to build on this site.

Muensterberg Appointed Exchange Professor.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 28.—Hugo Münsterberg, Professor of Psychology at Harvard University, has been appointed exchange professor to lecture at Berlin University during the term 1910-11.

Greenhut and Company

Dry Goods

If Shopping Tires You

The handsomest rest and lounging room in New York City is on our Third Floor, and our patrons are welcome to make frequent use of it.

Tea is served throughout the day without charge.

Today Extra "S. & H." Green Stamps Free

To all persons applying at the Premium Room, Fourth Floor, today, whether purchasers or not, will be given free as many sets of ten "S. & H." Complimentary Stamps as they may require for books unfilled—but only one set of ten stamps of any one date, and only 100 free stamps, good in any one book. Owing to the liberal offering of free stamps, patrons will find it advantageous to start filling at one time as many books as will be required to secure the premium they desire.

You can have as many books as you like—every new book is "started" with 10 free stamps.

In addition to the above, the usual stamps will be given with all cash or charge purchases. DOUBLE Stamps with Purchases Made Before Noon. SINGLE Stamps with Purchases Made After Noon.

Important Sales In Silks Today

We are swiftly approaching the leadership in silk selling that has been our ambition ever since this store first opened its doors. We have pursued the very simple but effective plan of selling the wanted and fashionable weaves at less-than-usul prices. Today's special offerings are:

Imported Black Dress Satin

Forty-four inches wide, an unusually fine quality, rich and lustrous, a beautiful and perfect black: *$1.68*

Usually sold at $2.00.

$1.75—36 inch Imported Black Chiffon Taffeta, $1.45

$1.00 to $1.25—Imported Colored Chiffon Taffeta, 78c

$1.25—36 inch Checked Louisine Dress Silk, $1.00

(Navy and White, also Black and White, all sized checks.)

$1.50 Black Yarn-dye All Silk Dress Shantung, 75c.

Also 2,000 yards of

52 Inch Black Broadcloth

Very fine Chiffon weight, sponged, shrunk and spotproof. Sold elsewhere at $2.75 yard, at................ *$1.95*

Main Floor—Greenhut & Co.

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

FIGHT ON LONGER HOURS BILL

Measure Affecting County Employes Opposed—Wall Street Inquiry Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—There was a lively debate in the Assembly to-night over the bill introduced by Assemblyman Murray of the New York district providing for an increase of one hour a day in the working time of the clerical staffs of county officials throughout New York. The bill was up for second reading and Mr. Murray, in urging that it be advanced, declared that in the County Clerk's and the Register's offices in New York the records in some instances were ten years behind time.

There came a storm of protest from the Tammany element in the Assembly. Col. "Jimmie" Oliver led the onslaught. Some Republican members from Brooklyn, including Glore and Lee, joined hands with the Tammanyites in their protests against the measure, which would require the clerks in county offices to work until 5 o'clock on week days and until 1 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturdays.

Assemblyman Toombs of New York added to the great number of resolutions calling for investigations of Wall Street methods with one providing for a committee composed of two Senators, three Assemblymen, and two members drafted from outside the Legislature by the Governor to probe Stock Exchange methods and recommend a remedy. The resolution carries an appropriation of $40,000.

Bernard N. Smith's Will Filed.

The will of Bernard N. Smith, who died Feb. 23, was filed yesterday. The estate is estimated at $100,000. Mary W. Smith, the widow, receives $25,000 outright and the income of a trust fund of $25,000 for life. The residuary estate is divided equally among Louise M. Huested and Catherine Vedder of Malden Bridge, N. Y.; Elizabeth Vankenbergh of Villasca, Iowa, sisters; Nina T. Smith and Elizabeth Lyon of New York; Cora H. Winn of Eau Galle, Fla., nieces, and Frank C. Herrick of Albany, a nephew.

John Jameson Three ★★★ Star Whiskey

WORKS veritable wonders in building up the physical condition after attack of grippe. It stimulates and rehabilitates the system with lasting energy and strength. A great spirit reviver.

W. A. Taylor & Co., Agents, 29 B'way, N. Y.

RAILWAY OFFICER ARRESTED.

Hocking Valley Auditor Overstayed Leave Granted by Commissioner.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 28.—W. N. Cott, auditor of the Hocking Valley Railway Company, was arrested and ordered committed to the county jail to-day by A. C. Armstrong, Master Commissioner, who is taking testimony in the case of Ralph Westfall against the Hocking Valley Railroad Company.

Before Mr. Cott could be placed in the jail a petition in habeas corpus was filed and a writ was issued by Judge Dillon. Mr. Cott was immediately brought before the court and the case was set for hearing March 7.

Cott went to New York on leave from the court to consult with the New York officers. He was given five days' leave and stayed seven weeks. Westfall, with other stockholders, filed suit to compel the road to allow them to examine the books, and Cott was summoned in the matter.

B. Altman & Co.

HAVE ON SALE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

OVER 10,000 YARDS OF BLACK DRESS SILKS

CONSISTING OF CRÊPE DE CHINE, FOULARDS, INDIA SILKS, TAFFETAS, SATIN DE CHINE, ROUGH PONGEES, SOFT DUCHESSE, SATIN MESSALINES, CRÊPE METEOR, ETC.

THE FOLLOWING BLACK SILKS WILL BE OFFERED SPECIAL, FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY), MARCH 1st:

CRÊPE CHARMEUSE, 44 INCHES WIDE,
USUALLY $5.00 PER YARD . . . AT $2.25

IMPORTED DRESS SATIN, 35 INCHES WIDE,
USUALLY $3.50 PER YARD . . . AT $1.78

ROUGH DIAGONAL PONGEE, 27 INCHES WIDE,
USUALLY $1.50 PER YARD . . . AT 68c.

IMPORTED SATIN MESSALINE, 19 INCHES WIDE,
USUALLY 75c. PER YARD . . . AT 48c.

SOLD IN DRESS LENGTHS ONLY.

WOMEN'S MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

THIS DAY (TUESDAY), THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES WILL BE OFFERED AT SPECIAL PRICES:

PRINCESS SLIPS, PETTICOATS, CHEMISES, NIGHT ROBES, DRAWERS AND COMBINATION GARMENTS.

WOMEN'S PETTICOATS, WILL ALSO BE ON SALE, CONSISTING OF

SATIN PETTICOATS . . . AT $7.75

TAFFETA SILK PETTICOATS . . . AT 5.50

GREY AND WHITE MOHAIR PETTICOATS AT 2.50

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

LENT is a good time to get acquainted with our Tomato Soup.

It is one of the temptations you need not resist. At once appetizing and satisfying; it appeals to the most critical taste.

In many of the most luxurious and best-appointed homes and on occasions when distinguished guests are entertained it is customary to serve

Campbell's Tomato Soup

There are excellent reasons for this. The finest-flavored tomatoes that grow are the big perfect, juicy specimens used in this soup. And its extremely smooth creamy consistency, greatly heightens the effect of its delicious flavor.

Try this perfect soup on your own table. Let your own taste decide if anything better could be produced. Insist on Campbell's. Nothing else can take its place. If not satisfied the grocer returns your money. And the same with any of Campbell's Soups.

21 kinds 10c a can

"Marry Me, Caramel Carry," said Harry. "We'll eat Campbell's Soups every day." "O Harry You fairy!" said Carry. "Just carry me right away."

Consommé, Pea, Bouillon, Printanier, Pepper Pot, Chicken, Vermicelli-Tomato, Tomato, Vegetable, Ox Tail, Mock Turtle, Mulligatawny, Tomato-Okra, Chicken Gumbo (Okra), Clam Chowder, Clam Bouillon, Mutton Broth, Celery, Beef, Julienne, Asparagus

Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

Why not write us for our sensible, handy Menu Book?

JOSEPH CAMPBELL COMPANY Camden N J

Campbell's CONDENSED 21 KINDS SOUP

Look for the red-and-white label

EVANS ALE
INDIA PALE

Oysters
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A Bottle of Evans' Ale

The Feast of Reason and the Flow of Soul.
Could mortal ask a better treat? Try it at the nearest place.

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Fifth Ave. Art Galleries,
"SILO BUILDING,"
546 Fifth Ave.,
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MR. JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer, will offer at unrestricted public sale,
Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 3, 4 and 5, at 2:30 o'Clock.
Fifty or More
COSTLY TAPESTRIES,
representing 16th, 17th and 18th Century Masters of this historic Art.
Examples of Rich Cabinetry
by the great designers and carvers of the the same influential periods
A Group of Rare and Beautiful
Oriental Rugs and Carpets
and a Private Collection of
The Choicest of Blue and White Chinese Porcelains
BY ORDER OF
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Refreshing when tired, bracing and appetizing. Ask for it by name, as it is imitated.
Sold Everywhere.
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"THE CROWN HAS IT."
Travelling generally necessitates bathing in hard water. The result is a rough, coarse, grimy skin. Shake
BATHODORA
in the water and instantly the water is soft and makes your skin smooth, fine, clear and sweet.
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Generous sample of Bathodora and "Fashion Book of Perfumes" sent for 4c. (postage) and your dealer's name.
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Has Removed Its Place of Business and Is Now At
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All coffee ails yield to well-made
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Be sure it's well boiled.

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The Road of Anthracite
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The Law Divides Estates
of persons dying without a will. Probate Proceedings and Administration of Estates, an interesting book by member of New York Bar, tells how, and gives other information about estates and wills. Mailed for 25c.
GUSTAV GOODMANN, 346 Broadway.

To Advertisers:

Advertisements for insertion in next Sunday's NEW YORK TIMES should be in the Times Building not later than Noon Friday, March 4.

Sunday's NEW YORK TIMES contains more high-class advertising than any other metropolitan newspaper, and its circulation represents a purchasing power not excelled by all the other New York newspapers combined.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

THIRD AVENUE ROAD TO BE SOLD TO-DAY

Property to Go at Auction Under Foreclosure of Its $37,560,000 Mortgage Bonds.

ACTION IN METROPOLITAN

U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals Affirms the Decree of the Lower Court in Foreclosure Case.

The long-postponed sale of the Third Avenue Railroad under the foreclosure of its $37,560,000 general mortgage bonds will take place at noon to-day on the steps of the County Court House. The property will be bid in by the reorganization committee representing the holders of these bonds, which now has a plan of reorganization pending before the Public Service Commission.

The sale will be a perfunctory matter, although it takes on a certain interest as the first of the foreclosure sales of the street railway properties which are subject to foreclosure proceedings for defaults of interest.

There will be one factor in the sale of large importance in the reorganization of the road. It will have the effect of wiping out the stock of the Third Avenue Road entirely, so far as its legal rights are concerned, although the reorganization committee has made provision for recognizing the stock in the plan before the Public Service Commission, provided the stockholders subscribe to some $7,000,000 of new bonds at a price approximating 110. With these bonds the present stockholders under the plan are to receive stock.

The reorganization plan now pending before the Public Service Commission has brought out, in the hearings that have been held on it, elaborate testimony as to the physical valuation of the Third Avenue property and its earning capacity. It is understood to be the intention of the bondholders to appeal from any decision of the commission unfavorable to them, taking into the courts their contention that an old section of the railroad law, left unrepealed by the Public Service Commissions act, makes it possible to reorganize any existing property without public supervision except as to the legality of the issuance of the securities now outstanding, the legality of the ownership of the property or its securities by the reorganizers and the question whether the proposed reorganiztation contemplates injecting any new water into the property by the issuance of securities in excess of those outstanding.

The foreclosure of the $12,500,000 collateral trust mortgage of 1897 on the Metropolitan Street Railway came one step nearer completion yesterday. The United States Circuit Court of Appeals handed down a decision affirming the decree of Judge Lacombe in the court below.

The appeal from the decision of Judge Lacombe and the form of decree framed by him was taken by the Morton Trust Company, trustee of the $16,000,000 refunding mortgage bonds of the Metropolitan, issued in 1902. The refunding mortgage lies as a second lien on all the property covered by the mortgage of 1897, and as a lien on other property, including several millions of real estate, and differences arose between the Morton and the Guaranty Trust Company, trustee of the earlier mortgage, as to the distribution of certain property.

A curious situation arises in this connection. The Guaranty Trust Company and the Morton Trust have now been merged into the new Guaranty Trust Company, but the appeal was taken when the institutions were separate.

The decision of the Court of Appeals yesterday did not materially change the decree as framed by Judge Lacombe. The upset price of the sale is fixed at $10,000,000 subject to such liens prior to the bonds as may be recognized by the court. What these prior liens will be has not been decided.

The claims of the holders of accident judgments, amounting to about $1,500,000, and those of the contract creditors, both of whom assert that they are entitled to consideration ahead of the bonds, depend on the determination of the question of prior liens.

If the accident victims are shut out they will lose entirely, for the property, subject to the 1897 mortgage, will undoubtedly be bid in by the bondholders' committee at the upset price, which will extinguish all junior claims. The same process will be repeated when it comes to the sale of the remaining property subject to the junior mortgage. It is possible, however, that the reorganization plan, when one is finally evolved, will make some provision for these accident victims if the courts decline to recognize their claims.

ROWDIES IN BOWERY THEATRE

Special Policeman Struck One Offender with Revolver—Fight Against Arrest.

For the last ten days actors and patrons of Miner's Bowery Theatre have been annoyed by the boisterous conduct of young men occupying the stage boxes during the afternoon performances. Yesterday afternoon A. Kepler, 26 years old, who told the police that he lived at 67 Williams Street, Brooklyn, together with several companions, took the left-hand stage box and so annoyed the actors and audience that Special Policeman John Navzia was sent down several times to quiet them.

As the audience was leaving the theatre Navzia stood in the rear of the lobby near the entrance. Kepler and his companions, in passing out, made a grab for him. Navzia struck Kepler on the head with the butt of his revolver as other members of the party closed in on him. Other employes of the theatre came to Navzia's aid. Kepler's companions escaped.

Nevzia then started to the Eldridge Street Police Station with Kepler. When he had walked several blocks up the Bowery he was attacked by a second man. Kepler was about to get away with Detective Blum of the Allen Street branch came to the rescue and caught the second assailant, who gave his name as Samuel Goldstein of 101 Allen Street.

At the police station Navzia made a charge of fighting, disorderly conduct, and causing a riot in a theatre against Kepler, and a charge of assault against Goldstein. Lieut. Donohue noticed that Kepler was bleeding freely from the cut in his scalp and summoned Dr. Cheltham of Gouverneur Hospital. Dr. Cheltham thought that Kepler might have a fractured skull. Kepler in turn charged Navzia with felonious assault.

CAREERS IN EUROPE FEW.

American Ambassadors Advise American College Men to Stay at Home.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 28.—There are few chances for graduates of American colleges in Europe, according to statements made by Whitelaw Reid and Oscar Straus, respectively Ambassadors to England and Turkey, and Henry White, ex-Ambassador to France, in response to requests from the Yale Daily News for their opinion.

Ambassador Reid writes:

"Beyond excellent openings for general post-graduate study in Great Britain it is unwise to fill the mind of American collegians with the notion that England rather than their own country is the place to which they should look for future careers."

Mr. White says:

"No opportunities in the way of business that I am aware of exist for any foreigner in France, unless he speaks the French language, an accomplishment in which, I regret to say, the majority of our people who are college graduates are sadly deficient."

Ambassador Straus says:

"Neither in the educational institutions nor in the professions nor industries are there visible opportunities worth mentioning. There are no post-graduate institutions in the Turkish Empire, and the only higher educational schools in Turkey are institutions that rank considerably lower than our universities."

LAKE SHORE ROAD IS FINED.

Pleads Guilty to Violation of Elkins Law and Pays $1,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 28.—The first case won by the shippers against a railroad under the Elkins law was that decided here to-day by the United States District Court. Judge Sater fined the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Road $1,000. It was charged that the railroad violated the law in a shipment of railroad ties from Ozone, Tenn., to Bryan, Ohio. The ties were shipped to Cincinnati in a legal manner, it is admitted. At this point they were turned over to the Cincinnati Northern, a branch of the Lake Shore. To avoid a high local rate and to take advantage of the low through rate, the road had the ties billed to Chicago and thence back to Bryan, thereby saving approximately $40 on the shipment.

John Marbe, representing the Attorney General's office, appeared for the Government, and Clyde Brown, General Solicitor of the New York Central lines, appeared for the road. The officials of the company pleaded guilty to the indictment and said that the offense was committed through the negligence of subordinates. Judge Sater gave the minimum fine under the Elkins law, and a second indictment against the road was nolled upon the officials pleading guilty to them.

ABANDON AMERICAN EXHIBIT IN BERLIN

Opposition of German Business Interests Causes Unexpected Decision of Local Committee.

HINT OF TARIFF TROUBLES

Effort Will Be Made to Hold a Combined German-American Exposition in 1911.

There will be no American Exposition held in Germany next Summer, though there may be one in 1911. A meeting of the American Executive Committee was held in the local office of the commission, 30 Church Street, yesterday afternoon, and after a session of several hours ex-Controller Herman A. Metz, the Chairman of the committee, announced that the proposed exposition was off so far as the Summer of 1910 is concerned. It was stated that opposition that has developed among Germans against the holding of an American exposition in the capital of their country was the principal reason for the abandonment.

The statement handed to the reporters by Mr. Metz after the adjournment of the meeting follows:

> In view of the apparent opposition which has developed in Germany against the American Exposition to be held in Berlin during the coming Summer, the American Executive Committee has decided upon a postponement until 1911.
>
> The members of the Executive Committee and the gentlemen who agreed to serve on the Advisory and other committees did so for the purpose of showing their good-will toward Germany and German interests and to promote the commercial relations between the two countries; and in the anticipation of similar co-operation on the part of the commercial interests of Germany, and for no other reason.
>
> As, apparently, this is not entirely understood, the members of the Executive Committee are of the opinion that it might be advisable to make the Exposition a German-American affair, in which both countries should participate, and thus prove it is not intended to be an American industrial invasion. With this object in view the majority of the members of the American Committee will visit Berlin in the coming Summer, for the purpose of bringing about, if possible, such a German-American Exposition, and the United States Government has been requested to continue the honorary commission which was appointed to represent it at the Exposition this Summer.
>
> A vote of thanks and confidence was tendered to Baron R. von Brandenstein, the representative of the German Executive Committee, for the good faith he has shown during the entire preliminary arrangements for the Exposition.

The members of the committee present at yesterday's meeting were Mr. Metz, Herman Ridder, Wilson H. Brown of Philadelphia, Dr. W. P. Wilson of Philadelphia, Ambrose Swazey of Cleveland, Ohio, and Dr. George F. Kunz of Tiffany's, the last named being Chairman of the Advisory Committee. Baron von Brandenstein, the representative of the German Executive Committee, now in this country, was not present.

It is said that the German Government has been embarrassed by the opposition of many of the German industries, the opposition being due, it was plainly hinted, to certain schedules in the Payne-Aldrich tariff.

It was admitted that a letter had been received from the German Ambassador in Washington, and that this letter was read at the meeting of the Executive Committee yesterday afternoon. Owing to the official character of the letter it was decided that it was best not to make it public at this time.

The present status of the exposition is one greatly regretted by the business men both of Germany and the United States, who have given to it their enthusiastic support. Among the prominent Germans whose names have been mentioned as favorable to the exposition are Prince Henry of Prussia, who was named as the Chairman of the Reception Committee; the Grand Duke Adolph of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, and Prince Henkel Donnersmark. J. Pierpont Morgan, ex-Gov. David R. Francis of Missouri, and John Wanamaker are among the prominent Americans who have expressed approval of the exposition.

$5,000,000 RECEIVERSHIP.

Court Takes Charge of Textile Mills Corporation in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.—Receivers for the Textile Mills Corporation were appointed in the United States Circuit Court here this afternoon. The concern has a capitalization of $5,000,000, and operates several large cotton mills in Louisiana and Mississippi.

The General Electric Company of New York, with a claim against the Textile Mills Corporation of $4,500, filed the petition for a receivership, declaring that the corporation was unable to meet its obligations. Judge Pardee appointed Harry T. Howard, William Mason Smith, and George A. Here the receivers.

Searing & Co. Depositors Organize.

The depositors of the Wendover Avenue branch of the firm of Searing & Co., which went into bankruptcy last week, have appointed a committee to look after their interests, and have asked the co-operation of the depositors at the firm's other branches. Michael Batavia is Chairman, Louis Reibman Secretary, and Emanuel Hertz counsel of the committee.

SAVANNAH LINER LAUNCHED.

The City of Montgomery Successfully Leaves the Ways at Newport News.

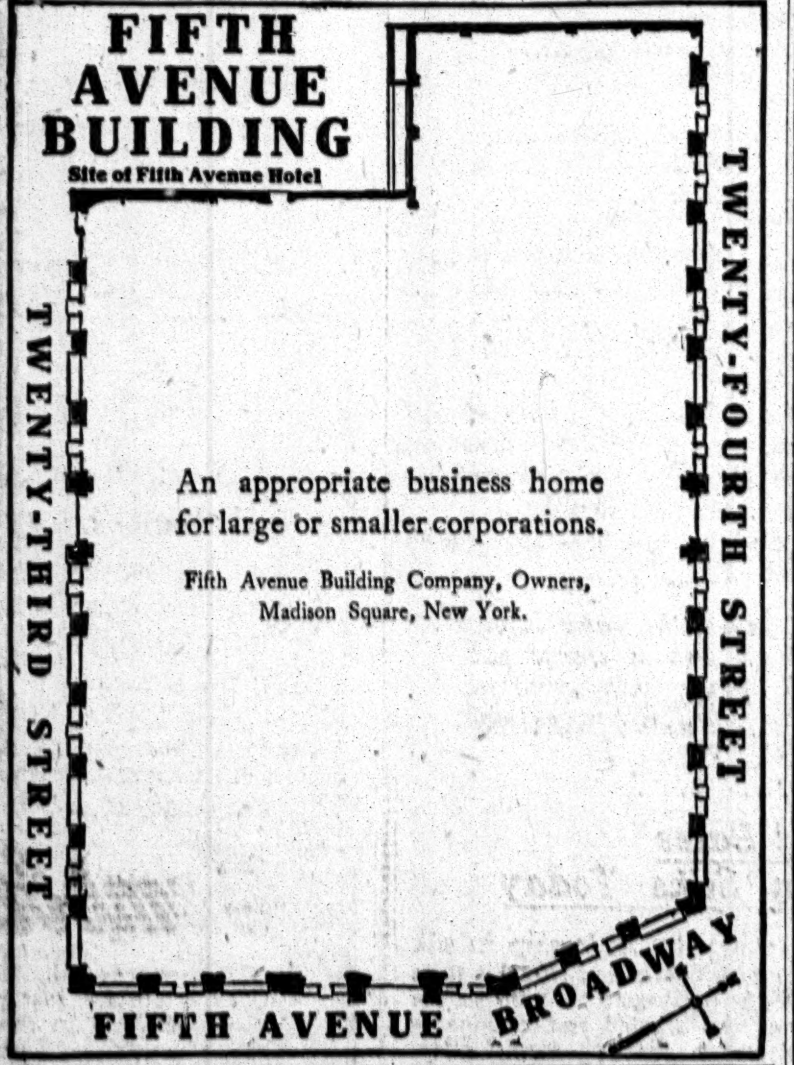
NEWPORT NEWS, Feb. 28.—The Savanah Line steamship City of Montgomery was successfully launched here to-day. Miss Helen C. Steiner of Montgomery was the sponsor. A large number of guests came from the South for the launching.

Vice President William H. Pleasants, James C. Horton, Passenger Traffic Manager, and E. R. Richardson, Freight Traffic Manager of the Savannah Line; Joseph C. Whitney, President of the Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company, headed a large party in a special train from New York.

Gov. Draper Signs Cost of Living Bill.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—The Cost of Living bill was signed by Gov. Draper last to-day. The bill provides for the appointment of a commission of five members to investigate the cause of existing high prices of the necessaries of life, $15,000 being appropriated for the purpose.

FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING
Site of Fifth Avenue Hotel



An appropriate business home for large or smaller corporations.

Fifth Avenue Building Company, Owners,
Madison Square, New York.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th Street

Continuity
in thought and action is one of the potent elements in successful achievement. There has never been even a crack—let alone a break—in the efforts of "the Store of Certain Satisfaction"—Bloomingdales'—to positively please all patrons. Furthermore, those efforts have never met with failure. The Big 59th Street Store is "convenient now to everywhere," whether you travel via auto, carriage, elevated train, surface car or afoot.

Pure Linen Waists, handsomely tailored, have wide pleat, laundered collar and cuffs, neat, pretty, durable and are exceedingly good value at.......... **$1.49**

Lingerie Waists—A new showing of spring styles; handsomely and elaborately hand embroidered, trimmed with lace inserting and medallions; choice of many models, at.......... **$3.98**

Bloomingdales', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co
1868 (Established 42 Years) 1910
TO-DAY'S NEWS
Lowest Prices for Standard Goods in Greater New York

A Sale of
Women's Spring Suits
In Two New Models—At Special Prices
O'Neill Building—Third Floor.

$39 Suits for $29.75
An exceedingly smart suit of French serge, in all the new shades of tan, gray, raisin, blue, green and black, with the new length of coat; beautifully trimmed with braid; a pleated skirt finished with braid on the front panel.

$32 Suits for $22
One of the best strictly tailored models of serge; in hairlines, gray mixtures, checks and plain colors. The jacket is lined with very fine peau de cygne, and the skirt is a beautiful pleated model.

The Yearly Sale of Pictures in Full Swing.
Adams Building—Third Floor.

This morning 10,000 pictures go on sale at prices almost unknown except in the stores with which this store is affiliated. Prices range from a quarter off to half prices, and there is every sort of picture, that is sold in picture stores, in this sale.

One of the great features of the sale is the fine assortment of French and English prints; another is the great variety of reproductions of Henry Hutt's and Harrison Fisher's popular work. These amount almost to an epigram in color, and have a deep sentimental interest to almost every one.

Another great feature is the oil paintings.
There are $5 paintings for **$1.95**
$10 paintings for **$3.50**
$15 paintings for **$5.00**
$10 paintings for **$7.50**
$15 paintings for **$10.00**
on up in like proportions.
There are $4 colored reproductions for **$2**
$4 etchings for **$2**
$5 pastels for **$3.50**
and 1,000 framed pictures at **$1**, worth $1.25 to $2.50
Christy pictures worth $1.50 for **75c**
and $7.50 French mirrors for **$5**
in the Louis XV. and XVI. styles.

This is a quick résumé of the sale, which brings to New York an opportunity to buy good reproductions of great work at almost an average of half price.

All picture frames and all orders for picture frames will be filled at 25 per cent. less than the usual price during this sale.

We Give and Redeem Surety Stamps

Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St. **O'NEILL-ADAMS Co** Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St.

EST JWCo 1852
FIFTH AVENUE 35TH STREET

Rugs for Summer Homes

We are now showing a large variety of artistic, durable and inexpensive rugs for the interior and porches of Summer Cottages, Bungalows, etc.

PRAIRIE GRASS
BUNGALOW
PRISCILLA
PILGRIM
MOURZOUK (imported from Belgium)
KELTO
CHINESE PORCH
SCOTCH ART
KILMARNOCK

9 x 12 size from $7.50 to $36.00

The Prairie Grass Rug is a superior weave of tough grass. Carried in plain green and brown.

Size 3.0 x 6.0	$1.50
Size 4.6 x 7.6	2.50
Size 6.0 x 9.0	3.75
Size 8.0 x 10.0	5.25
Size 9.0 x 12.0	7.50

The BUNGALOW is a heavy, all wool rug made in solid colors with harmonizing band end borders. It is reversible, seamless, artistic and remarkably durable. This rug can be made to order in any size and combination of colors at the regular stock rate—$3.00 sq. yd. Usually delivery can be made in about two weeks. At this season, orders should be placed well in advance.

Reg. Sizes.	Prices.	Reg. Sizes.	Prices.
2.3 x 4.6	$3.50	6.0 x 9.0	$18.00
3.0 x 6.0	6.00	7.6 x 10.6	26.50
4.0 x 7.0	9.50	9.0 x 12.0	36.00

Inspection Always Welcomed.

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366-370 FIFTH AVE., Cor. 35th St.
Second Floor Established 1852

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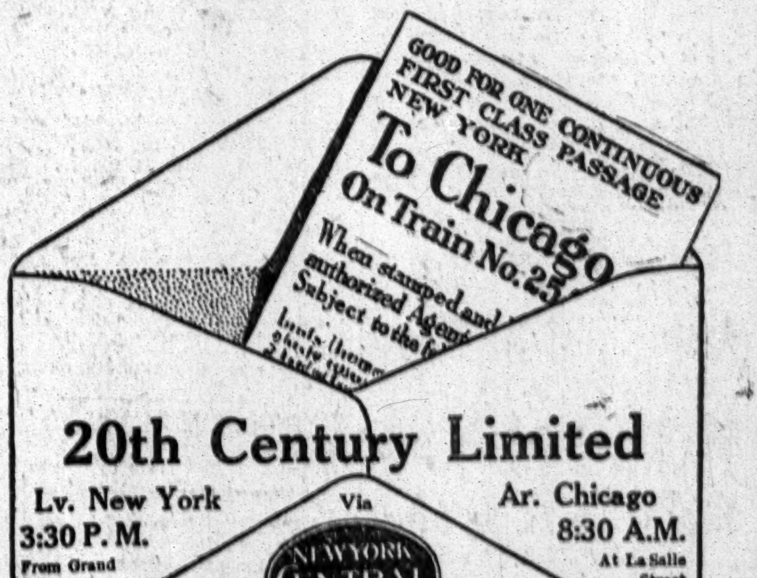
FOUNDED 1723
Our Cold Storage Plant

All of the Cold Storage rooms in our modern plant are above the street level. Constant currents of *dry* cold air are forced to every aisle and corner, keeping the skins in perfect condition. Every garment is thoroughly cleaned and inspected before storing. No detail is neglected which can contribute to the safety or well being of the furs intrusted to us.

Nineteen West 34th St.
New York
PARIS LONDON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To Chicago
On Train No. 25
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20th Century Limited
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SANITOL TOOTH POWDER
SANITOL TOOTH PASTE

Pure white teeth are the greatest aid to personal beauty.
You can have white teeth by the daily use of Sanitol.
Its invisible antiseptic action will also prevent the decay of your teeth, and keep your gums healthy and your mouth sweet and wholesome.
Sanitol is a perfect dentifrice—you can get it in either powder or paste form.
Wherever toilet articles are sold—25c
Sanitol Chemical Laboratory Co. St. Louis

MYTHICAL LINERS GO TO GRAND JURY

Federal Inquiry Into the Blue Star Line That Sold Passage on Non-Existing Ships.

ARRESTS ARE EXPECTED

Office Safe Opened and Authorities Find That Blocks of Stock Certificates Are Gone.

The Federal Grand Jury will begin an investigation to-day into the affairs of the Franco-Nord-Americaine Steamship Company, otherwise known as the Blue Star Line, whose officials have disappeared after disposing of tickets, supposed to number several thousand, calling for round-trip passage to Bordeaux, France, on the steamships Notre Dame de Lourdes and Jeanne D'Arc. This was determined upon by the Federal authorities yesterday after a visit by two Postal Inspectors to the Blue Star Line's office on the eighth floor of 21 State Street, who found that the cash book had disappeared and the only cash in sight was 4 cents. But other books and correspondence came to light which lead the Inspectors to believe that action should be taken to compel an explanation from the heads of the company.

Two stock certificate books were in the safe, and certificates calling for 1,000 shares of the company's stock were missing. Some of these, the Federal authorities have learned, were disposed of in Europe several months ago at $20 a share. Whether any stock has been sold in this country has not been learned.

The Federal authorities admit that something queer in the affairs of the company confronts them. The French Consul General, Etienne Lanel, has been requested to ask his Government to question Marius Fanoni, Secretary of the Blue Star Line, upon his arrival in Cherbourg on board the steamship George Washington, which sailed from here last Thursday, presumably with Mr. Fanoni on board.

Arrests to be Made.

Several arrests are likely to occur in a few days, and at least three men well known in shipping and banking circles here will be called on to explain their connection with the Blue Star Line. The Postal Inspectors have issued a stop order on the company's mail, and yesterday several communications addressed to Secretary Fanoni reached the hands of the Inspectors. They were filed with a large sheaf of documents, which will be used today in presenting the case to the Federal Grand Jury.

The investigators have found that the Blue Star Line succeeded in placing several thousand tickets in the last few months throughout the country, and that through agents appointed in most of the large cities and towns in the East and Middle West they had orders for as many more, all calling for passage to France on two steamships which the company did not own. Federal investigators say that more than $100,000 in tickets had been bargained for, and that, if the 1,000 missing stock certificates were sold at par it would run the sum up to $120,000.

The People's Institute had been attracted by the remarkable offer of a trip to France and back for $80, and had arranged to take 500 tickets for its members to be used during the Spring and Summer.

All day yesterday communications were being received at the office of the Federal District Attorney and by the Postal Inspectors from agents in various parts of the country who had been placing tickets for the company. Many of these had turned in cash to the Blue Star Line and wanted to know what they were to do about it. One ticket agent at New Bedford, Mass., had disposed of 396 tickets in the last few weeks. All through Massachusetts and other New England States school teachers and others had been ordering tickets for the trip.

Who the Officers Were.

Some light on the identity of the men who are supposed to be behind the Blue Star Line was gained yesterday by Postal Inspectors Kincaid and Morris, when they went through the books and papers found in the company's deserted office. They found that each of the certificates in two large certificate books bore the names of Louis Duverrier as manager, Adolph Zinkler, President, and Morris Fanoni as Secretary and "administrateur."

The investigators know who Duverrier is. They know, too, that he is at present in Bordeaux, where he has professed to be hunting for two ships which could be remodeled and renamed the "Notre Dame de Lourdes" and the "Jeanne D'Arc," to comply with the descriptions of the company's vessels as contained in the circulars.

The Postal Inspectors say that Duverrier has been identified with ventures which did not turn out as investors expected. They have also learned much of Fanoni. They say he is the man who remained behind after Duverrier had left for Europe.

As to Zinkler, they are still in the dark. But information has reached the hands of the investigators which leads them to believe that at least one banker in Bordeaux was associated with Duverrier and his fellow-officials of the Blue Star Line.

Banker Named in Letters.

On several of the letterheads addressed to the company's office here appears the name of E. Alexander Ayrault, a banker in Bordeaux, and the postal Inspectors say he was apparently interested in the company.

All efforts to find where the Blue Star Line officials kept their chief bank account in New York have failed up to the present. The postal Inspectors found a small account in the Savoie Trust Company, but only a few hundred dollars had been deposited there. They say that Fanoni, just before his disappearance last Thursday, probably drew most of the company's cash.

In addition to Prof. Claude Michelon of Toledo, Ohio, who, acting as the Blue Star Line's agent, sold a large number of tickets to teachers and French people living in Toledo, and caused the first suspicion to be directed against the company, another man has been found who has been able to tell the Federal investigators something of the inside workings of the Blue Star Line. He is Alexander Hundwald, formerly a bookkeeper for the brokerage firm of Corsi, Zumsteg & Co., but who entered the employ of the Blue Star Line two days before Fanoni disappeared and the office was closed.

Hundwald will appear before the Grand Jury to-day. It was through him that the People's Institute became interested in the offer to take passengers to France and back for $80. It was also through him that the Friars became interested and began to plan for a pilgrimage to France in June.

Hundwald informed Fanoni that he could place 500 tickets with the People's Institute provided the officials of the line could assure him that their company was all right.

A few days after Fanoni learned of this he offered to give Hundwald employment as his confidential man. Hundwald thereupon resigned from the employ of the brokerage firm and went to work for the Blue Star Line. He says that Fanoni was anxious to book the 500 tickets with the People's Institute and get the money. The Friars were to pay for 120 tickets they had ordered. "But I was not willing to let my friends turn their money over to the company before I was assured that the concern was all right," said Hundwald yesterday.

Refunding Ticket Money.

The brokerage firm of Corsi, Zumsteg & Co. turned in a check for $1,000 to the Blue Star Line officials in December for the sale of tickets. The brokers say they have also placed 300 more tickets since that time, but that the money has not been turned over to the Blue Star Line. It is now being refunded. Frank H. Corsi, one of the firm, says he still believes Duverrier will make good on his plan to send at least one steamship here next month.

Two cablegrams were received by the brokers yesterday from Duverrier. They were in reply to cablegrams which were sent to him by Mr. Corsi last week, just after Fanoni disappeared and the office was closed. Mr. Corsi wanted to know what he was to do about it. One of the cables yesterday read:

> Do what is necessary. I will sail myself on the Ascania, March 2.

This was signed "Duverrier." The other message was:

> Let us know by cable whether Fanoni has been found. How much freight have you engaged so far for the return voyage of the Ascania?

This was signed with the cable address of Duverrier, which is in the office of G. Chatenet, 1 Cours du Chapeau-Rouge, Bordeaux. Chatenet is supposed to be interested in the Blue Star Line.

Mr. Corsi said he had been informed by Duverrier that he had obtained the steamship Ascania, but whether he had bought the vessel or chartered her Duverrier failed to say.

Lloyds Register contains the names of only two Ascanias. One is of 2,046 gross tonnage and was owned formerly by the Hamburg-American Line, but was sold several years ago. The other is a small vessel of 428 tons burden, whose port of register is Stettin. They would fall rather short of the 10,000-ton freight and passenger steamships which the Blue Star Line advertised and for which tickets have been sold. The larger of the two Ascanias has no quarters for first class cabin passengers, and the smaller one is not a passenger ship at all.

Mr. Corsi said he had contracted for several hundred tons of freight on the strength of Duverrier's advices from Bordeaux, and still expects that the Ascania will arrive here about March 19, ready to take a cargo.

Mr. Corsi and his partner stand well in the community of ship brokers here. He is not the Genero C. Corsi who was mentioned yesterday as being a member of Corsi, Zumsteg & Co., but is Frank H. Corsi of 858 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn.

The brokers explained that the sale of tickets was not in their line and that in December they notified the Blue Star Line officials that they would no longer handle tickets for them. They attended to the freight end of the business. Just what is to be done with the freight in case the Ascania does not come over Mr. Corsi says he does not know.

Frank C. Payne, who is arranging the Friars' pilgrimage to Paris, said last night that he and his fellow-club members had not lost a cent because of the Blue Star fiasco.

TELEPHONE INQUIRY HALTS.

Legislative Committee Once More Adjourns After a Brief Session.

The joint legislative committee which is investigating the telephone and telegraph business in this State, in view of the Governor's request that it be placed under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission, again adjourned its sessions in this city indefinitely yesterday after a short sitting.

Several former witnesses were recalled to explain uncertain points in their previous testimony. The most important of these was Union N. Bethell, the new President of the New York Telephone Company. He outlined the development of the telephone business in this city from 1888, when the rate was $150 a year to the present time, when it is $48. He said that the business in Queens was the most expensive to handle of the traffic in any of the boroughs of the city.

"Would it not be possible for you to establish a cheaper rate than 10 cents between Manhattan and Brooklyn?" he was asked.

"If the rate between these two boroughs were rearranged without the same thing being done with the other boroughs there would be great dissatisfaction. We are studying now to find out just what the public wants."

"Do you reduce your rate when the home of a subscriber is closed for part of the year?"

"Yes, when a house is closed for four months in the year we reduce the rate one-half, but the total for the year cannot be less than $24, no matter how little the telephone is used."

"If the rate to Brooklyn were reduced to 5 cents would not the increased traffic make up for the difference?"

"The gross earnings might increase after a time on account of the additional traffic, but the net earnings would not increase in proportion on account of the increase in operating expenses of handling the additional traffic."

"How about the 10-cent rate at hotels?"

"I don't think this is an imposition on the public. Furthermore the business at the hotels is not as great as at the ordinary pay stations."

BIG FEES FOR CONDEMNATIONS

Poughkeepsie Lawyer Paid $231,339 in Two Years—Tammany Perquisites.

Mayor Gaynor held a long conference with Corporation Counsel Watson and ex-Corporation Counsel Pendleton yesterday to devise means for further economies in condemnation proceedings in the Catskill water system and throughout the city.

Figures were given out showing that the lawyers who have been special counsel in this work have collected fees running from $20,000 to $25,000 a year, and Lawyer John Linson of Poughkeepsie received $231,339 in 1907 and 1908, and $23,807 in the first ten months of 1909.

The names of several of the Condemnation Commissioners on the Catskill work who have received large sums from the city were also made public, and included a number of prominent Tammany men.

The Corporation Counsel announced several days ago that he was about to establish a special corps of lawyers in his office at fixed salaries to do this special counsel work for the Condemnation Commissioners and Appraisers. The staff will be headed by William McMurtrie Speer, until recently an editorial writer on The Evening World. Salaries will run from $3,000 to $5,000 a year, creating a large saving to the city treasury.

Linson headed the list in the size of his fees. The items in his various bills included searching titles, making abstracts of titles, disbursements or expenses, and professional services. The last was the smallest item in the bills. He has received $78,000 for searching titles, and the items making abstracts and disbursements totaled $62,000. The next man of importance on the list was Henry T. Dykman, a Westchester lawyer, and the son of the late Judge Dykman. He received $44,767 during 1908 and 1909. Everett Fowler, one of the leaders of the up-State Republican organization, received $99,890 the first ten months of last year.

Other Condemnation Commissioners and the amounts paid were: William Dalton, Tammany leader of the Ninth Assembly District, $2,531; Philip J. Donohue, Treasurer of Tammany Hall, $4,859; ex-Corporation Counsel John J. Delany, who ran for the Supreme Court on the Tammany ticket last Fall, $7,923; Senator John C. Fitzgerald, who succeeded "Little Tim" Sullivan as the Tammany leader of the Third Assembly District, $2,351; Senator Thomas F. Grady, the Democratic leader of the State Senate, $2,318, and Rudolph C. Block, the manager of the comic supplement of The New York American, over whom Mr. Hearst and the Mayor had a spirited controversy during the campaign last Fall, $2,898.

WAIT TWELVE YEARS TO WED.

German Girl Met Here by Youth Who Wooed Her in Childhood.

"And so they were married—and lived happily ever after."

The first can be written of the romance of Fritz Perl, a clerk in the Quartermaster's Department here, and Miss Elizabeth Bahr, a pretty German girl, and they have assured their friends that the second part will come true. The young woman arrived yesterday on the Porto Rico liner Coamo, and the young man, who had been anxiously waiting all morning in the fog, went with her to New Jersey, there to be married.

Miss Bahr was only 13 years old when she first met young Perl in her home in Mallchen, near Hamburg, twelve years ago. He was then a clerk in a banking house. Miss Bahr's parents decided she was too young to marry then. He came to this country, enlisted in the army, and in the war with Spain served in Cuba and Porto Rico. Afterward he saw service in the Philippines. Some time ago young Perl, then in Porto Rico, renewed his suit for Miss Bahr's hand. Her father had died and the mother no longer raised objections. So it was arranged for the girl to meet him there.

This had no sooner been agreed upon than Perl was ordered to New York. He remained in Porto Rico, however, until Feb. 15, awaiting the coming of his wife-to-be, but he was forced to sail alone. When he got here he learned that the vessel upon which she had embarked had been in collision in the English Channel and put back for repairs. He tried to change the young girl's sailing plans, but before his letter reached her he learned that she had again sailed for Porto Rico.

On her arrival there Miss Bahr found a letter telling of the transfer of her fiancé and so she took the Coamo and sailed for this city.

WALDO DROPS 16 IN FIRE SHAKE-UP

Deputy Chief Duffy, Battalion Chief Norton, and Eight Captains Among Them.

PIONEERS OF DEPARTMENT

Some Retired "at Their Own Request," Others for Physical Disability—Younger Men in Their Places.

Fire Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo yesterday ordered one Deputy Chief of department, one Chief of Battalion, and five Captains, with records of from twenty-one to forty-five years' service in the Fire Department, retired "at their own request," and three other Captains and one assistant fireman, all old in service, retired through physical disqualifications. In addition he retired at their own request three first-grade firemen and two engineers.

The men retired at their own request, and their periods of service, are:

Deputy Chief of Department FRANK J. DUFFY, of the Thirteenth Division, Brooklyn; 55 years old, twenty-one years in service, retired at $2,100 per annum.

Chief of Battalion EDWARD J. NORTON, doing bookkeeper's service at Brooklyn; 56 years old, twenty-four years in service, retired at $1,650.

Capt. THOMAS SULLIVAN of Engine 38, 1,907 Amsterdam Avenue; retired at $1,080.

Capt. EDWARD O'BRIEN, of Engine 45, Tremont Avenue, Bronx; 64 years old, forty-one years in service, retired at $1,080.

Capt. HAMILTON F. PERLEY of Engine 52, Riverdale; 59 years old, thirty-seven years in service, at $1,080.

Capt. PATRICK CONAGHAN of Engine 70, City Island; 67 years old, forty-five years in service, at $1,080.

Capt. EDWARD F. RYAN of Hook and Ladder 37, Briggs Avenue, Bronx; 60 years old, thirty-eight years in service, at $1,080.

JOHN J. EGAN and JOSEPH G. GREEN, engineers, retired at $800 per year.

First Grade Firemen ERNEST T. PLATE, PATRICK LAVIN, and OLIVER F. MORRIS, at $700 per annum.

Upon a report of the medical officers of the Fire Department, dated Feb. 18, the following were ordered retired yesterday on half pay, as "totally and permanently physically disqualified for the performance of their duties":

Capt. JAMES ROBERTS of Engine 107, at $1,080 per year.

Capt. CHARLES D. RUDDY of Engine 142, at $1,080.

Capt. EDWARD MEEHAN of Engine 204, Staten Island, at $1,080.

Assistant Foreman JOHN FRIEL of Engine 109, at $900.

All these have been twenty years or more in the service.

It was reported yesterday and talked of among the men at the various engine houses, that the "voluntary retirements" had not been quite so voluntary as the special order pictured them. It was said that the Commissioner, having failed to obtain the retirement of many of the old officers by means of the medical examination to which they had been subjected, had intimated to them that unless their voluntary applications for retirement were forthcoming, he would have them transferred to busier stations. Then, according to the report, when a second order was issued for them to appear for another medical examination last week, they preferred to hand in their applications for retirement on half pay. The old Captains themselves would not discuss the subject yesterday afternoon. But most of them said they felt as sturdy and fit for service as when they entered it.

The report was denied at Fire Headquarters, where it was insisted that all the retirements had been voluntary, in accordance with the law permitting men to ask retirement on half pay after twenty years of service. It was admitted, however, that in the case of Capts. O'Brien, Perley, Conaghan, and Ryan, the applications for retirement had been handed in only after these officers had been ordered last week to appear for medical examination. The same four officers underwent a medical examination only a month ago, at which time they were pronounced fit for duty.

"The retirement which they asked was also recommended by Chief Croker, who believed them unfit to command companies," it was said at Fire Headquarters. "It must be evident to any one that men who have been in the service so many years and have reached the advanced age of many of these officers, can scarcely climb over buildings with the agility or efficiency of younger men. Possibly they themselves recognized as much when they preferred to retire on half pay rather than appear for the medical examination."

Capt. McNamara of Engine Company 56, 120 West Eighty-third Street, and Capt. William H. Quinn of Company 40, at 153 West Sixty-eighth Street, underwent the medical examination as ordered last week, and passed it successfully. Capt. McNamara is 61 years old, and has been in the service thirty-seven years, twenty-four of which he has been a Captain.

Of those Captains who were retired yesterday, Capt. Conaghan holds the record for long service. He was in the department when it was organized, in 1865. Capt. Meehan is 63 years old, a civil war veteran, and has been in the department thirty-nine years.

The order of retirement is to go into effect at 10 o'clock this morning. It is believed that the vacancies thus created will be filled in a few days by much younger men, but no new appointments were made public yesterday.

No New Trolley for Canal Street Yet.

Justice Platzek in the Supreme Court denied yesterday to Adrian H. Joline and Douglas Robinson, as receivers of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, a peremptory writ of mandamus against the Commissioner of Water, Supply, Gas, and Electricity for a permit to open Canal Street, between Centre Street and the Bowery. The company wishes to electrify a horse car line in Canal Street. The court was informed that the Board of Estimate had instructed the Commissioner to withhold his consent until the board had passed on the application.

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SUFFRAGISTS OPPOSE PROPOSED TEST VOTE

Arguments Prepared Against Brackett Bill Submitting Suffrage Question to Women.

RESULT NOT WORTH COST

Women's Legislative Committee Says There Would Be No Decision, but Expenses Would Be Great."

The Judiciary Committees of the Senate and Assembly are to hear directly from the Woman Suffrage Legislative Committee of New York State in regard to the bill of Senator Edgar T. Brackett providing for the holding of an election by women to ascertain their real sentiment in regard to women's voting. The Brackett bill does not provide for a registration of the women or for the election day to be a holiday and asks only to have the polls open from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. The women take exception to these points.

There should be, they say, a full registration of the women entitled to vote, and the hours of voting the same as on regular election days in order that the working women may have an opportunity to vote. They think the day should be a holiday, and that the officers of the election should be women, paid at the same rate that the men officers are paid on the regular election day, and that the watchers should be men and women appointed equally from the suffrage and anti-suffrage associations.

The women do not believe that Senator Brackett's proposed election, with its uncertainty of having an effect one way or another, is worth the expense, and they give figures. The cost of registration for the women in New York will not be less than $238,000, and of the voting on the issue $277,000 more. The figures for the rest of the State would be proportionately high.

They conclude by calling attention to the unwisdom of such an election, which would put the State to so great an expense, and the women to the expense and effort of a campaign, when the labor and money would not be certain to produce any result whatever.

At the woman suffrage hearing before the Legislature in Albany on March 9 the Equal Franchise League, Mrs. Mackay's society, will be represented by Mrs. Mary Simkhovitch, head of the Greenwich Settlement.

There will be a special train leaving New York on that day, starting at 8:30 A. M. and reaching Albany at 11:30. It is promised that there will be one of the largest suffrage representations ever seen at Albany.

The "argument" classes for the District Captains and Assembly leaders of the Woman Suffrage Party will be begun this evening at the headquarters, 1 Madison Avenue, twenty-first floor, Metropolitan Building, at 7:45. The development of this party, which is organizing Greater New York in regular political form, has been so successful that it has surprised the leaders. There are already many thousands of members and there are demands for organization from outside the city and an enthusiasm which gives promise of a formidable National woman suffrage party.

Men are particularly invited to attend the meeting of the Co-operative Service League for Woman Suffrage at the home of Mrs. A. F. Townsend, 36 West Twelfth Street, this evening. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw will speak.

"Indications of Progress" will be discussed at the meeting of the Equal Suffrage League of the City of New York at its meeting at the Hotel Astor on Friday at 3:15. Miss Elizabeth J. Hauser, Mrs. Jessica Garretson Finch, and Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw will speak.

WON'T SUPERSEDE SHONTS.

McAdoo and Interborough President Both Deny Reported Change.

Renewed reports that President Theodore P. Shonts was going to quit the Interborough and that William G. McAdoo was going to succeed him, were denied yesterday both by Messrs. Shonts and McAdoo and by members of the Interborough's Board of Directors. From his office, 30 Church Street, Mr. McAdoo issued the following statement:

"The published report that the Presidency of the Interborough Company has been offered to me is pure fiction. I am at a loss to understand how such rumors originate and why they persist in the face of my denials. Please say for me emphatically that there is no foundation for these reports."

President Shont's secretary labelled the report as "too foolish to discuss." Gerald L. Hoyt, a member of the Interborough's Board of Directors, said that so far as he knew "there is no friction between Mr. Shonts and the Interborough Board."

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VIETOR'S WIDOW GETS ESTATE

Value Not Given, but She May Make Loans Up to $700,000.

The will of George Frederick Vietor, who died on Jan. 29, was filed yesterday. No estimate was made of the amount of the estate in the petition for probate, but it is indicated by the provision that the executors may lend sums up to $700,000 to the commission firm of Vietor & Achelis, of which the testator was a member. The will was executed on June 12, 1907.

Annie M. Vietor, widow of the testator, is the chief beneficiary. To her is bequeathed all the "furniture, books, works of art, plates, wines, liquors, fuel, and consumable stores," both in the town house at 28 West Fifty-third Street and that at Seabright, N. J.; all the life insurance policies of the testator, $10,000 in cash, and the income from the residuary estate.

The only charitable bequest is one of $5,000 to the German Hospital. To Stephen O'Leary, a coachman, is left $1,000, and John Gillen, a houseman, $500. The sum of $1,000 goes to George Smidt of Bremen, Germany, a godson, and $3,000 to Mrs. Herman Vietor of Brooklyn.

The rest of the estate is placed in a trust in the hands of the testator's brother, Carl Vietor; his brothers-in-law, Thomas Achelis of Bremen, and Fritz Achelis of New York, and his son, Thomas F. Vietor of New York. The income of the trust is to be paid to the widow. At her death the estate is to be divided equally among the children.

More Than Circulation

Even the enormous circulation of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL (1,300,000) does not indicate the magnitude of its real strength. Its unique place in the homes of Americans cannot be weighed or measured, but almost every woman can certify to it, and a good many men are aware of it—men who comprehend the life of their own homes.

If you are an advertiser or a man who ought to advertise (and very likely you are), it will pay you to sit down some evening and ruminate on the *buying-influence* (perhaps the *buying-control*) of your wife or daughter.

Suppose, now, that three or four million of the wives and daughters of America believed in you and in the goods you make. Would you want any bigger asset?

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Extraordinary Tuesday Sales As Announced Sunday.

Babywear. Second floor, front, East Building.
Children's $1.98 and $2.98 lawn Dresses 98c
Children's $3.98 new Spring Coats, $2.98
Misses' and children's 49c. Guimpes, 29c

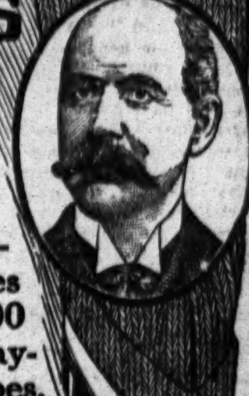
Ribbons. Main floor, center, East Building.
15c taffeta Ribbons....10c. a yard
33c. moire Ribbons....21c. a yard
21c. taffeta Ribbons....15c. a yard
39c. Bayadere Ribbons 29c. a yard
69c. Sash Ribbons......49c. a yard

Table Linens. Main floor, rear, East Building.
Bleached all linen damask Table Cloths, 66 inches wide, 2¼ yards long, regularly $2.29, at..$1.98
Hemstitched damask Table Cloths and Napkins to match, 2 to 4 yards long; been selling up to $12.75 a set; choice at $9.98 a set
Hemstitched and embroidered fine Union linen Pillowcases, been selling at 69c., now..49c. a yard
Slightly soiled fancy linens, consisting of Scarfs, Centerpieces, Tea Cloths and Doilies; been selling up to $1.98, at .....$1.29 each

Umbrellas. Main floor, front, Central Building.
Women's $4.00 and $4.50 Umbrellas $2.74

Men's Furnishings. Main floor, front, East Building.
Men's $1.00 Shirts at........85c

Curtains & Upholsterings. Second floor, front, East Building.
85c to $2.00 ruffled muslin figured and striped Curtains, 49c., 89c., $1.15, and $1.35 a pair
$1.25 to $2.75 ruffled bobbinet lace Curtains, 79c., 98c., $1.39 and $1.69 a pair
$4.75 to $15.00 ruffled Renaissance lace Bed Sets, $2.35, $3.55, $4.65 and $6.85 ea.
25c. to $1.25 white Irish Point Door Panels ....10c. to 49c. each
16c. Standish Mills Cretonne, 10c. yard
50-inch imported Cretonne, 95c. to $4.95 a yard
$5.00 to $16.00 three-fold Screens, $3.85 and $5.85



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2202 Third Avenue, cor. 120th.
2779 Third Ave., between 146th and 147th Streets.
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345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue, near 42d St.
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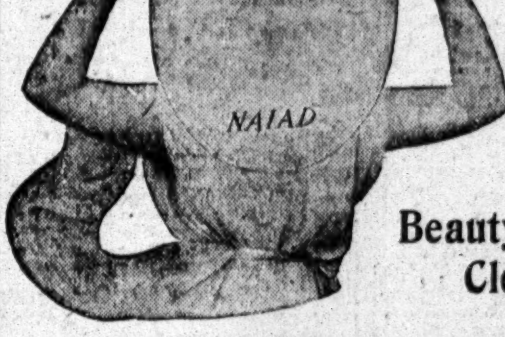

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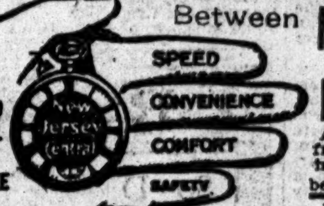

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Dough rises best when made from
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR
A trial will prove it
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Gold Medal Flour
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GIBSON ADMITS HE TOOK FROM WILDE

Author of "The Turning Point" Tells Audience Similarity Is Result of Uniform Experience.

ONLY 50 WORDS OF WILDE

Puts Himself in Class with Shakespeare and Rostand as Plagiarists—Audience Was Kind.

THE TURNING POINT, a comedy-drama, in three acts, by Preston Gibson. Hackett Theatre.

Brent Breckenridge	Charles Gotthold
Frederick Ferguson	Cuyler Hastings
The Rev. Dr. Snicker	Edward See
Dave Denny	James Kirkwood
Mrs. Anderson	Amelia Mayborn
Pansy Parr	Grace Filkins
Barbara Byrd	Charlotte Ives
Aline Anderson	Edna Archer Crawford
Hoffman	Charles N. Greene

With the accusation that some of the cleverest of its epigrams had been borrowed, word for word, by its author, Preston Gibson, from Oscar Wilde's "An Ideal Husband," hanging over it, "The Turning Point" was produced last night at the Hackett Theatre. Mr. Gibson in fact made no attempt to deny the allegation. In a speech after the second act, in answer to two or three cries for "Author" from the back of the house, and proceeded to read a typewritten document in which he placed himself by reason of the faults men saw in him in the same class as Shakespeare and Rostand. The only defense he raised for himself was that so far his critics have not attributed more than 50 words of a 20,000 word play to Oscar Wilde.

The charges made against Mr. Gibson were that he had put in the mouth of Pansy Parr, the skittish young society widow of familiar stage type, a string of epigrams which Wilde had written for Mrs. Cheveley in "An Ideal Husband." Wilde wrote thus:

Lord Goring—I am glad you have called. I am going to give you some good advice.

Mrs. Cheveley—Oh! Pray don't. One should never give a woman anything she can't wear in the evening.

In Gibson's play when Ferguson has said something to Pansy Parr about good advice, she replies:

"Never give a woman anything she can't wear in the evening."

Wilde's Lord Goring announces: "Nothing ages like happiness." Gibson's Pansy Parr conveys the same sentiment in almost the same words: "Nothing ages one like happiness."

Mrs. Cheveley in Wilde's play objected to the London season on the ground that "it's too matrimonial; people are either hunting for husbands or hiding from them." Pansy Parr is made by Gibson to tell Aline Anderson that "Women have only two occupations—hunting for husbands and hiding from them."

Lord Goring is avowed by Wilde to fancy that Mrs. Cheveley is "one of those modern women of our time who find a new scandal as becoming as a new bonnet and air them both in the park every afternoon."

Gibson makes Pansy Parr say "Bother the scandal! A scandal is like a new bonnet; it wants to be aired daily."

These similarities Mr. Gibson announced must be explained "as the result of uniform human experience—and nothing more."

In his declaration from the stage, after paying a compliment to his company, he referred to the allegations against him, describing them as being to the effect "that I have used about fifty words of the late Oscar Wilde in my play 'The Turning Point,' which contains about 20,000 words."

"I would like to state some facts," Mr. Gibson went on. "I have no special knowledge of Wilde. nor have I had any opportunity to search out any passages alleged to have been copied. I can say, however, positively and absolutely, that if there is any similarity in expression or sentiment anywhere in my play to the production of any other playwright, it is the result of uniform human experiences—and nothing more.

"If there has been any unconscious absorption, I hope and believe you will agree that it is a creditable mental process.

"I have worked for a great number of years to become a playwright, and have had some failures and some measure of success, especially with 'The Vacuum,' with Miss Charlotte Walker in the title rôle. I have been earnest and sincere in my work, and I want to be regarded as so, but in my wildest dreams I never anticipated such a compliment as has been paid me by my schoolboy friend in New Haven."

Mr. Gibson is the son of the late Senator Gibson of Louisiana, who left him a fortune. Before he went to Yale he had already tried his hand at writing plays, and had sold a play to a Western company. After leaving college he was for a time a reporter on a Chicago newspaper and wrote "Mrs. Erskin's Divorce" and "Fate."

He has been twice married—in 1900 to Miss Minnie Field, a niece of Marshall Field, who got a divorce in 1907. Last year he married Miss Grace McMillan Jarvis, niece by marriage of Sir John Harrington, late British Ambassador to Abyssinia.

The play last night was received fairly well. Unfortunately Miss Grace Filkins was suffering from a severe attack of the grip, and pluckily as she acted Pansy Parr she will doubtless make still more of it when she is recovered. The company, too, seemed suffering from nervousness after the attack on the play, and there was a noticable pause as the first of the impeached epigrams was reached.

The plot turns on the efforts of an unscrupulous financier, Ferguson, to acquire a mining property from its Virginian owner, who knows nothing of its value. The company is floated and Ferguson gets his friends involved in it. It is, however, useless unless a certain right of way is also obtained. Aline Anderson induces its owner, Brent Breckenridge, not to sell it, only to discover that in thereby making Breckenridge's fortune she has ruined herself and her mother. She is about to marry Ferguson in despair as the only way to clear up the muddle, when Breckenridge detects him in some unexplained rascality and forces him to disgorge.

The audience last night was kind to some evident crudities of construction and exhibited proper thrills as Dave Denny, the lover of the Virginian girl Ferguson had betrayed, sought revenge. They were cheered up considerably, however, by Edward See's playing of the worldly parson, and gave generous applause to a company who did their best with a play that would hardly hold water.

KEENE NOT IN COURT.

Financier Still Too Ill to Testify Further in the Hocking Pool Case.

James R. Keene, who was manager of the ill-fated Columbus & Hocking pool, was again unable to appear as a witness before United States Commissioner Alexander yesterday at the continuation of the bankruptcy proceedings of the suspended Stock Exchange firm of J. M. Fiske & Co. His counsel, Soloman Hanford, said he was still confined to his apartments in the Waldorf, so an adjournment of the hearing was taken until Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

Michele Bouvier of the Stock Exchange firm of Bouvier & Co. was the only witness examined yesterday. He was carrying 8,700 shares of stock for the Fiske firm at the time of its failure, and Receiver Wolf wanted to know about the closing out of this line after Fiske & Co. failed to put up further margin. Mr. Bouvier said that J. M. Fiske himself authorized Bouvier & Co. to close out the stock.

MAYOR CONFERS ON SUBWAY.

Utilities Board Proposes Starting Work Generally Instead of by Sections.

Mayor Gaynor, Controller Prendergast, and President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen held another conference yesterday afternoon with the Public Service Commission, to discuss rapid transit matters in general, and in particular the plans for the proposed tri-borough subway route, upon which the commission and the Board of Estimate have agreed.

Controller Prendergast stated that the city had now $47,000,000 borrowing capacity available, in addition to what may be created by the proposed legislation under the constitutional amendment exempting subway and dock bonds, which are self-supporting, from the city's debt. The amendment, he said, would eventually release something more than $100,000,000 additional.

It was practically decided to abandon the proposed scheme of construction by sections for a plan which will start the work on the various sections at the same time.

Under this scheme all of the contracts will be let at one time, but only that portion of them certified which can be covered by the amount of money the city can spend in a year.

LEVENSON A CITY MARSHAL.

Republican District Leader Gets Assignment Worth $15,000 a Year.

The lucrative work of collecting unpaid personal taxes will be done this year by Joseph Levenson, the Republican leader of the Second Assembly District. He was appointed a City Marshal on Saturday by the Mayor, and will be assigned to the Controller's office, the place held for several years by Louis Munzinger, a former Tammany State Senator.

There is no salary attached to the position, but it pays in fees from $10,000 to $15,000 a year, sometimes more.

The Controller announced three appointments yesterday. The most important was that of William Bullock, as an Auditor of Accounts assigned to the Bureau of Municipal Investigation and Statistics, at a salary of $3,000. He was dramatic critic of The New York Press up to a few months ago. The other appointments were: Thomas J. Hogan, Jr., of 232 Windsor Place, Brooklyn, as a clerk in the executive offices of the Department of Finance, at a salary of $1,050, and Edward J. Donegan of 306 St. James Place, Brooklyn, as a clerk in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears in Brooklyn, at a salary of $1,650.

TAMMANY MEN GET GOOD JOBS

Water Commissioner Thompson Places J. L. Jordan and S. A. Nugent.

Water Commissioner Thompson appointed two Tammany men to important posts in his department yesterday. The first was John L. Jordan, who comes from James J. Hagan's district. He was named as Deputy Commissioner for the Bronx at a salary of $4,000 a year. The second, Stephen A. Nugent, now a Deputy Receiver of Taxes in the Bronx, was made Water Register for the borough, at a salary of $3,000.

Jordan succeeds Charles Marrin, the chief political lieutenant of former Park Commissioner Berry of the Bronx, who resigned on the first of the year.

Nugent is a member of the district organization of Arthur H. Murphy. He takes the place made vacant by the removal of Thomas Lynch.

MONEY WASTED ON FERRIES.

Mayor Figures Annual Excess Expense at $300,000.

Mayor Gaynor considered yesterday the annual deficit in the operation of the municipal ferries, and in a letter to Dock Commissioner Tomkins set forth various reasons which, he says, are responsible for the excessive cost of operation. He declares that the annual operating expenses are in the neighborhood of $300,000 in advance of what they should be, and that the ferries have been most uneconomically managed, particularly in the number of men employed and in the custom of paying crews when their boats were lying idle.

Mr. Tomkins recently removed the Superintendent of Ferries and placed in temporary charge of the bureau an ex-naval commander, considered to be an expert in such transportation.

RESCUES AT TENEMENT FIRE.

Women and Children Carried Down on Ladders—Firemen Hurt.

More than a dozen persons were rescued, a fireman was hurt, and another overcome by smoke in a fast-spreading fire in a double five-story apartment house at 220 and 222 West 116th Street. The fire started shortly after noon yesterday from an overheated furnace in the basement. Two alarms were turned in. The reserves from the West 125th Street and East 126th Street Stations were called out to keep back the crowds.

Members of Hook and Ladder 26 reached the fire in time to take half a dozen women and children from the windows on ladders. Mrs. Lela Brumbaugh was carried from a second-story window to the cornice of an adjoining building by Bicycle Patrolmen Olive and Sommerer. Mrs. Philip Murray, another tenant, was carried down a ladder from the third-floor window. Mrs. Harriet Fisher, the janitress, in going through the halls early in the fire, found Mrs. Joseph Diaz, dazed from smoke, on the second floor. She was carried by firemen to the roof, and there revived.

Fireman Henry D. Olmstead of Fire Patrol 5 was cut about the ankle by broken glass in stepping through a skylight on the roof. Prentice Whiting of Engine 51 was overcome by smoke in the cellar and carried unconscious to the street. The damage to the building was confined to the cellar and four lower floors, and amounted to $2,000.

Nurses' Aid Society Incorporated.

The German Hospital Nurses Aid Society was incorporated yesterday with the approval of Justice Platzek of the Supreme Court. The purpose of the association is to aid nurses, particularly graduates and undergraduates of the Training School of the German Hospital.

Hamburg Second Cabin Liners.

The Hamburg-American Line announced yesterday that their steamships Pennsylvania, Graf Waldersee, and Pretoria are no longer to be carriers of first-class passengers. The growth of the second-cabin traffic is so great that the company is to devote these liners especially to that trade. Every part of the vessels formerly reserved for first cabin have been placed at the disposal of second-class travelers.

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So Distinctive It Is Always Admired
So Quiet It Is Never Heard

48.4 H. P.
5 or 7 Passenger.

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Demonstrations by appointment. Telephone 4797 Columbus.
Write for New Catalogue.

The Royal Tourist Car Co., 62d St. & Broadway

TOMMY MURPHY BEATS OWEN MORAN

San Francisco Crowd, However, Received Referee's Decision Coldly.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 28.—Harlem Tommy Murphy, the New York lightweight, who earned distinction in the prize ring in the East and in Pittsburg against Ad Wolgast, when he gained a slight advantage over the present champion, to-night defeated Owen Moran of England in a twenty-round bout at James Coffroth's Colma Club, Referee Eddie Smith awarding him the honors at the end of the last round. Moran, because of his better known record in the ring, was the favorite in the betting at 7 to 10 at the ringside.

Moran started right after Murphy in the opening round, sending the Harlem boy against the ropes, and he nearly slipped off the stage into the press box, but he got after Moran in a hurry and won the round. In the next round Moran sent Murphy into the ropes twice, but Murphy came back each time with hard smashes that made Moran think some.

Moran resumed his rushing tactics in the fourth round and again his opponent made a narrow escape from going in among the highbrows, but Moran graciously helped Murphy back into the ring. The second, third, and fourth rounds were in favor of Moran by a small margin, and the fifth was even.

Moran earned the sixth round and once when he hit too low the crowd jeered him. Moran did most of the leading and sent in apparently hard blows, but Murphy responded in kind. In the seventh Moran once more rushed Murphy to the ropes, and this time he made a good job of it, for Murphy never quit going until he landed on the heads of the newspaper men, with Moran on top of him. Neither fighter was hurt. This was Murphy's round, as was also the next. Murphy poked Moran on the nose in the following round and drew a flow of blood. The next three rounds went to Murphy, and the twelfth was even. Moran had the better of the thirteenth, having slashed Murphy's eyelid open and landing several hard wallops on the jaw and face.

The advantage in the fighting then seesawed until the eighteenth, when Murphy was at his best and dazed Moran with a right and then a left, followed by a succession of blows to the jaw. He continued to hammer Moran about as he pleased, and he had very much the better of the round.

A series of drives to Moran's head in the nineteenth round made the Englishman seek shelter in a clinch, looking considerably battered up. After they fought close in Murphy sent Moran's head back with two well-directed lefts and then the bell rang.

Moran was very aggressive at the start of the twentieth and final round, starting with a right to the head and blows to the body that almost landed Murphy outside the ropes once more. Then they mixed it like demons in the middle of the ring, Moran having much the better of a vicious exchange of blows. Moran actually had Murphy groggy from a succession of hard blows, but both men fought every inch of the way, and when the bell sounded Referee Smith declared Murphy the winner on points.

The decision was not well received.

Johnny Dohan Beats Joe Seiger.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 28.—Johnny Dohan of New York to-night won the decision over Joe Seiger of Denver in a fifteen-round bout before the Monumental Sporting Club.

FURLONG ON THE STAND.

Indicted Magistrate Denies Bribery Insinuations of District Attorney.

Magistrate Henry J. Furlong, who is on trial before Supreme Court Justice Kapper, in Brooklyn, charged with agreeing to accept a bribe in connection with the bailing of prisoners, underwent an ordeal at the hands of Assistant District Attorney Elder while on the witness stand yesterday. Mr. Elder tried to force the Magistrate to admit that he let prisoners off, each for a consideration, and that he had made efforts to have reopened a resort, an interest in which was alleged to have been given to him. All these charges were denied by the defendant.

Mr. Elder referred to the case of a house painter, intimating that this man, charged with manslaughter before Magistrate Furlong, had been defended by Lawyer Rutherford Kathan, the Magistrate's friend and associate, and that the prisoner had been discharged after he had done some painting for Furlong. The defendant denied this. He also denied that he had discharged a certain moving-van man arraigned before him after this man had moved some goods for him.

Mr. Elder touched upon the absence from his home of the Magistrate at the time of his wife's death. Magistrate Furlong said that he went to Bradley Beach, N. J., for a brief rest, and that his wife knew he was there, although his whereabouts was not known to any one else. He did not learn of her death until he read of it in the newspapers upon returning to town.

The trial will be continued to-day.

Cornell Co. Gets an Erie Canal Job.

A. Gordon Murray and Michael Blake, receivers in bankruptcy of the J. B. & J. M. Cornell Company, structural iron and steel contractors, at Eleventh Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, have obtained a contract for guard gate superstructures on the Erie Canal, near Spencerport, N. Y., for $42,917, and yesterday they received authority from Judge Holt to execute the contract.

Harlem Business Men Incorporate.

Papers incorporating the Harlem Business Men's Association were signed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Justice Platzek. The object of the association is stated as the "cultivation of a closer social spirit and acquaintainceship among the various business men of Harlem for the purpose of conserving and protecting the different interests of the commercial members." The incorporators are Christopher Daeges, Adrian J. Doyle, John F. Becker, George V. Bockhaus, Henry Couture, and Henry Hartije.

No Personal Tax on J. H. Smith Estate

The personal assessment tax against the estate of the late James Henry Smith was sworn off yesterday by the executors. Last year the estate was assessed on $5,000,000. This was cut down on the final roll to $550,000. The executors informed the Tax Board yesterday that this had been converted into city bonds and other exempted securities.

TWO YOUNG GIANTS HURT.

Bell Knocked Unconscious in Collision—Lush Falls Heavily.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, Feb. 28.—The return of the Giants to their camp at Marlin was followed by two accidents, one of which for a while it was thought would be serious. The teams under the leadership of McGraw and Latham were in a hot ten-inning contest, when Bell, the new southpaw pitcher, started to field a slow ground ball that rolled down the foul line. Elmer Zacher, the husky outfielder who is expected to be one of the hard hitters of the Giants, was tearing down the base line just as Bell, who is of slighter build, went to pick up the ball. There was a collision in which Zacher turned a somersault. Bell staggered backward and was struck between the eyes by one of Zacher's flying feet. The young pitcher was knocked senseless for a few minutes, and the players who rushed around him showed considerable alarm. Water, however, soon restored him to consciousness, and he was hurried to a doctor's office, two or three hundred yards away. McGraw and Bell were both greatly relieved to find that no bones were broken. The worst Bell got was a pair of black eyes. He says he will be back in the game again to-morrow.

Within a few minutes after the accident to Bell, Ernest Lush was speeding to second base on a steal when his foot struck a stone and he was thrown on his face. His ankle appeared to be badly twisted, but after considerable limping around it was found to be only slightly hurt. The doctor said there was no evidence of a sprain. Lush is making rapid strides to the front as an outfielder, and the other candidates for the position are beginning to watch him with jealousy. He is an exceptionally fast runner and a natural ball player. He can play well in any position, and McGraw says he may try him in the infield.

The afternoon's training ended with an exciting game between the teams led by Latham and McGraw, and it was ten innings before a decision could be reached. The McGraws finally won out by a score of 7 to 6.

Snodgrass reached first base on his fourth successive hit and gave the hit-and-run signal to Chief Meyers, who followed him. Snodgrass got away to a flying start, and the Chief smashed the ball against the fence for a two-bagger, which broke up the game. The players fight as hard to win these games as if a championship was at stake.

MR. EBBETS INDIGNANT.

Cincinnati Query as to Brooklyn Club's Ownership Arouses Him.

President Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Baseball Club has become quite indignant over a "query" which recently appeared in a Cincinnati paper over the ownership of the Superbas. The query was: "Messrs. C. P. Taft and Charles W. Murphy—Do you own any of the stock of the Brooklyn National League Club?"

Mr. Murphy and Mr. Taft immediately denied owning any stock in the club, but Mr. Ebbets says this denial did not appease the "sensationalists," and he proposes to show who does own the club. This afternoon, at 2 o'clock, Mr. Ebbets will be at his office, at Washington Park, and will have with him every certificate of stock issued by the Brooklyn Club, and anybody interested can see for themselves just who does own the stock.

Ebbets has received the signed contracts of First Baseman Jordan and Pitcher Rucker.

Two Rhodes Scholars Victors.

OXFORD, England, Feb. 28.—L. C. Hull of Michigan, a Rhodes scholar, won the 100-yard dash to-day at the 'Varsity sports in 10 1-5 seconds. G. E. Putnam of Kansas, another Rhodes scholar, won the weight put with 37 feet 5 inches.

Athletics Start South to Train.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Split into two squads the Philadelphia American League baseball players left to-day for Southern training grounds. Led by Connie Mack, manager of the team, the youngsters under contract went to Atlanta, Ga., and the regulars left for Hot Springs, Va. Both squads will merge at Atlanta on March 12.

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CROWD CHEERS DALY.

Clever Bantamweight Fights Fast Ten-Round Draw with Wagner.

John Daly and Joe Wagner, two of the cleverest bantamweights around the city just now, fought a pretty ten-round draw in the final bout at the Olympic Athletic Club last night. In the early rounds Daly took a slight advantage with his clever leading and landing of several hard blows, but toward the middle and end of the fight the pedulum swung Wagnerwise.

The last round was such a whirlwind, street-corner slugging affair, with each man trying blindly for a knockout, that to neither can any particular credit be given. But Wagner did have slightly the better of it for the full distance, though not enough to earn the decision for him. When the bout was over the members remained standing, cheering Daly again and again for his very clever showing. Wagner lost some favor because he complained so frequently to the referee of tactics that were well within the rules, albeit a bit rough.

Pass Slightly Shades Dreycott.

The Marathon Athletic Club reopened at the Clermont Rink in Brooklyn last night, the main bout of ten rounds being furnished by Frankie Pass and Young Dreycott. Pass had the better of the mill, although Dreycott showed up well in the first few rounds. Toward the end of the bout Pass reached his opponent often with hard blows to the body and face. It was a lively go, both fighters being willing to mix it at all stages. There were three four-round preliminaries. Young Jackson defeated Jack Williams, Young McDonough defeated Young Ryan, and Young Bates and Pat Conway fought a fast four-round draw.

Strongest Man at Harvard Is Leslie.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 28.—The strongest man in Harvard is Wheeler H. Leslie, '12, of Milton, Mass., a football player, according to figures issued to-day by Dr. Dudley A. Sargent. Leslie's test reached 1,271.6, while the second man, Edward Harding, '11, of Boston, a crew man, had 1,163.4.

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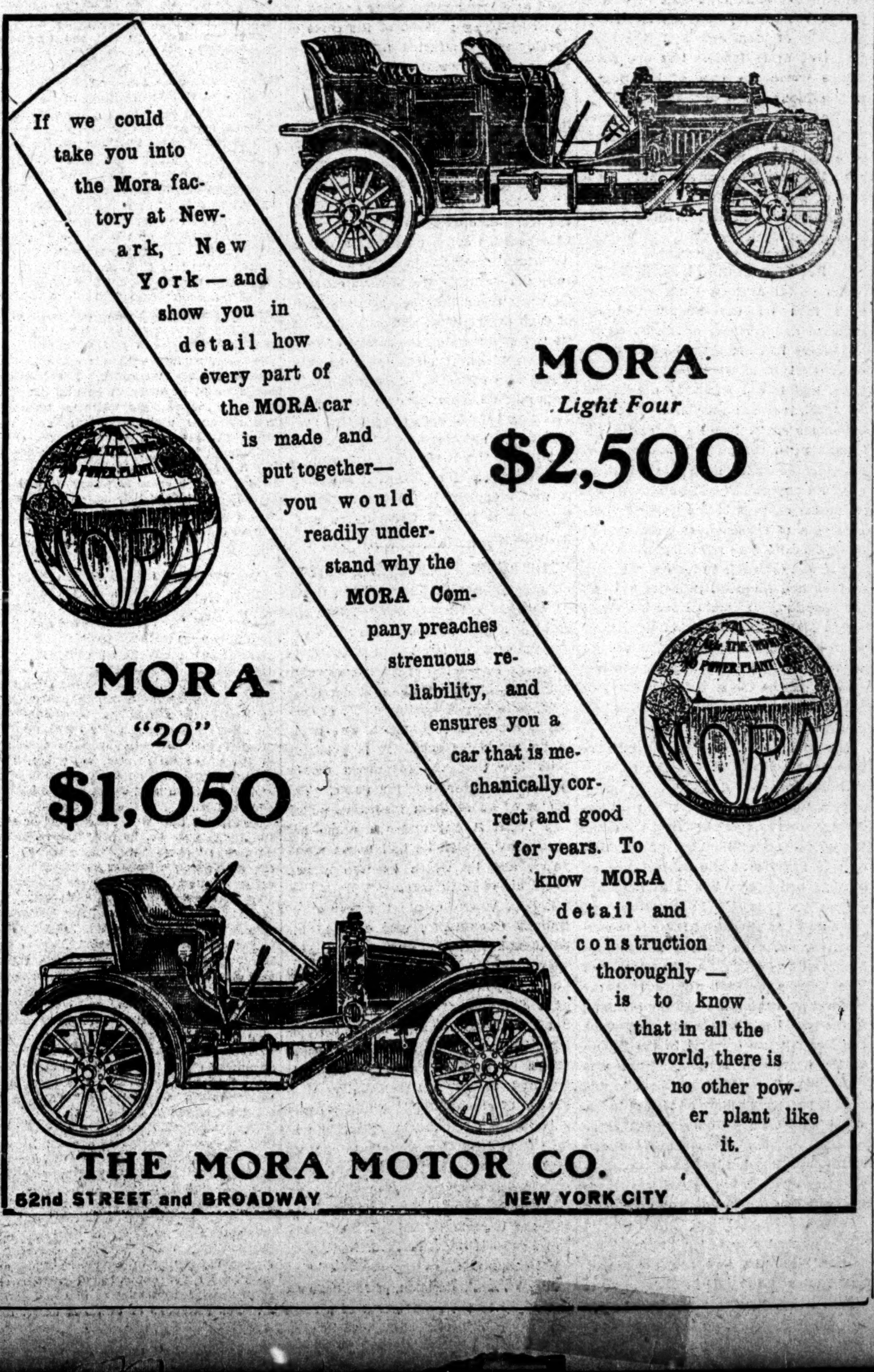

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BRUSH	Car, $485. John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
COATES-GOSHEN	1,619 B'way, 49th & 50th Sts. Tel. 833 Col.
COLUMBIA	Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,661 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
GROUT	Touring-Tourabout-Runabout-$2,500, 40 H. P. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 78th St.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
LOZIER	56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland	CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. 'Phone 5130 Col.
MERCEDES	Automobile Headquarters, Imported parts in stock. 610 Times Bldg., N. Y.
MATHESON	Matheson Automobile Co., 1,886-1,888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
MOON	Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1910.

LABOR UNIONS AND VIOLENCE.

There is one point that the Central Federated Union in Philadelphia, having ordered a general strike for next Saturday, will have to meet if it hopes to carry out its plan, and that is the policy of the union and its members toward violence. By this we do not mean merely violence committed, but violence permitted by the union men.

In their statement to the public and in their resolutions their attitude is exceedingly unsatisfactory. They throw all the blame for what has taken place in Philadelphia the past ten days on the traction company, the authorities of the city, the police, and especially the State police, who have been the most efficient suppressors of disorder and protectors of the rights of the people. Now the truth is that it is the strikers and the members of the unions that are directly or indirectly responsible for the shameful rioting that has ruled in Philadelphia. Some of these have been taken in the act of violating the law. The leaders, while at times "deprecating" violence, have incited to it by such utterances as those of Mr. MURPHY, the President of the chief union. And quite apart from actual commission of crime, or from incitement to crime, the unions are specifically responsible because they have failed to do what was clearly in their power, prevent violence. We hear a good deal as to the course of "sympathizers" with the strikers, and they have no doubt been turbulent and rash, and may have been more numerous among the lawless than any other class. But had the unions as a body denounced lawlessness, had they made it a strict rule that any of their members guilty of lawlessness should lose their standing in the unions, or at least be suspended or otherwise disciplined, there would practically have been no trouble at all. The unions might, as organized bodies of good citizens, have gone further and constituted themselves a corps of peace preservers. But short of this, it would still have been quite within the power of the unions to prevent any serious disturbance.

This would certainly have been just and right, and it would have been the best kind of expediency. The ultimate success of the street-car employés in pressing their case against their employers depends on general public sympathy and approval. The people of Philadelphia have no prejudice in favor of the traction company, quite the contrary. They have excellent reason for disliking and distrusting it. The company is fully aware of this feeling and of the basis for it. If their treatment of their men gives ground for fair complaint, if the terms which the men propose are reasonable, the sentiment of the public would be with them and would in the long run be a formidable force which the company would not wish to have against it. That force has not only been ignored by the riots of the past ten days, but has been made substantially hostile to the men. If the policy of the unions be not changed, if life and property are to be subjected to further perils, especially if the field of disorder is to be extended by a general strike, with all the evil features of the present one, the one issue before the people of Philadelphia will be that of self-preservation. In comparison with that the rights or wrongs of any number of citizens engaged in labor will not be considered.

An American community is usually good natured, careless, and superficially indifferent to disturbances that seem passing ones, but in their hearts they have a lodged hate and loathing for lawlessness, a profound sense of the sacredness of their right to peace and order, and when that is challenged, defied, and violated on a serious scale, they will unquestionably deal sternly with the offenders. The inconvenience and loss caused by a general strike would necessarily be great and burdensome. But if these were to be tenfold what they are likely to be, they would not force a free American community to surrender its inherent rights. If the unions hope to attain their ends, it must be by respecting these rights. Any mistake on that score will be terribly costly.

THE CRIPPLED CHILDREN.

The recommendation of the State Board of Charities for an appropriation to construct an adequate building for the West Haverstraw hospital for crippled and deformed children is one, it seems to us, that should have the favorable attention of the Legislature. In the first place the hospital is the only State institution of charity for which the State has not provided a building. In the next place, the grounds are already secured, the work is thoroughly organized, and the greatest possible utility can be obtained at the least expense.

But the chief reason for the measure is that there is great need for the kind of work the hospital is doing, while the work itself is of the highest value, and is being done in a very satisfactory manner. To save a crippled or deformed child, or a child suffering from a disease that unchecked is sure to end in crippling and deformity, is, when the child is dependent, not only a service of humanity, but the rescue of an asset for society. The progress of curative and preventive treatment in this sort of disease has been very great in recent times. The number of children suffering from such diseases and bound to become their helpless victims is large, and only a few score of them are properly cared for. It is a pitiful thing that the splendid resources of science should not be brought to bear to save these children when a modest appropriation would make it practicable.

WHAT DOES MR. MERRITT WANT?

The New York State Constitution, Section 7 of Article VII., reads:

> The lands of the State now owned or hereafter acquired constituting the Forest Preserve as is now fixed by law shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold, or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed, or destroyed.

Mr. MERRITT, Republican leader of the Assembly, is reported to be financially interested in water-power developments at Hanawa Falls and Potsdam. He has introduced an amendment to the Forest Preserve section designed to make it less rigid. This section was the only one adopted by unanimous vote by the Constitutional Convention of 1894. Its wording indicates the abuses it was intended to correct—some of which, such as timber stealing, have existed in aggravated form during a long series of years. Since 1903, due to the development of electro-hydraulics, the power companies have endeavored to gain entrance within the forest blue line for their projects. Amendment after amendment to the Constitution has been proposed, and, owing to the vigilance of the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks, the watchfulness of the press and of the people, each proposal has been defeated.

What does Mr. MERRITT mean by his amendment? The Forest Preserve section is severely and intentionally rigid. We do not believe, as its enemies hold, that under this section "not a stick" of dead timber can be removed to reduce the fire risk, since its primary intent is that the forests shall be "forever kept," and, therefore, preserved. According to the best authorities only 5 per cent. of the potential 1,500,000 horse power from flowing water yet to be developed within the State originates within the Forest Preserve "blue line"; that is, 95 per cent. can be developed without hindrance from the section Assemblyman MERRITT wishes to amend. It may be granted that highways ought to be constructed across State land. It might be well to permit the leasing of camp sites, and the sale of detached and worthless pieces of State lands. But are these things worth the cost of lowering a very effective Constitutional bar?

What is Mr. MERRITT's programme? Will he state it specifically, in the form of a bill to be passed simultaneously with his proposed amendment? As a test of good faith, will he first state his programme in this manner before urging the amendment?

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

The postal savings bank scheme is both first on the President's programme and furthest advanced on its legislative life. It must be said in its favor that it is on the party's platform, and is not primarily a personal or Administration measure. But this recommendation has its defects. Although upon the party platform, even Republicans cannot urge that it is there upon its merits. The Republicans took up postal savings banks because BRYAN's plan of Government guarantee of bank deposits was ravaging the West, and it was desirable to have some reply to fads and financial fallacies too bad for adoption. It would have been better to leave the Democrats with their folly—since proved a folly, although then merely an argumentative folly—than to expose the Republican Party to the risk of embarrassment with a like ill-considered proposal.

The principal defect of the postal savings bank scheme as a political device is that it does not fill the rôle. It gives satisfaction neither East nor West. Only yesterday was published the opinion of the Superintendent of Banking of this State that the subject has no vitality here. Nor has it in the East generally. It is only in the West that the subject is alive, and there it is contentious, not even uniting the Republicans. For example, a late number of The Topeka Capital argues that the Federal guarantee is more far reaching in the postal scheme than in that which the Republicans opposed in the Democratic guarantee scheme. That was "Bryanism" and "Socialism," and here is something more advanced in the same direction. Under the Kansas scheme the banks guaranteed themselves, but here is Government guarantee, and supported by the Republicans who opposed the Democratic scheme of a weaker sort.

The Capital also has a financial objection. It asks how about reserves, and quotes the debate in the Senate in which reserves were argued to be unnecessary, because all the banks which received the deposits were liable, and the Government's credit was behind all. The idea that postal banking can be conducted without reserves is European, not American, and is losing strength abroad. For example, on the 15th of this month the Associated Chambers of Commerce of Great Britain will consider the report which its committee has prepared recommending that

> the Government should hold a reserve in cash against the deposits in the Trustee and Post Office Savings Banks sufficient to provide means for meeting any probable sudden demand on the part of depositors, thus avoiding the necessity, in such a case, for putting pressure on the money market in times of difficulty.

Assuredly the need is greater in this country than in England. Here deposits are scattered throughout a continent instead of a tight little island. Yet it is to be provided that the money shall be kept in the banks where it is deposited, although the Senators argued that it was to be subject to the Government's check anywhere. On the one hand the expense of a reserve against a billion of deposits is a serious matter where the proposal is of doubtful profit, and is undertaken through paternalism little short of charity. On the other hand it is difficult to see how the money is to be in two places at once. It is to be kept in the region where deposited, and yet the chief use of the banks is to facilitate the deposits of emigrants who wish to remit abroad.

It is not yet settled whether the deposits are to be redeposited, or to be invested in bonds. The investment in bonds is difficult because no bonds are available. Practically all the existing bonds are the basis of currency, and are needed for that use until we amend our system. Even then it is hardly honest to confine the investment of the funds of this class of depositors to bonds of such inferior yield that the banks are complaining of the loss of $30,000,000 through their depreciation. It ought to be beneath the United States to relieve the National banks of this loss at the expense of the depositors in the savings bank scheme. If their funds are to be invested in Government bonds, they ought to get the yield of the money market upon their savings, and the Government needs a wider margin for conducting the business than is afforded by the 2s. Besides, the investment of postal savings in 3s would limit excessive issues of banknotes, and would put pressure upon all concerned to amend our defective banknote system. No harm could be done by limiting the banknote issues to the present volume of the 2s, whose maturity would afford a natural limit to the existing much-criticised currency scheme.

GERMAN COMPETITION.

Consul WASHINGTON furnishes the Department of Commerce with the information that the sale of American tools in England is declining through German competition of a certain sort. The German makers provide themselves with samples of our best sellers and copy them at a lower price, being enabled to do so by being relieved of the costs of developing a perfected article by design and experiment and the costs of creating a market. In detail it is said that American locks—a department of trade in which American genius is preeminent—are undersold by half, or 50 per cent., the German product naturally bearing no marks of origin.

This throws a curious sidelight upon the German opposition to the projected exposition of an uncertain status of American products in Berlin. Naturally the Germans would have cause to be wary regarding the encouragement of such competition, and perhaps a little shy of disclosing the source of some of their ideas. On the other hand, it would also seem that American exhibitors might have their own reasons for declining to give such competitors such gratuitous assistance. On less than official authority it would be unbecoming to entertain such a charge. If sustained it would explain to us the feeling of Englishmen toward Germans as competitors.

THE RIGHT TO CHANGE A NAME.

Judge IRVING G. VANN of the Court of Appeals has lately decided that the right of a man to change his name under the common law is not affected, in all cases, by the law of the State, which has been on the statute books since 1852, providing a legal mode for changing a name. The decision was made in an insurance case. It is probably good law that the insurance money goes to the man, not his name. The holder of an accident insurance policy had taken it out under a name not legally his, which he had borne many years, and by which he was known to all his acquaintances.

Judge VANN cited the cases of GROVER CLEVELAND, who dropped his baptismal STEPHEN, and Gen. GRANT, who discarded the HIRAM forced upon him by sponsors, as notable instances of a changing of names which would not have invalidated an insurance policy. There are many similar cases where no decision from the bench is required to prove the validity of a change of name without actual permission through the courts. Married women frequently drop some part of their baptismal name and retain their original surname in connection with their husband's name. The name thus changed is perfectly valid, if testimony to its general use is forthcoming, on all legal documents.

Judge VANN's decision, of course, does not apply to the assumption of a false name with intent to deceive. It does not legalize an "alias." But his decision, which is quoted and commented upon in The Utica Observer, is of considerable interest to insurance companies.

GARDENING FOR SCHOOLCHILDREN.

The idea of teaching the public school children in New York practical gardening is not bad. Sound instruction in English grammar and spelling, arithmetic and geography is more desirable for them than lessons in tilling the soil, but if there is time to spare for gardening after their more important lessons are learned knowledge of growing plants may be as useful for them to acquire as carpentry and needlework. But, gardening for the children being mentioned, the broad acres of Central Park present themselves to the minds of the enthusiast. The idea that Central Park may be used for any and every philanthropic, educational, hygienic, or artistic purpose that commends itself to public-spirited citizens is one that must be fought down continually.

To set aside four acres in Central Park for children's gardens, where they can dig and plant and dig again, is the plan of one of the members of the School Garden Association. Four acres would never be enough land for the purpose, of course. So small an area would accommodate comparatively few of the youngsters who would travel parkward armed with spades and hoes. Forty acres would be insufficient if the gardening plan met with general approval.

Of course the children cannot be permitted to make gardens in Central Park. The garden spots there will always be attended to by well-trained gardeners. Park Commissioner STOVER may be relied upon, we think, to combat any plan whatsoever to use Central Park for other than park purposes. At a public dinner some weeks ago he mentioned a plan unfolded to him by a real estate operator to cut streets through the Park so as to increase land values on both sides of it. He is alive to the necessity of fighting to protect the Park from all encroachments for any purpose whatever.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Rivalry Becomes Partnership

With the new arrangements for uniting the telephone and telegraph into a single service combining the advantages of each and eliminating the disadvantages of both, the two methods of quick communication over long distances cease to be rivals, as hitherto, and, for the present, at least, every indication is that the public will profit as much from improved facilities and the corporations from increased business. Which is rather unusual.

Of course a part of the plan, as announced, has long been in operation to a considerable degree, especially in the suburban and rural regions, where houses are at a considerable distance from the telegraph station. In such places it has been the custom for years for telegraphic messages to be telephoned instead of delivered by messenger, the written dispatch being either sent by mail or held till the person to whom it is addressed found it convenient to call for it himself. The new scheme is merely an extension of this informal device to the sending of messages, its most important feature being the assumption by the telephone company of the task of collecting from its subscribers the tolls for the telegrams they send in for transmission.

This the telephone companies can safely do. Practically nobody has a telephone of his own who is not almost sure to pay a bill of that sort when subjected to the sort of pressure which these companies can so easily exert on their patrons. Life has become almost impossible without a telephone, nowadays, and it is little less than appalling to those who have become accustomed to what was so recently rare, and not so long ago unknown, in private houses, to think of the inconvenience to which they would be subjected if the most efficient of time and trouble savers were removed.

In some ways less remarkable than wireless telegraphy, the telephone is in other ways much more so, and the probability is that its invention will always rank as the culminating achievement of nineteenth century ingenuity. For long-distance work, however, it is, and promises long to remain, prohibitively expensive for ordinary communications, and that fact will save the telegraph from the abandonment which used to be prophesied for it by telephone enthusiasts. The two systems can operate in harmony, and the fact that they are now going to do so is less surprising than that their harnessing as a team did not come before.

Well Begun Is Not All Done.

One of the great reforms of the day, of course, was the establishment of special courts in which children who break the law, instead of being viewed and punished as criminals—with the almost inevitable consequence of making them such for life—can be subjected to treatment which takes into consideration their relative irresponsibility for their transgressions. As was forcibly pointed out, however, by Miss SHELDON in the letter we printed yesterday, only a beginning has been made when a court and Judge have been set apart for dealing with children.

No matter how well intentioned or able the Judge may be, he cannot give to the numerous "cases" that come before him the continuing attention upon which the doing of much permanent good depends. The real work of rescue falls upon the probation officers, and for these the provision is woefully inadequate. Indeed, there can hardly be said to be any, under the law, and, as experience has shown, volunteer effort is not apt to be abundant, efficient, or persistent. Everybody believes in the Children's Courts and wishes them well, but very far from everybody is able to devote large amounts of unremunerated time to watching the little victims of parental neglect, ignorance, or misfortune, and those that are able are more apt, unfortunately, to be "good" than to be wise, experienced, and tactful.

The prolonged supervision of the children put on probation is a work for expert specialists and the payment of living salaries to an adequate number of them would be among the best and most profitable investments of public money. Criminals are enormously expensive, both as non-producers and as destroyers, and every dollar spent in their prevention means the saving of hundreds of dollars spent later for control and punishment of professional enemies of law and society. The incidence of crime is early, and if there were no young criminals there would be few or no old ones.

There is no reason, moreover, why the providing of probation officers should be left to religious and charitable societies. It is distinctly a duty of municipalities and the State, and the failure of one or both to perform it is not palliated merely because private organizations do not undertake a burden which is not particularly theirs—which they certainly cannot be expected to bear alone.

An Inquiry as to Honesty.

A decidedly interesting discussion is suggested by an attempt of American Medicine to answer the question, "Is dishonesty innate or acquired?" In the days when such questions were left to theologians, the answer would almost certainly have been that dishonesty was among the original sins with which humanity has to contend, but now the experimenting and observing psychologists claim at least an equal right to reply, and their conclusion, as voiced by the journal mentioned, is that honesty is at least largely a matter of education and training.

Very young children, it holds, are neither moral nor immoral, honest nor dishonest—they are unmoral and unhonest. Later in life, teaching combines with experience to make for a greater or less degree of honesty in everybody, since its absolute lack would be incompatible with social life. Time and place, however, have a good deal to do with deciding what an honest man may do without suffering pangs of conscience—a fact that has been abundantly proved of late by the abandonment by many eminent business men of practices which, when common, seemed to give them no compunction. As was recently remarked, "Nobody thought these things dishonest till somebody said they were, and then everybody knew it."

Just the same, "these things" were not done openly, even when the doing was most common, and that fact more than hints a general suspicion of their wrongness. It seems to some of us, therefore, that American Medicine is a bit overcharitable when it says that "no reasonable, fair-minded man can believe that many of those who were most flagrant offenders realized that their acts were wrong and dishonest." A Dyak headhunter doesn't realize that he is a murderer, and isn't one, but the chances are that no American business man ever corrupted a Legislature, accepted a secret rebate, or contributed money that he knew would be used for buying votes without appreciation of his own dishonesty.

WHISKY'S "IMMUNITY BATH."

Holds Mr. Taft's Decision Is Contrary to Court Rulings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With regard to the decision of Mr. Taft as to the labeling of whisky it is not necessary to state that whisky as whisky does not concern our Food Committee at all, but the threatened destruction of the pure food law does concern us, and it concerns us vitally, as it does every consumer.

We believe that Mr. Taft's decision is the most serious blow to the pure food legislation this country has had. We believe that it is class legislation. We believe that it permits special rulings for one product coming under the pure food law which was designed to make uniform regulations for all products.

We believe that this decision sets aside all court decisions on whisky cases already handed down according to the regulations under which the Food and Drug act has been enforced.

We believe that this decision not only ignores the conclusions on food standards arrived at after ten years of study by the Standard Committee of the Association of State and National Food Officials, these standards to-day forming the basis for the enforcement of the act, but its rulings will permit one class of products to escape the labeling according to the express terms of the act (See Food and Drugs act, Sec. 8, "in the case of foods," provision second.) Food Inspection, Decision 113, the outcome of Mr. Taft's decision, deliberately violates that section of the law as it relates to blends. It permits the mixture of neutral spirits "whisky," colored with burnt sugar to simulate age, and straight whisky the product to be called a "blend." Neutral spirits has been declared by the most eminent authorities to be an unlike substance to wisky. "It is ethyl alcohol as free from all other substances as special treatment and specially designed machinery can make it." (Frear & Shepard brief.)

If this decision holds in the courts it opens the door for every other product to demand the same "immunity bath." Why should a manufacturer label jams made from waste of cider mills, colored with coal tar and seeded down with grass seeds, "imitation strawberry or raspberry jams?" They are "strawberry" or "raspberry" jams. If we follow the same reasoning why, then, should blackberry brandy contain any blackberry juice?

This decision robs the consumer and the honest manufacturer of the protection designed by the pure food law.

In every case brought before the courts the courts have upheld the law. Is whisky now to be an exception?

A moral issue is at stake. We appeal to you to arouse public sentiment against this decision, as it sounds the death knell of the pure food legislation.

With the help of the press almost any great reform can be accomplished; without it we are powerless. ALICE LAKEY,
Chairman National Consumers' League.
Cranford, N. J., Feb. 26, 1910.

THE NAVY UNIFORM.

Respected in the South, If Not in Northern Playhouses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Places of amusement may have the legal right to select their audiences, but where the line is drawn at the uniform of sailors in the Government service that all should unite in honoring, there are a few who desire to cast their lot with those discriminated against for such a cause, and who, were they fully advised, would stay away from that playhouse while such rule was in effect.

"Southern Patriot," in his letter of Feb. 10, can claim no palm for Raleigh, N. C., in its respect for the United States uniform. Throughout the South the uniform of the army and navy is ever the passport to favor rather than an excuse for its refusal. The patriotism, cramped and sectional as it was, which the South displayed in the '60s, is now given in full measure to a whole country to an extent that cannot be realized except by one who has worn the uniform of the United States in ten states of the Southland, as I have done.

And those south of the Mason and Dixon line are none the less true because they do not forget those who accepted the responsibility for and who led them in a cause that has passed. Man for man, those within the lines of the old Confederacy are to-day far, far more nearly representative, more nearly united Americans, than are the conglomeration of peoples in the States of the Northern Atlantic seaboard, else the incident which inspired these lines could never have occurred.

NORTHERN PUBLIC SERVICE.
Fort Monroe, Va., Feb. 28, 1910.

The "Big Brother" Movement.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"His First Offense," appearing in to-day's TIMES, is a most beautiful subject for those who are interested in boys who have not had a fair chance in life to study. One taking a trip to our Children's Court and hearing some of these boys who are up on their first offense surely would realize what a great need there is for us who have had a better chance than they to take an interest in them. There is a movement in New York known as the "Big Brother Movement," which surely deserves credit for the work that it is doing along this line. PHILIP H. SHAFFER.
New York, Feb. 28, 1910.

AS TO CIVIL PENSIONS.

A Wageworker's Protest Against the President's Proposal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I see in one of the current magazines an article written in support of President Taft's proposal that Congress shall provide pensions for superannuated employes in the Government departments at Washington. I do not know how much danger there is that Congress will take this notion seriously, but if there is supposed to be any danger it will be strange if organized labor is not heard from in protest against such a gross and uncalled-for piece of favoritism.

The proper classes of pensioners are persons who expose themselves to hardship and danger in behalf of their employers, especially if their pay is small, which is usually the case. The soldier's life, in peace, is a narrow and tedious one; in war he is, at the best, sure of fatigue, hunger, and exposure, and, if not killed in battle or by some camp malady, is liable to come out crippled by wounds or broken down in constitution by disease contracted in the service. Under these conditions no one begrudges him a pension. He has sacrificed himself in behalf of his country. The same considerations apply in a measure to the service of policemen and firemen, and to that extent justify the arrangements made in some places to pension them when disabled. The life savers on the coasts have a similar claim. The reasons for pensioning old employes on the railroads are somewhat the same. Their employment exposes them to cold and storm, in many cases to great responsibility and nervous strain, and in their work on the trains and tracks thousands of them are killed or crippled every year. With all this in their behalf, the chief motive of their employers in offering pensions for long service is the desire to keep valuable servants, and especially to discourage strikes. In the fact of pensions being paid by some railroad companies to superannuated workmen there is not a particle of support for President Taft's proposal to pension persons who have been long employed in the departments at Washington.

Hardly another class of pensions could be named that would be so destitute of the valid claims to pensions as these employes. To speak of their being worn out in the public service is simply ridiculous. The country sacrifices more for them than they for the country. Their length of service, which is about the only plea made in their behalf, is their greatest blessing. The wageworker's heaven-on-earth is a "steady job" with prompt and sure pay. In this respect the Government's employes at Washington are the most favored class in the country. They have been wisely and justly exempted from removal for political reasons, and, barring illness or accident, it is their own fault if they lose their places. Their prolonged service, together with their liberal pay, furnishes them a golden opportunity to make their own provision for their old age, by exercising the old-fashioned virtues of thrift and self-denial. This superior opportunity is all that the Government is bound to furnish them. How many anxious toilers, the country over, taking their chances in the fluctuating labor market and seldom long secure against poverty, envy the lucky employes at Washington the present advantages of their situation. Yet to these favored conditions President Taft proposes to annex the vast and additional favor of a Government insurance against poverty in old age. The superior chance which the workers in question have to provide for themselves, is actually pleaded as the reason why the Government should provide for them. In a time when there is a special need of teaching frugality and thrift, it is proposed to tell these fortunate clerks at Washington that they may dispense with these irksome virtues, spend all they earn, and, coming out poor, draw on the Treasury for the means of a dignified and leisurely old age.

C. D. L.
New Rochelle, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1910.

The Mills and Other Hotels.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I desire publicly to protest against the pejorative allusion and slur of your correspondent, "W. J. L.," in your issue of the 15th instant, in which he uses the sentence, "No Mills hotels either."

For years a patron of one of the Mills hotels, I am prepared to "speak by the book," and aver that not half of the cities in the United States of America have hotels equal to any one of the three Mills hotels. And as for the management, under that superb boniface, Major John Lewis Thomas, more than half of the managers of the other hotels in the Pentapolis could take lessons to their advantage, and, if not afflicted with aggravated cases of aprosexy, could learn much about a modern hotel and up-to-date American hostelries.

Patrons get cleaner and better service and more for their money than at any other hotels in the City of New York, and besides, they are not cramped or, as our Australian friends would express it, "bailed," or held up by everybody from the doorman and bridgeman to the Superintendent. The "square deal" rule prevails there: Pay for what you get and get what you pay for.

If. Mr. W. J. L. will go to Mills Hotel No. 3, Seventh Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, he will eschew his slurs, mantle his face with smiles of admiring surprise, and arch his brows with astonishment, and depart musing or piping his ivy leaf by

"I dreamed that I dwelt in marble halls."

SAMUEL P. BRIGHAM.
Grand Island, Neb., Feb. 25, 1910.

Bad Air in Tenements.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Regarding the inspection of some of the worst tenement districts by Bishop Greer one of the principal reasons for the lack of light and air in the rooms seems to be the building up of adjoining lots with taller structures whose walls come close to and darken the rooms in the older buildings. As to a remedy, it would seem reasonable to encourage the continued existence of any open spaces in the older settled parts of the city by the exemption from taxation of such plots in Manhattan, Bronx, and parts of Brooklyn.

The deeper one goes into this fact of bad air in tenements the plainer it appears that the enormous expenditures of the city Government are causing the utilization by their owners of every available inch of ground to meet the heavy taxes, and in the end it is the poorest among us who pay heaviest.

C. J. ROBERTSON.
New York, Feb. 28, 1910.

The Philadelphia Riots.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The apparent indifference of the authorities in the matter of subduing the riots at Philadelphia (obviously for political reasons) and the distressing spectacle of the United States Attorney General conferring with Samuel Gompers (a labor leader already sentenced to the penitentiary for defiance of the court and its decrees) on the subject of contemplated legislation directly affecting labor unions, plainly indicate the drift of things and painfully emphasize the spirit of the times.

In the opinion of not a few a continuance of the present lax regime on the part of governmental authorities in respect of law and order will lead the Nation to a disaster compared with which the French Revolution was but a siesta.

A. B. H.
New York, Feb. 27, 1910.

THE SEEING TELEPHONE.

Two Frenchmen assert that they have perfected the seeing telephone.—News Item.

He said good-bye as midnight tolled;
Dreamed of pink gown, bright curls of gold.
He telephoned at 8 o'clock.
Kimono! Curl papers! Dire shock!

At 7 P. M. they met to dine—
Were ever birds so browned and fine?
At 7 A. M., unkempt as tramp,
She saw him cooking o'er his lamp!

Said Jones, "Don't wait up late, my dear,
Our sick friend Blank I'm off to cheer!"
When Mrs. Jones called up at one,
Sick Blank was dealing cards like fun!

"I'm sorry, Sir!" and Willy cried,
"I must stay home! My grandma's died!"
The tell-tale 'phone revealed the dame,
Who said, "My grandson's at the game!"

Oh, this invention may be great,
But think what havoc 'twill create!
In real glass houses all will dwell,
No more white fibs we'll dare to tell!

ELLA A. FANNING.

HANDSOME BARBIZON PAINTINGS ON VIEW

"Village Street Scene," One of the Four Corots, a Beautiful Example of Earlier Period.

J. F. CARLSEN'S LANDSCAPES

Some Admirable Snow Scenes, Including "Winter Twilight"—Miss Becke and Miss Rhoades's Pastel

A very handsome little collection of Barbizon and other paintings is just now on exhibition at the Cottier Galleries. There are four fine Corots, two with the same title, "Early Morning"—what did the good master care for similarity of titles, or, for that matter, of compositions! Each is a rich and comparatively dark example of the painter's middle years, we judge, with strongly grown trees of full leafage and decided contrasts of light and dark. A "Village Street Scene" will appear less characteristic to observers familiar chiefly with Corot's later work, but it is a beautiful example of the earlier period—a street on either side of which are substantial houses, along the walls of which are trained sturdy vines, above a sky of exquisite tenderness and depth, a canvas, certainly, upon which the painter has placed the stamp of his authoritative style, and more attractive to the present writer than the silvery idyls of his later years.

One of these silvery scenes also is shown, a great beauty, with trees tossed by a light wind, painted in a value of the utmost truth and subtlety against a sky whose diaphonous clouds appear to shift and dissolve as one watches them.

There are two Van Marckes, one a handsome portrait of two cows with shaggy coats in an ordinary landscape, the other "The Shepherd," a picture presented by Van Marcke to Troyon, and consequently of associative value, but heavy and uninteresting, with the exception of its two superb dogs. A Troyon, "Cows Drinking," from the collection of E. H. Cuthbertson, exhibits interestingly the difference between this famous animal painter and the less famous Van Marcke. The cows painted by the latter are much more convincing creatures than those painted by the former, their character having been noted by a more discriminating vision and recorded by a more faithful brush, but the Troyon is full of dramatic beauty, with a sky that lowers threateningly over the passive beasts—no one sensitive to an expressive art could pass by indifferent to it, and with less particular truth it gives a more generally truthful impression of a natural scene.

Jacque is represented by "The Shepherdess," an example from the artist's sale in Paris, and there are some contemporary paintings that provide a flattering background for the Barbizon examples and show that collectors in their mad struggles for Corot and Troyon are at least safe in their choice on purely artistic grounds.

At the Katz Galleries are two exhibitions, each of which has individuality and merit. One comprises a group of landscapes by John F. Carlsen, the smaller canvases showing the most freshness and unity of impression. There are some admirable snow scenes, one in particular, "Winter Twilight," in which the impression of a gathering dusk is gained without the sacrifice of local color or of definition of forms. The patches of snow against the ground and the light in the sky are beautifully related. In "Wayside Huts" and "The Fête" there is a certain monotony, due in part, perhaps, to the fact that they were not built to be seen at close quarters. In "The Fairy Sward," on the other hand, the delicate drawing of the birches and the atmospheric tone in which they are set tell at their true value with only a few feet between the observer and the picture.

The inner room contains a number of miniatures by Elsie Southwick, most of them portraits, but in several instances it is portraiture of French peasant types not often seen in this kind. The drawing is firm and direct, a trifle hard, but quite without niggling quality, and the color is vigorous and gay. There is praiseworthy performance and much promise in the group, and one notes with pleasure that the individual examples are well framed and suitably shown against a quiet gray background, a "Whistlerized" background, to invent a needed adjective. With the miniatures are exhibited a collection of pencil drawings, portraits also, on a quite large scale. They display the same precision of draughtsmanship and absence of bravura.

At the Broadway Studio Building yesterday and Saturday Marion H. Beckett and Katharine N. Rhoades held an exhibition of pastels and oils, many of which have charm and all of which show careful training in the decorative disposition of lines and spaces. One of Miss Beckett's larger canvases, a blonde woman with a black shawl about her shoulders, was exhibited at the National Academy of Design this year. Her pastels have a rhythm of line and delicacy of touch that harmonize with the dainty color schemes and the slightness of the material. She also shows one or two modeled figures, one in particular—a child holding a doll—displaying an excellent grip of elusive child character.

Miss Rhoades's work indicates that she has been under the same influences, but is somewhat bolder in execution. An oil painting of a girl in a yellow hat with two braids hanging over her shoulders and a full skirt billowing about her is an unusually attractive bit of painting, and a woman in peasant costume silhouetted against a yellow background has an agreeably sturdy quality. Both painters show the result of serious study and a well-controlled freedom of expression.

EMINENT ANARCHISTS.

The Rev. Mr. Irvine Classes Christ and St. Paul Among Them.

"I wouldn't waste my time talking Socialism at Columbia, Harvard, or Yale," declared the Rev. Alexander Irvine, addressing Columbia students in Earl Hall yesterday. College students, he said, are too well off to care anything about the condition of the poor.

Mr. Irving apologized for his presence at the university, which, he said, was wholly due to his friendship for the Chairman of the meeting.

There was a time, he said, when it was considered an honor to earn one's bread by the sweat of one's brow, but those days had passed, and it was now considered disreputable by many, "especially the so-called 'Four Hundred,' to earn your own living."

"The real spirit of Socialism is religion," said Mr. Irvine. "Jesus was the best Anarchist that the world has ever seen."

St. Paul, too, Mr. Irvine said, preached anarchy. He thought the world would eventually take up anarchy, but Socialism would have to come first, because we are not yet ready for the anarchic state, when people would do right through sheer ignorance of what was wrong.

"The man of wealth is the anarchist of to-day," observed the speaker. "He doesn't care for statutes, laws don't worry him. He simply sets laws aside at his pleasure, and nobody opposes him."

Another Magistrate to List Lawyers.

Magistrate Cornell, in Yorkville Court, yesterday followed the lead of Magistrate House, who announced in the Harlem Court on Sunday that henceforth the names and addresses of every lawyer who appeared before him as counsel would be put on the back of the complaints, and he said that all such names and addresses must be entered in the books of record.

'A SON OF THE PEOPLE' AT THE NEW THEATRE

John Mason in Picturesque Play by Danish Author Sophus Michaëlis.

HAS REAL ROMANTIC FLAVOR

George Fawcett Provides Interesting Characterization—More Briskness Will Improve Performance.

A SON OF THE PEOPLE, a drama, in three acts, by Sophus Michaelis. The New Theatre.

Marc-Arron	John Mason
Montaloup	George Fawcett
Ernest des Tressailles	Walter Hale
Du Bartes	William R. Randall
Davout	Frank McCormick
Jean Lasque	Carl Antony
Abbe Copin	Charles Goodrich
Maitre Jerome	Louis Bresh
Prosper	Thomas McLarnie
Alaine de l'Estoile	Kathryn Kealred
Leontine	Ivy Troutman

Bourbons and Jacobins, the white cockade and the tricolor, aristocrats and republicans, sneers and jeers and heroic speeches, and over and in it all, now rumbling in the distance like a threat, now coming nearer and sounding clear and strong like a song or triumph—"The Marseillaise." Of these things well compounded, mixed in with a story of heroic passion even on the very brink of death, is "A Son of the People," better named in the German version "A Revolutionary Wedding," and acted here first a few months ago at the German Theatre, in Irving Place.

Last night at The New Theatre, with Mr. John Mason and Georgie Fawcett in the leading rôles, and with a production that was generally rich and handsome and in good taste—though one might honestly wonder at the strength of the last act's green moonlight with a howling storm of wind and rain outside—this play of Sophus Michaelus, done into English by S. I. Szinnyey, proved to be a romantic drama of real flavor, touched at times with something very like poetic feeling, and with one scene at least that is certain to grip and hold attention.

The sight of strong men, suddenly discovering a brotherhood in their strength, growing sentimental over it, and allowing the sentiment to sway them, is always one of the most appalling things in the theatre. No moment in "Julius Caesar," for instance, is more touching than the reconciliation of Brutus and Cassius at the end of the quarrel scene. And just so, in this Danish play, after the virile Marc Arron, republican, has been weakened by the touch of a woman's hand, after he has contrived the escape of her lover, and stands self-confessed before the harsh and unyielding Montaloup. For compelling force no moment in the play compares with that in which the two men lock themselves in each other's arms in a truly Gallic outpouring of affection.

Mr. Michaelis has developed an interesting variant of the ordinary drama of the Revolution, with its condemnation of aristocrats and its separation of true, loving hearts. Here we meet Alaire De L'Estoile, betrothed from childhood to Ernest Des Tressailles, now gay in his uniform of white and gold, and arriving, an emigre, at the Château Trionville, to be wedded to his beloved, after his comrades have made an archway of their swords for the loving hearts to pass through on their way to the altar.

Outside the bells are tolling, and it is all very pretty and picturesque. But there is a spy in the household to whisper news of the emigre's return, and before the couple have had time to sit down to their wedding supper the sounds of the drum beats and the Marseillaise are heard, the Republicans pour into the room, and justice—the justice of the people—is proclaimed. Des Tressailles must die. But at the suggestion of Marc Arron, hard, stern, brutal in his devotion to the people, and yet a bit of a sentimentalist for all that, the condemned man is allowed a respite until 6 o'clock the next morning that he may at least have the happiness of his wedding night.

It shortly develops that the aristocrat wasn't worth considering. He immediately shows the white feather, and while his sweetheart is trying to cheer his last hours he acts the poltroon and the coward. Finally realizing the man he is, yet with a feeling for his safety, she calls Arron into the room, and offers herself in payment for her betrothed's safety.

Arron would be generous, but not as generous as that, until—by a sad mischance for him—he touches the woman's hand. Then everything is over but the tragic ending. The republican changes clothes with the aristocrat, the latter escapes, and woman now refuses to carry out her compact.

Well, Arron is a philosopher in his way. He knows that what he has done can mean only death for him, and until 6 in the morning, the hour of the sentence, he will sleep. This is courage. The contrast between the actions of this man and the other must touch Alaire de l'Estoile deeply. And before the second curtain closes (they close them at The New Theatre, and these were an unconscionable long time a-closing, thereby weakening the dramatic climax) there has been the scene between the two strong men, in which the one glories in his folly and the other deplores it, yet rejoices in Marc Arron's bravery, while the woman stands by, and now knows, at last, what the extent of the sacrifice has been.

Can she do less then than fall into his arms? Certaindly not, for now, also, she knows she loved him from the first. Death ends the chapter for these lovers at the last, but not before Marc Arron has suddenly realized that it would be sweet to live since love has come into his life, and not before the leader of the court-martial has tried in vain to save him.

Do these things sometimes strain one's sense of truth; do they create a suspicion that if one let a sense of humor into play instead of giving sympathetic ear to the heroics and the sentiment there might be a smile instead of a responsive tear? The answer is that no one will probably weep very much over the fate of these lovers, for it all seems too remote, too much of a highly colored picture world. But still, that is romantic drama as it is and should be.

At all events Mr. Michaelis has written a very good play of its type, and one which contains little or no fustian of the sort ordinarily met with under these circumstances. The dialogue, some of which gets lost in a theatre where hearing is not always what it should be, appears to be exceptionally well written—virile, and direct where it should be that, and prettily turned in the more sentimental passages.

It cannot be said, however, that the play gains much from the manner of its playing at The New Theatre, for Mr. Mason, splendid actor that he is, has neither the appearance nor the fervor of the hero of romance. In such a scene as that with Mr. Fawcett, beautifully grim and coarse and hard-hearted—as your true republican ought always to be where innocent aristocrats must go to death—Mr. Mason's vigor and directness and clean-cut method are of excellent service. But in the love scenes, where there should be a sweep of passion, a sort of rushing pace, he is hardly at his best.

At that John Mason at his worst is a lot better than many actors at their best, and he is always interesting to see, as he was again last night. But the sentimental interest was not helped either by Miss Kaelred's rather artificial efforts. She was not unpleasant in an occasional quiet moment, but she screamed a great deal, and her emotions were seldom definitely denoted. Mr. Hale, too, was rather out of his depth. Miss Troutman played with spirit and variety, and the others were moderately efficient, but the demands were slight on all except Mr. Fawcett, who, as is a habit with him, gave a characterization that had color, strength, and humor.

Miss Banks's Recital.

A piano recital was given in Mendelssohn Hall yesterday afternoon by Miss Emma Banks, assisted by Reinald Werrenrath, baritone. Miss Banks was ambitious in her choice of her programme; she played Schumann's "Etudes Symphoniques," Chopin's B flat minor sonata, and pieces by Ravel, Grieg, and MacDowell. There are some good qualities in her playing, as her use of the pedal and her endeavor to produce a fine and varied tone on the instrument. But she is far from possessing yet the artistic maturity or the technical skill needed for the performance of such a composition as Schumann's "Etudes Symphoniques." Mr Werrenrath has been heard here this season before, and his agreeable voice gave pleasure in songs by Brahms, Schindler, and Carl Busch.

"Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 26, averaged 9.31 cents per pound."—Adv.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish will entertain with a dinner of sixty covers this evening at her residence, 25 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Mrs. Samuel H. Valentine gave a dinner of twenty-four covers last night at her new residence, 5 East Sixty-seventh Street. The guests were at one large table decorated with red roses. After dinner there was a vaudeville. Mrs. Valentine will give another dinner this evening.

Capt. Warren C. Beach and Mrs. Beach are leaving town to-day for Washington.

Mrs. John R. Drexel, who has been spending some days at Palm Beach, will return to New York to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Quincy A. Shaw and Quincy A. Shaw, Jr., are stopping at the Hotel Wolcott for a few days.

Mrs. Thomas Shields Clarke gave a luncheon yesterday at her home, 50 Riverside Drive.

Percival Clement entertained at Sherry's on Friday with a dinner for Miss Knowles of Boston. Mrs. James Edward Davis, Walter Drew, Robert P. Kernon, James Rogerson, and the Misses Clement were among the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Hearn celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last night at their residence, 46 East Sixty-ninth Street. There were 300 guests present, who were received by Mr. and Mrs. Hearn and their three daughters, Mrs. Herbert S. Greims, Mrs. Clarkson Cowl, and Mrs. George E. Schenck. Among the guests were Miss Ellsworth, who was a bridesmaid at the wedding fifty years ago, and Mr. Gaipin, who was then an usher. Mrs. Hearn wore her wedding gown of white satin and lace.

Edwin C. Kent has closed his residence at Tuxedo Park and will be in town for the rest of the Winter.

MISS HELEN I. HAAN WEDS.

Daughter of R. N. Haan of the St. Regis the Bride of Armand Schulz.

The wedding of Miss Helen I. Haan, daughter of R. N. Haan, proprietor of the St. Regis, to Armand Schulz took place at noon yesterday. The ceremony was performed by Judge James A. Blanchard in Mr. Haan's apartments at the hotel, which were decorated with bride's roses, Easter lilies, and palms. Only the immediate family was present.

Miss Hortense Haan, a sister of the bride, was flower girl, and M. Geller, a nephew of Mr. Haan's, was best man. The bride wore an Empire gown of white satin, combined with rare old lace, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Shortly after the ceremony the bride and bridegroom left on a short trip, to return in several weeks, when they will sail for the bridegroom's home in Hungary.

WEDS COUNT ALEX. TOLSTOY.

Miss Mary Frothingham Bride of Nephew of Russian Author.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—The marriage was celebrated here to-day of Miss Mary Frothingham, a daughter of Charles F. Frothingham of New York, and Count Alexander Koutosoff Tolstoy, nephew of Count Leo Tolstoy, the Russian author.

Mrs. J. C. Moore Gives Dinner Dance.

Mrs. J. Carlton Moore gave a dinner and dance last evening for her niece, Miss Leila B. Moore. There was a cotillion, led by Newton Hepburn and Miss Moore. Supper was served at midnight. Among the guests were the Misses Isabel Wright, Caroline Dugros, Marie Neilson, Margery Neilson, Katerine Porter, Joan Whitridge, Adelaide Nixon, Isabel Fitch, Florence Carr, Muriel White, Betty Collins, Dorothy Lambert, and Helen Randolph, Roland Groff, Paul De Lancy, Frederick Gerry Payson Coster, 3d, Van Rensselaer Gould, Theodore Cartright, Charles Greenough, Chalmer Adams, Count Pierre Michel, Archie Hutchinson, Harold Hartley, and Kittridge Haskins.

Mrs. Moore will give a large theatre party for Miss Moore next week, prior to her going abroad.

"Elektra" in Aid of Babies' Dairy.

Miss Edith Wynne Matthison of The New Theatre Company will give the "Elektra of Euripides" at the Plaza on Tuesday afternoon, March 8, for the benefit of the Babies' Dairy. The Babies' Dairy, which has been in successful operation for two years, is conducted under medical supervision, with the result that 90 per cent. of the sick infants treated there are restored to health. The Dairy is at 416 East Sixty-fifth Street, and is supported entirely by voluntary contributions.

Dinner to Gov. Warner of Michigan.

A dinner to Gov. Warner of Michigan was given last night by Dr. Royal S. Copeland of 68 Central Park West, at the New York Athletic Club. Others present were J. E. Beal and W. W. Wedemeyer, Ann Arbor, Mich.; W. Washburn, M. B. Cary, J. C. Weadock, W. A. Boland, Roland Ellis of Georgia, R. W. Hebberd, J. S. Bestar, Dr. O. R. Long, Dr. St. Clair Smith, Dr. John E. Wilson, Dr. William H. Bishop, and Dr. W. A. Ewing.

Gov. Warner will speak to-night at the annual banquet of the Michigan Society of New York at the Hotel Astor.

DANCES IN SILVER NET DRESS.

Adeline Boyer Appears in Hebrew Dances of Sensuous Appeal.

Adeline Boyer, billed as "A Princess of Israel," made her first American appearance at the American Music Hall yesterday in a series of Hebrew dances that for sensuous appeal surpass the dances of any of her immediate predecessors in this country. Miss Boyer, it is said, has been giving these dances in London and Paris for the past year.

She is youthful, slender of figure, graceful, pretty as to face, and dances with skill and abandon. The pantomime is supposed to represent a woman's influence over a man. The stage is set to indicate the roof of a palace. The dancer enters and begins a dance which includes a simple Oriental figure, a dagger dance, and three other movements that conclude with a languorous dance. Miss Boyer at the beginning wears a deep orange veil, covering her entirely. This is finally unwound, and she is shown in a dress of silver net, sprinkled with pearls, through which her limbs and supple body are plainly visible.

The music of the various dances resembles the harmonies used by Ruth St. Denis, though the similarity seems to be of locale rather than of theme.

MILLER IN A COMEDY ROLE.

Will Open His Tour of "Her Husband's Wife" at Rochester on March 17.

Henry Miller will open his season in "Her Husband's Wife" at Rochester on March 17. A. E. Thomas, the author of the comedy, is making some changes in it to provide Mr. Miller with a stronger part than the original contained. The character will be that of a Westerner with a great deal of money, who comes to Saratoga to look after his ward, the wife of the play, and another woman character will be introduced. After the opening in Rochester the piece will be taken to Chicago for a run, and then on a tour of the territory west of Chicago before being brought into New York. This will be Mr. Miller's first appearance in a straight comedy rôle since the days of "Joseph Entangled," "D'Arcy of the Guards," and "Heartsease."

At the Grand Opera House last night Mr. Miller made his first appearance as the Drainman in "The Servant in the House," taking the part originally played by Tyrone Power. The other members of the company were the same that have been presenting the play on tour for the past season. Next week Mr. Miller will play a special engagement in Newark in "The Great Divide."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Two new engagements for Mrs. Fiske's company in "Pillars of Society," announced yesterday, are Edward Mackay and Helena Van Brugh.

The first performance in America of Hermann Bahr's three-act comedy, "Der Meister," will take place at the Irving Place Theatre to-night.

Violet Dale will replace May Buckley in "Where There's a Will," at Weber's Theatre, on March 7. Miss Buckley will sail for Europe on March 12.

William Collier's special professional matinee of "A Lucky Star," for which all of the principal actors in New York have purchased tickets, will take place at the Hudson Theatre this afternoon. The entire receipts will be given to the Actors' Fund.

Daniel Frohman announced last night that Cyril Scott and Dorothy Dorr have been added to the list of actors to appear at Billie Burke's benefit on Tuesday of next week for the Art Workers' Club for Women. Mr. Scott will appear in a one-act play by Sydney Grundy, with Isabel Irving, Leslie Kenyon, and Marianne Thurber.

NEW "BRIGHT EYES" MIGHT BE BRIGHTER

Dickson's Musical Play Is Slightly Entertaining, with Occasional Bits of Merit.

PLOT FROM AN OLD FARCE

Cecil Lean and Florence Holbrook in Principal Roles—Funny Burlesque of Sunday School Choir.

BRIGHT EYES, a musical play, in three acts, book by Charles Dickson, lyrics by Otto A. Hauerbach, and music by Karl Hoschna. New York Theatre.

Quick	Herbert Salinger
Gladys Brady	Miss Pauline Winters
Joseph McCann	Manuel A. Alexander
Linda Kurtz	Miss Adelaide Sharp
Dorothy Mayland	Miss Florence Holbrook
Tom Genowin	Cecil Lean
John Q. Montague	Walter Law
Mr. Hunter-Chase	Percy Lyndal
Mrs. Hunter-Chase	Miss Vera Finlay
William Hawley	Arthur Conrad
Reggie Murphy	Victor

If "Bright Eyes" is a "little sister of 'Three Twins,'" she is an immature sister who needs more schooling and more capable associates. Dropping the metaphor, Charles Dickson's successor to his first melodied farce is a slightly entertaining piece, with occasional bits full of merit, but it has neither the music nor the actors that helped make the first one popular. The plot of this one was taken from the farce "Mistakes Will Happen," by Mr. Dickson and Grant Stewart. An actress and her playwright husband are discharged from a theatrical company on account of their marriage. Without work and moneyless, they set about finding an "angel" for the husband's unproduced play. Without one another's knowledge they interest a President of a female seminary and his gay wife in the play, and suitable farcial situations result.

The songs are led by one called "Bright Eyes," which is sung and played at every opportunity, and which the audience last night began to whistle perforce before the end of the performance. Some of the chorus numbers, especially the finale of the first act, are novel and effective. One specialty that seemed to please the audience immensely was a burlesque of a Sunday school choir, in which the four principals took part.

Cecil Lean, the stout youth with prominent teeth, played the playwright, and got much comedy out of the part, especially in his scenes in which the plot was forgotten. Florence Holbrook was pretty and charming as the actress, and her songs were encored over and over. One of them, "Mrs. Casey," will probably be a rival of "Bright Eyes" for popularity. Vera Findlay played the gay young wife of the professor with much humor, and Percy Lyndal was the professor. Walter Law was a commonplace theatrical manager with a large voice, and the audience liked his portrayal. Besides, there was a large chorus and Adelaide Sharp in the rôle of a German servant girl.

The settings were unusually elaborate, showing the stage of a theatre, a hotel roof garden with the Times Building in the background, the interior of a carriage house, and the lawn surrounding a mansion.

"LA NAVARRAISE" REVIVED.

Mme. Gerville-Reache in Massenet's Little Opera at Manhattan.

Anita	Mlle. Gerville-Reache
Araquil	M. Dalmores
Garrido	M. Dufranne
Romigio	M. Huberdeau
Ramon	M. Crabbe
Bustamente	M. Nicolay

Musical Director, M. Henriquez de la Fuente.

Every now and then Massenet's contribution to what is known as the "veristic school" of opera, "La Navarraise" is brought forward. One-act operas are always seemingly in demand to fill out double bills, but managers' imaginations seem to be concentrated on two or three of them. "La Navarraise" is one of these. Last evening the little melodrama was revived at the Manhattan Opera House, and received an excellent performance.

Mme. Gerville-Reache has often been heard here before in the rôle of Anita, a part which was written to exploit the dramatic talent of Emma Calvé. Parts of the music are rather high for a contralto, but much of the score Mme. Gerville-Reache sings with dramatic fervor, and she acts the part in a manner to bring out the complete horror of the drama.

Mr. Dalmorès was admirable as Araquil, a part in which he has frequently been heard here before. Mr. Dufranne as Garrido, Mr. Huberdeau as Remigio, and Mr Crabbé as Ramon were members of a generally excellent cast. A special word is due to Mr. Nicolay for his singing of the couplets of Bustamente.

The orchestra played with force under the direction of Mr. de la Fuente. The stage management, which is an important feature of productions of "La Navarraise," was very good.

Massanet's opera was followed by "Pagliacci," in which Mme. Cavalieri, Orville Harrold, and Mario Sammarco appeared.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES.

Walker Whiteside in "The Melting Pot" began a week's engagement at the West End Theatre last night. His supporting company, with the exception of Florence Fisher in the role of Vera, is the same that was seen at the Comedy Theatre during the long run of the play there.

Gertrude Hoffmann began her second week at the Colonial Theatre, offering her elaborate impersonation act. Little Billie, the Musical Gordon Highlanders, Frankie Carpenter, Jerry Grady and company, Marion Murray and company, the Six American Dancers, Lillian Tyce, and Palfrey and Barton made up the rest of the programme.

At Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre yesterday's bill was headed by Annette Kellermann, and among the others who appeared were the Four Fords, the Four Huntings in "The Fool House," Les Trombattas, Lola Merrill and Frank Otto, A. O. Duncan, the Four Rianos, the Kemps, and Claude Roode.

William Rock and Maud Fulton appeared at the Alhambra Theatre in their dancing specialty, and among the other entertainers were Joseph Hart's "Snap Shots," Marshall P. Wilder, Dolly Connelly and Percy Wenrich, Devlin and Ellwood, Sadie Jansell, Hugh Lloyd, and the Cartelle brothers.

Irene Franklin and Bert Green headed the bill at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre, and La Lole Fuller and her dancers began their second week. Others on the programme were Al Jolson, Mrs. Gardner Crane and company, Wilbur Mack and Nella Walker, the Neapolitans, Work and Ower, the Three McGregors, and Duncan's collies.

At the Bronx Theatre the bill was headed by Dr. Herman, and others who appeared were Jesse L. Lasky's "The Twentieth Century," Hoey and Lee, Mrank Morrell, Edna Phillips and company, Orth and Fern, the Kitabanza Japs, and Bert and Lottie Walton.

George Lashwood is back to the Plaza Music Hall this week with his repertoire of character songs, and among the other numbers are John C. Rice and Sally Cohen, Glendower and Manion, Caine and Odom, Edith Leroy, Spellman's bears, and others.

"The Cracker Jacks" company is the burlesque attraction at the Columbia Theatre this week, opening yesterday afternoon in a burletta called "It's the Easiest Way." Cliff Berzac's circus was the feature of the vaudeville programme.

Rose Sydell's "London Belles" is the current attraction at the Murray Hill Theatre; "The Golden Crook" is at the Olympic; Harry Bryant's burlesque company at the Metropolis, and "The Vanity Fair" company at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall.

"The Third Degree," with Helen Ware, Ralph Delmore and others, is at the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, this week.

At the Brooklyn Orpheum Theatre the programme yesterday included Mrs. Patrick Campbell, Claire Romaine, Homer Lind, the Five Olympias, the Marnello Marnitz Troupe, and others.

Miss Elliott Entertains 500 Orphans.

Maxine Elliott played Lady Bountiful to about 500 orphans at the Hippodrome yesterday afternoon, where the children were her guests. She stood at the door when they arrived and presented each child with a box of candy and a smile. Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin, the writer of children's stories, assisted at the distribution. Miss Elliott has invited a like number of orphans to be present as her guests at the big playhouse this afternoon and to-morrow and Thursday, although on Thursday she will not be able to greet them herself, because she has a matinée of her own play on that day.

THE BARRERE ENSEMBLE.

First Performance by a New Organization of Wind Instruments.

Mr. George Barrère, the accomplished first flautist of the New York Symphony Orchestra, has formed a chamber music organization of eleven wind instrument players—flutes, oboes, clarinets, French horns, bassoons, and a trumpet—which he calls the Barrère Ensemble. It gave the first of two concerts yesterday afternoon in the Stuyvesant Theatre that produced some very interesting results. There is a considerable literature for wind instruments, both ancient and modern, that is rarely performed in public concerts; and though this music is not of a sort that is likely to make a very wide appeal to the public, it may be made of much charm and attractiveness in the hands of skillful players. Its most obvious drawback is a certain monotony of tone-color. The modern ear is so habituated to the sounds of the stringed instruments that they are missed at first. But there is variety even in this class of musical literature, and three works by Haydn, Mozart, and Beethoven offered not only variety of style but also variety of treatment; and the audience, few but fit, found the concert one of really absorbing interest.

The programme included an octet by Haydn in F, for oboes, clarinets, horns, and bassoons, a serenade by Mozart in C for the same combination, and Beethoven's octet in E flat, Op. 103. Besides these Mr. Barrère played a flute sonata by Handel in B minor and one by Bach in E flat, with Mr. Whiting at the harpsichord; and these were delightful features of the programme.

Haydn's octet is characteristic of his style, but without all the freshness and distinction that still inheres in his best symphonies and quartets. Mr. Barrère conducted this, as he did the other octets, with much skill and taste and fine feeling for the delicacies of instrumental effect. The octet by Mozart has a mixture of seriousness and mirth, the mirth being supplied by the minuet; this is in the form of a canon; the trio is one of those acrobatic feats that Mozart could throw off without the least appearance of effort, and though it is a bit of musical science, it has the effect of a jeu d'esprit. It is what is technically called a "canon al rovescio," the answering voices following exactly the theme, but in inversion.

The delightful effect of the union of flute and harpsichord had recently been heard at Mr. Whiting's concert in the same theatre a few days ago. The flute fuses with the tone of the harpsichord as it never can with that of the piano, and the fusion is something poetic, expressive. In this guise the sonatas by Handel and Bach sound as their composers intended and expected them to sound. The Siciliano of Bach's sonata shows the tenderest and loveliest side of his art. The performance of the two sonatas by Mr. Barrère and Mr. Whiting was exquisitely artistic.

THE ORATORIO SOCIETY.

Bach's "Magnificat" and Prof. Parker's "Hora Novissima" Sung.

The Oratorio Society gave its third concert last evening in Carnegie Hall with two compositions placed in interesting juxtaposition. They were Bach's "Magnificat" and Prof. Horatio Parker's "Hora Novissima." Neither is very familiar to New York concertgoers, though both have been performed here. The "Magnificat" was given by the Church Choral Society in 1894 and again in 1906.

The "Hora Novissima," which was composed especially for that society, was given by it first in 1893 and was repeated by it in New York in 1906. In the meantime it had had numerous performances in other American cities; in 1899 it was sung in Worcester, England, and the next year it was repeated at Chester, giving the composer a repute in that country that no other American composer had ever had in like degree.

The "Magnificat" is one of the most splendid of Bach's lesser choral works, and its difficulty is probably the reason why it has received such scant attention from American choral societies. Its music is characteristic of Bach's most modern spirit. It has a minimum of some of the formal characteristics of his time, some of the cadences, and closes that are often found monotonous and wearying to-day.

The chief choruses in it are of magnificent power and muscularity; as the first; and especially the one on the words "Fecit potentim." In this the old master obtained one of the most overpowering of those realistic effects with which he is continually amazing the modern listener and stirring his soul. The chorus goes on in powerful contrapuntal style till it comes to the words "dispersit superbas"—"hath scattered the proud"—when there is a crash, a pause; and the few remaining words are sung in a quiet homophonic phrase.

The final "Gloria" is one of great majesty and musical beauty. The chorus found difficulty with certain portions of this work, and showed it; but though there were some hesitating attacks, it was sung on the whole in a creditable manner. The orchestra was, as it often is at these concerts, the worst sinner. Its playing was ragged, perfunctory, and exasperatingly unrhythmical in places where rhythm was thrice necessary.

Of the solo quartet Miss Janet Spencer, the contralto, was easily the first in her full mastery of the music, the rich voice, the fine phrasing and the intelligent comprehension of style in which she sang the part that falls to her share. Mrs. Edith Chapman Goold, soprano, also sang with good voice and intelligence, as did Mr. Horatio Connell, bass, a newcomer, whose singing achieved much and promised much. Mr. Rerrick Van Norden wrestled without full success with the difficulties of his florid air, "Deposuit potentes."

Prof. Parker, in his setting of Bernard of Morlaix's Latin hymn, found a just expression for the ecstatic vision, the florid and poetic imagery of the mediaeval monk. The music, now seventeen years old, keeps young. There is no seeking in it after strained or rhetorical effects, or anything other than the composer's immediate inspiration. It is for the most part strong and vigorous, while it maintains the suggestion of the mysticism that so permeates the poem.

There are some phrases that to-day seem somewhat cloyingly sweet, and that fall below the general level of the work; unnecessarily so, so far as the exigencies of interpreting the past are concerned. But if the listener at this day would wish to hear these passages differently, he cannot but rejoice at the power, the originality, the freshness that have made this composition carry an influence beyond the composer's native land, and that has redounded so greatly to the credit of American art.

The chorus sang this music, naturally, with greater sweep, precision, and force than it did the greater complications of Bach's, and the performance was an admirable, at times a thrilling, one. The same should be said of the solo singers, who displayed the same relative degree of excellence as they did in the Magnificat, except that Mr. Van Norden went far toward redeeming himself. The audience, which was not large, exhibited much enthusiasm, especially for the "Hora Novissima."

Sothern and Marlowe in "Hamlet."

E. H. Sothern as Hamlet and Julia Marlowe as Ophelia drew a large audience to the Academy of Music last night for the beginning of the co-stars' final week at this playhouse. The principal actors received much applause, and their appearance in this play seemed to meet with even more approval than their performance of other Shakespearean dramas. John Taylor had the rôle of Polonius, Sydney Mather played Laertes, Eric Blind was the King, Alma Kruger the Queen, Frederick Lewis Horatio, Albert Howson Osric, Rowland Buckstone the First Grave Digger, and Elizabeth Valentine the Player Queen. "Twelfth Night" will replace "Hamlet" Thursday afternoon and be the bill for the rest of the week, except on Saturday afternoon, when "Romeo and Juliet" will be offered.

Ben Greet's Players in "Macbeth."

The Ben Greet Players began their second week at the Garden Theatre last night with a production of "Macbeth," done without detailed scenery. The tragedy was arranged in three parts, for which special symbolic curtains were used. Certain properties and accessories were provided to give the audience a suggestion of the locale of each scene. The incidental music was largely from the famous Strohnach manuscript, that is supposed to be the first example of written music. "The Merchant of Venice" will be offered for the latter half of the week, with a special matinée of "Everyman" on Friday.

ANNA PAVLOWA A WONDERFUL DANCER

Little Russian, Lithe, Exquisitely Formed, Captures Metropolitan Audience in First Waltz.

HER DEBUT IN "COPPELIA"

Her Technique of a Sort to Dazzle the Eye, and She Has Grace and Humor—Mordkine Assists.

More than two-thirds of the boxes at the Metropolitan Opera House were still filled with their occupants at half after 12 last night. It was not a performance of "Götterdämmerung" without cuts that kept a fashionable Monday night audience in its seats, but the American début of Anna Pavlowa, the Russian dancer from the Imperial Opera in St. Petersburg. Mme. Pavlowa appeared in a revival of "Coppelia," which was given at the Metropolitan for the first time since the season of 1904-5. As this was preceded by a performance of "Werther," the ballet did not commence until after 11, and it was nearly 1 before it was finished.

However, Mme. Pavlowa easily held most of her audience. It is safe to say that such dancing has not been seen on the local stage during the present generation. If Pavlowa were a regular member of the Metropolitan Opera Company it would also be safe to prophecy a revival of favor for the classic ballet.

The little dancer is lithe and exquisitely formed. When she first appeared just after the curtain rose there was a dead silence. She received no welcome. She wore the conventional ballet dress and her dark hair was bound back with a blue band.

After the first waltz, which immediately follows her entrance, the audience burst into vociferous applause, which was thereafter repeated at every possible opportunity. Pavlowa received an ovation of the sort which is seldom given to anybody at this theatre.

And her dancing deserved it. To begin with, her technique is of a sort to dazzle the eye. The most difficult tricks of the art of the dancer she executed with supreme ease. She even went further. There were gasps of astonishment and bursts of applause after several of her remarkable feats, all of which were accomplished with the greatest ease and lightness.

Grace, a certain sensuous charm, and a decided sense of humor are other qualities which she possesses. In fact, it would be difficult to conceive a dancer who so nearly realizes the ideal of this sort of dancing.

In the first act she was assisted at times by Michael Mordkine, who also comes from St. Petersburg, and who is only second to Pavlowa as a remarkable dancer. Their pas de deux near the end of the act was perhaps the best-liked bit of the evening. It was in the second act in her impersonation of the doll that Pavlowa disclosed her charming sense of humor.

At this time it is impossible to write any more about this dancer, but there is no doubt that she will prove a great attraction while she remains in New York.

The performance of "Werther," which preceded the ballet, was the first that has been given this season at the Metropolitan. This lyric drama, of Massenet's has been heard previously this year at The New Theatre, however. The cast last night included Miss Farrar and Messrs. Clement and Gilly.

RUFUS J. LACKLAND DEAD.

Oldest Bank President in St. Louis and a Multimillionaire.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 28.—Rufus J. Lackland, multimillionaire, President of the Boatmen's Bank, died to-day in his home at 1,623 Locust Street, which he built half a century ago, and in which he insisted in living long after all his friends had deserted the district. It was an old-time mansion, now surrounded by wholesale houses. He was 90 years old, and his death was due to pneumonia contracted a week ago.

Mr. Lackland was the oldest bank President in St. Louis, and perhaps the most widely known. Until his last illness he maintained his mental and physical vigor to a remarkable degree, and directed the affairs of the bank of which he had been President for forty years. Until a year ago Mr. Lackland's custom was to walk daily to the bank, nearly a mile.

Politically Mr. Lackland was a Democrat, in religion a Unitarian. He was twice married. His first wife was Miss Susannah Cable, whom he married Aug. 23, 1840, in New York State, and who died in 1866. His second wife was Mrs. Caroline Elliott Kasson, a young sister of the Rev. William G. Elliott, who was for many years Chancellor of Washington University.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ESTHER E. BALDWIN, widow of the Rev. Dr. Stephen Livingston Baldwin, and for twenty years President of the New York branch of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society, died suddenly on Saturday of heart disease at her home, 1,218 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, in her seventy-first year.

B. L. D. GUFFY, former Chief Justice of the Kentucky Court of Appeals, died on Sunday of heart disease at his home in Morgantown, Ky.

Mrs. DELIA MORRIS SMITH, widow of Jonathan Smith, founder of the J. & A. Smith Carpet Works at Yonkers, died on Saturday at her home, 31 East Sixty-first Street, in her ninety-eighth year. She was born in this city in 1813.

PHILLIP CARL SUS, who was for several years connected with the National Academy of Design, and later in the real estate business, died on Saturday at his home, 43 Fifth Avenue.

BENJAMIN B. DALL, who for twenty-two years was connected with the Surrogates' office, died yesterday at his residence, 324 West Twenty-fourth Street, after a short illness. He was 53 years old.

Col. JOHN DIETRICH, a personal friend of Abraham Lincoln, died yesterday in Plainfield, N. J., of general debility. He was 89 years old. Through Lincoln he formed a close friendship with Grant, Stephen A. Douglas, and Edwin M. Stanton. He was one of the forty-niners, having struck rich veins of gold in California, which brought him his fortune.

Mrs. ANNA NELSON LYNN, wife of Justice Wauhope Lynn, died Saturday morning at her residence, 67 West Ninth Street, after an illness of many years. She was 49 years old.

THOMAS JOHNSON CUSHING, an engineer in the employ of the Western Electric Company, died yesterday at his home, 1,044 Clay Avenue, Bronx, aged 37. He was the son of Louis P. Cushing, and was graduated from Harvard in 1894. He was a member of the Harvard and the Telephone Clubs of this city. He leaves a widow, Ethel Pittman Cushing. He was for fourteen years an engineer with the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company.

ARABELLA BLACKWELL, the mother of Henry and David Edward Blackwell of this city, died on Feb. 14 at her home in Liverpool, England, in her ninetieth year. She was the widow of Edward Blackwell, a bookbinder. Her sons followed the same profession, coming to this country in 1877, and now being proprietors of a bookbinding establishment in University Place.

ROBERT S. E. WYATT, aged 59 years, who is dead at his home, 170 Arlington Avenue, Jersey City, was a member of the machinery firm of Greenlie, Wyatt & Co. of 490 Water Street, Manhattan. He was past master of Amity Lodge, F. and A. M. He is survived by a widow.

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6th Av. at 53d St. Col. Av. at 76th St.
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Hero of Mill River Flood Dead.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Feb. 28.—Daniel Collins Graves, the hero of the Mill River flood of 1874, one of the greatest disasters that New England has known, died to-day at his home in Williamsburg. He was 70 years old. Mr. Graves, while returning home early on the morning of May 16, 1874, learned that the reservoir at the head of Mill River Valley had burst. Unharnessing his horse, he leaped on its back and rode the length of the valley, awakening the several hundred inhabitants of the villages threatened by the onrushing waters. Despite his warnings, more than 140 people were caught in the flood and drowned.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ASCHER.—Feb. 27, 234 Decatur St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert S. Ascher, a daughter.

CULHANE.—Feb. 25, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Culhane, a son.

NAGEL.—Feb. 27, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. S. Nagel, a son.

Married.

SCOTT—LAWTON.—At Davenport's Neck, New Rochelle, Feb. 28, 1910, by the Rev. Chas. F. Canedy, Anna Lawton to Stuart Scott.

CULVER—FLYNN.—Feb. 27, Hoboken, Marie Flynn to Patrick F. Culver.

SAGER—DICKIE.—Feb. 26, Newark, Hazel M. Dickie to Victor Sager.

Died.

BLACKWELL.—On Monday, Feb. 14, 1910, at her residence in Liverpool, England, Arabella Blackwell, 90 years of age, widow of Richard Blackwell and mother of Henry and David Edward Blackwell of New York City.

BROWN.—Esther, youngest daughter of the late James and Lydia Brown, 2d month, 28th, 85 years old. Funeral from her late residence, 1 South Division Street, Peekskill, N. Y., Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

CAHEN.—On Feb. 28, Louise Cahen, (nee de Beblan,) widow of Georges Cahen. Funeral private from St. Regis Convent.

COIT.—Samuel Bacon Coit, dearly beloved husband of Leonora B. Coit, at his residence in Englewood, N. J., on Feb. 28, 1910.

CUSHING.—Thomas Johnson Cushing, beloved husband of Ethel Pittman Cushing, in his 37th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,044 Clay Av., Bronx, on Tuesday March 1, 1910, at 8 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private. Boston papers please copy.

CUSHING.—Thomas Johnson Cushing, who for fourteen years was connected with the Engineering Department of the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company and two years with the Western Electric Company, died after a lingering illness at his home, 1,044 Clay Av., Bronx., N. Y. He was in his 38th year. Mr. Cushing was a graduate of Harvard University, class of '94, member of the Harvard Club, also of the Telephone Society of New York.

DALE.—On the morning of Feb. 28, Elizabeth Woodruff, wife of the late Richard C. Dale and daughter of the late E. D. Woodruff of Trenton. Funeral services at her late residence Thursday, March 3, on arrival at Gravers Station of the 1:50 train from Reading Terminal, Philadelphia.

DODDS.—At Albany, N. Y., on Sunday, Feb. 27, 1910, Capt. Andrew Dodds, in his 82d year. Funeral services on Wednesday, March 2, at 2 P. M.

DUFFY.—On the 27th inst., at her residence, 123 East 72d St., Bridget C., in her 91st year, widow of Felix Duffy and beloved mother of Mrs. C. E. McKanna. Funeral Wednesday, March 2, at 10 A. M., to St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St., where a mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of her soul. Interment private.

EDSALL.—At Goshen, N. Y., Feb. 27, 1910, Lillian Edsall, daughter of Benjamin Edsall and Mary Roe. Funeral from her late residence, Goshen, N. Y., Wednesday morning, March 2, 1910, at 11:30 o'clock. Train leaves New York, 23d St., Erie R. R., at 9 o'clock.

GRAHAM.—On Saturday, the 26th February, 1910, at her residence, Amelia Mott, widow of Malcolm Graham and daughter of the late James B. Wilson. Funeral services at her residence, 37 West 37th St., on Tuesday, first of March, 1910, at 11 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

LANE.—On Feb. 26, 1910, A. Ernest B. Lane. Funeral services at funeral parlors of S. Merritt Hook & Son, 710 8th Av., this Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

LYNN.—On Saturday, Feb. 26, 1910, at her late residence, Anna Nelson Lynn, beloved wife of Justice Wauhope Lynn and mother of Norman M. Lynn. Funeral and services held on Feb. 28 at her residence, 67 West 9th St. Only immediate relatives present.

McCLAVE.—On Feb. 27, 1910, at his late residence, 136 West 58th St., Edmund Wilkes McClave, beloved husband of Josephine D. McClave, aged 73 years. Funeral services at the Madison Avenue Reformed Church, corner Madison Av. and 57th St., on Tuesday, March 1, at 12:30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

MILLER.—James Carroll, of Cranford, N. J., Sunday, Feb. 27, in his 73d year. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers. New London (Conn.) papers please copy.

PECK.—On Feb. 27, 1910, Benjamin Mumford, son of Benjamin Mumford and Edith Duane Peck, aged 18 months.

PIRSSON.—Elizabeth Brevoort, widow of Robert Launitz Pirsson, suddenly, at her home, in Port Washington, Feb. 26, in her 60th year. Commitment service at Millburn, N. J., on arrival of train leaving D., L. & W., West 23d St., at 11 A. M., March 1.

REDMOND.—On Friday, Feb. 25, at Miami, Fla., Henry Smallwood Redmond, in the 45th year of his age. Funeral at Grace Church on Wednesday, March 2, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

SCHLOSS.—On Monday, Feb. 28, 1910, at Plainfield, N. J., Minnie, wife of Moses Schloss and daughter of Carrie and the late Samuel Krieger of Philadelphia. Funeral services at her late residence, 326 East Front St., Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, March 2, at 1 P. M. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Elizabeth, N. J. Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH.—At his late residence, San Remo Hotel, New York City, on Sunday, Feb. 27, 1910, Albert M. Smith, in his 72d year. Funeral service at All Souls' Church, 4th Av. and 20th St., New York City, on Wednesday, March 2, at 10:30 A. M.

SUS.—On Feb. 26, 1910, Philip Carl, son of the late A. William Sus. Funeral services at his residence, 43 Fifth Av. Funeral private.

WIRTH.—Constance E. Wirth, in her 79th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BALDAUF.—Gustav, 102 West 106th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DAVEY.—John S., 434 West 48th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

EASTMAN.—C. B., 855 9th Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

EDMUNDS.—Edward, 466 East 147th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GOEPFFERT.—John F., 518 East 84th St., Feb. 27. Funeral private.

GOTTLIEB.—Charles, 175 West 81st St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

JUDD.—Dora, 986 Tinton Av., Bronx, Feb. 26, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

KENYON.—Margaret S., 314 West 133d St., Feb. 26. Funeral service private.

LEONARD.—Patrick, 340 East 136th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

McCAULEY.—James, 104 Bayard St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MALLON.—Edward P., 436 West 53d St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'CONNELL.—May J., 295 Spring St., Feb. 26. Funeral notice later.

PHILBROOK.—Capt. George R., Feb. 27, aged 73. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 2 P. M.

PRUSER.—Katharina, 411 West 25th St., Feb. 27, aged 17. Funeral to-day.

ROSIN.—Christina A. G., 4,574 Matilda Av., Feb. 26, aged 37. Funeral to-day.

SPITZER.—Leopold, 429 Lenox Av., Feb. 27, aged 80.

WALSH.—Sadie E., 887 Longwood Av., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

WOLLREISER.—Bernhard, 814 Courtlandt Av., Feb. 27, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BALDWIN.—Esther E., 1,218 Pacific St., Feb. 26, aged 70. Funeral private.

BIGELOW.—Timothy, 85 Hall St., Feb. 27. Funeral private.

BULGIN.—Hester, 222 Putnam Av., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day.

CONNOLLY.—Margaret, 375 Columbia St., Feb. 28, aged 71. Funeral to-morrow.

DAUSSMANN.—John, 609 Woodbine St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DAVIS.—Winifred A., 2,790 Atlantic Av., Feb. 27, aged 6. Funeral private.

DOREMUS.—Charlotte B., 681 Hancock St., Feb. 27. Funeral service to-day.

DOUGLASS.—Alfred T., Jr., 358 East 28th St., Feb. 27. Funeral private.

EISEMAN.—Frank J., 36 Covert St., Feb. 26, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

FAWCETT.—George H., 216 East 42d St., Flatbush, Feb. 27. Funeral service to-day.

FRASER.—Ellen, 253 Lexington Av., Feb. 27. Funeral service to-day.

GEISMANN.—Jeannette, 864 Willoughby Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day.

HANLON.—Alice, 827 Union St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day.

HEYNEMAN.—Joseph, 226 Monitor St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

KOEHLER.—Agnes W., 441 18th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McDERMOTT.—Mary, 35 Evergreen Av., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day.

MARION.—Elizabeth, 145 Washington Av., Feb. 27, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow.

MORRIS.—Margaret D., 505 Willoughby Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow.

QUINN.—Robert, 927 Pacific St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GUINEA PIGS

The sleight-of-hand performer engages your attention with by-talk.

Meanwhile, he produces a pack of cards from his shirt front, or a pair of guinea pigs from his coat tails.

The Lowest Bidder distracts you with a ridiculously low bid.

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Building Construction
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Died.

Brooklyn.

SAMUELS.—Ellen, 148 14th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TULLA.—Hilda, Norwegian Hospital, Feb. 26, aged 29.

WALZ.—Dorothea, 5,310 4th Av., Feb. 27.

WATSON.—Hugh, 40 Irving Place, Feb. 27.

WILDE.—Ellen, 1,592 Atlantic Av., Feb. 26.

Connecticut.

AMMANN.—Gertrude, New Haven, Feb. 27, aged 59.

BEARDSLEY.—Dr. George L., Derby, Feb. 26, aged 61.

BOYLE.—James, New Haven, Feb. 25, aged 70.

BUTLER.—Ellen C., West Haven, Feb. 28, aged 71.

COSGROVE.—Thomas, New Haven, Feb. 25.

DAYTON.—Elizabeth, New Haven, Feb. 26, aged 30. Funeral private.

DOWER.—Mary, Newington, Feb. 26, aged 64.

GAGE.—William S., Danbury, Feb. 25, aged 35.

GOODWIN.—George, Orange, Feb. 25.

GRIFFIN.—John, Hartford, Feb. 27, aged 42. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

KELLOGG.—Stanley C., Bridgeport, Feb. 26. Funeral private.

KNAPP.—Anna F., New Haven, Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

MELOY.—Jennie M., New Haven, Feb. 25.

SHERIDAN.—James, Bridgeport, Feb. 25, aged 34.

VOORHIES.—Mary F., 20 Lake Av., Danbury, Feb. 26, aged 74.

Long Island.

JESBERGER.—Alois, Germania Heights, Feb. 25, aged 65.

KINKEAD.—Loretta M., 1 New York Av., Jamaica, Feb. 25, aged 10 months.

KLENZING.—Margaret E., Maspeth, Feb. 26, aged 64.

McKINLEY.—William F., Rockaway Park, Feb. 27, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow.

MALONE.—Mary, 47 Fulton Av., Astoria, Feb. 25, aged 61.

NIEBERGALL.—Helen, 244 7th Av., Long Island City, Feb. 25.

PFLAUM.—George, Fulton Av., Jamaica, Feb. 25, aged 68.

PONCET.—Philippe, 657 Broadway, Astoria, Feb. 26, aged 60. Funeral to-day.

WUEST.—Nicholas, 531 Himrod St., Wyckoff Heights, Feb. 25, aged 42.

New Jersey.

ADDAYSON.—Mary E., Newark, Feb. 28, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BACHMANN.—Veronica, Elizabeth, Feb. 25, aged 83.

BLAISH.—Christian F., 92 Beacon Av., Jersey City, Feb. 26, aged 84.

BLANEY.—Catherine A., 101 Magnolia Av., Jersey City, Feb. 27.

BLUM.—Edward, 125 Lincoln St., Jersey City, Feb. 27, aged 38. Funeral to-day.

BOCKELMANN.—Milton J., Grand View, Feb. 26, aged 5. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

BRAINARD.—David W., South Orange, Feb. 27, aged 37. Funeral private.

BROWNE.—Jennie E., Paterson, Feb. 26.

BURNS.—Nicholas, Cedar Grove, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow.

COLE.—Eliza J., Preakness, Feb. 25, aged 60.

COOPER.—James, Newark, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day.

COOPER.—John G., 133 Prospect St., Jersey City, Feb. 27. Funeral to-day.

CRONIN.—Annie F., 18 Fairmount Av., Newark, Feb. 28.

FARRELL.—Thomas, 39 Laidlaw Av., Jersey City, Feb. 28. Funeral notice later.

FENTON.—John, Paterson, Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

FINKE.—Hortense, 317 York St., Jersey City, Feb. 27, aged 1. Funeral private.

FRANCIS.—Adella C., Paterson, Feb. 27. Funeral services to-day.

GAUTSCHY.—Anna, Paterson, Feb. 27, aged 59.

GERCKSON.—Hattie, 97A South St., Jersey City, Feb. 26, aged 39.

GETHINS.—Catherine, 271 3d St., Jersey City, Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow.

GOULD.—Abby, 24½ 8th Av., Newark, Feb. 27. Funeral March 3, 2 P. M.

HAINES.—Edgar S., 70 Richmond St., Newark, Feb. 26, aged 47. Funeral to-day.

HANLON.—Bridget, 305 7th St., Jersey City, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

JOHNSON.—Jacob, Cranford, Feb. 26, aged 53.

LEONARD.—Catherine, 104 Van Buren St., Newark, Feb. 28. Funeral March 3.

LEUALLEN.—Beulah, Millville, Feb. 25, aged 68.

LUTKINS.—Julia M., Ridgewood, Feb. 24, aged 36.

McCARTHY.—Catherine, 16 Coles St., Jersey City, Feb. 27. Funeral notice later.

McGEARY.—Michael, 130 South 7th St., Newark, Feb. 28. Funeral notice later.

McGUIGAN.—Daniel, 145 Bright St., Jersey City, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

McKENNA.—Joseph P., Newark, Feb. 27, aged 31.

MACK.—Ellen, 10 Crittenden St., Newark, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day.

MADDEN.—Bridget, 370 York St., Jersey City, Feb. 26, aged 65. Funeral to-day.

MAGIE.—William T., Paterson, Feb. 26, aged 38. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MARTIN.—Mary, Elizabeth, Feb. 25, aged 45.

MENG.—Quirin G., Paterson, Feb. 27, aged 54.

MERCY.—Meyer, Newark, Feb. 27, aged 65. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MILES.—George, 122 Chestnut Av., Jersey City, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow.

MUNN.—Sarah J., East Orange, Feb. 27, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MURPHY.—Mary, Paterson, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

O'TOOLE.—John, 93 Darcy St., Newark, Feb. 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PATTERSON.—August, 82 Green St., Newark, Feb. 27, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow.

PEIRSON.—Mary A., East Orange, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow.

PETER.—Lucas, 222 13th St., Hoboken, Feb. 25.

POTTER.—Jennie E., Linden, Feb. 26.

REGAN.—James F., Harrison, Feb. 27.

REICH.—Rosie, Hoboken, Feb. 26.

ROLPH.—Catherine, 40 Jay St., Newark, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 8:15 A. M.

ROWE.—Margaret, East Orange, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 8:15 A. M.

SCHAUBLIN.—Sarah, Paterson, Feb. 26, aged 48. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Hannah E., Kearny, Feb. 28, aged 70. Funeral notice later.

SEEGER.—Christina, 34 Belleville Av., Newark, Feb. 27, aged 59.

STARK.—Annie, 52 St. Paul's Av., Jersey City, Feb. 26, aged 22.

VIEHL.—Verene, Elizabeth, Feb. 25, aged 95.

WAUIER.—George S., 1,135 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Feb. 27, aged 76. Funeral private.

WERRMANN.—Helena, Paterson, Feb. 27, aged 20.

WITTE.—Mary, Garfield, Feb. 25, aged 68.

WYATT.—Robert S., 170 Arlington Av., Jersey City, Feb. 27. Funeral service to-day.

VAN WINKLE.—Malinda B., 34 Clark Av., Jersey City, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

WILLIAMS.—Braxton E., South Orange, Feb. 27.

YOUNG.—Emma, Paterson, Feb. 27, aged 38.

ZEHNER.—Annie, 167 8th St., Jersey City, Feb. 28, aged 45.

New York State.

DINGMAN.—Benjamin, Hudson, Feb. 24, aged 80.

DRAKE.—George H., Kingston, Feb. 25, aged 40.

DUBOIS.—Charles, Marlborough, Feb. 25, aged 81.

HINCHMAN.—Eliza A., Goshen, Feb. 26, aged 90.

LOBDELL.—William, Eastview, Feb. 25, aged 63.

McCABE.—Mary J., Poughkeepsie, Feb. 25.

McPHAIL.—Annie, 571 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers, Feb. 27.

PHINNEY.—Guy D., Hudson, Feb. 25.

In Memoriam.

DAVIS.—Helen, mass, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8:30 A. M.

LAMBERT.—Mrs. Mark, mass, St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

McARDLE.—Patrick, mass, St. Mary's R. C. Church, Jersey City, to-day, 10 A. M.

McNABB.—The Rev. Robert J., mass, Church of the Holy Name, Brooklyn, to-day, 10 A. M.

CEMETERIES.

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MONUMENTS.

MONUMENTS
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HOCKEY PLAYERS FIGHT ON RINK ICE

Wanderers' Bitter Attack on the Toronto Team Stopped by Spectators.

All during the season the Wanderers of New York have played rough hockey, but they capped the climax last night in the match against the Toronto University seven at St. Nicholas Rink. The Canadian team won the game by the score of 6 to 2, but only after encountering some of the most flagrant violations of the rules that have ever been seen at the local rink. The first half of the struggle was rough, but in the second half the Wanderers brought about a fight on the ice, and several spectators rushed in to separate the contending sides. The fault lay primarily with the Wanderers. All through the contest S. Cleghorn had been using his stick in foul tactics, repeatedly striking at his opponents. Finally, after he had slashed at and hit Frith on the head, the latter resented the blow and struck back. In a moment the Wanderers were slugging with all their might, S. Cleghorn taking the initiative, with Smeaton a close second. The players of both sides were on the spot in an instant, and a serious conflict was threatened, but after about a minute of fighting the men were separated. Frith and S. Cleghorn were then ruled off the ice for the rest of the game, and Smeaton came to the side lines for a three-minute penalty for his part in the encounter.

After the penalties were inflicted the Wanderers were on the point of leaving the ice, and the Toronto coach had told his charges to go to the dressing room as a result, but it was finally decided to resume the game.

There was a big gathering of spectators in the rink to witness the match, and from shortly after the start sympathy favored the Canadians, the Wanderers being hissed repeatedly for their rough play. When the fight was over the onlookers were even more outspoken in their expression of displeasure at the play of the New York seven.

As for hockey, the Wanderers never had a chance, and it was undoubtedly this feature which made them resort to the foul play to attempt to win. The visiting aggregation was composed of brilliant players, and there was an element of team play which simply bewildered the home seven. During the first half the Wanderers were able to hold the score to a tie at one goal each, and even took the lead at the beginning of the second period on a goal by Harmon. After that, however, the struggle was hopeless for the New Yorkers. McSloy, Evans, and Armstrong formed a trio that was almost irresistible, and with Hanley skating in fine form at right wing the Canadians proceeded to roll up point after point until the total reached six.

The line-up:

Toronto.	Position.	Wanderers.
Richardson	Goal	Woods
Gallie	Point	Smeaton
Frith	Cover point	Dufresne
Evans	Rover	Harmon
Armstrong	Centre	S. Cleghorn
McSloy	Left wing	Bulger
Hanley	Right wing	O. Cleghorn

Goals.—First Half—First for Toronto by Evans in 2:55; second for the Wanderers by Smeaton in 16:43. Second Half—First for the Wanderers by Harmon in 4:58; second for Toronto by Hanley in 5:55; third for Toronto by McSloy in 12:28; fourth for Toronto by McSloy in 14:55; fifth for Toronto by Armstrong in 20:15; sixth for Toronto by Armstrong in 23:55. Penalties—O. Cleghorn, 1 minute; Dufresne, 1 minute; C. Cleghorn, 1 minute; Smeaton, 2 minutes; Bulger, 2 minutes; Evans, 2 minutes; S. Cleghorn, 1 minute; Evans, 1 minute; S. Cleghorn, 2 minutes; O. Cleghorn, 2 minutes; Evans, 1 minute; Gallie, 2 minutes; Frith, ruled out of game; S. Cleghorn, ruled out of game; Smeaton, 3 minutes. Referee—Mr. Billy Russell, Hockey Club. Assistant referee—Mr. J. S. Kennedy, Crescent A. C. Timekeepers—Messrs. C. G. Toms, Toronto, and W. J. Croker, Wanderers. Goal umpires—Messrs. T. Britton, Hockey Club, and P. Jackson, Crescent A. C. Time of halves—Twenty and twenty-five minutes.

New York A. C. Plays Hockey Club.

The New York Athletic Club hockey team will line up to-night against the Hockey Club of New York at St. Nicholas Rink in the Amateur Hockey League championships. The "winged foot" seven will place its strongest combination on the ice in order not to suffer a surprise the same as that which the Crescent A. C. gave them last week, when the Brooklyn team won.

Coach Lush in Charge at Yale.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 28.—Yale's general indoor practice began to-day, when Coach Billy Lush arrived and took charge of the squad. The battery candidates have been drilled two weeks by Frank McPartlin, a former Eastern League pitcher, and Capt. Steve Philbin. To-day the squad was split into three parts, each of which will work two afternoons a week for the present under the direction of Lush, McPartlin, and Philbin. The cage is in poor condition, and most of the work at present will be done on the gymnasium floor. About fifty candidates are registered for the 'Varsity, and ninety for the freshman squad.

Class A Pool Tourney Starts.

The Class A pool tournament at Doyle's Billiard Academy, Broadway and Forty-second Street, began last night with twelve entries. In the opening game Edward Gillmore defeated Joseph Stone by a score of 75 to 66. The men played on even terms during the first half of the match, when Gillmore, with a run of 20, secured a big lead and finished nine points ahead of his opponent. Frank Reynolds and Charles Emerson will play to-night.

Chicago Football Schedule.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Coach Stagg of the University of Chicago to-night announced his gridiron schedule for next Fall as follows: Oct. 8, Indiana at Marshall Field; 15, Illinois at Urbana; 22, Northwestern at Marshall Field; 27, Minnesota at Marshall Field; Nov. 5, Purdue at Marshall Field; 12, Cornell at Marshall Field; 19, Wisconsin at Madison.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

The second of a series of races at Madison Square Garden will be a twenty-mile event to be run on Monday night, March 14. A five-mile handicap will be run as a preliminary, and a match race may be arranged with prominent professionals.

The pathfinders for the 1910 Glidden auto tour are encountering mud and rain in Tennessee. The car reached Louisville Sunday night after being stalled several times in bad roads.

National and Central Amateur Athletic Union swimming championships will be decided in Chicago on March 23 and 24.

A large crowd of friends welcomed Battling Nelson to Chicago on his return from San Francisco. His father was there, too.

Phil Cross and Harry Phillips are both in excellent condition for their ten-round bout at the Avon Athletic Club, 1,219 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, to-night. Both boys have trained faithfully, and each is confident of outpointing his opponent.

SCANDAL IN ATHLETICS.

Boys of Four Schools Involved—May Lose Trophies.

An athletic scandal has been unearthed in the Public Schools Athletic League, and when the investigation now going on is completed, it is believed that it will become known that many students who were ineligible to compete, were point winners in several of the school meets this season. Some of the trophies which were to have been awarded have been held up pending the investigation, and if it is proved that ineligible athletes took part in the games for the schools which are entitled to the trophies, they will be withdrawn and given to the school which did not violate the rules.

In the school meet held last December four teams were tied for first place in number of points won. They were: Bronx, 10 and 32; Manhattan, 24, and Brooklyn, 9. The Wingate Trophy, presented by Rodman Wanamaker, was to have been awarded to the winning school, and one of these four teams was entitled to it. However, the athletes under investigation include members of these teams, and the trophy will not be awarded until the eligibility of some of the athletes on these teams has been definitely determined by the investigating committee of which Dr. C. Ward Crampton is a member.

Under the rules governing public school athletics a student competing must have a rating of B or better in his school work. Through the carelessness of some of the school Principals or through the zeal of those in charge, for the schools to get athletic prominence, the eligibility rules were entirely disregarded in the case of some of the athletes, and they were allowed to compete in games, although some of the teachers and students knew at the time that they were below the standard of scholarship. The facts of the case were brought to the attention of the Games Committee of the Board of Education more than a month ago, and James E. Sullivan said last night that the investigation was still going on, and that there was no doubt that some of the athletes of some of the schools had violated the eligibility rules of the league. Mr. Sullivan stated that the performances of any of these athletes which figured in the point winning would be thrown out and that athletes who had won individual prizes when they were not eligible to compete would probably have to give them up.

3,000 WELCOME WESTON.

Pedestrian Honored by Citizens as He Enters Albuquerque.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 28.—Three thousand persons welcomed Edward Payson Weston on his arrival to-day in his walk from the Pacific Coast to New York. He had walked 28½ miles from Sandia in six hours.

Weston left Albuquerque at 1 o'clock this afternoon, and intended to reach Domingo at midnight, a walk of sixty miles for the day. Last week he averaged sixty miles a day. He is now four days ahead of his schedule.

Intercollegiate Chess Match.

Oxford and Cambridge at last have been heard from with regard to the annual intercollegiate chess match by cable with the American colleges, and though no official challenge is forthcoming an intimation that the English universities were prepared to play came to the American committee through James Mortimer of London, who will be the American umpire in the Anglo-American match the latter part of next week. The chess players at Oxford and Cambridge had had some difficulty in financing the match and overstepped the time limit for challenging laid down in the deed of gift of the Rice trophy, which was recovered from them last year. This was waived at a meeting of the Columbia, Harvard, Yale, and Princeton Alumni Committee held in this city yesterday, and word was sent to Mr. Mortimer by Chairman A. Steadman Jameson that the match would be arranged immediately upon receipt of the usual joint challenge from abroad. In addition Mr. Jameson was authorized to suggest Saturday, April 2, as the date for playing the games, which, as heretofore, will be six in number.

The "Sharkey's" Boxing Bill.

At the entertainment of the Sharkey Athletic Club to-morrow night, the "Nixon Kid," who holds the title of welterweight champion, will box Jack Fitzgerald, a Philadelphia middleweight, ten rounds. The "Dixie Kid" has never been beaten, except by Sam Langford. In his last bout around here he knocked out Jack Farrell. Fitzgerald will be matched with Ketchel if he wins to-morrow night.

Dave Ryan and Jimmy Dolan have been rematched and will go on again in the semi-final.

Abbaticchio Signs with Pirates.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 28.—Twenty-four players have now signed with the Pittsburg National League team, the latest contract to be received being that of Edward J. Abbaticchio, the utility infielder.

NOTES OF THE TURF.

For the coming season of racing at Saratoga some important additions have been made to the stake list. The most notable is the Rensselaer Handicap for two-year-olds. This race has a guaranteed value of $10,000. Another new two-year-old fixture is the Hurricana for two-year-olds, with $5,000 added money. Another important addition to the programme is the giving away of $2,500 in the Saratoga Special, in addition to a gold cup of $2,500 value. This has all along been the sporting stake, where a cup was the only prize hung up by the club.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association, held yesterday, Alan Pinkerton's protest of the disqualification of his horse Macedonia, in the running of the Middlesex Cup at the United Hunts meeting, was sustained. It was a matter that has been before the Steeplechase authorities ever since last Fall, and the ruling reverses the action of the Stewards of the United Hunts.

For the coming meeting of the Maryland Jockey Club at Pimlico permission was granted to conduct steeplechasing, and the appointment of Frank K. Howard and P. T. Roche as patrol judges was confirmed. Charles K. Harrison was appointed steward to represent the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association.

The following gentlemen were granted riding certificates: David Dows, Wentworth C. Bacon, August Belmont, Jr., W. G. Holloway, J. Murryman Black, Rufus C. Finch, Antele Devereux, A. P. Devereux, Harry W. Smith, and Richard Mortimer, Jr. Trainers' licenses were granted W. G. Wilson, Ed Peters, Adolph Wheeler, J. W. Pangle, Silas Veitch, G. R. Tompkins, and Henry Johnson. The jockey licenses granted were to W. Allen, S. J. Doggett, and John Kermath.

Applications are still coming in for the amateur meetings, and yesterday Secretary Bryan of the Hunts Committee received requests for six more days of racing at four different points. They come from Richmond, Va., Philadelphia, and Long Island.

The most recent hunt to receive official recognition is the Remik Hunt of Remik, Va. Willis Sharpe Kilmer is master of the hounds of the Remik Hunt, and it is expected that during the season some amateur sport will be conducted by the club.

A race meeting will be conducted by the Jamestown Jockey Club from April 1 until April 14. These are the dates finally decided upon by the promoters of the short season, and though there has not yet been any official sanction by The Jockey Club, it is known that the dates will be granted. The officials selected are: Ed Cole, presiding judge; Fred Gerhardy, associate judge; Mars Cassidy, starter; J. Hosford Smith, clerk of the scales, and Ernest Hall, paddock and patrol judge.

WOMEN GOLFERS RATED BY HANDICAPS

Mrs. C. T. Stout Ranks Highest in the Metropolitan Association.

The first official handicap list ever compiled by the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association has made its appearance. It contains the names of more than a hundred players, with the ratings ranging all the way from plus 1 to 25. Mrs. C. T. Stout of the Richmond County Country Club, a former National and metropolitan title holder, is at plus 1, while Miss Julia R. Mix of Englewood, present champion of the association, and Miss Georgianna M. Bishop of Brooklyn are at scratch.

The increasing tendency on the part of the association to conduct one-day tournaments has made a handicap list imperative, and there is little doubt that it will be of much benefit. Because of lack of familiarity with the play of some of the golfers the committee has found it difficult to arrange this initial list, consequently, when occasion demands, the table will be revised from time to time. Following are the players and their handicaps:

Plus 1—Mrs. C. T. Stout, Richmond C. C. C.

Scratch—Miss Georgianna Bishop, Brooklawn C. C.; Miss Julia R. Mix, Englewood G. C.

Handicap 2—Mrs. T. H. Polhemus, Richmond C. C. C.; Mrs. August Heckscher, Ardsley Club.

Handicap 3—Mrs. E. A. Manice, Baltusrol G. C.; Miss Elizabeth Hurry, Englewood G. C.

Handicap 4—Mrs. N. P. Rogers, Plainfield C. C.; Mrs. S. F. Lefferts, Englewood G. C.; Mrs. M. D. Paterson, Baltusrol G. C.; Miss Marie Bryce, Morris C. G. C.; Mrs. E. F. Sanford, Essex C. C. C; Mrs. L. W. Callan, Englewood G. C.

Handicap 5—Mrs. W. Fellowes Morgan, Baltusrol G. C.; Miss Maude K. Wetmore, Baltusrol G. C.; Mrs. Eugene Hale, Plainfield C. C.; Miss Ruth Milne, Powelton G. C.

Handicap 6—Mrs. William Shippen, Morris C. G. C.; Mrs. W. D. Vanderpool, Morris C. G. C.; Mrs. S. C. Neidlinger, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. E. G. Burgess, Jr., Wee Burn G. C.; Mrs. H. B. Fowler, Baltusrol G. C.

Handicap 7—Mrs. J. B. Kinney, Richmond C. C. C.; Mrs. W. J. Faith, Scarsdale G. C.; Miss Helen Rosencranz, Ridgewood G. C.; Mrs. J. Frayne, Dunwoodie C. C.; Miss Bastine, Ridgewood G. C.

Handicap 8—Mrs. C. L. Tiffany, Nassau C. C.; Mrs. F. E. Donohoe, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. H. F. Whitney, Nassau C. C.; Miss Marie Harrison, Englewood G. C.; Mrs. S. O. Pickman, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. A. K. Robinson, Richmond C. C. C.; Mrs. H. B. Clark, Apawamis Club; Mrs. C. W. Reendigs, Englewood G. C.

Handicap 9—Mrs. W. A. Bremner, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. Florian Krag, Englewood G. C.

Handicap 10—Miss Page Schwarzwalder, Baltusrol, G. C.; Miss Irving, Richmond County C. C.; Mrs. A. D. Aldrich, Dyker Meadow G. C.; Mrs. F. A. Potts, Lakewood C. C.; Mrs. Lorenzo Daniels, Richmond County C. C.; Mrs. J. A. Moore, Scarsdale G. C.; Mrs. Percy Ingalls, Essex County C. C.; Mrs. D. G. Geddes, Nassau C. C.; Mrs. H. B. Salmon, Forest Hills F. C.; Miss Ethel Check, Englewood G. C.; Mrs. William Beard, Nassau C. C.

Handicap 12—Mrs. Frank Enos, Englewood G. C.; Mrs. C. W. Park, Apawamis Club; Mrs. W. Bowles, Apawamis Club; Mrs. R. O. Smith, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. J. Stockton, Plainfield C. C.; Mrs. E. Elsberg, Plainfield C. C.; Mrs. C. A. Woodruff, Forest Hills F. C.; Mrs. W. Coughtry, Forest Hills F. C.; Mrs. S. C. Cunningham, Englewood G. C.; Miss Graham, North Jersey C. C.; Miss Bertha Graham, North Jersey C. C.; Mrs. H. Smith, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. A. Stokes, Ridgewood G. C.

Handicap 15—Mrs. J. L. Griggs, North Jersey C. C.; Miss Roberts, Plainfield C. C.; Mrs. James Barclay, Hackensack G. C.; Miss E. Gould, Siwanoy C. C.; Mrs. C. F. Uebelacker, Hackensack G. C.; Mrs. W. D. Moffatt, Hackensack G. C.; Mrs. A. W. Opp, Plainfield C. C.; Miss D. Brown, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. B. N. Mitchell, Yountakah C. C.; Mrs. R. B. Neff, Montclair G. C.; Miss F. Cooper, Dunwoodie C. C.; Mrs. Ralph Lane, Richmond County C. C.; Miss Maud Van Boskerck, Plainfield C. C.

Handicap 18—Mrs. A. Irving, Scarsdale G. C.; Mrs. J. A. Philbrick, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. J. Hamilton, Dunwoodie C. C.; Mrs. W. J. Terhune, Hackensack G. C.; Mrs. S. Obrig, Ridgewood G. C.; Miss M. Robert, Plainfield C. C.; Mrs. T. Neilson, Hackensack G. C.; Mrs. W. Bird, Dunwoodie C. C.; Mrs. W. A. Holman, Hackensack G. C.; Mrs. E. Young, Wykagyl C. C.

Handicap 20—Mrs. F. P. Duryea, Englewood G. C.; Miss C. Griggs, North Jersey C. C.; Mrs. Walter Shoup, Englewood G. C.; Mrs. A. Thomas, Hackensack G. C.; Mrs. S. Prosser, Englewood G. C.; Mrs. H. Gardner, Hackensack G. C.; Miss Palmer, Hackensack G. C.; Miss Lockett, Richmond County C. C.; Mrs. H. L. Patterson, Baltusrol G. C.; Mrs. E. Bloodgood, Montclair G. C.; Mrs. William Benson, Yountakah C. C.

Handicap 25—Mrs. H. Rodrigo, Ridgewood G. C.; Mrs. W. W. Ely, Scarsdale G. C.; Mrs. A. Moriarty, Englewood G. C.; Mrs. W. V. Hester, Nassau C. C.; Mrs. E. Bridgman, Dunwoodie C. C.; Mrs. Francis Bacon, Baltusrol G. C.; Mrs. A. Hart, Dunwoodie C. C.; Miss Julia Bredt, Essex County C. C.; Mrs. J. Galea, Siwanoy C. C.; Mrs. R. N. Dyer, Essex County C. C.; Mrs. A. Sutea, Siwanoy C. C.; Mrs. Frank Starbuck, Englewood G. C.

H. V. Keep, President of the New Jersey State Golf Association, stated last night that the Executive Committee had decided to accept the offer of the Essex County Country Club and hold the next championship tournament there.

Columbia on Track and Field.

The schedule of the Columbia track team was announced yesterday. There are but three dual meets on the card for this Spring, these being with Annapolis, Princeton, and Pratt Institute. The interscholastic meet, which had to be given up last year on account of the remodeling of South Field, has been replaced on the programme for this year and will be held on April 23. As yet the date for the interclass championships has not been decided upon, but it is probable that May 12 will be the day set. The freshman schedule shows two dual meets. The schedule follows:

Indoor.—March 15, mile relay race with Yale at Washington; 12, Columbia relay carnival; 15, Relay race with Yale and Dartmouth at the New York Athletic Club games.

Outdoor.—April 22, dual meet with Pratt Institute at South Field; 23, Interscholastic meet at South Field; 30, Intercollegiate relay races at Philadelphia; May 7, Dual meet with Annapolis at Annapolis; 21, Dual meet with Princeton at Princeton; 27, Intercollegiates at Philadelphia.

Freshman Schedule.—April 23—1913 vs. De Witt Clinton High School at South Field; May 14—1913 vs. Newark High School at Newark.

Ahearne Joins New York A. C.

Tim Ahearne, the Irish broad jumper, has deserted the Irish-American Athletic Club and has joined the New York Athletic Club. Ahearne has been a member of the Irish-American Club since he came to this country last June, his brother, Dan Ahearne, who holds the world's record in the hop, step, and jump, being a member of that organization. Since Matt Halpin became Captain of the N. Y. A. C. there has been much talk about many of the I.-A. A. C. athletes going over to the Winged Foot organization, and Ahearne's change, it is said, is likely to be followed by other athletes. Tim Ahearne holds several jumping records in Ireland, and those who have watched his work predict that he will develop into a record-smasher during the coming Summer.

Fencing Tourney in a Hotel.

A fencing tournament under the most unusual conditions will be held on March 26 in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Astor. There will be entries from West Point, Annapolis, Harvard, Yale, Columbia, Cornell, Princeton, Pennsylvania, and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Preliminary bouts will be held on March 21.

NATIONAL GOLF TOURNEYS.

Philadelphia, Brookline, and Flossmore, Ill., Awarded Fixtures.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the United States Golf Association held in this city yesterday, dates for the three National championships were assigned as follows: The open at the Philadelphia Cricket Club, June 17 and 18; the amateur at the Country Club of Brookline, Mass., Sept. 12 to 17, and the women's at the Homewood Country Club of Flossmore, Ill., Oct. 10 to 15.

Those in attendance at this executive session, which was held at the office of the Secretary, Robert C. Watson, were Herbert Jaques of Brookline, President of the association; W. Fellowes Morgan, the Treasurer; Watson and Arden M. Robbins. The other members were represented by proxies.

The Louisville Golf Club resigned as an active member, while the Wilmington Country Club and the Hollywood Golf Club were transferred from allied to active membership. The following four new organizations were elected to allied membership: Belmont Springs County Club, Newcastle Country Club, Newton Golf Club, and Thornbury Country Club.

An enthusiast in Sydney, Australia, writes Secretary Watson that he contemplates bringing a team of six amateur golfers and four lawn tennis players to this country next year. His idea is to start in the Spring in Southern California and close at Boston or Newport in August. Included in the tennis team would be Brooks and Wilding.

WORK ON SPORTSMEN'S SHOW.

Interior of Madison Square Garden Being Transformed for Big Exhibition.

An army of carpenters and decorators are busy preparing Madison Square Garden for the sixteenth annual Sportsmen's Show, which opens at noon to-morrow. All the motor boats and accessories were removed yesterday morning, and the work of transforming the Garden into a sportsmen's paradise at once began. Over 500 trees from Maine will be used in decorating the interior of the building, while the predominating color throughout will be green.

The show will be on a more extensive scale than ever before attempted. The exhibits of the Canadian Government and the provinces will be in position to-day. These displays will be in charge of Government representatives and a body of guides, while all the railroads which connect with the Canadian hunting and shooting districts will be represented.

The collection of live crane arrived from Europe Saturday and will be caged some time to-day, together with the African game birds and bleeding heart pigeons. These will form one of the most interesting features of the show, as many of the birds have never before been seen in this country. The basket-ball cage and ranges for the Public Schools Athletic League rifle shooting championships will also be in position for to-morrow's opening.

AUTO FOR BEST BATSMAN.

Chalmers Car to be Awarded to Champion in Major Leagues.

The best batsman in the two major leagues this year will be presented with an automobile. The Chalmers-Detroit Automobile Company has offered one of their best cars to the major leaguer who has the highest batting average for the season. Last season Ty Cobb of Detroit was the premier batsman of both leagues, with Hans Wagner of Pittsburg second. Both players are automobile enthusiasts and will make a strong bid for the new prize. If they keep up their gait it seems likely that one of these two players will get the machine

Rival Promoters Claim Big Race.

Daytona and Los Angeles are disputing over the respective possibilities of pulling off the Benz-Fiat match at their respective meets. F. E. Moscovics, the promoter of the new board track in California, insists that the Fiat stands ready to compete for a $5,000 prize, and that De Palma will positively not meet Oldfield on the Florida beach course this month. Manager Fitzgerald of the Florida East Coast Automobile Association says the race will surely be held in Florida.

Budlong Accepts Presidency.

Milton J. Budlong will head the newly organized Licensed Auto Dealers' Association. At a special meeting of the Board of Directors he was elected the first President of the organization. George W. Bennett was made Vice President and C. P. Skinner, Secretary and Treasurer.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The following is the forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday for the cotton and grain States as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North and South Carolina and Georgia—Thunder showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; light southerly winds.

Florida—Partly cloudy, showers in northern portion Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; light, variable winds.

Alabama—Partly cloudy Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; light, variable winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Partly cloudy; warmer in northern portions Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; light southerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Partly cloudy Tuesday; cooler in northwest portion. Wednesday, fair; light southerly winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; cooler in northern portion Tuesday.

Utah—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Oklahoma—Partly cloudy Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

Arkansas and Missouri—Showers and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, partly cloudy.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Partly cloudy, probably followed by showers Tuesday; warmer in western portions. Wednesday, fair.

Ohio—Unsettled and probably showers by Tuesday night and Wednesday; moderate temperature; light, variable winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Unsettled; probably showers Tuesday; warmer. Wednesday, partly cloudy.

Michigan—Partly cloudy and warmer Tuesday; probably rain or snow by night. Wednesday, unsettled; light to moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and probably rain or snow Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; moderate southerly, shifting to westerly, winds.

Minnesota and Iowa—Partly cloudy and cooler Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

North Dakota—Fair Tuesday; colder in southeast and warmer in northwest portion. Wednesday, fair and warmer.

South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Partly cloudy and cooler Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

$14,269,597 INCREASE FOR PENNSYLVANIA

Of Which the System's Lines East of Pittsburg Are Credited with $6,951,427.

TERMINAL HERE SOON READY

Trains Through the Hudson-East River Tubes Before the Close of Summer.

The Pennsylvania Railroad, in its report for 1909 made public yesterday, shows gross earnings on its lines east of Pittsburg of $153,564,527, an increase of $17,267,656; net earnings of $41,661,367, an increase of $6,765,489, and net income, after the payment of fixed charges, of $35,159,087, an increase of $6,951,427. The Pennsylvania's income from its holdings of stocks and bonds amounted for the year to $13,214,757. The securities on which this income was received cost the company $207,343,957, and the average income on the investment was 4.89 per cent.

These stock holdings were increased during the year by the purchase of a large block of Norfolk & Western stock, including that repurchased from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., last Spring. The road's holdings of Norfolk & Western now amount to $23,000,800 common and $5,500,000 preferred. The report a year ago showed $8,246,000 common and $8,246,000 preferred held by the Pennsylvania.

Out of its net income for the year the Pennsylvania distributed $19,173,742 in dividends at the rate of 6 per cent. on its stock, allotted $3,597,710 to the payment of the principal of car trusts, spent $5,581,809 for improvements, and applied $4,000,000 toward the cost of the New York tunnel and terminals. The sum of $2,000,000 was transferred to extraordinary expenditure fund and $450,399 to the credit of the profit and loss account.

The total cost of the New York terminal extension now stands at $102,495,530, but this improvement is carried in the road's balance sheet at only $57,459,530, the sum of $35,000,000 having been charged against the Pennsylvania surplus income and $10,000,000 against the profit and loss account of the Pennsylvania Company.

The New York terminal extension, the report says, will be opened for operation before the close of Summer. With these new facilities and the construction of the Pennsylvania-Hudson tunnels joint line from Newark to New York City completed, the Pennsylvania Railroad, the report says, feels that it will have met every reasonable requirement of the passenger service in and out of New York City, and that it will then be free to use part of the present tracks, terminals, and ferry facilities for freight traffic.

The consolidated statements of all the Pennsylvania lines, including the railroad's lines east and the Pennsylvania company's lines west of Pittsburg, show gross earnings during 1909 of $315,406,804, an increase of $38,628,489; net revenue of $86,263,212, an increase of $14,870,985; income from other sources than operation of $30,500,494, an increase of $1,888,642, and total gross income of $113,520,505, an increase of $14,269,597.

The Pennsylvania's capital stock was increased during the year by $86,460,600, including $70,975,300 new stock subscribed at par by the stockholders and stock issued in exchange for convertible bonds. Of these there were over $22,500,000 retired during the year. The Pennsylvania also bought during the year over $24,000,000 of its notes and bonds, which mature in 1910 to the amount of about $80,000,000. The road's balance sheet as of Dec. 31 shows that on that date it had $107,725,636 cash, an increase of over $51,000,000 compared with its cash holdings a year earlier.

The year's expenditures for construction, equipment, payment of car trusts, &c., were $14,298,012, of which $9,179,519 was charged against the income of the year, and $5,118,492 to capital account. It will be necessary this year, the report says, to resume the work on the relief lines in pursuance of the policy outlined in previous annual reports. The first work to be undertaken will be the construction of new facilities between Waverly and Perth Amboy Junction, N. J., including the elevation of the tracks through Rahway, N. J., and the construction of two additional running tracks.

In renewing its contract with the Pullman Company the Pennsylvania Railroad, the report says, obtained the option of acquiring a one-half ownership in the Pullman equipment operated on the Pennsylvania lines.

TO CENTRAL IRON CO.'S AID.

Central Trust Co. Takes Over Notes Given by Central Foundry Company.

To keep the Central Iron and Coal Company of Alabama from any embarrassment on account of the receivership for the Central Foundry Company of 37 Wall Street, which owns all the capital stock of $1,000,000 of the iron company, a plan has been submitted whereby the Central Trust Company, as syndicate manager, will discount notes of the Central Iron and Coal Company to the amount of $217,341 to meet a liability of the iron company for the same amount on notes in the hands of the public, and in addition to provide for $35,000 working capital for the iron company. Waddill Catchings, receiver of the foundry company, has been authorized to accept the offer. This, it is asserted, will avert the present peril of the iron company and enable it to continue as a going concern.

It is asserted that the iron company is solvent and has been operated at a profit. Beside these notes of $217,341 the company owes the Central Trust Company $200,000 on a note which is secured by collateral, and owes F. B. Smithers & Co. $31,858. The Central Foundry Company, which bought pig iron from the iron company, paid for it in notes which the iron company had discounted, and the failure of the foundry company made it necessary for the iron company to provide for the payment of the notes.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—The local market opened quiet and with trading generally confined to the specialties. Lake Copper was the feature, and during the first hour sold down to 70½. Buying orders appeared at this level, however, and the price rallied to 75¾. North Butte was also in good demand and sold up to 37¾. The cut to 50 cents in the dividend rate had no adverse effect on the stock, and the closing price was within one-eighth of the highest point of the day.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	103	103	103
13,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	91¼	91⅛	91½
2,000	A. T. & S. F. adj. 4s	94¼	94	94
1,000	Cent. Vt. 1st 4s	86	86	86
1,000	C. B. & Q. 4s, den. ex	99	99	99
39,000	C. B. & Q. joint 4s	96½	96⅛	96¼
1,000	C. B. & Q. it. 4s, reg.	96¼	96¼	96¼
4,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	116	115¾	116
1,000	K. C., M. & B. 4s	93½	93½	93½
4,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98½	98½	98⅜
1,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	104	104	104
1,000	N. Y., C. & S. R. 3½s	88	88	88
2,000	Shannon 6s	104	104	104
	RAILROADS.			
10	Atchison	115¾	115¾	115¾
42	Boston Elevated	130½	130	130
56	Boston & Lowell	226	226	226
65	Boston & Maine	148	147	147
9	Fitchburg pf	131	131	131
135	Mass. Electric	18	17¾	18
305	N. Y., N. H. & H.	160	159½	160
613	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. rcts. 25% paid	149¼	149	149
62	Old Colony	193	193	193
20	Rutland pf	30	30	30
10	Union Pacific	187¾	187¾	187¾
15	West End	94½	94½	94½
17	West End pf	105	104	105
	TELEPHONES.			
1,208	American	141½	140¼	141¼
350	Cumberland	150¾	150¼	150¾
22	Mexican	4	4	4
11	Mexican pf	6	6	6
6	New England	136	136	136
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
265	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	103	103	103
3	Am. Pneu. Service	7	7	7
225	Am. Pneu. Service pf	21½	21	21½
480	Am. Sugar Ref	125¼	123¾	125¼
22	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	124	124	124
100	American Woolen	37¼	37¼	37¼
109	Amer. Woolen pf	102¾	102¼	102¾
30	Eastern S. S	78	78	78
9	Edison	248	247½	247½
105	Edison sub., $1.15 pd	145	144	144
20	Georgia Ry. & Elec	106¼	106¼	106¼
50	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf	88	88	88
98	General Electric	155	154	154¼
400	Mass. Gas	80½	80	80½
45	Mass Gas pf	95	95	95
110	N. E. Cotton Yarn	121	120	121
67	Pullman	195½	195	195½
114	Swift & Co	106	105	106
14	Torrington	32	32	32
559	United Shoe	67¾	67¼	67¾
62	United Shoe pf	29½	29¼	29½
1,177	U. S. Steel	81½	80¼	81½
80	U. S. Steel pf	120	119¾	120
	MINING.			
59	Adventure	8	7½	8
1,335	Amalgamated	77	75¾	77
300	Allouez	57¾	56	57¾
40	American Zinc	30	30	30
20	Arcadian	7	7	7
1,780	Arizona Commercial	40¼	39¼	39½
100	Atlantic	9	9	9
450	Batopilas	3	2¾	3
100	Boston Corbin	18	18	18
124	Butte Coalition	25	24½	24¾
410	Calumet & Arizona	74	71	73
2	Calumet & Hecla	622	622	622
15	Centennial	26	25½	25¾
230	Copper Range	76½	75¾	76½
25	East Butte	10	10	10
270	Elm River	1½	1½	1½
220	Franklin	19½	19¼	19½
1,740	Giroux	10	9¾	9¾
25	Granby	89½	89½	89½
4,370	Greene Cananea	10⅝	10½	10⅝
5	Hancock	26½	26½	26½
345	Helvetia	4	4	4
960	Indiana	24¼	23½	24¼
225	Isle Royale	23¾	23	23¾
1,550	Kerr Lake	9¾	9½	9¾
25	Keweenaw	5¾	5¾	5¾
25,075	Lake	75¾	70½	75¼
680	La Salle	17½	16½	17½
110	Mass	7	6½	6½
110	Mass	4¾	4½	4¾
175	Miami	23¾	23½	23½
5	Michigan	6½	6½	6½
105	Mohawk	64½	63½	64
1,119	Nevada	22¾	22½	22¾
615	Nipissing	10½	10¼	10¼
3,934	North Butte	37¾	35½	37¾
1,598	North Lake	17½	16	17
1	Old Colony	1	1	1
20	Old Dominion	45	44	45
50	Osceola	150	149	149
50	Parrot	20	20	20
30	Quincy	86½	86½	86½
330	Ray Cons	21½	21¼	21½
259	Shannon	15½	14¾	15½
334	Utah Cons	32¾	32	32½
785	Superior	56¾	55	56½
1,332	Superior & Boston	12½	12	12½
245	Superior & Pittsburg	14	13¾	13¾
257	Trinity	9	8½	8½
100	U. S. Oil	38¾	38¾	38¾
875	U. S. Smelting	45½	44¾	45
170	U. S. Smelting pf	50½	50	50½
15	Utah Apex	4	4	4
40	Victoria	4½	4½	4½
245	Winona	9	8¾	8¾
45	Wolverine	141	141	141

Boston Bank Statements.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston compares as follows:

	Feb. 26, 1910.	Dec. for Week.	Feb. 27, 1909.
Loans	$194,381,000	*$72,000	$212,632,000
Circulation	7,016,000	25,000	8,199,000
Deposits	163,136,000	773,000	170,383,000
Due banks	71,274,000	2,053,000	81,911,000
U. S. deposits	3,029,000	*7,000	772,000
Res. agents	31,914,000	638,000	30,009,000
Exch. clearing	15,005,000	338,000	16,434,000
Due from bks	21,462,000	1,163,000	22,446,000
5 per cent. fd	363,500	......	438,500
Legal tender	4,589,000	*224,000	4,373,000
Specie	21,605,000	494,000	22,743,000
Surplus	2,683,286	171,857	1,165,857
Surp., N. Y.	8,403,286	539,857	4,058,857

*Increase.

FEBRUARY TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of February aggregated 15,994,602 shares, a decrease of 8,121,942 shares as compared with the previous month, but an increase of 3,650,847 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year. There were three days on which the dealings were in excess of a million shares, with 1,661,299 shares on the 2d, the largest total of the month. The minimum record was reached on the 23d, when the transactions amounted to only 383,557 shares, the smallest total since July 26 of last year. The maximum trading for the Saturday half-holiday was 443,439 shares on the 5th, and the minimum 261,325 shares, on the 26th. The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for February and since Jan. 1 this year, as compared with corresponding periods in each year back to 1889:

STOCKS. (SHARES.)

February.		Jan. 1 to Feb. 28.	
1910	15,994,602	1910	40,111,146
1909	12,343,755	1909	29,616,347
1908	9,917,723	1908	26,533,381
1907	16,483,152	1907	39,497,949
1906	21,687,579	1906	60,255,447
1905	25,364,440	1905	46,129,984
1904	8,571,484	1904	20,807,225
1903	10,927,401	1903	26,938,790
1902	12,950,690	1902	27,714,090
1901	21,881,389	1901	52,058,902
1900	10,207,910	1900	20,071,370
1899	15,984,886	1899	40,128,496
1898	8,978,567	1898	18,195,261
1897	2,817,506	1897	6,118,648
1896	5,194,421	1896	9,594,448
1895	3,025,629	1895	6,262,705
1894	3,171,496	1894	7,756,550
1893	10,817,742	1893	21,375,083
1892	11,432,001	1892	21,265,227
1891	3,228,411	1891	8,724,180
1890	5,200,965	1890	11,573,040
1889	5,893,574	1889	10,756,757

The sales of railroad bonds amounted to a par value of $60,310,000, of Government bonds to $1,106,000, of State bonds to $62,000, and of city bonds to $2,259,000, making a total in all classes of issues of $63,737,000, a decrease of $23,552,500, as compared with the previous month, and of $47,035,000 as compared with the corresponding month last year. Transactions amounting to $4,347,000 on the 5th were the largest of the month, and of $1,950,500 on the 28th the smallest. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum trading was $2,079,500 on the 5th, and the minimum $1,232,000 on the 26th.

The following table gives the bond dealings for February and from Jan. 1 of this year, as compared with previous years:

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

February.		Jan. 1 to Feb. 28.	
1910	$63,737,000	1910	$151,026,500
1909	110,772,000	1909	248,635,500
1908	56,327,200	1908	146,852,200
1907	31,941,500	1907	85,207,500
1906	59,854,500	1906	165,181,100
1905	112,922,050	1905	261,511,650
1904	35,994,200	1904	115,820,900
1903	65,627,700	1903	132,455,200
1902	81,192,500	1902	178,228,000
1901	103,651,300	1901	198,502,750
1900	44,718,400	1900	92,591,000
1899	91,513,720	1899	236,298,468
1898	96,295,210	1898	190,204,310
1897	41,165,520	1897	81,426,890
1896	47,080,050	1896	86,495,250
1895	18,474,300	1895	47,683,200
1894	24,168,600	1894	53,297,300
1893	48,506,200	1893	97,547,700
1892	77,080,150	1892	146,646,410
1891	27,602,700	1891	70,732,500
1890	32,847,100	1890	77,880,300
1889	47,299,600	1889	99,080,524

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 28.—Northern Central Railway advanced 6 points, to 132, a new high record price, and though the last sale was 1 point under the top price it was on a very small transaction. There were no developments to explain the rise, as no headway has been made as yet in the negotiations between the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Stockholders' Committee with a view to the valuation of the stock. To-day's advance, however, gave rise to a belief that the Pennsylvania will act liberally with the stockholders if the Northern Central is taken over by the parent company. Cotton Duck 5s showed fair improvement for a time, but later fell back to Saturday's price. Shares sold, 955. Bonds, $109,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	A. C. L. cons. 4s	96¾	96¾	96¾
12,000	A. C. L. conv deb. 4s	101	101	101
8,000	Ana. & Pot. 5s, gtd	105	105	105
1,000	Balt. & Har. Co. ext	105	105	105
5,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1928	96	96	96
4,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1936	96	96	96
10,000	Charleston Con. E. 5s	92	92	92
16,000	Cotton Duck 5s	72	70½	70½
10,000	Cons. Gas 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
7,000	Fair & C. Tract 5s	96	96	96
2,000	Georgia & Ala. 5s	104½	104½	104½
2,000	Ga., Car. & Nor. 5s	105½	105½	105½
1,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	43	43	43
1,000	Mil. Gas Light 4s	91½	91½	91½
4,000	Maryland Electric 5s	98½	98½	98½
1,000	Memphis St. Ry. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
3,000	Norf. Ry. & L. 5s	99½	99½	99½
1,000	Sparrows Point 4½s	94½	94½	94½
7,000	Seaboard 3-yr. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
4,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	83¾	83¾	83¾
4,000	United Rys. 4s	86¾	86¾	86¾
3,000	United Rys. inc	59¾	59¾	59¾
6,000	West Va. Cent. 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼
	STOCKS.			
10	Amer. Bonding	77	77	77
100	A. C. L. of Conn	250	250	250
50	Cons. Coal	109	109	109
100	Farmers & Merch	47	47	47
10	Ga. South. & Fla	30¾	30¾	30¾
10	German Fire	16	16	16
25	Internl. Trust	151½	151	151
225	Maryland Life Ins	30	30	30
420	Northern Central	132	127½	131
5	Western Bank	37	37	37

AUTOMOBILES. AUTOMOBILES.

Cadillac costs less for upkeep than any other automobile

Remarkable record submitted by 75 Cadillac "Thirty" owners in New York metropolitan district who have driven their cars 398,884 miles at a total cost for mechanical repairs of $53.21, averaging 71 cents per car.

Equivalent to 16 times around the world—398,884 miles— at a total repair cost of $53.21!

That is the amazing record revealed by statistics just compiled from the experiences of 75 Cadillac "Thirty" owners in New York City and vicinity.

It is doubtful if the entire history of travel and transporation—steam, electric or gasoline—can show a case of parallel economy.

There was in this instance no special striving to attain a minimum.

The 75 owners went their separate ways with their 75 Cadillac "Thirty" cars, each without reference to the other.

They took no special precautions, but drove where they pleased, when they pleased, how they pleased, without the slightest idea that their experience was to be made a matter of record.

At the close of 1909 statistics were collected and compiled from the signed statements of the 75 users.

It was found that the 75 cars had traveled a total distance of 398,884 miles, or a distance equivalent to 16 trips around the world.

Forty-six of the owners had no repair cost whatever—not a single penny—in spite of the fact that some of them had driven their cars as much as 18,000 miles.

The highest individual repair charge for the entire year was that of one user, whose car cost him—for special reasons which did not reflect upon the construction in any way—$10, the distance it carried being 9,000 miles.

Eleven of the others expended during the year from 25 cents to 50 cents. The average distance traveled was 5,318 miles per car, yet the average repair expense was less than 71 cents each.

The signed statement of these 75 users showed further that the average gasoline consumption for the touring car was one gallon for each 15 miles of travel and one quart of oil for each 175 miles of travel. The Demi-Tonneau car showed an average of 17½ miles for each gallon of gasoline and 200 miles for each quart of oil. Some users obtained 20 or more miles for each gallon of gasoline, but the figures first given are averages.

There is no disguising the fact that this record has proven a revelation even to automobile manufacturers themselves.

It proves beyond a doubt what the Cadillac company has always maintained, that the elements in motor car construction which are absolutely necessary to economy and immunity from repairs are, scientific design, standardization, accuracy of workmanship and correct alignment. Also that necessity for repairs is the result of poor design, inaccuracy of workmanship, ill-fitting and incorrectly aligned parts.

A year or more ago they proved before the Royal Automobile Club of London that three Cadillacs could be torn down; all the parts thrown in a pile; a portion of these parts discarded and new ones substituted, and the three cars built up again from the heap of parts to run with absolute sweetness and without so much as an iota of looseness.

For this the Cadillac was awarded the Dewar Trophy.

And now comes another demonstration which simipy emphasizes the fact that the convictions of the Cadillac company as to the essentials of a long-lived, serviceable and economical car are correct.

Cadillac measurements are finer in a greater proportion of essential parts than those of any other car in the world—finer than the costliest cars made.

"Ah!"

COOK'S

IMPERIAL

EXTRA DRY

CHAMPAGNE

Served Everywhere.

Paige-Detroit—$800

A low-priced, high-powered roadster that at once satisfies the power crank, the speed fiend and the endurance runner. Its 3-cylinder, 2-cycle engine delivers 25 H. P. with the same continuous driving power of the 4-cycle "sixes." You will have to pay double the price for a better two-passenger car. Try it.

Colt-Stratton Company

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Coach and Automobile Builders

invite attention to the

Largest and Choicest Selection of

MERCEDES

AUTOMOBILES

Ever Shown in this Country

Equipped with the Well Known Healey Coach Work

the completed Cars are

THE WORLD'S BEST PRODUCT

20, 30, 40 and 50 H. P. Cardan or shaft drive;

45, 55, 65 and 70 H. P. chain drive.

4 and 6 cylinders.

Broadway, 51st St. and 7th Avenue.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat and Provisions at Record Prices with Hogs Scarce—Corn Quiet—Cotton Active and Higher.

Wheat advanced to new high levels for the season on the active deliveries. The principal interest was in May, due to the reported sale at Chicago of about one-half of the contract stock there, 1,000,000 bushels of No. 1 Northern to be shipped out, supposed to be for milling. As the stock of contract wheat is only a little over 2,000,000 bushels and part had already been sold for shipment, the report brought on an active covering movement, as there seems to be very little ground for believing that stocks would be increased excepting at a further advance in price for cash wheat. There was a decrease of 311,000 bushels in the visible supply, although Western receipts increased nearly a million bushels last week, showing a very heavy and unexpected disappearance. Cables were quiet, showing a rather indifferent tone early, but later improved on reports of disappointing yields in the Argentine. Monday statistics showed the world's exports somewhat less than last week. There were a great many crop damage reports, but these reports received but little attention in view of the developments in the May. Cash wheat was firm locally, but normal. Quoted No. 2 red Winter, $1.31 elevator, domestic; No. 2 red spot, nominal, free on board, afloat, $1.31; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.30¼; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.30¼; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.19½.

Corn was fairly steady most of the day, showing a little advance with wheat, and there was limited interest, and buying was restricted. The visible supply showed an increase of 1,187,000 bushels, and the position of cash corn is a rather disappointing one on account of the slow demand, discount for the low grades, and the apprehension regarding the effect of the moisture in the corn this season. The soft weather West may, however, interfere with the movement, but caused apprehension as to the quality. Quoted No. 2 nominal; No. 3 nominal; No. 4, 65½c, and steamer, 68½c; all elevator export basis.

Oats were quiet and firmer, with other grain on rather moderate offerings. It is believed that the soft weather west will affect the movement, and there was only a small increase, 48,000 bushels, in the visible supply. Cash prices for natural white oats are 52½@55c, track; white clipped, 53½@55½c.

Provisions were excited and again very strong. Live hogs were in smaller supply than expected, and live hog prices were again advanced to record prices, while the influence of this on futures was to start an active buying movement which carried the market up rapidly, pork gaining about 50 cents a barrel and lard ¼ cent a pound. The close was very nervous at the advance.

Beginning to-day, the trading in lard on the Produce Exchange will be inaugurated. The first call will be at 11 o'clock, and the second at 1:45. Transactions will be in 100-tierce lots, with the unit of quotation points the same as in cotton seed oil and in cotton, and each point will be $3.75.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.24	$1.22¼	$1.23⅛	$1.22½
July	1.16⅜	1.15⅞	1.16½	1.15⅝
Corn—				
May	..	..	75	74¾
July	..	..	76⅝	76
September	..	..	76⅝	76¼
Oats—				
May	..	..	52¾	52¾

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—May wheat, $1.23⅜; puts, $1.23⅜@$1.23¼; calls, $1.24⅛.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
February	..	..	1.16⅝	1.15⅝
May	1.15⅞	1.14¾	1.15⅜	1.14½
July	1.08⅝	1.07	1.08⅝	1.07⅝
September	1.04⅝	1.03	1.04½	1.03⅜

2:30-2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.16⅞@$1.17; downs, $1.14⅞@$1.14⅝.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Corn—				
May	66½	65½	66½	65⅝
July	67½	67	67⅝	67⅛
September	68	67⅛	68	67⅝

May ups, 66⅝@66½; downs, 65⅝.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Oats—				
May	47⅛	46⅝	47⅛	47
July	44⅝	44	44⅝	44½
September	41⅛	40⅝	41⅛	41⅛
Lard—				
May	18.30	18.12½	18.20	18.07½
July	18.27½	18.12½	18.17½	18.07½
September	18.30	18.15	18.20	18.10
Ribs—				
May	12.95	12.80	12.87½	12.75
July	12.92½	12.77½	12.85	12.75
Pork—				
May	24.75	24.40	24.55	24.20
July	24.72½	24.45	24.55	24.20

COTTON.

The market was excited and irregular. It showed a decided strength for the near positions and advanced rapidly in the early trading. The advance appeared to be due to the developments regarding the recent tenders on March contracts and the apprehension that the cotton tendered will be shipped out of this market. It is generally understood that the bull party under the leadership of Mr. Patten took in nearly all the cotton tendered, or about 36,000 bales, and have already engaged about 25,000 bales of freight, are looking around for more, and will ship out the greater part of this cotton. It was also stated that there was $40,000,000 behind this combination, and if necessary it would take in all the spot cotton here, representing $7,000,000 worth, in addition to the cotton already taken out. Shorts were anxious buyers, and on the advance the market was up about 1c a pound from the low of last week. The buying was further increased by Southern reports of strong spot markets and of good bidding at higher prices and of fairly good business at the advance. It is also stated that quite a little business was put through for export for the Continent.

Nearly all the old bull contingent is now in New York, and it is understood that Mr. Patten will arrive here to-day, and it was further stated that he would sail on the Mauretania for Liverpool, in order to superintend the handling of the spot cotton abroad. The bull interests were talking very confidently and predicting an advance in price to higher levels than yet reached.

Spot cotton quiet, 30 points advance. Middling upland, 14.95; middling Gulf, 15.20.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday's Close.
February	..	..	..@ ..	14.45
March	14.70	14.45	14.63@14.64	14.43
April	14.47	14.47	14.61@14.63	14.40
May	14.82	14.53	14.73@14.74	14.47
June	..	..	14.48@14.51	14.20
July	14.50	14.30	14.45@14.46	14.17
August	13.90	13.80	13.83@13.85	13.67
September	13.00	12.90	12.97@13.00	12.82
October	12.59	12.44	12.55@12.56	12.42
November	12.29	12.29	12.40@12.42	12.28
December	12.45	12.28	12.41@12.43	12.30

The market closed steady at 11@28 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was quiet, with total sales aggregating 14,250 bags. Prices were steady, closing unchanged from the final of last week. Havre closed at ¼ franc advance, while Hamburg was ¼ pfennig higher, and Brazil was unchanged to 25 reis lower. The market on the whole was a very narrow one. The firm offers from Brazil were slightly above a parity with New York prices, and the absence of offerings is a bullish feature as well as prospects for a moderate supply of mild coffee. Cash coffee was steady; 8⅜c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday's Close.
March	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.90
April	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.00
May	7.05	7.05	7.05@7.10	7.05
June	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
July	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
August	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
September	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
October	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
November	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
December	7.10	7.10	7.10@7.15	7.10
January	7.10	7.10	7.10@7.15	7.10

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—			
3d week Feb...	$75,199	$67,409	$7,790
July 1-Feb. 21..	2,619,912	2,309,570	310,342
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—			
3d week Feb....	242,900	226,800	16,100
July 1-Feb. 21..	8,007,600	7,580,400	427,200
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
3d week Feb...	94,540	84,090	10,450
July 1-Feb. 21..	3,796,085	3,385,104	410,981
CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—			
3d week Feb...	163,800	147,677	16,123
July 1-Feb. 21..	5,696,457	4,983,967	712,490
DENVER, NORTHWESTERN & PACIFIC—			
3d week Feb...	13,968	4,955	9,013
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
3d week Feb...	21,114	23,316	*2,202
July 1-Feb. 21..	67,759	63,523	4,236
GRAND TRUNK—			
3d week Feb...	711,508	612,304	99,204
July 1-Feb. 21..	28,181,125	25,443,553	2,737,572
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
3d week Feb...	923,795	883,180	40,615
July 1-Feb. 21..	33,341,923	29,846,095	3,495,828
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—			
3d week Feb...	371,924	323,310	48,614
July 1-Feb. 21..	15,558,831	13,234,451	2,324,380
MOBILE & OHIO—			
3d week Feb...	191,853	195,444	*3,591
July 1-Feb. 21..	6,756,114	6,339,616	416,498
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
3d week Feb...	1,044,370	1,007,914	36,456
July 1-Feb. 21..	36,910,899	33,643,577	3,267,322
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
3d week Feb...	25,425	20,159	5,266
July 1-Feb. 21..	770,959	722,194	48,765
ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC for January—			
Gross	210,359	173,497	36,862
Expenses	172,021	161,354	10,667
Net	38,338	12,143	26,195
Other income	10,086	22,087	*12,001
Total income	48,424	34,230	14,194
7 mos. gross	1,510,877	......	......
Expenses	1,143,350	......	......
7 mos. net	367,526	......	......
Other income	66,460	......	......
Total income	433,986	......	......

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK for January—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	236,376	243,956	201,131
Expenses	157,173	164,495	176,708
Net	89,203	79,461	24,423
7 mos. gross	1,652,046	1,640,338	1,534,147
Expenses	1,011,196	1,090,970	1,232,926
7 mos. net	640,850	549,368	301,221
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG for January—			
Gross	655,925	501,785	467,182
Exp. and tax	442,820	381,214	361,343
Net	213,105	120,571	105,839
Other income	61,273	42,748	69,126
Total income	274,378	163,319	174,965
Gross, 7 mos	5,360,793	4,234,082	4,920,373
Exp. and tax	3,369,096	3,061,317	3,447,541
Net, 7 mos	1,991,697	1,172,765	1,472,832
Other income	227,343	177,392	347,790
Total income	2,219,041	1,350,157	1,820,622
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA for January—			
Mileage	1,916	1,916	......
Gross	979,835	914,556	877,107
Exp. and tax	751,081	695,327	714,213
Net	228,753	219,229	162,894
Gross, 7 mos	7,270,786	6,893,362	7,232,034
Exp. and tax	5,059,284	5,515,330	5,576,648
Net, 7 mos	2,211,502	1,378,032	1,655,386

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN system for January—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage oper	1,487	1,476	11
Total op. rev	879,372	816,921	62,451
Total op. exp	792,417	733,650	58,767
Oper. ratio	90.11	89.81	0.30
Net op. rev	86,955	83,271	3,684
Other income	2,607	2,418	189
Total income	89,562	85,689	3,873
Tax. and other chgs	207,466	280,698	*73,232
Deficit	117,904	195,009	*77,105
For five months to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev	4,926,439	4,818,605	107,834
Total op. exp	3,576,982	3,875,035	*298,053
Oper. ratio	72.61	80.42	7.81
Net op. rev	1,349,457	943,570	405,887
Other income	11,765	13,646	*1,881
Total income	1,361,222	957,216	404,006
Tax. and other chgs	1,044,635	1,450,706	*406,071
Net income	316,587	†493,490	810,077

*Decrease. †Deficit.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN for January—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	1,394,323	1,265,883	1,269,048
Exp. and tax	940,840	910,761	848,694
Net	453,483	354,902	420,354
Other income	6,931	22,626	21,631
Total income	460,414	377,528	441,985
Charges	220,881	219,655	203,543
Surplus	239,533	157,874	238,443
Gross, 7 mos	10,051,835	9,354,858	9,112,860
Exp. and tax	6,412,348	6,269,258	6,017,315
Net, 7 mos	3,639,487	3,085,100	3,095,545
Other income	157,051	216,606	79,086
Total income	3,796,538	3,301,706	3,174,631
Charges	1,543,193	1,576,552	1,418,399
Surp., 7 mos	2,253,345	1,725,154	1,756,231
DETROIT & MACKINAC for January—			
Gross	90,294	89,480	88,475
Exp. and tax	78,585	73,012	67,258
Net	11,709	16,468	21,217
Gross, 7 mos	691,304	648,178	723,595
Exp. and tax	546,029	515,555	586,866
Net, 7 mos	145,275	132,623	136,729
GEORGIA RAILROAD for January—			
Gross	255,347	234,012	237,308
Expenses	181,977	172,127	215,668
Net	73,370	61,885	21,635
Other income	10,752	8,741	1,686
Total income	84,122	70,626	23,323
Chgs. and taxes	59,892	59,877	56,783
Surplus	24,230	10,749	*33,460
Gross, 7 mos	1,836,146	1,713,261	1,830,499
Expenses	1,310,018	1,380,461	1,526,617
Net, 7 mos	526,128	332,800	303,882
Other income	71,513	66,304	7,373
Total income	597,641	399,104	311,255
Chgs. and taxes	423,345	428,773	402,461
Surplus, 7 mos	174,296	*29,669	*91,206

*Deficit.

NEW LONDON NORTHERN for quarter ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	289,146	265,764	258,554
Net	35,391	31,783	5,622
Other income	3,093	2,747	7,885
Charges	62,988	62,988	63,230
Def. after chgs	24,503	28,456	49,732

Miscellaneous Earnings.

KINGS COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31, Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn included, as the entire capital stock of the latter company is owned by the Kings County Electric Light and Power Company—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	3,733,840	3,613,470	3,471,740
Exp. and taxes	1,823,985	1,747,757	1,786,895
Net	1,909,855	1,865,713	1,685,845
Depreciation	430,260	404,857	242,932
Balance	1,479,595	1,460,856	1,442,413
Bond disct	20,269	24,783	50,000
Balance	1,459,326	1,436,073	1,392,413
Fixed chgs	617,754	606,560	606,560
Surplus	*841,572	829,513	785,853
Dividends	800,000	800,000	764,000
Net surplus	41,572	29,513	21,853
Previous surp	†1,203,623	†1,178,061	1,159,360
Total surplus	1,245,195	1,207,574	1,181,213

*Equal to 8.41 per cent. on $10,000,000 capital stock, compared to 8.29 per cent. earned on the same stock last year.

†Less adjustment in 1908, $3,950; in 1907, $3,152.

OSCEOLA CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Copper sold, 24,-659,729 lbs	3,279,743	2,654,140	625,613
Copper unsold, 636,928 lbs	89,169	204,594	115,425
Int. and oth. in.	96,342	55,810	41,132
Total receipts	3,465,856	2,914,544	551,312
Exp. at mine	2,034,158	1,857,079	177,079
Smelt., com., &c	251,243	234,743	16,500
Total exp	2,285,401	2,091,823	193,579
Profits from op.	1,180,455	822,720	357,735
Non-construction	109,810	145,615	*35,805
Net prof. for yr.	1,070,645	677,105	393,540
Dividends	961,500	576,900	384,600
Surp. for year	109,145	100,205	8,940
Prev. surplus	1,487,074	1,386,869	100,205
Total surplus	1,596,219	1,487,074	109,145
Replac. fd. heretofore not incl. in assets	255,000	......	255,000
Surp., Dec. 31	1,851,219	1,487,074	364,145

*Decrease.

TEXAS & PACIFIC LAND TRUST COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Receipts	493,569	384,356	384,288
Expenditures	474,787	390,469	359,864
Surplus	18,782	*6,112	*25,626
Previous surplus	5,384	11,496	37,122
Total surplus	24,166	5,384	11,496

*Deficit.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Prices generally were easier on the local Exchange, although the market was fairly active. Sears-Roebuck yielded 1½ under pressure before midday, and Title and Trust advanced 1¾, to 152, during the early session. Street's showed a loss of a point and Sears ½, while Match was ex dividend 1½ per cent. and showed a fractional loss. Swift & Co. shares closed a point higher. National Carbon sold a point above the opening.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	American Can	11¾	11¾	11¾
131	American Can pf.	76¼	75½	76¼
100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140⅞	140⅞	140⅞
50	Booth Fisheries	35	35	35
50	Booth Fisheries pf.	65	65	65
80	Chicago Subway	3⅝	3¼	3¼
40	Chicago Telephone	131	131	131
10	Chicago Title & Trust	152	152	152
5	Com. Edison	164¼	164¼	164¼
100	Corn Products Ref.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
100	Corn Products Ref. pf.	82	82	82
50	Diamond Match, ex d.	103½	103	103
25	Illinois Brick	79½	79½	79½
20	Met. Elevated pf.	51	51	51
100	Nat. Biscuit pf.	123	123	123
110	Nat. Biscuit com.	109	109	109
230	Nat. Carbon	107	106	107
341	People's Gas	110½	[illegible]	110½
20	Quaker Oats	185½	185	185½
25	Quaker Oats pf.	105	105	105
2,315	Sears-Roebuck	163	161	163
10	Sears-Roebuck pf.	120	120	120
245	Street's S. Car	32¼	31	31
241	Swift & Co.	106¼	105	106¼
100	United Boxboard	10⅝	10½	10½
150	U. S. Steel	81½	81½	81½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Monday.

Commission houses on the Consolidated Stock Exchange were buyers of stocks to a considerable total in the aggregate. Their purchases were especially heavy in United States Steel Common, Reading, and Union Pacific. Most activity was in the earlier trading, with dealings becoming decidedly dull at times during the afternoon. Transactions totaled 73,160 shares, distributed among fifty-one different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,710	Amal. Cop.	75⅛	77	75¾	76⅞
120	Am. Beet Sug.	38	38¾	38	38½
50	Am. Can	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾
30	Am. Car & F.	63	63¾	63	63¾
10	Am. Ice	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼
80	Am. Locomo.	50½	50½	50⅜	50½
30	Am. Malt pf.	44	44	44	44
6,970	Am. Smelting	81⅝	83¼	81⅜	83
640	Am. Sugar	126½	127½	126⅝	127½
60	Anaconda	49	49⅞	49	49⅞
470	A., T. & S. F.	114⅞	116	114⅞	115⅞
620	Brook. R. T.	74⅞	75⅝	74⅞	75⅜
10	Canadian Pac.	182½	182½	182½	182½
2,190	Cent. Leather	41⅝	43⅝	41⅞	43⅝
310	Ches. & Ohio	84	84¾	83⅞	84¾
330	C., M. & St. P.	144⅝	145	144⅝	145
320	Col. Fuel & I.	39	39½	38⅞	39½
100	Consol. Gas	143⅞	145⅛	143⅞	145⅛
20	Corn Products	18⅛	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜
30	Den. & R. G.	39⅞	40	39⅞	40
170	Erie	29	29⅝	29	29⅝
70	Erie 1st pf.	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞
120	Gt. Nor. pf.	136⅞	137⅞	136⅞	137⅞
320	Inter.-Met.	21½	22½	21½	22½
540	Inter.-Met. pf.	55⅞	56	55	55⅞
230	Louis. & Nash.	151	152⅞	150⅞	152⅞
30	Mo., K. & T.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
50	Mo. Pacific	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞
20	Nat. Lead	82	82	82	82
440	N. Y. Central	120⅝	122¼	120⅝	122
30	N. Y., O. & W.	45	45	45	45
20	Norf. & West.	101	101	101	101
20	Nor. Pacific	135⅝	135⅝	135⅝	135⅝
720	Pennsylvania	133¼	134¼	133¼	134
70	People's Gas	109⅝	110¼	109⅝	110¼
10	Pitts. Coal	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞
30	Pressed S. Car	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¼
19,400	Reading	165⅝	167⅝	165⅝	167
20	Rep. Steel	37⅞	38⅞	37⅞	38⅞
660	Rock Island	48⅞	49⅛	48⅞	49
1,310	Southern Pac.	125⅝	126½	125⅝	126¼
20	Southern Ry.	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞
70	Texas Pac.	29½	29⅞	29½	29⅞
10,050	Union Pacific	186⅝	188⅝	186⅝	188¼
170	U. S. Rubber	43½	46	43⅞	45⅞
22,830	U. S. Steel	80⅝	81⅞	80	81⅞
90	U. S. Steel pf.	119⅞	120⅛	119⅞	120⅛
230	Va.-Car. Chem.	53⅞	54⅞	53⅞	54⅞
40	Wabash	21⅞	21½	21⅞	21½
230	Wabash pf.	46½	47	46⅞	47
50	West. Union	75½	76	75½	[illegible]
73,160					

MINING STOCKS.

500	Atlanta	.17	.17	.17	.17
300	Belmont	1.62½	1.62½	1.62½	1.62½
400	Bullion	.25	.25	.25	.25
300	Con Va.	1.82½	1.82½	1.80	1.80
500	Comstock	.30	.30	.30	.30
500	El Paso	.66	.66	.66	.66
500	Elkton	.63½	.63½	.63½	.63½
400	Gould & Curry	.40	.40	.40	.40
700	Hale & Norc.	.60	.61	.60	.61
1,500	Isabella	.16½	.16½	.16½	.16½
400	Jumbo Ext.	.37	.37	.37	.37
300	Justice	.23	.23	.23	.23
300	Mexican	2.02½	2.05	2.02½	2.05
200	Ophir	2.17½	2.17½	2.17½	2.17½
200	Tonopah Min.	6.87½	6.87½	6.87½	6.87½
600	West End	.33	.34	.33	.34
7,600					
	BONDS.				
5,000	Comstock 4s	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼
	WHEAT.				
425,000	May option	1.14½	1.15⅛	1.14¼	1.15⅛

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange seat of Henry S. Haskins of the failed firm of Lathrop, Haskins & Co., has been posted for transfer to Henry Topping.

The North Butte Mining Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share. The disbursement in December was $1 per share.

Reitaro Ichinomiya has been made agent of the Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited, in New York, succeeding K. J. Imanishi, who has been recalled to Japan.

Moffat & White are offering the unsold balance of $1,150,000 Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company general mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds. These bonds are a part of an issue of $50,000,000, of which $25,187,000 is outstanding. The road is part of the New York Central system, controlled by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company.

The Bankers' Publishing Company has issued the first number of its new monthly publication, Investments.

The holders of Allegheny Valley Railroad first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds, due April 1 next, are given the option by the Pennsylvania Railroad of receiving cash for the bonds on and after April 1 or of exchanging them at par for the general mortgage 4 per cent. bonds of the Pennsylvania Railroad, due March 1, 1942.

TO THE HOLDER OF "PINE" BOND No. 4 of the NEW YORK & FLORIDA LUMBER CO.

The above-described bond is hereby called for redemption in accordance with the terms of and by means of the money deposited with the undersigned as trustee of the mortgage of the above-named Company, dated April 1, 1909. Payment of said bond will be made upon surrender thereof and all unpaid coupons at the office of the undersigned, on March 1, 1910, after which date all interest thereon shall cease.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO., Trustee.
By Charles H. Keep, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to resolution of the Board of Directors that it is advisable in their opinion to dissolve THE EMBROIDERED GARMENT CO.

A meeting of the stockholders of the said EMBROIDERED GARMENT CO. will be held at the office of the company, 129 West 27th Street, Manhattan, N. Y. City, on the 5th day of March, 1910, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that this corporation be forthwith dissolved and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 10th, 1910.
SIMON OTTINGER, Secretary.

Manila Electric Railroad & Light Co.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Manila Electric Railroad and Light Company will be held on Tuesday, March 15th, 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the principal office of the Company, No. 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. Respectfully,
FREDERIC H. REED, Secretary.

New York, February 21, 1910.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the Laflin & Rand Powder Company for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company at No. 140 Cedar Street, New York City, N. Y., on Tuesday, March 8, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M.
A. W. HIGGINS, Secretary.

THE BANKERS' SECURITIES COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at 214 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, March 15th, 1910, at 4:15 P. M.
WM. O. JONES, Secretary.

THE JOINT STOCK COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at 214 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, March 15th, 1910, at 4:00 P. M.
WM. H. THOMAS, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

5 Nassau Street,
New York.

The firm of LAZELLE, MATHEWS & COMPANY expires this day by limitation.

Mr. MATHEWS will represent the late firm in liquidating its affairs at his office at the above address.

HARRY W. LAZELLE,
AUSTEN GRAY,
E. ROSCOE MATHEWS,
J. REGINALD FOSTER.

February 28, 1910.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

5 Nassau Street,
New York.

We beg to announce that we have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of

E. R. MATHEWS & COMPANY

for the purpose of conducting a general brokerage business in stocks and bonds.

E. ROSCOE MATHEWS,
Member New York Stock Exchange.
J. R. FOSTER.

March 1, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

Coupons due and payable at the office of the

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY

On and after March 1st, 1910

American Flag Mining Company	3½s
Bay Counties Power Company	1st 5s
Billings, Montana, Funding	4s
Broadway Realty Company	1st 5s
Brooklyn & Montauk Railroad Co.	1st 5s
Brooklyn & Montauk Railroad Co.	1st 6s
Canandaigua, N. Y., St. Imp.	3.65's & 3.95's
Elyria, Ohio, Bridge & Improve.	5s & 6s
Fort Lee, N. J., Educational	5s
General Package Co. (Mar. 20)	6s
Glassport, Penn., Funding	4½s
Glassport, Penn., School	4½ & 5s
Guanajuato River Mining Company	6s
Hudson River Traction Company	5s
Jonesboro, Lake City & E. R. R. Co.	1st 5s
Long Island Railroad Co. Ferry	1st 4½s
Long Island Railroad Co. Unified	4s
Los Angeles & Pacific Railroad Co.	1st 5s
Memphis, Tenn., Park	4s
Memphis, Tenn., Street Improvement	6s
Millburn, N. J., Sewer	4½s
New York & Rockaway Beach R. R. Co.	5s
New York & Flushing R. R. Co.	1st 5s
N. J. & Hudson River Ry. & Ferry Co.	1st 4s
New Canaan, Conn., Funding (Mar. 15)	3½s
Prospect Park & Coney Island R. R. Company	4½s & 2d 6s
Pleasantville, N. Y., Water	4½s
Petaluma & Santa Rosa Railway Co.	1st 5s
Salem, Va., Water & Improvement	5s
Schuylerville, N. Y., Water	4½s
School City, Ft. Wayne, Ind., School Funding Improve.	4s
Southern Michigan Railway Company	5s
Superior Water, Light & Power Co. Ref.	5s
Teaneck Township, N. J., S. D. No. 2	5s
Toledo, Ohio, Refunding	4s
Toledo, Ohio, Educational	4s
U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co., Series "N"	4s
United Thacker Coal Company 1st	5s
Westerly, R. I., Water	3½s
West Orange, N. J., S. D.	4s
Wilson, N. C., Improvement (Mar. 23d)	5s
Volney Paper Company	5s
Yellowstone Co., Mont., S. D.	4½s

55 Cedar St.
Broadway & 73d St.
125th Street & 8th Ave.

Modern Safe Deposit
and Storage Vaults
at All Offices

The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.
16, 18, 20 & 22 William St.
New York City.

COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS DUE IN MARCH ARE PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER MARCH 1ST, 1910, AS FOLLOWS:

American Brake-Shoe and Foundry Company.
Butler Water Company.
Fond du Lac Water Company.
Granite City, Madison & Venice Water Company.
Kingston City Railroad Company.
Kingston Cotton Mills.
Marinette City Water Company.
Merrill City Water Works Company 6%.
Minneapolis Gas Light Company.
Mount Vernon Water Works Company 5%.
Mount Vernon Water Works Company 6%.
Mount Vernon Electric Light & Power Company.
Merrill City W. W. Company.
Ohio Connecting Railway Company.
Orange County Lighting Company.
Toledo, Walhonding Valley & Ohio Railroad Company.
Tolar, Hart & Holt Mills.
Wichita Water Company.

MARCH 30TH, 1910.
Thomas McMullen & Company.

DIVIDEND.
MARCH 1ST, 1910.
Fort Wayne & Jackson Railroad Company.

MARCH 25TH, 1910.
Pittsgurgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula R'y Co. on Preferred Stock.

Nevada Consolidated Copper Company,
165 Broadway.

New York City, February 25, 1910.

At meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held to-day, quarterly dividend of 37½ cents per share was declared payable March 31, 1910, to stockholders of record March 11, 1910. The books of the Company for transfer of stock will be closed March 11, 1910, at 3 P. M. and reopen March 21, 1910, at 10 A. M.
W. E. BENNETT,
Secretary.

THE NEW YORK EDISON COMPANY
FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS DUE MARCH 1, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS of THE EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY OF NEW YORK, maturing MARCH 1, 1910, will be paid on presentation on and after that date at the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY, 54 WALL STREET.

The interest due that date will be paid as usual by the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
N. F. BRADY, Treasurer.

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
Twenty-Year 4½% Gold Bonds of 1921.

Coupon due March 1, 1910, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at the Executive Office of the Society, 346 Fourth Avenue, corner 25th Street, on and after March 1, 1910.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 24th, 1910.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.
PURE OIL COMPANY.

The Directors of Pure Oil Company have declared a dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Common Stock, payable March 1st, 1910. Checks will be mailed.

Transfer books are closed until March 1st, 1910.
W. W. TARBELL, Treasurer.

PEORIA & EASTERN RAILWAY CO.

By order of the Board of Directors of this Company, FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST will be paid on its Income Mortgage Bonds at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co, New York, on April 1, 1910, upon surrender of the coupons then maturing. CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

AMERICAN HIDE AND LEATHER CO.

Coupons No. 21, due March 1, 1910, from First Mortgage Bonds of the AMERICAN HIDE AND LEATHER COMPANY will be paid on and after March 1 by TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA, 35-37 Wall Street, New York.
GEORGE A. HILL, Treasurer.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
59 CEDAR STREET,
NEW YORK.

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE ON AND AFTER

MARCH 1ST, 1910.

Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R. Co. Reg. Guar. Stk. Quarterly dividend 1¾%.
Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R. Co. 4% Betterment Stock. Quarterly dividend 1%.
Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry. Co. Gen. 5s.
Lima, Ohio, Water Works 5s.
Marion County, Indiana, 3½% Voting Machine Bonds.
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 1st Mtg. 7s, Series "C."
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 2nd Mtg. 7s, Series "I."
Portsmouth, Ohio.

MARCH 2D.
Grant County, Indiana, Funding 6s.

MARCH 20TH.
Butler, Indiana, School 5s.

OFFICE OF H. M. BYLLESBY AND COMPANY
ENGINEERS MANAGERS
CHICAGO

The Board of Directors of the SAN DIEGO CONSOLIDATED GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY has declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Quarter Per Cent. upon the common stock of this company, payable by check March 15th, 1910, to stockholders of record as of the close of business February 28, 1910. The common stock transfer books will be closed March 1st and reopened March 11th, 1910.
R. J. GRAF, Assistant Secretary.

OFFICE OF H. M. BYLLESBY AND COMPANY
ENGINEERS MANAGERS
CHICAGO

The Board of Directors of the OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY has declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Quarter Per Cent. on the common stock of this company, payable by check March 15th, 1910, to stockholders of record as of the close of business February 28th, 1910. The common stock transfer books will be closed March 1st and reopened March 11th, 1910.
R. J. GRAF, Assistant Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Coupons due March 1, 1910, from First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of this Company, Providence and Pawtucket issue, will be paid on and after March 1, 1910, on presentation at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York.

Checks for interest on registered bonds will be mailed.
C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

Wood Worsted Mills

The Wood Worsted Mills Construction and Equipment 4½ per cent. notes due March 1, 1910, will be paid at the offices of BROWN BROTHERS & CO., New York, Boston and Philadelphia.
CLARENCE J. BODFISH, Treasurer.

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.
New York, February 1st, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one per centum on the capital stock of this company, payable April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, March 10th, 1910.
C. D. MENEELY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

FINANCIAL.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

General Office, Broad Street Station,
Philadelphia, 1st March, 1910.

The Board of Directors submit herewith to the Stockholders of The Pennsylvania Railroad Company a synopsis of their Annual Report for the year 1909:—

The gross revenues of all lines directly operated were			$153,564,527.49
Operating expenses excluding taxes		$107,136,131.16	
Taxes on Pennsylvania Railroad and leased lines		4,767,029.08	
Operating expenses, including taxes			111,903,160.24
Net revenue from operation			$41,661,367.25
Deduct rentals paid roads operated on basis of net revenue			4,182,035.41
Net operating revenue of The Pennsylvania Railroad Company			$37,479,331.84
To which add:—			
Interest from investments		$13,545,929.22	
Hire of equipment, interest General Accoun and other items		2,405,502.94	15,951,432.16
Gross income			$53,430,764.00
Deduct:			
Fixed rentals of leased roads		$3,474,900.96	
Interest on bonded debt		12,961,422.53	
Interest on mortgages and ground rents, interest on car trusts, &c.		1,835,352.79	18,271,676.28
Net income			$35,159,087.72
From this amount the following deductions have been made:			
Payments account Sinking and Trust Funds		$355,425.68	
Portion of Car Trust Principal		3,597,710.04	
Extraordinary expenditures:			
Amount expended in revision of grades and alignment, and for additional tracks, etc.	$5,581,809.92		
Amount applied towards construction of New York Tunnel Extension	4,000,000.00	9,581,809.92	
Cash dividends, aggregating 6 per cent.		19,173,742.50	
Amount transferred to Extraordinary Expenditure Fund		2,000,000.00	34,708,688.14
Balance transferred to Profit and Loss			$450,399.58
Amount to credit of Profit and Loss, 31st December, 1908		$24,254,800.07	
Add credit balance in adjustment of sundry accounts		444,488.06	24,699,288.13
Amount to credit of Profit and Loss 31st December, 1909			$25,149,687.71

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET. (Condensed.)

31st December, 1909.

Assets.		$
Road, equipment, and real estate		$306,012,627.60
*Securities owned		272,991,425.33
Securities received with the lease of the U. N. J. R. R. and C. Co.		3,283,460.25
Loans for construction and Real Estate purposes to various controlled companies		4,558,115.42
New York Tunnel Extension		57,495,530.73
Current Assets.		
Due from controlled companies for advances for construction and other purposes	$1,852,126.12	
Due from individuals and companies	6,642,353.30	
Due from agents	5,341,871.04	
Bills receivable and miscellaneous assets	3,515,718.17	
Materials	11,519,128.35	
Cash	107,725,636.38	137,596,833.36
Sinking Funds, Trust Fund, and Insurance Fund		8,462,529.51
Total		$789,400,022.20

Liabilities.		
†Capital stock		$401,064,800.00
Stock allotment receipts 1909		3,441,952.50
Premium on capital stock		7,045,910.00
Funded debt of The Pennsylvania R. R. Co.		243,303,610.00
‡Funded debt of companies whose properties have been acquired by The Pennsylvania R. R. Co.		34,330,500.00
Guaranteed Stock Trust Certificates, New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk R. R. and Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R. Co.'s		14,913,250.00
Mortgages and Ground Rents payable		2,549,928.19
Securities received with the lease of the U. N. J. R. R. and C.		3,283,460.25
Car Trust Principal and Taxes charged out and awaiting settlement		6,131,563.01
Extraordinary Expenditure Fund.		2,000,000.00
Replacement and Renewal Funds.		4,098,390.47
Current Liabilities.		
Pay rolls and vouchers	$18,377,835.72	
Due controlled companies other than traffic balances	6,049,374.89	
Due Saving, Relief, and Insurance Funds, etc.	1,776,535.48	
Interest accrued, and interest and dividends due and uncollected	2,985,772.43	
Miscellaneous liabilities	1,622,468.86	30,811,987.38
Sinking Funds and Trust Fund		10,774,982.60
Profit and loss		25,149,687.71
Total		$789,400,022.20

*$11,250,000.00 par value P. B. & W. R. R. Co. stock is pledged for the payment of the outstanding stock trust certificates issued by Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities, and $2,492,750.00 par value N. Y. P. & N. R. R. Co. stock is pledged for the payment of the outstanding stock trust certificates issued by Fidelity Trust Company.

*This amount also includes $24,814,550.00 of Bonds and Notes of your Company, which mature in 1910.

†Included in this amount is the balance of Stock, $49,300.00, held to retire the outstanding holdings in the Allegheny Valley Railway, Cumberland Valley Railroad, and Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Companies.

‡This amount includes $24,814,550.00 of Bonds and Notes, which mature in 1910, owned by your Company.

FUNDED DEBT.

Conversions were made into Capital Stock of $9,758,000 of the ten-year three and a half per cent. Convertible Bonds issued November 1st, 1902, leaving outstanding $10,223,000. Of the ten-year three and a half per cent. Convertible Bonds issued October 2d, 1905, $12,780,000 were converted into stock during 1909, leaving outstanding $86,835,000.

SECURITIES OF OTHER CORPORATIONS.

The cost of the securities held by your Company, December 31st, 1909, was $270,343,957.29, and the direct revenue received therefrom during the year was $13,214,757.47, being 4.89 per cent. upon the cost thereof.

CAR TRUSTS.

No further issues of these securities were made during the year, and the outstanding certificates of Series H, I, and K, of the Pennsylvania Rolling Stock Trust, and Series A, B, and C, of the Pennsylvania Car Trust, having matured during the year, were paid and cancelled, and thereby 9,230 cars, costing $6,000,000, became the property of the respective companies which contributed to the cost thereof.

The total number of Car Trust cars now in service, against which Car Trust certificates are outstanding, is 91,418, and the Car Trust certificates outstanding 31st December, 1909, aggregate $51,100,000.00.

TRAFFIC.

The number of tons of freight moved on the five general divisions east of Pittsburgh and Erie in 1909 was 215,342,390, an increase of 32,862,029, or 18.01 per cent.; the number of passengers was 64,219,984, an increase of 2,839,451, or 4.63 per cent.

The other Railroad Companies east of Pittsburgh and Erie in which your Company is interested show satisfactory results. Detailed statements of their operations will be found in their respective annual reports, as well as in the full report of your Company.

LINES WEST OF PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL STOCK AND FUNDED DEBT.

In pursuance of an Act of the State of Pennsylvania of March 22d, 1901, and under the agreement between The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company and the Midway and Oakdale Railway Company, dated April 14th, 1909, the former Company acquired the franchises and corporate property of the latter Company, the outstanding capital stock of which, amounting to $42,000.00, having theretofore been acquired by the former Company.

Of the $500,000.00 First Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds of the Terre Haute and Logansport Railroad Company, one of the constituent organizations of the Vandalia Railroad Company, and which matured January 1st, 1910, $135,000.00 thereof were purchased and cancelled during the year 1909, and the necessary funds to pay off the remaining amount of the bonds were placed with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York, as will be noted by referring to the Balance Sheet of the Vandalia Railroad Company.

There were no new issues of capital stock, bonds or notes, by the companies embraced in the Lines West of Pittsburgh, with the exception of securities issued by certain leased roads in payment for construction expenditures made by the Pennsylvania Company or The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company. It will be necessary, however, for some of the Western Companies to issue additional securities in the year 1910 to provide funds for the construction of second, third, and fourth tracks, and to increase terminal yards and freight house facilities at sundry points; also to increase the locomotive and car equipment to meet the increased demands of traffic.

CONSTRUCTION EXPENDITURES.

There was expended during the past year for construction, equipment, and real estate on the Lines West of Pittsburgh $8,948,559.74, of which $4,576,172.94 was charged to Capital, and $4,372,386.80 to Surplus Income.

The expenditures were principally for the elevation of tracks in Chicago and Columbus, the construction of second, third, and fourth tracks on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, second track on The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago, and St. Louis Railway, increase in yards and terminal facilities at Cleveland, Chicago, Indianapolis, and at other points, and for additions to and improvements of the motive power and equipment.

TRAFFIC.

The number of tons of freight moved on the lines west of Pittsburgh was 134,180,173, an increase of 30,144,433. The number of passengers carried was 31,365,856, an increase of 1,074,093.

The gross revenue of all lines east and west of Pittsburgh for the year 1909 was $315,406,804.18, operating expenses, $229,143,591.20, and net revenue, $86,263,212.98, an increase in gross revenue, compared with 1908, of $38,626,459.70, and an increase in net revenue of $14,870,985.54. There were 401,564,965 tons of freight moved on the entire system, being an increase of 67,135,494 tons, and 151,931,608 passengers carried, an increase of 9,394,829.

FINANCIAL.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The financial and industrial depression which prevailed through the previous year was followed by a resumption of business activity, and it will be noted that your Gross Earnings show a gratifying increase compared with 1908.

After meeting all liabilities and providing for the necessary payments to the Sinking Funds and the Trust of October, 1878, there remained Net Income of $34,803,662.04, out of which were paid dividends of 6 per cent., aggregating $19,173,742.50, Car Trust Principal of $3,597,710.04, in addition to the amount charged to Capital Account as hereinafter stated, Extraordinary Expenditures of $5,581,809.92, and there was charged off on account of the New York Tunnel Extension $4,000,000.00, leaving a balance of $2,450,399.58, of which $2,000,000.00 were transferred to Extraordinary Expenditure Fund for future improvements, and the balance of $450,399.58 transferred to the credit of your Profit and Loss Account.

To provide for the $60,000,000.00 of short term notes maturing March 15th, 1910, and $20,000,000.00 General Mortgage Bonds maturing July 1st, 1910, and other corporate purposes, an allotment of the capital stock at par was made to the stockholders on November 1st, 1909, to the extent of 25 per cent. of their holdings.

The increase of CAPITAL STOCK during the year was as follows:—

Stock Allotment of November, 1909	$70,975,300.00
Conversion of Convertible Bonds of 1902	6,967,150.00
Conversion of Convertible Bonds of 1905	8,518,100.00
Conversion of Dividend Scrip of May, 1898	50.00
Total issued during 1909	$86,460,600.00

In addition to the above there are outstanding receipts aggregating $3,441,952.50, issued under the allotment of November, 1909, representing partial payments for new stock amounting to $11,473,175.

The premium resulting from the issue of Capital Stock in exchange for convertible bonds is shown in the General Balance Sheet.

In view of the large number of investors holding the stock of your Company, your Board deemed it wise to pay dividends on the capital stock quarterly instead of semi-annually, and the necessary action was taken to carry the same into effect. In accordance therewith, dividends will, until otherwise ordered by the Board, be paid to the stockholders on the last business days in the months of February, May, August, and November.

The downtown tunnels of the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad Company were opened for traffic on July 16th, and under agreements previously made, passengers to and from your lines have the option of using these rapid transit tunnels between your Jersey City station and the terminal of that Company at Church and Cortlandt Streets, New York. This tunnel system will also be extended through Jersey City westward from your station to a point east of Summit Avenue, where connection will be made with your lines. Your railroad will be electrified from that connection to the new station at Harrison, N. J., and a new branch will be constructed from the latter point into Park Place in the city of Newark. A joint rapid transit electric service will then be operated between the Hudson Company's Church Street Terminal, New York City, and Park Place Station, Newark. The new station at Harrison will provide the facilities for passengers desiring to transfer between this rapid transit line and all trains on your system.

With all of these facilities provided it is felt that every reasonable requirement for the passenger service in and out of New York City will by fully met, and that portions of the present tracks, terminal, and ferry facilities will then also be available for freight traffic.

Satisfactory progress was made during the year upon the New York Tunnel Extension, from Harrison, New Jersey, into and through the city of New York, and the completion of this important work and the opening of this extension for operation before the close of the coming Summer is now assured.

All of the tunnels, bridges, and open work on the entire line have been completed, and the laying of track, the installation of the interlocking, signalling, and the electrification of the line and yards, are progressing rapidly.

The station in New York is practically finished, the only uncompleted work being interior finishing and the installation of station facilities, and the Thirty-fourth Street entrance.

The Service Plant, on Thirty-first Street opposite the Terminal Station, to furnish heat, light, compressed air, and various facilities necessary for the operation of the station and appurtenances, has been completed, and practically all of the machinery has been installed. It is now in operation on a small scale, supplying the heat and light necessary to facilitate work in the terminal area.

The construction of the various buildings, street bridges, and facilities required at Sunnyside Yard, Long Island City, is progressing rapidly.

By reference to the General Balance Sheet it will be seen that the New York Tunnel Extension is carried on your books at $57,495,530.73. The total cost including real estate not permanently required for its use, is $102,495,530.73, of which $35,000,000.00 has been charged against the Surplus Income, or the Profit and Loss Account of your Company, and, as explained in the last Annual Report, $10,000,000.00 has been borne by the Pennsylvania Company and charged against its Profit and Loss Account.

Considerable expenditures were made upon your equipment for electric locomotives for the New York Tunnel Extension, additional steel passengers cars, and also upon your freight car equipment.

The charges to CAPITAL ACCOUNT during the year were as follows:—

I. COST OF ROAD:—Expenditure for Right of Way	$384,278.61	
Expenditure on four track system South Fork to Conemaugh and at Greensburg, also Northumberland Classification Yard, and other facilities	882,522.85	$1,266,801.46
II. EQUIPMENT:—Portion of Cost of Locomotives and Freight and Passenger Cars	$500,594.35	
Portion of Payments on Account of Principal of Car Trust Certificates	3,401,556.50	
	$3,902,150.85	
Less Credits (Shop Tools and Machinery)	138.00	3,902,012.85
		$5,168,814.31
III. REAL ESTATE:—Sundry Credits		50,322.20
Total Charges to Capital Account for 1909		$5,118,492.11

It is desirable that the Company should be in a position to properly accommodate its constantly increasing traffic and move it promptly and economically, and your Company must therefore look forward to carrying out the policy outlined in previous annual reports respecting new relief lines on low grade routes between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia and New York, and the elevation of tracks and elimination of grade crossings through cities. The larger part of this has been accomplished, but it will be necessary during the current year to resume this work, especially between Morrisville Yard, near Trenton, and Waverly Yard, a distance of about fifty miles, and from Newark Passenger Station to the Harrison Yard. From Perth Amboy Junction, just west of Rahway, to Waverly, the movement of traffic has become so heavy, particularly in the Summer season when augmented by frequent fast passenger trains between New York and the New Jersey coast resorts, as to make it imperative to secure additional facilities at an early date, including the elevation of the tracks through Rahway, and therefore this section of the new line requiring two additional running tracks will be undertaken first.

The aggregate expenditures for Construction, Equipment and Real Estate on your Main Line between New York and Pittsburgh, including $6,999,266.54 on account of the Principal of Car Trusts, and $620,000.00 on account of Principal of Water Trust Certificates, were $14,298,012.07, of which $5,118,492.11 was charged to your Capital Account and $9,179,519.96 against the Income of the year.

The Ebenezer Branch, now known as the West Seneca Branch of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railway, extending to the lake front in South Buffalo, a distance of 6.66 miles, is now completed and in operation.

Advances aggregating $188,969.41 were made to the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railway Company, and that company being unable to pay the same, this amount was charged against your Profit and Loss Account.

The passenger station in Baltimore being inadequate to accommodate the traffic of that city authority was given by the Board of the Northern Central Railway Company to replace the present structure and improve the adjoining track layout, and work was commenced in November.

Your Company has, in past years, made advances aggregating $8,123,791.81 to the Long Island Railroad Company for the improvement of its railroads and appurtenances, and the construction of new lines and equipment. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has agreed to accept 4 per cent. debentures for such advances, and settlement thereunder has been made to December 31st, 1908, amounting to $6,062,951.55, leaving a balance of $2,060,840.26 on December 31st last, for which settlement will shortly be effected.

In April, 1909, the contract with the Pullman Company was renewed upon terms favorable and satisfactory to your Company, under which the cars necessary for the use of the Pennsylvania Railroad System are furnished by the Pullman Company, and the Railroad Company has the option of acquiring a one-half ownership in the equipment furnished under the agreement.

The statement of securities shows that additional purchases have been made of stock of the Norfolk and Western Railway Company. Your lines have five important connections with this railway at Hagerstown, Md., and Norfolk, Va., in the East, and at Columbus, Circleville, and Cincinnati, Ohio, in the West, and as it has for many years exchanged a large volume of traffic with your system and is an important feeder, it was deemed advisable to strengthen your relations with that Company and increase your stock holdings.

Mr. Robert Pitcairn, formerly Resident Assistant to the President in Pittsburgh, and who retired on June 1st, 1906, died on July 25th, 1909. Mr. Pitcairn spent fifty-three years in the service of this Company, filling the positions of Superintendent Pittsburgh Division, April 1st, 1865, to February 14th, 1874; General Agent and Superintendent Pittsburgh Division, February 14th, 1874, to January 1st, 1902; and Resident Assistant to President at Pittsburgh, from January 1st, 1902, until his retirement.

At the meeting of the Board for organization on March 24th, 1909, Mr. John P. Green, First Vice-President and Director, declined re-election because of the near approach of his retirement under the provisions of the Pension Department, and Messrs. Chas. E. Pugh, Samuel Rea, J. B. Thayer, and Henry Tatnall were respectively elected First, Second, Third, and Fourth Vice-Presidents of the Company.

Mr. W. W. Atterbury, General Manager, was also elected Fifth Vice-President, and Mr. James F. Fahnestock was elected Treasurer.

Captain Green formally retired on August 1st, after forty-two years spent in the most active and devoted service in the interest of your Company and its affiliated lines. Always very solicitous of its welfare, he discharged the important duties confided to him with unswerving loyalty, directed by a ripe judgment and a marvelous grasp of its affairs. He has been the spokesman of the management for many years at your annual meetings, and as the executive in charge of the Accounting and Treasury Departments, is specially entitled to the credit for the clear and comprehensive character of your annual reports.

His associates are gratified that, after carrying for so many years the weighty responsibilities of the various positions he so ably filled, he may now enjoy his retirement in observing the development of the companies for which he labored so long and effectively, and this feeling is shared by a large number of the stockholders.

The Company is also fortunate in continuing to have the benefit of his extended experience and counsel at its command as may from time to time be required.

On March 24th, 1909, the following appointments were also made:—

J. B. Hutchinson, Assistant to First Vice-President; A. J. County, Assistant to Second Vice-President; W. H. Myers, General Manager (succeeding Mr. Atterbury, promoted); J. G. Rodgers, Assistant to General Manager; H. M. Carson, General Superintendent, Erie Division; C. M. Bunting, Assistant Comptroller.

On October 1st, 1909, George H. Grone, formerly Assistant to Purchasing Agent, was promoted to be an Assistant Purchasing Agent.

By order of the Board.

JAMES McCREA, President.

STOCKHOLDERS MAY OBTAIN PAMPHLET COPIES OF THE ANNUAL REPORT, BY APPLYING TO OR ADDRESSING

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50 Am. Dist. Tel. of N. J.
100 City & Suburban Homes.
10 H. B. Claflin Com.
100 Laclede Gas Pfd.
For Sale
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20 H. B. Claflin Com.
15 Am. Chicle Pfd.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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EARLY DECLINES RECOVERED

Sharp Advances Follow Failure of Supreme Court to Render Decision in Tobacco Suit—Exchange Up Again.

So large a proportion of the current business on the Stock Exchange is purely professional that the unwillingness of traders to take chances on a decision by the Supreme Court yesterday in the American Tobacco case reduced to almost negligible volume the trading of the forenoon session. When Washington dispatches announced that no decision would be forthcoming the market became more active, and, recovering from the declines induced by neglect in the morning prices, rose steadily to the end of the day, when quotations represented recovery of practically all the loss sustained in the trading of Friday and Saturday of last week. Monday markets like that of yesterday became well known to Wall Street in the weeks prior to the Northern Securities decision, and more recently the Consolidated Gas verdict. The thing which the speculative portion of the financial community at least seems to forget in connection with the historical cases mentioned is that when the Supreme Court had once spoken improvement in prices was prompt and decided. Outside of the unsatisfactory condition reported from those centres where labor troubles are in acute stage, there were no developments of wide import, and in the trading movements of stocks occurred without calling forth explanations of interest or significance. The betterment which has been going forward slowly in the investment situation was typified by the success of the offering of Cuban 4½ per cent. bonds in this city, where the securities were largely oversubscribed, a fact also true of the offering of a portion of the same issue in London by the English house of the bankers who brought out the bonds here. Interest attached to the announcement that the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railroads had made up a budget calling for the expenditure of $13,500,000 for equipment during the present year, the report having it that the first-named road had already ordered 75 locomotives and 1,000 steel freight cars. Further stories of damage to Winter wheat centred attention upon the grain markets, where wheat prices rose sharply, although the advance seemed in large measure due to the nervousness of a short interest.

The feature of the local money market was the continued strength of foreign exchange. Demand sterling rates moved forward again, indicating a resumption of gold exports to South American points, with not a remote possibility of direct exports to Europe. Of the gold arriving in London from South Africa during the day Paris and India secured $1,000,000 each, leaving $2,750,000 as the portion of the Bank of England. Bankers everywhere are keenly interested in the English political situation at the moment, for it is well understood that money markets must be directly and powerfully affected by any upset of the present Ministry, which has now put its fortunes definitely to the touch.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Sugar Refining Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Boston & Maine Railroad for dividend on common.
Canadian Pacific Railway for dividend on common and preferred.
General Development Co. for dividend.
Kerr Lake Mining Co. for dividend.
Laclede Gas Light Co. of St. Louis for dividend on common.
Union Pacific Railroad for dividend on common and preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Adams Express Co.
American Coal Co.
American Shipbuilding Co. on common.
American Smelters Securities Co. on preferred A and B.
American Stogie Co. on preferred.
American Telegraph and Cable Co.
American Tobacco Co. on common.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway on common.
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad on common and preferred.
Blackstone Valley Gas and Electric Co. on preferred.
Boston & Maine Railroad on preferred.
Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad on preferred.
Butte Coalition Mining Co.
Butterick Co.
Chemical National Bank.
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway on common and preferred.
Chippewa Valley Railway, Light and Power Co. on preferred.
Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway on preferred.
Cincinnati Northern Railroad.
Citizens' Trust Co., Brooklyn.
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad on common.
Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad on regular and special guaranteed stocks.
Cripple Creek Central Railway on preferred.
Columbus (Ohio) Railway on common.
Elmira Water, Light and Railroad on preferred.
General Asphalt Co. on preferred.
General Chemical Co. on common.
Grand Rapids Railway on common.
Harbison-Walker Refractories Co. on common.
Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Co. on preferred.
Illinois Central Railroad.
International Harvester Co. on preferred.
International Nickel Co. on common.
International Smelting and Refining Co.
International Time Recording Co. on common and preferred.
Kansas City Railway and Light Co. on preferred.
Kings County Electric Light and Power Co.
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co., special scrip dividend.
Lord & Taylor Co. on preferred.
McArthur Brothers on preferred.
Manufactured Rubber Co. on preferred.
Metropolitan West Side Elevated Railway of Chicago on preferred.
Michigan State Telephone Co. on common.
New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad on all classes of stock.
Northern Texas Electric Railway on common and preferred.
Pensacola Electric Railway on account of accumulated dividends.
People's National Bank of Brooklyn.
Philadelphia Co. of Pittsburg on preferred.
Portland Railway, Light and Power Co. on common.
Pure Oil Co. on common.
Rochester Railway, Light and Power Co. on preferred.
St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat and Power Co. on common.
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Co. on common.
Susquehanna Railway, Light and Power Co. on preferred.
Third United Cities Realty Corporation on preferred.
Union Stock Yards Co. of Omaha.
United Cigar Manufacturers on preferred.
United Dry Goods Co. on preferred.
United Gas Improvement Co., stock dividend.
United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Co. on preferred.
United States Envelope Co. on preferred.
Whatcom County Railway and Light Co. on preferred.
Wilmington (Del.) Gas Co. on preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American Snuff Co.
American Woolen Co.
Crex Carpet Co.
Favary Tire and Cushion Co.
Havana Tobacco Co.
Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Co.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.*
4s—May, '59, l'chg...	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4½s—May, '57, l'chg...	109	109½	109¼	109½
4½s—Nov., '57, l'chg...	109	109½	109¼	109½
4½s—May, '17, l'chg...	102⅝	103½	102⅝	103½
4½s—Nov., '17, l'chg...	102⅝	103	102⅝	103⅛
4s—Nov., '58, l'chg...	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4s—May, '57, l'chg...	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4s—May, '17, l'chg...	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4s—Nov., '50, reg....	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4s—Nov., '36, reg....	99¾	100	99¾	100
3½s—Nov., '55, l'chg...	88½	88¾	88½	88¾
3½s—May, '54, coup...	88¼	88¾	88¾	88¾
3½s—May, '54, reg....	88	88¾	88	88¾
*6s—Nov., '10, rev....	102	102½	102	102½
Rcts. 4s—May, '59......	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛

*Coupon or registered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales Feb. 28, 1910.. 511,714
From Jan. 1, 1910.. 40,111,146
Corresponding period last year................................ 29,010,347

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
11¾	12½	100	Allis-Chalmers	12	12	12	12	...
76¾	76⅞	11,200	*Amalgamated Cop.	75⅞	77⅛	75⅝	76¾	[illegible]
38	38½	100	Am. Beet Sugar	38	38	38	38	[illegible]
11½	11⅝	200	Am. Can	11½	11⅝	11½	11⅝	[illegible]
76	77	200	Am. Can pf.	75½	75½	75¼	75¼	[illegible]
63¼	63½	200	Am. Car & Foundry	63	63	63	63	[illegible]
65	65½	400	Am. Cotton Oil	65	65⅛	64½	65⅛	[illegible]
40	40½	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	39½	40	39½	40	[illegible]
23	23½	400	Am. Ice Securities	23	23⅛	23	23	[illegible]
50½	51	500	Am. Locomotive	50¼	51	50¼	51	[illegible]
111	113	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	111½	111½	111½	111½	[illegible]
44	45	200	Am. Malt pf.	44½	44½	44½	44⅝	[illegible]
83	83⅛	14,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	81⅝	83¼	81⅝	83	[illegible]
107	107¼	575	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	107	107¼	107	107¼	[illegible]
89⅝	89⅞	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	89¾	89⅝	89⅝	89¾	[illegible]
61½	62	800	Am. Steel Foundries	61¾	62	61½	62	[illegible]
127	127½	2,500	Am. Sugar Refining	126	127½	126	127½	[illegible]
124	125	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	123½	124	123⅛	124	[illegible]
140¾	141	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140¼	141⅝	140¼	141	[illegible]
93½	94	100	Am. Tobacco pf.	94	94	94	94	[illegible]
36	37½	400	Am. Woolen	37	37	37	37	[illegible]
101	102¼	100	Am. Woolen pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	[illegible]
49⅝	49½	1,100	Anaconda Cop. Min.	49	49½	49	49½	[illegible]
30	40	220	Ann Arbor	33	33	30	30	...
68	70	100	Ann Arbor pf.	68	68	68	68	...
115⅞	116	8,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	115¼	116	115	116	+1
103¾	103⅞	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103½	103¼	103½	...
130¾	131½	1,200	Atlantic Coast Line	129½	131½	129½	131½	[illegible]
111⅝	112⅛	300	Baltimore & Ohio	111⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	101¼	102
2s, c., 1930	101¼	..
3s, r., 1918	102⅜	103
3s, c., 1918	102⅜	103
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115¼
4s, c., 1925	114⅜	115¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	101	101½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	101	101½
Adams Exp.	242	255
Alb. & Sus.	280	..
Allis-Ch. pf.	40¼	42
Am. Ag. C.	40¼	47
Am. Ag. C. pf.	102½	103½
A. B. S. pf.	91	93½
A. C. & F. pf.	117⅞	119
Am. Coal, ex div.	90	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	107
Am. D. Tel.	10	30
Am. Exp., ex div.	272	290
A. H. & L.	6¾	7
Am. L. Co.	14½	15¼
Am. L. Co. pf.	38	40
Am. Malt	7	8
Am. Snuff	230	..
Am. Sn. pf.	94½	110
A. T. & C., ex div.	70	77
B. & O. pf.	91½	93
B. Un. G.	154	158
B., R. & P.	95	107
B., R. & P. pf.	125	138
Butt'k Co.	31½	33
Canada So.	66½	68¼
C. R. R. of N. J.	290	300
C. & S. A. Tel.	118	119
Chi. & Alt.	58	60
C. & A. pf.	..	72
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	118
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	161	161½
C. & N. W. pf.	205	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	157	162
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	4½	4¾
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	10	10¾
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	99	110
Cleve. & P.	171	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	116	..
Col. & So. 1st pf.	80	82½
Col. & So. 2d pf.	79	81
Cons. Coal	105	..
Crex Carpet	55	63
Del. & H.	174	176
D., L. & W.	590	610
D. M. & Ft. D.	5	10
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	..	85
Det. U. R.	64¾	67
D., S. S. & A.	15	16
D., S. S. & A. pf.	27½	28¼
Du P. De N. Pow. pf.	85	86½
Erie 2d pf.	36	38
Ev. & T. H.	56	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S.	52	59
F. M. & S. pf.	75	81½
Gen. C. Co.	99	104
Granby Con.	85	110
Hav. E. R.	90	91½
Hav. E. R. pf.	..	93½
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	120
St. L. S. W.	28½	29
St. L. S. W. pf.	72½	73
Sears-R. pf.	..	123½
S.-S. S. & I.	73½	76½
So. P. R. S.	81	84
So. Ry. pf.	65	66½
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	84½	88
Tenn. Cop.	33⅞	34
Texas Cent.	40	..
Texas Cent. pf.	75	..
T. P. L. Tr.	88½	90½
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. R. & L.	11	12
U. B. & P.	9½	11
U. B. & P. pf.	70	73
Un. Cig. M. pf.	108	112
Un. Dry G.	118	119½
R. I. pf.	67	68
S. Exp.	120	130
S. R. & Ref.	7	8
S. R. & Ref. pf.	10	21
U. & R. R.	174	..
Vand. R. R.	75	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	120	124½
Va. I. C. & Coke	60	65
Vulcan Det.	15	23
Vulcan Det. pf.	65	73
West. Md. war.	48	48¾
Westingh'se 1st pf.	122	130
W. & L. E.	5¼	5¾
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	10	12
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	5¾	6½
Wis. Cent.	49	49½

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Street railway shares slowly sagged to-day in response to the threats of a general sympathetic strike. Among the minor incidents was a leap of nearly $4 in Northern Central Railway shares to the highest price ever attained by them. This was due to the probability of a more liberal settlement with the Pennsylvania Railroad interests on the perpetual lease proposition.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Amer. Rys., cash	46½	46½	46½
10	Amer. Rys., ex div.	45⅝	43¾	45⅝
10	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	75	75	75
500	Cambria Steel	48⅝	48¾	48⅝
50	Electric Storage	59⅞	59	59⅞
25	Erie	29	29	29
10	Great Northern pf.	136⅜	136⅜	136⅜
10	Hunt. & B. T.	8	8	8
19	Ins. Co. of North Amer.	24	23¾	24
10	Lake Sup. Corp.	24	24	24
228	Lehigh Navigation	101	100	100
4	Lehigh Nav. tr. ctfs.	101	101	101
1,992	Lehigh Valley	105	103⅜	104¼
5	Minehill	61¼	61⅛	61⅛
190	Northern Central	131	130	131
795	Pennsylvania	67 1-16	66¾	67 1-16
102	Penn. receipts, $105 pd.	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝
12	Penn. Salt Mfg.	109	109	109
50	Philadelphia Co.	51	51	51
5	Philadelphia Co. pf.	44	44	44
350	Philadelphia Electric	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
1,788	Phila. Rapid Transit	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛
104	Philadelphia Traction	88⅞	88	88
62	Railways Co. Gen.	10¼	10	10¼
870	Reading	83⅝	82⅝	83⅝
10	Rock Island	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝
25	Southern Railway	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
360	Tonopah Belmont	1⅛	1 1-16	1 1-16
650	Tonopah Mining	7	6 15-16	6 15-16
102	Union Traction	50¼	49⅞	50¼
21	United Cos. of N. J.	250	250	250
77	United Gas Imp.	86⅝	86¼	86½
5,585	U. S. Steel	81⅝	80	81½
20	Wabash	21½	21½	21½

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 28.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
345	Crucible Steel	15⅛	15	15
130	Crucible Steel pf.	87⅞	87¼	87⅞
500	Interior Mining	6c.	6c.	6c.
425	Mfrs. L. & H.	21	20½	20⅞
20	Ohio Fuel	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞
440	Pittsburg Brewing	22½	22⅛	22⅛
10	Pitts. Coal pf.	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝
100	River Coal pf.	24	24	24
20	Sewer Pipe	16¼	16¼	16¼
70	U. S. Glass	47	47	47

BANKS.

8	Safe Dep. & Trust Co.	300	300	300

UNLISTED.

100	Am. W. G. Machine	4½	4½	4½
400	Lustre Mining	11c.	11c.	11c.
200	Ohio Fuel Oil	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
177	Oklahoma Gas	40	40	40
10	Union Gas	132½	132½	132½
7,500	Sau Toy	35c.	35c.	35c.
1,400	Silver Peak	75c.	75c.	75c.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday.

Western Union conv 4s, Series A
2,000..........102⅛
West Un Tel col tr 5s
1,000.......... 99½
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000.......... 92¾
1,000.......... 92½
Wis Cent gen 4s
3,000.......... 94½
Wis Cent, Sup & Duluth Div & Term 4s
1,000.......... 93¾

MINING BONDS.

Comstock Tun 1st 4s
$2,000.......... 20

Total sales Feb. 28, 1910.............. $1,950,500
From Jan. 1, 1910.............................151,026,500
Corresponding period last year.....248,033,500

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be Added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911.	98¼	98¾
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912.	96⅝	97¼
Atlantic Coast Line 5s, March, 1910.	100	100⅛
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914.	99½	100
C., C., C. & St. Louis 5s, June, 1911.	100⅜	101¼
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	103⅜	104
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912.	96½	97½
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910.	99¾	100
Louisv. & Nashv. 5s, March, 1910.	100	100⅛
Minn. & St. Louis 6s, Feb., 1911.	99⅝	99⅞
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910.	100	100⅛
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910.	100	100⅛
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913.	101¼	102
Westingh. E. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910.	100⅛	100⅜

Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday as follows:

	Feb. 26.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,417,232	$20,794,488	$220,381,742
Inter. rev.	1,293,706	19,184,591	176,463,230
Miscellaneous	102,385	2,714,474	29,049,881
Total	2,813,323	48,003,555	425,894,854
Expenditures	3,020,159	46,803,716	449,709,672
Surplus	*206,835	1,829,838	*23,814,818

*Deficit.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Day of Inactive Trading and Narrow Price Movements on the Curb.

COPPERS SHOW STRENGTH

Several Issues Show Fractional Gains at the Close—Bonds Unchanged in a Dull Market.

Curb coppers showed some strength yesterday, and although inactive many showed small gains at the close. Greene-Cananea sold 3,000 shares between 10½ and 10¾, closing at 10⅝. Miami gained ⅜ on sales of 1,000 shares, closing at 23⅞, and Nevada closed at 22¾, ⅛ above the opening. The bond list was sluggish and the few issues traded in made no price changes.

* * *

The transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4	Am. Tobacco	405	405	404	404
52	Standard Oil	617¾	618	617	618
5	Un. Cigar Mfg.	86½	86½	86½	86½
1,400	U. S. L. & H.	2⅛	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅛
1,300	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8	8⅛	8	8⅛

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Boston Copper	19	19	19	19
900	Braden Copper	4½	4¾	4½	4⅝
6,000	Chino Copper	14⅛	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝
7,000	*Cobalt Cent.	18	18½	17	17½
1,500	Colonial Silver	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,100	*Comb. Frac.	31	31	31	31
200	*Com'l Mining	50	50	50	50
3,000	Con. Ariz. Sm.	2½	2½	2⅜	2½
200	Davis-D. Cop.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	First Nat. Cop.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
500	Gila Copper	8	8	8	8
1,500	Giroux Mining	9⅞	10	9⅞	9⅞
3,750	Goldf'd Con.	7⅞	†7 15-16	7 13-16	7 13-16
12,500	*Greenwater	8	8½	8	8
3,000	Greene-Can.	10½	10¾	10½	10⅝
800	*Harcuvar Cp.	47	47	46	47
2,000	Kerr Lake	9 7-16	9⅝	9 7-16	9 9-16
500	King Edward	7-16	½	7-16	½
1,000	Miami Copper	23½	23⅞	23½	23⅞
1,700	Mont.-Shosn.	†⅞	†⅞	†⅞	†⅞
1,800	Nev. Con. Cop.	22⅝	22¾	22⅝	22¾
1,000	Nev. Smelting	¾	¾	¾	¾
1,000	N.-U. M. & S.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1 5-16
500	N. M. Co.	10 5-16	10 5-16	10 3-16	10 3-16
200	Ohio Copper	4	4	4	4
500	*Otisse	10	10	10	10
2,000	Pac. Smelters	1 1-16	1 1-16	15-16	15-16
300	Prec. Metals	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3,000	Ray Central	3¼	3 5-16	3¼	3 5-16
1,000	Ray Consol.	21½	21⅝	21¼	21⅝
1,500	Silver Leaf	10	11	10	11
1,500	Silver Queen	21	22	20	22
500	*Tramps Cons.	6	6	6	6
500	Tri-Bullion	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
300	Tularosa	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
200	Tuolumne Cop.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,200	Union Mines	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
100	United Copper	7	7	7	7
2,000	*United Rico	18	18	15	18
1,000	Yukon G. M.	4½	†4½	4⅜	4⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	A. C. L. cv. 4s	101	101	101	101
16,000	C. G. W. 4s w. i.	90	90	90	90
10,000	West. Pac. 5s	97½	97½	97½	97½

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

* * *

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Friday:

	Feb. 28. Bid.	Asked.	Feb. 25. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Coal Prod.	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾
Am. Tobacco	401	405	401	405
Am. Writing Paper	3½	4	3½	4
Am. Writing Paper pf.	27½	29	27½	29
Am. Light & Traction	289	292	285	290
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	106	105	106
Borden's Cond. Milk	115	117	116	120
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	105	106	104	106½
Boston Copper	18	19½	19	19½
British Col. Copper	6⅞	7	6⅞	7
Braden Copper	4½	4⅝	4⅜	4½
Butte Coalition	24¼	25	24½	25¼
Chicago Subway	3½	3⅝	3⅝	3⅜
Combination Fraction	31	32	31	32
Cobalt Central	17	18	19	20
Davis-Daly Copper	3⅛	3¼	3¼	3¼
First Nat. Copper	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾
Giroux	9⅞	10	10	10⅛
Goldfield Con.	7 13-16	7⅞	7⅞	7 15-16
Greene-Cananea	10½	10⅝	10½	10¾
International Salt	6	10	5	7
Kerr Lake	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝
La Rose Con.	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
McKinley-Darragh	85	90	83	87
Manhattan Transit	1⅜	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝
Mason Valley	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1 15-16
Miami Copper	23⅝	23⅞	24¼	24⅝
Mines Co. of America	48	50	48	50
Nevada Con. Cop.	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22⅞
New Baltic Con.	13	14	13	14
Nevada-U. M. & S.	1 5-16	1⅜	1 5-16	1⅜
Nipissing Mines Co.	10⅛	10¼	10¼	10½
Ohio Copper	4	4¼	4	4¼
Pope Mfg.	69	71	69	71
Pope Mfg. pf.	..	80½	..	86½
Ray Central	3 5-16	3⅜	3⅜	3 7-16
Ray Con.	21⅝	21⅞	21½	22
Silver Queen	21	26	20	22
South. U. M. & S.	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Standard Milling	16	19	16	19
Standard Milling pf.	55½	58	55½	58
Standard Oil	616	618	616	618
Tri-Bullion	⅞	1	⅞	1
Tonopah Mining	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛
United Cigar Mfg.	86	87½	86	87½
United Copper	6¾	7	6½	6⅞
United Copper pf.	15	23	15	23
U. S. Light & Heat	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
Western Pacific 5s	97	97½	97½	97⅝
Yukon Gold Mines	4⅜	4½	4⅜	4½

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅞ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¼ per cent. for sixty days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for ninety days, 3¾ per cent. for four months, and 3¾@4 per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2 5-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2¼ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3⅛ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $199,383,741; balances, $10,572,772; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $378,671.

The local banks have gained $305,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.8710@$4.8720; sixty days at $4.8470@$4.8480, and cables at $4.8730@$4.8740.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅞ plus 1-32@5.16¼ less 1-64 for cables, 5.16⅞@5.16⅞ less 3-64 for sight, and 5.19⅜ plus 1-64@5.18¾ less 1-32 for sixty days; reichsmarks, 95¼ plus 1-32@95 5-16 plus 1-32 for cables, 95 3-16 plus 1-32@95¼ for sight, and 94 11-16@94 15-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par; Chicago, 25c premium; St. Louis, 45c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, $1.25 premium; St. Paul, 50c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 23 5-16d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 50⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday business was extremely dull, with prices unchanged with the exception of tin, which developed considerable weakness in sympathy with London, declining ½c.

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday spot copper at the close of the day remained unchanged from the initial price, but an advance of 2s 6d from the closing figure of Friday; futures likewise showed no movement in either direction from the opening quotation of yesterday, and also from the closing price of Friday. The market finished steady, last figures ruling at: Spot, £59 10s; futures, £60 7s 6d. Pig tin ended weak, with spot deliveries down £2 2s 6d, to £149, and future deliveries off £2, to £150 10s. Spanish pig lead was easy at a recession of 1s 3d, to £13 3s 9d. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £23 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 3d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Friday:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper:				
Spot	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
March	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
April	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
May	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
Spelter	5.70	5.80	5.70	5.80
Lead	4.60	4.70	4.60	4.70
Tin	32.62½	32.87½	33.15	33.35

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WILL BUY:
100 Am. Manufacturing Co..@107
100 Am. Seed. Machine Com.@ 33
5 Bklyn City Newtown 5s..@ 99
25 New Jersey Zinc.......Offering
50 N.Y.& Qu'ns E.L.& P.Com.Offering
25 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg...@130
25 Singer Mfg. Co........@530
5 U. S. Envelope 5s......Offering
WILL SELL:
18 Am. Type Founders' Com.@ 46½
50 Babcock & Wilcox......@102⅛
4 Bklyn Union "L" Pfd....@ 85
50 Bklyn Warehouse Storage. Bid
10 Celluloid Co...........@130¾
15 Central Fireworks Pfd...@ 40
10 Crocker-Wheeler.......@ 90
19 Electric Boat Com......@ 26
100 Otis Elevator Pfd.......@100
100 Pope Mfg. Com.........@ 70
24 Royal Baking Powder Pfd.@109¾
5 United Lead Deb. 5s....@ 64
Bonds "and interest."
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Coupons due March 1, 1910, of the above bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Pittsburg View of Steel Trade.

Vice President Willis L. King of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company of Pittsburg has expressed an opinion on the outlook in the steel business to a Pittsburg newspaper which was republished in Wall Street yesterday and attracted wide attention. Mr. King appears to agree with President Truesdale of the Lackawanna Railroad on the general business outlook, and as for the steel trade he ventures the remark that there is a strong probability of a record production of steel products this year. Discussing the decline in new business in recent weeks Mr. King explains this as due, first, to large tonnages held by buyers due and unshipped on old contracts; second, to the severity of the Winter, and third, to the fears of harmful legislation at Washington. He adds, "The first two reasons are natural and logical, but the third is sentimental and without foundation in fact."

⁂

An Untenable Theory.

If it were not everywhere understood that the farmer is immune to the temptations which sometimes prove too strong for other men, particularly those engaged in business below Fulton Street, it might be worth considering whether, having a large stock of wheat on hand which he is holding for higher prices, the farmer is picking quarrels with the crop experts who are just now mussing up his fields and sending out reports of serious damage to his growing Winter wheat.

⁂

Light First-Hour Trading.

Despite some show of activity in a few stocks at the opening of the market yesterday and more or less activity through the first hour in the trading in Reading, the sales made on the floor from 10 o'clock to 11 amounted to an average of only about 100 shares for each of the eight hundred and more active members of the Stock Exchange. The dealings in the first hour amounted to only 87,000 shares, which is less than the business done in any first hour in months. At the noon hour one day last week the sales dropped to a total of 22,000 shares, but transactions of 200,000 shares or more in the first hour have been the rule, even on the recent days of relative dullness in the market. After 11 o'clock there was a little more activity, and the total for the day was in the neighborhood of 500,000 shares, being only a little under the total for the corresponding day last week.

⁂

Ore Certificates Tax Free.

The recent decision of the Attorney General of New York State that the Great Northern ore certificates are not subject to the stock transfer tax means a loss to the State, on the basis of last year's trading in these certificates, of about $18,000 for the year. The transactions in 1909 in the ore certificates amounted to 898,000 shares, which, on the basis of the tax of 2 cents per share of $100 par value, would yield the State $17,960. The ore certificates, being merely certificates of beneficial interest in the ore lands held by the trustees, have no par value, nor do they represent corporate capitalization in any form.

⁂

New Equipment for Hill Roads.

The Great Northern and the Northern Pacific, according to dispatches from St. Paul published in the financial district yesterday, plan to expend a total of $13,500,000 for new equipment, about half of this amount to be spent by each line. The Great Northern has just placed orders for some new locomotives and new freight cars, and other orders will soon follow. The Great Northern, like a number of other roads, found itself when the 1907 panic came with a good deal of new equipment, including a number of locomotives, which had just been delivered, but which were not needed because of the falling off in traffic. All of these have gone into use with the restoration of normal business conditions and now the road is again looking forward to future increases in business.

NEVADA CONSOLIDATED OFF.

Only 12,969,761 Pounds Production in the Last Quarter—$33,601 Deficit.

The quarterly report of the Nevada Consolidated Copper Company shows production of 12,969,761 pounds during the quarter ended Dec. 31. This is below normal, owing to the adverse weather conditions, President James Phillips, Jr., explains. The grade of ore treated averaged 2 per cent.

Earnings of the mine and income from investments during the quarter were $736,634. The payment of Dividend No. 1, totaling $743,074, of $25,770 in interest, and of $1,392 in adjustment of previous earnings, left a net deficit for the quarter of $33,601.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Trading in London Dull and Heavy Except in Rubber Shares.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Money was in good demand to-day incident to the payment of $29,000,000 in Treasury bills. Discount rates were steady. The weekly consignment of South African gold amounted to $4,750,000. India and Paris each took $1,000,000 and the rest was taken by the Bank of England at a reduction of ½d.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was dull and heavy, with the exception of the rubber shares section, which continued to attract considerable attention and support at higher prices. The uncertain political situation was mainly responsible for weakness in gilt-edged securities, home rails, and Kaffirs, but consols hardened slightly in the afternoon. Copper shares drooped in sympathy with New York, and trunk lines were lower on profit taking.

American securities opened quiet and about unchanged. During the first hour trading was very light and featureless. Prices declined in the early afternoon on fears of a poor Winter wheat crop and the lower New York opening, but in the late trade light buying orders caused a recovery, and the market closed steady.

Bar silver steady, 23 5-16d per ounce.

Money, 2⅜ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 5-16@2⅜ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2⅜ per cent.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse to-day.

The private rate of discount was lowered ¼, to 2¼, per cent.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f. 5c. for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f. 17c. for checks.

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—Trading was dull and prices declined on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	81 15-16	..	..	+3-16
Consols, account	82¼	..	..	Apl. acct.
Anaconda	10⅛	49¼	49⅛	— ⅛
Atchison	118¼	115⅝	115	+ ¼
Canadian Pac.	183ex	180⅝	181⅝	— ⅞
St. Paul	148⅛	144⅛	144⅝	— ½
Erie	30⅛	29⅝	29⅛	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.		48⅛	46⅞	
Illinois Central	145½	141⅝		
Louisv. & Nashv.	155⅛	151⅛	151⅝	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	123⅛	120⅛	120⅝	— ⅛
Pennsylvania	68⅛	133⅛	133⅝	— ⅜
Reading	85⅝	166⅞	166⅛	+ ⅝
Southern Pac.	129	125⅝	125⅛	+ ⅜
Union Pacific	189ex	186⅛	186⅝	— ⅝
U. S. Steel	82⅝	80⅝	80⅝	— ⅝
U. S. Steel pf.	123	119⅝	119⅞	— ⅛

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	93¼	94½
German consol 3s	84⅝	85⅝
Prussian Government 4s	101⅝	102⅝
Bavarian Government 4s	101⅛	102⅛
Hessian Government 3½s	92½	93½
Saxony Government 3s	84¼	85¼
Hamburg Government 3s	83⅝	84¼
City of Berlin 4s	100¼	101¼
City of Cologne 4s	100¼	101¼
City of Augsburg 4s	100¼	101¼
City of Munich 4s	100½	101½
City of Frankfort 3½s	93½	94½
City of Vienna 4s	96½	97½
Mexican Government gold 5s	101	102
Russian Government gold 4s	92¼	93¼
French Government rente 3s	98¼	99¼
British consol 2½s	81¼	82¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	7	3	Esperanza	2	16	0
Tomboy	0	17	6	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	8	6	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

Premium on Cuban Bonds.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The Cuban 4½ per cent. gold bonds commanded a premium of 1 per cent. to-day. The $5,500,000 issue was so largely oversubscribed that the subscription books were closed half an hour after they were opened on Saturday.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Feb. 28.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7¼	8½	Jackpot	6½	7¼
Elkton	68½	68¾	McKinney	46	48
El Paso	67	67¼	Old Gold	3¾	4
Findlay	10½	11	Portland	100	108
Gold Dollar	10	10½	Vindicator	80	81
Isabella	16	16¼	J. Sample	9	9½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.20	Justice	.26
Alpha Con.	.16	Kentucky Con.	.19
Andes	.28	Lady Wash. Con.	.16
Belcher	1.22	Mexican	2.12
Bullion	.08	Occidental Con.	.32
Caledonia	.96	Ophir	2.42
Challenge Con.	.47	Overman	1.55
Chollar	.33	Potosi	.74
Confidence	1.40	Savage	.65
Con. Cal. & Va.	2.00	Seg Belcher	.30
Con. Imperial	.08	Sierra Nevada	.84
Crown Point	.20	Union Con.	.06
Gould & Curry	.40	Utah Con.	.17
Hale & Norcross	.64	Yellow Jacket	1.32
Julia	.25		

Silver bars, 50¼; Mexican dollars, 44½@45½; drafts, sight, 14@15 per cent. premium; telegraph, 16@17½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.07
Belmont	1.55	Diamondfield	.02
Jim Butler	.11	Goldfield C. M.	7.75
McNamara	.27	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.25	Jumbo Extension	.38
North Star	.03	Kendall	.02
Tonopah Extension	.72	Lone Star	.04
West End	.87	Red Hills	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm	.03
Adams	.01	St. Ives	.20
Atlanta	.16	BULLFROG.	
Combination Fract.	.32	Bullfrog N. B.	.01
Crackerjack	.02	Tramps Cons.	.05

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Baltimore & Ohio, Prior Lien 3½s, July, 1925
Cent'l Branch Union Pac. 1st 4s, June, 1948
Panhandle Gtd. 4½s, due April, 1942
Pennsylvania Gtd. 4½s, due July, 1921
Union Bag & Paper Co. 1st 5s, June, 1930
Bethlehem Steel Co. S. F. 6% notes, Nov., 1914
Penington, Colket & Co.
115 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Detroit, Toledo & Ironton 1st 4s, 1955
Pere Marquette 2d Pfd. Stock
Buffalo & Susquehanna 4½s and 4s
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General Mortgage Gold 4s

Due June 1, 1993. Interest June 1 and December 1.
Authorized, $50,000,000. Outstanding, $25,137,000.
Reserved to retire prior liens, $22,115,000. Issuable for betterments, $2,748,000.

LIEN OF ISSUE

Refunding lien on 1,158 miles of railroad.
Lien on leases and contracts covering about 800 miles.
First lien on bonds and mortgages having par value of $13,871,000.
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Second lien on bonds having par value of $2,498,000.
Second lien on stocks having par value of $2,666,125.

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This issue has priority over:
5% Notes $5,000,000
Preferred stock, paying 5% dividends 10,000,000
Common stock 47,056,000
The above have an aggregate market value of approximately $51,000,000.

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The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis is an important part of the New York Central System, being controlled through ownership of a majority of its stock by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company.

Having sold the larger part of the above bonds, we offer the unsold balance.

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March 1, 1910.

Mr. Robert Mallory has this day been admitted to membership in our firm as a general partner.

Mr. George Foster Peabody has become a special partner, as Trustee under the will of our late senior partner, Mr. Spencer Trask.

Spencer Trask & Co.

MINNEAPOLIS GAS LIGHT COMPANY.
CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS.
DATED SEPTEMBER 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the Minneapolis Gas Light Company, in pursuance of the provision contained in the above-entitled bonds, has elected that the said bonds shall be payable on the first day of March, 1910, and that said bonds will on that day be paid at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York, N. Y., upon the surrender and cancellation of said bonds, and that interest upon said bonds will cease to run from said date.

Dated Minneapolis, February 26th, 1910.
MINNEAPOLIS GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

MISSISSIPPI GLASS COMPANY 6% BONDS.
SINKING FUND.

Pursuant to Article Six of the Deed of Trust made by the Mississippi Glass Company to the undersigned Trustees, under date of May 2d, 1904, the Trustees will purchase $25,000 of bonds secured by said deed of trust. Sealed proposals for the sale thereof must be in the hands of the Mississippi Valley Trust Co., St. Louis, Mo., on or before March 30th, 1910.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST CO.,
JULIUS S. WALSH,
Trustees.

MAN OF BUSINESS QUALIFICATIONS, years of experience, age 42, liquidating his business chattel loans, and investments, thorough credit man, would like to associate with a good New York concern. P. O. Box 493, Philadelphia.

Financial accommodation can be arranged in London, England, for firms or corporations desiring same; financial facilities. Address A 76 Times, Times Square.

How and when to invest. Consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review for information on every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Latest developments in metal and commodities markets. Full and reliable quotation lists. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

PROPOSALS.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., March 1, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing Fuel, Gasoline, Mineral Oil, and Forage and Straw (3 months' supply—July, August, and September), required in Dept. of the East, during year ending June 30, 1911, will be received here until 10 A. M., April 1, 1910. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals will be endorsed "Proposals for Fuel, Gasoline, Mineral Oil, and Forage and Straw at —." I. W. LITTELL, D. Q. M. G.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., March 1, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 10 A. M., April 1, 1910, for printing required at Department Headquarters during year ending June 30, 1911. Successful bidder will be required to furnish plant and material. Work to be done on Governors Island in building furnished by U. S., rent free. Right reserved to accept or reject any or all bids, or any part thereof. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Printing." I. W. LITTELL, D. Q. M. G.

WALKS, DRAINS, AND GRADING.—Office Constructing Quartermaster, Fort Hamilton, N. Y., February 1, 1910.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for walks, drains, and grading in vicinity of new buildings at this post, will be received here until 11 A. M. March 3, 1910. Plans, specifications, and full information furnished on application. The U. S. reserves the right to reject or accept any or all bids. Envelopes containing proposals must be marked "Proposals for Walks, Drains, and Grading," and addressed to the Constructing Quartermaster, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.

WEST POINT, N. Y., March 1, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, for furnishing fuel at this Post, will be received until 12 o'clock M., April 1, 1910. Deliveries to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911. Information furnished upon application. The U. S. reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. Envelopes containing proposals should be endorsed "Proposals for Fuel." Addressed Quartermaster.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 710, ARMY Building, New York, N. Y., Feb. 28, 1910.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Patchogue River, Great South Bay, N. Y., and Brown's Creek, N. Y., will be received at this office until 12 M., March 29, 1910, and then publicly opened. Information on application. W. M. Black, Col. Engrs.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 802, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City, March 1, 1910.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Passaic River and Shrewsbury River, N. J., will be received at this office until 12 M. April 1, 1910, and then publicly opened. Information on application. WM. T. ROSSELL, Colonel, Engineers.

COBALTS—NEVADAS—COPPERS.
EPPS MARKET LETTER
Curb Mining Stocks Free Weekly
EDWARD E. EPPS & CO., 11-13 William St., N. Y.

OFFICE OF
The Niagara Falls Power Company
15 BROAD STREET.
New York, February 26, 1910.

To the holders of the Six Per Cent. Debentures of the Niagara Falls Power Company, Series 1910, and Series A, B, and C, Canadian Collateral:

The Niagara Falls Power Company is prepared in exchange for any of its debentures of the several series above mentioned to deliver an equal principal amount of the Six Per Cent. Bonds Secured by its Refunding and General Mortgage now executed and delivered to the Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee. These bonds are payable January 1st, 1932, interest payable April 1st and October 1st, and will be issued either as coupon bonds or as registered bonds, the registered bonds being in denominations of $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000, convertible into coupon bonds at the option of the holder.

Pursuant to the provisions of Law, the Public Service Commission for the Second District has given consent to the proposed issue for the refunding of these debentures.

The Recording Tax having been paid the bonds issued in exchange for such debentures will be exempt from local taxation within the State of New York, excepting transfer taxes.

Copies of the last annual report of the Company, containing income statements and balance sheets and statements of surplus, and also a summary statement of the terms of the new mortgage and of the security thereunder, may be had on application to the Company at its office in New York.

Outstanding debentures to an amount, approximately, of $3,000,000 have already been offered in exchange for the new bonds.

The procedure and terms of exchange will be found in the appended statement of the Bankers Trust Company.

THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER COMPANY,
EDWARD A. WICKES, President.

Referring to the foregoing statement, the undersigned is prepared on or before March 14, 1910, to receive any of the debentures of the several issues above indicated, and in exchange therefor to deliver the Refunding and General Mortgage Bonds, bond for bond. As the new bonds will carry interest from April 1, 1910, the undersigned, for the convenience of debenture holders making such exchange and for account of the Niagara Power Company, will pay in cash, without rebate, coupons due April 1, 1910, on debentures so delivered, and in adjustment of interest due May 1, 1910, on debentures so delivered will pay $25 in cash for each $30 coupon representing such interest due May 1 next, the remaining $5 being included in the coupon on the new bond carrying interest from April 1st.

Temporary receipts will be issued exchangeable into definitive engraved bonds on or after April 1st, 1910.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
7 Wall Street, New York.

Central Foundry Company

To holders of the 6% Sinking Fund Gold Debentures of 1919 of Central Foundry Company, and to all other creditors of said company:

In view of the appointment of a receiver of the properties of CENTRAL FOUNDRY COMPANY, and at the request of the holders of said debentures and creditors to a large amount, the undersigned have consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of all creditors who shall become parties to an agreement now in course of preparation, to be dated February 16, 1910.

Creditors are accordingly requested to deposit their debentures in negotiable form with the coupon of May 1, 1910, and all subsequent coupons attached, and all other claims and evidences of indebtedness, with appropriate transfers, proofs of claims, and powers of attorney with the **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,** the depositary to be named in said agreement, at its office, 54 Wall Street, New York City. Certificates of deposit will be issued for all debentures and claims so deposited.

In the judgment of the Committee the interests of the creditors demand immediate concerted action for their protection, and a prompt deposit of debentures and of claims is therefore urged. Copies of the deposit agreement and forms of transfer, proofs of claims, and powers of attorney may be obtained on and after FEBRUARY 21, 1910, from the Central Trust Company of New York or from the secretary of the committee.

Dated New York, February 16, 1910.

J. N. WALLACE,
Chairman;
C. D. SMITHERS,
P. J. GOODHART,
AUGUST HECKSCHER,
GEORGE D. HALLOCK,
Committee.
FRANKLIN L. BABCOCK, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
Counsel.

THIRD AVENUE
Railroad Company
NOTICE OF SALE

Pursuant to a decree of foreclosure and sale of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, in which the **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK** was complainant and **THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY** and others were defendants, bearing date May 17th, 1909, the undersigned, the Special Master appointed by said decree for the purpose of selling the property therein directed to be sold, will, on the first day of March, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, sell by Joseph P. Day, Esq., auctioneer, at public auction, at the North Main Entrance of the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the manner directed by said decree, to the highest qualified bidder, the property described in said decree.

Reference is made to the terms of said decree, a copy of which may be obtained at the office of the undersigned, No. 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, for further details as to the said sale, and to the more detailed notice of sale published in The Globe and Commercial Advertiser, a newspaper published in the Borough of Manhattan, on Monday of each week until the sale.

Dated New York, January 29th, 1910.

HOWARD TAYLOR,
Special Master.
BOWERS & SANDS,
Complainant's Solicitors,
31 Nassau Street,
Borough of Manhattan,
New York, N. Y.

To the Holders of First Mortgage 5% Bonds of Columbia Gas & Electric Co.

Notice is hereby given that proposals for the acquisition of bonds of the above-named Company under the mortgage from said Company to the undersigned as trustee, for redemption of bonds through the sinking fund, to the extent of $113,660, will be received at the office of the undersigned, No. 60 Broadway, in New York City, on or before March 15, 1910, in accordance with the terms of said mortgage. No proposals will be accepted at a price greater than par and accrued interest.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO., Trustee.
By C. H. KEEP, President.
New York, Dated Feb. 10, 1910.

The East Cleveland Railroad Company.

The First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the above Company, dated March 1, 1892, which mature March 1, 1910, and the accompanying coupons due March 1st, will, on and after March 1, 1910, be taken up by N. W. Harris & Company upon presentation at their office, Pine Street, corner William, New York City.

The Cleveland Railway Company,
By HORACE E. ANDREWS, President.
Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 25, 1910.

6% Guaranteed Mortgages 6%
Over $400,000 Sold.
Ask for Booklet
KINGS CO. MORTGAGE CO.,
188 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Anson Phelps Stokes Buys the Willard Hotel on West 76th Street—Palmer Estate Sells Fourth Avenue Corner—Passing of an Old Landmark—Bronx Sales.

Anson Phelps Stokes added a valuable parcel of west side realty to his extensive holdings yesterday, when he purchased the Willard, an eleven-story family hotel, at 252 and 254 West Seventy-sixth Street, from Alexander McDowell, who erected the building about seven years ago on a plot 55 by 105, adjoining the southwest corner of West End Avenue.

In part payment Mr. Stokes gives his property in New Brighton, S. I., consisting of seventeen houses and five acres of land. These houses were constructed after the style of an old English village, under the supervision of Mr. Stokes.

The Willard, which is two blocks north of the Ansonia, also owned by Mr. Stokes, is leased to the Hotel Cecil Company for twenty-one years at a net annual rental of $21,000. The exchange, which involves approximately $800,000, was negotiated by Arnold, Byrne & Baumann, who have been appointed by Mr. McDowell sole agents to sell the Staten Island property in separate parcels.

Another Fourth Avenue Corner Sold.

The development of Fourth Avenue into one of the most important commercial sections of New York is going on rapidly, and the old-fashioned houses that once lined a great portion of that thoroughfare will soon be a thing of the past. Five of these old houses, on the northeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street, have just been sold by the estate of Cortlandt Palmer for about $450,000, the new owner being represented by Frederick P. Foster. He stated, however, that no improvement would be begun on the site for at least a year. Just one block below on the site formerly occupied by the Ashland House a $1,000,000 twenty-story office building and loft is being erected.

Passing of West Side Landmark.

The little two-story frame cottage at 510 West Fifty-seventh Street, one of the landmarks of the middle west side, has been sold by its owner, John Byrne, to Gustave Schoch, who owns the adjoining property.

The cottage was built in 1854 by the father of the present owner. When it was put up it was the only house in that region west of Broadway, and to the south the nearest dwelling was Gen. Garrett Striker's, in Hopper's Lane, that ran west from Broadway to the river at about Fifty-second Street.

In those days the boys of the neighborhood used to go rabbit hunting in what is now Central Park.

After having watched the city grow up to his homestead and miles beyond, Mr. Byrne has finally decided to abandon it.

Low Estate Plot for Tenements.

The Fogliasso Clement Building Company of 197 Bleecker Street has purchased for cash from the estate of N. Low 79, 81, 83, and 85 Macdougal Street, four three-story brick tenements, consisting of a plot 97.6 by 100. The buyers will on taking title to this property demolish the present old buildings and erect on this plot two seven-story fireproof modern tenements.

William E. Davies has sold for Dr. H. Everett Russell the northeast corner of Bedford and Morton Streets, a six-story and basement store and flat building, on plot 43 by 69.

The Duross Company has sold for Mrs. George Kracht 55 Charles Street, between Waverley Place and West Fourth Street, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 74, to a client.

Buying West Side Flats.

Leopold Guggenberger has sold 450 and 452 Amsterdam Avenue, two five-story flats, with stores, on plot 50 by 87.

Joseph Corbit & Co. sold for James E. Mitchell to William E. Good 132 West Fifteenth Street, a five-story flat, on lot 25.3 by 103.3.

East 71st Street Dwellings Sold.

Guy Richards has sold 173 East Seventy-first Street, a four-story dwelling, on plot 14.8 by 102.2. The similar adjoining house 175, 15.2 by 102.2, has been sold by John J. Mahoney. The two dwellings together occupy a plot 29.10 by 102.2, about 190 feet west of Third Avenue.

The Duross Company sold 110 East Eightieth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 18.4 by 102.2, adjoining the Alvarado apartment house at the southeast corner of Park Avenue. Francis C. Bealty holds the title to the property. Davis & Robinson represent the buyer.

Mrs. J. P. Barnes sold 116 East Sixty-fourth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 12.6 by 100.5, to a Mr. Bacon, for occupancy.

Important Deal on West 73d Street.

Hall, Hawkes & Prentice have sold for Mrs. J. V. Olcott and others 173 West Seventy-third Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 18 by 102.2. The purchaser is understood to be the owner of the northeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Seventy-third Street, and now controls a plot 76.8 by 118.

Bronx Sales.

Ennis & Sinnott have bought from T. F. Fay, through Albert A. Rosenthal, a fifty-foot plot on the north side of 169th Street, 68 feet east of Walton Avenue.

S. Albert has sold for Abraham Frankel a plot consisting of twenty-two lots on the north side of Logan Street, bounded by Sutter and Blake Avenues, to George J. Luxton, for immediate improvement. The purchaser will erect three and four story buildings.

Paul Bultman has sold for M. Scheelo 147 Willis Avenue, a five-story double flat with stores.

Tillie Frank has bought from the Leo Hutter estate the plot, 200 by 100, on the west side of Southern Boulevard, 124 feet south of 173d Street. The property, which is close to the 174th Street Subway Station, was bought by the late Mr. Hutter at the auction sale of the Bathgate-Beck estate in 1905. The plot was offered at auction by his executors last week and was bid in.

A. Friedberg has sold for a client the two-family house on the west side of Elm Street, 150 feet north of Locust Avenue, on lot 25 by 100.

Mrs. Elizabeth Koerner has sold the four-story flat 1,372 Brook Avenue, on lot 25 by 100.

Staten Island Sales.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Mrs. Sarah B. Hyde to C. Attinosio a lot, 25 by 100, on New York Avenue, Rosebank. The purchaser intends to improve the lot by the erection of a building for business purposes.

Suburban Sales.

H. Richter & Co. have sold to Pauline Grundler and Clara Erbeck of Rockaway Park four lots on Lincoln Avenue, Belle Harbor; also, to Mrs. Jane De Laney of Manhattan, a cottage, 15 Sixth Avenue, at Rockaway Park for J. A. Johnson, builder.

Recent Buyers.

Harrison P. Wallis is the buyer of 122 East Sixty-fourth Street, and not Emma B. Hopkins, as recently reported. David H. Hyman was the broker.

A. E. Thompson was the broker in the sale of the Hotel Schuyler, at 57 to 63 West Forty-fifth Street, bought recently by Herman Wronkow.

George R. Read & Co. negotiated the sale of 28 and 30 Vesey Street, sold last week by Hellner & Wolf.

John Gellatly of 34 West Fifty-seventh Street is the buyer of the dwelling 274 Madison Avenue, near Fortieth Street, formerly owned by Percy B. O'Sullivan, President of the Coffee Exchange. The home was sold under foreclosure a few days ago and was bought by the City Real Estate Company, by which it was resold to Mr. Gellatly.

Winthrop L. Rogers is the purchaser of the dwelling 67 East Ninety-second Street, sold recently through Pease & Elliman.

Isaac Solinger is the buyer of the dwelling 425 East 122d Street, sold recently by Ury Goodman.

Oakdale Lots at Auction.

In the Vesey Street salesroom yesterday Bryan L. Kennelly conducted the seventeenth auction sale of villa plots at Oakdale, L. I., owned by W. K. Aston. There were twenty-eight parcels sold for a total of $3,005. Among the buyers were Patrick McGenn, B. C. W. Stillwell, A. Jones, John T. Kirt, John H. Barnes, and H. Rawak.

To Enlarge 65th Street Astor House.

Plans have been filed for remodeling and enlarging the four-story dwelling house at 5 East Sixty-fifth Street, owned by John Jacob Astor, and occupied by Mrs. Strong. The house adjoins the Astor twin houses at the corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street. The improvements are to include additional bay windows and will be made from designs by Charles A. Platt as architect.

Notes.

George R. Read & Co. have leased for the St. James Protestant Episcopal Church the five-story building at 94 Chambers Street to Bernard Kreizer for a term of ten years.

"Fire Insurance" will be the subject discussed by R. O. Haubold of the firm of A. Haubold & Son, and W. R. Crane of the North River Insurance Company before the real estate class of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, this evening.

The flag staff was placed on the New Liberty Tower Building, at Liberty and Nassau Streets, only a few days since, marking the moment of the completion of the steel work on the building. The mason work is now so far completed that the building shows final form. The C. L. Gray Construction Company has made remarkable progress in this work. The building will be ready for occupancy about April 15.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

86th St, 516, s s, 173 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2, five-story tenement, with stores; executor's sale, estate of Eleanor C. Roberts, deceased, to Wesselman & Kraus, for a party in interest, $24,000.

8th St, 39, n s, 554.5 ft w of 5th Av, 23x93.11, vacant; foreclosure sale, adjourned to March 14.

101st St, 103, n s, 16.6 ft e of Park Av, 15.6x75, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Lionello Perara, $6,045.

101st St, 105, n s, 32 ft e of Park Av, 15.6x75, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Lionello Perara, $6,045.

134th St, 122, s s, 350 ft e of 7th Av, 25x99.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the defendant, L. Frazier, $22,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Several villa plots on Peperidge Hall tract at Oakdale, L. I.; voluntary sale, 28 parcels sold to various purchasers for $3,005.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Vyse Av, w s, 275 ft n of Freeman St, for a five-story brick tenement, 25x88; Gaetano Zingales, 19 East 107th St, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $30,000.

Beaumont Av, w s, 220 ft s of 187th St, for two four-story brick tenements, 25x88.6 each; Philip & Herman Tuchman, 17 Glover St, owners; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $50,000.

Tremont Av, s s, 237 ft e of Public Place, for a one-story frame shed, 17.6x15; George Costar, on premises, owner; Franz Wolfgang, architect; cost, $200.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Stanton St, 334 and 336, to a six-story brick factory; L. Zodikow, 328 Stanton St, owner; Ebeling & Son, architects; cost, $6,000.

Hudson St, 634, to two four-story brick tenements and stores; G. Gambardelle, premises, owner; Gross & Kleinberger, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, FEB. 28.

AVENUE C, 297, w s, 42 ft n of 17th St, 20x66; Lena Zeichner to Louis Kirsch, $1.

BEACH AV, e s, 148.11 ft s of 156th St, 25.6x165.6; John S. Shea to Isidore Levy of Brooklyn, all title, $70.

BELMONT AV, e s, 75 ft n from s s of Lot 185, map of Ryer Homestead, 27.2x94.0; Edna Mountford to Michael J. McGuire, (mtg $12,500,) $100.

BOWERY, 221, e s, 75.3 ft n of Rivington St, 21.6x99.8 and 21.6x97.11; Charles A. Fisher to Van Norden Trust Co., (mtg $30,000,) $100.

BROADWAY, s w of 19th St, runs w 371.9 ft to s s of 5th Av and s 84 and e 150x s 8x e 50x s 92 to n s of 18th St and e 69.9x n 77x e 26.7x n 28.1x e 101 to w s of Broadway x n 82.11 to beginning; Louise and Walter C. M. Constable and others to Miss Marie L. Constable, 1-12 part, $1.

BROADWAY, s w of 19th St, runs w 371.9 ft to s s of 5th Av and s 84 and e 150x s 8x e 50x s 92 to n s of 18th St and e 69.9x n 77x e 26.7x n 28.1x e 101 to w s of Broadway x n 82.11 to beginning; Louise and Walter C. M. Constable and others to Mrs. Louise Constable of Mamaroneck, N. Y., 1-6 part, $1.

BROADWAY, s w of 19th St, runs w 371.9 ft to s s of 5th Av and s 84 and e 150x s 8x e 50x s 92 to n s of 18th St x e 69.9x n 77x e 26.7x n 28.1x e 101 to w s of Broadway x n 82.11 to beginning; Louise and Walter C. M. Constable and others to Miss Edith Constable of Mamaroneck, N. Y., 1-12 part, $1.

BROADWAY, s w of 19th St, runs w 371.9 ft to s s of 5th Av and s 84 and e 150x s 8x e 50x s 92 to n s of 18th St x e 69.9x n 77x e 26.7x n 28.1x e 101 to w s of Broadway x n 82.11 to beginning; Amy H. and Edwin H. Weatherbee and Alfred G. Evans, trustees of Henrietta Constable, deceased, for Harriette M. Arnold and others, to Mrs. Louise Constable, 1-6 part, $1.

BROADWAY, s w of 19th St, runs w 371.9 ft to s s of 5th Av and s 84 and e 150x s 8x e 50x s 92 to n s of 18th St x e 69.9x n 77x e 26.7x n 28.1x e 101 to w s of Broadway x n 82.11 to beginning; Amy H. and Edwin H. Weatherbee and Alfred G. Evans, trustees of Henrietta Constable, deceased, for Harriette M. Arnold and others, to Mrs. Louise Constable, 1-12 part, $1.

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CLAY AV, e s, 94.9 ft n of 169th St, 19x80; Frederick H. Wempe to Stephen Schetz, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

COLLEGE AV, 1,273, w s, 20x85; Phelan Bros. Construction Co. to Mary Wallace, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

COLLEGE AV, 1,275, w s, 20x85; Phelan Bros. Construction Co. to Katherine S. Umsted, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

DECATUR AV, 3,217, w s, 341.7 ft n of 205th St, 25x106; Joseph Marx to Sarah Marx, $100.

EDGECOMBE AV, 140, s s, 25 ft s of 142d St, 25x76.8 and 25x73.11; Emma Stewart to H. Nelson McLernon, $100.

EDGEHILL AV, n w s, 215.1 ft s w of 230th St, 50x87.1; Edgehill Terraces Co. to C. Walton Aborn, $100.

FULTON AV, 1,537 and 1,539, w s, 82.8 ft s of Wendover Av, 50x166.10x50x160.6; Fulton-Wendover Construction Co. to Mary S. Rich, $100.

HORATIO ST, 80, n s, 24.1x87.5; also strip on east, 6 inches by 50 inches; Harry Lippmann to Margaret A. Rowan, (mtg $13,500,) $100.

HORATIO ST, 80, n s, 24.1x87.5; also strip on east, 6 inches by 50 inches; Margaret A. Rowan to David Lippmann and another, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

HOUSTON ST, 110 East, n s, 22.7x50; Dellaripha G. Richardson to Henry Handelsman, $12,500.

JUMEL TERRACE, 12, w s, 17x100; Kate H. G. Orcutt to Henrietta Born, $1.

KELLY ST, 1,038, e s, 171.3 ft n of 165th St, 19.8x100; Jane Kitchen to John J. Bermingham, (mtg $8,500,) $100.

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, e s, 151.6 ft n of centre line of 175th St, runs s 26.6x125; Reid L. Carr to Charles J. Byrnes, $8,500.

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, e s, 71.2 ft n of 175th St, runs e 75.7x n 21.6x w 76x s 24.5 to beginning; Charles J. Byrnes to Daniel B. Freedman, (mtg $7,500,) $1.

LEGGETT PLACE, e s, 150 ft n of McGraw Av, 25x184.6; James R. Deering to Rudolph Kanze, $1,550.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,841, s e corner of 114th St, 21.5x78; Maria L. Adam to Clara L. Belden, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

LOT 133, map of part of Gleason property; Rose V. Malone to Irvine Realty Co., $1.

MADISON AV, 2,116 and 2,118, w s, 40x80; Cecil M. Munoz to Margaret P. Dyett, $1.

MADISON AV, n w corner of 70th St, 100.5x21; N. Y. Public Library to John H. Snell, $100.

MADISON AV, n w corner of 94th St, 100.8x42.9; Lyttleton Fox to Mutual Life Insurance Co., $80,000.

MARTHA AV, 4,341 and 4,343, w s, 50.11 ft s of 239th St, 44x100; German Real Estate Co. to George Beller, (mtg $2,750,) $100.

MONROE ST, 261, n s, 150.5 ft w of Jackson St, 25x93.9; Sarah Berman to Aaron Goodman, $1.

MORRIS AV, e s, 338.3 ft n of 174th St, 50x85; Henry D. Clark to George C. Clarke, $1.

PARK AV, 3,880, e s, 25x150; Angelo Laurina to Edward H. Carpenter, (mtg $4,400,) $100.

PARK VIEW PLACE, e s, 85 ft s of 190th St, 50x85; Thomas Lyon, Jr., to Barbara Hamann, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

PARK AV, 1,648, w s, 100.10 ft n of 116th St, 24.10x90; E. A. Isaacs to Flora Bizon, (mtg $21,000,) $900.

PARK AV, 1,648, w s, 100.10 ft n of 116th St, 24.10x90; Flora Bizon to Florence A. McCallan of Brooklyn, (mtgs $23,750,) —.

PROSPECT AV, 1,340, e s, 25x100; Joseph E. Dutey to Victor Gerhards, ½ part, $100.

PROSPECT AV, 647, w s, 57.4 ft s of 152d St, 18.6x100; Adolph Aronheim to Morris Lazar, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

STANTON ST, 188, n s, 24.6x70; 96th St, s s, 160 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.8; Avenue C, 131, w s, 20x75; Charlotta Bloch to Paulina Ehrlich, $100.

ST. LAWRENCE AV, 1,234; Margaretha M. Brohmer to Patrick O'Toole and others, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

WALTON AV, n w s, Lots 125 and 126, map of Berrian farm at Fordham, 50x100; Dennis W. Moran to Riedt Realty Co., $100.

WEBSTER AV, e s, 25 ft n of Anna Place, 50x90; Julius Kinderman, Jr., and others to the Manderkin Building Co., $100.

WEBSTER AV, e s, 200 ft n of 179th St, 50x125.5; Adolph Wexler to Albert L. Lowenstein, (mtg $34,000,) $100.

1ST AV, 1,716, s e corner of 89th St, 25.6x81; Thomas G. Patten and others to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

1ST AV, n w corner of 84th St, 25x77.10; Herman A. Schmidt to Charles D. Donahue, ½ part, (mtg $10,000,) $1.

2D AV, n w corner of 105th St, 24.5x94; Isaac A. Benequit to Rosie Ogus, (mtg $29,000,) $100.

4TH ST, s s, 97 ft e of Railroad Av, 50x262; Helene J. Schierholz and others to Frederick Wesche of Paris, France, $10,000.

5TH AV, n e corner of 89th St, 25.2x102.2; James P. Dawson, executor, &c., to Percival Farquhar, $250,000.

7TH ST, 295 and 297 East, n s, 40x97.6; Rachel Samuels to Regina Unger and another, $1.

7TH AV, 345, e s, 21.4x75; Oscar Krause to Philip F. Clark, $100.

8TH AV, s e s, at s s of 12th St, 16x45x41.6x18.11; Elizabeth Finn and another to Johanna C. Duffy, $16,000.

8TH AV, s e s, at s s of 12th St, 16x45x41.6x18.11; Elizabeth Finn and another to Johanna C. Duffy, $1.

9TH AV, 598, e s, 20.1 ft s of 43d St, 20.1x80; Charles D. Donahue to Herman A. Schmidt, ½ part, (mtg $12,000,) $1.

10TH ST, s s, 98 ft e of Avenue C, 40x92.3; Hinda Mittler to Rosa Frank, $100.

14TH ST, n s, 173 ft e of 10th Av, 75x206.3 to 15th St; Lemuel A. Welles to American Can Co., (mtg $30,000,) $100.

18TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 10th Av, 25x184 to s s of 19th St; George W. Millar to William D. May, ½ part, $1.

18TH ST, n s, Lot 52, map of 82 lots at Wakefield, 25x114; Martin J. Keogh to Thomas D. Rivers, $1.

20TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 4th Av, 25x92; Mary I. Huntington and another to I. Randolph Jacobs, $80,000.

24TH ST, 332 East, s s, 25x75; Lena Sadowsky to Israel Bardfeld, (mtg $27,500,) $100.

24TH ST, 332 East, s s, 25x75; Israel Bardfeld to Chaim Z. Rosetzky, (mtg $27,500,) $100.

37TH ST, 139, n s, 120 ft e of Lexington Av, 20x98.9; Anna W. Hecker to Alexander Duane, (mtg $26,000,) $40,000.

40TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Madison Av, 25x98.9; John E. Alexandre to George W. Perkins, $100.

53D ST, 58 West, s s, 21x100.5; George F. Laidlaw to Laura K. Laidlaw, $100.

58TH ST, s s, 70.5 ft e of 1st Av, 18x100; J. C. Realty Co. to Frederick Waldvogel, (mtg $7,000,) $1.

62D ST, 59 West, n s, 20x75; Jacob J. Wallenstein to Sadie Wallenstein, (mtg $18,500,) $1.

69TH ST, 221 East, n s, 28x100.5; Isaac Specter to Abraham Fishkin, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

73D ST, 322, s s, 300 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Emma Cohn to Joseph Cohn, (mtg $15,500,) $100.

76TH ST, 426 East, s s, 25x102.2; Adolph Pechner to Joseph Pechner, (mtg $20,000,) $1.

79TH ST, 54, s s, 275 ft w of Park Av, 25x102.2; Cornelia de K. Douglas to Donald G. Geddes, (mtgs $100,000,) $100.

76TH ST, 252 and 254 West, s s, 55x irregular; Alexander McDowell to The Haynes Co., (mtg $185,000,) $1.

80TH ST, 173 East, n s, 16.8x100; Andrew Brice to Tracy Hoppin, $100.

82D ST, n s, 221 ft w of Central Park West, 23x100; Margaret A. Curtis to Max Mandel, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

86TH ST, s s, 173 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Mary A. McGuire as executrix to Mary A. McGuire, individually, (mtg $12,000,) $24,000.

86TH ST, s s, 173 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Vincent Roberts to Mary A. McGuire, (mtg $12,000,) $6,000.

86TH ST, n s, 121 ft w of 1st Av, 29x100.8; Charles D. Donahue to Herman A. Schmidt, ½ part, (mtg $12,000,) $1.

87TH ST, n s, 124.11 ft e of Avenue A, 24.11x100.8; Herman H. Rippe to Nicolaus Braun, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

90TH ST, 60 West, s s, 18.9x100.8; Gem Realty Co. to Catharine Roach, $1.

90TH ST, 60 West, s s, 18.9x100.8; Betsy Frank to Gem Realty Co., (mtg $18,000,) $1.

92D ST, 338 and 340, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 50x100.8; Rebecca Bower to Susan Delany, $100.

95TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.8; Wilg Realty Co. to Helen Ornstein, (mtg $13,700,) $1.

111TH ST, 251 and 249 West, n s, 36x100.11; Louis Greenblatt to Sarrosa Realty Co., (mtg $97,400,) $100.

113TH ST, s s, 117.6 ft e of Riverside Drive, 77x100.11; V. Cerabone Construction Co. to Joseph J. Steindler, (mtg $165,000,) $100.

116TH ST, 117 and 119 West, n s, 41.8x100.11; Solomon Mayer to Moses Cohen, (mtg $78,500,) $100.

120TH ST, 120 West, s s, 19x100.11; Rebecca Rosenthal to Moritz Neuman and another, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

120TH ST, 120 West, s s, 19x100.11; Barbara Ochs and another to Rebecca Rosenthal, $17,500.

156TH ST, 417 and 419, n s, 200.2 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100; Fannie M. Haas to Isadore Rothenberg, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

171ST ST, s e corner of Crotona Place, 31x9x100.8x37.2x100.10; William Weiser to Rosalie Weiser, $1.

181ST ST, s s, 97.1 ft e of Clinton Av, 33x140.2; Margaret C. Wriedt to Dennis W. Moran, (mtg $22,000,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ABELS-GOLD REALTY CO. to Edward A. Everit; Jansen Av, s w corner of Terrace View Av, 51.3x96.5x50x85.5, prior mtg $5,000, due Aug. 1, 1911, 6% $1,500

ABORN, C. Walton, to Edgehill Co-Operative Savings and Loan Association; Edgehill Av, n w s, being plot beginning 215 ft s w of 230th St, and 102.4 ft s e of Netherland Av, 50x—, installments, 6% $4,500

ABORN, C. Walton, to Edgehill Terrace Co.; Edgehill Av, n w s, being plot beginning 215 ft s w of 230th St, and 102.4 ft s e of Netherland Av, 50x—, 5 years $3,000

ADAMS, Emma L., to Roosevelt Hospital; 12th Av, w s, equidistant from s s of 158th St and n s of 157th St, 99.11x—, and other property on 12th Av, prior mtg $28,000, due, &c., as per bond $12,000

BALFOUR, Madeline, to Annie T. Healy; Ridge St, 85, w s, 26x—, 3 years, 6% ..$1,000

BARRY, Edward A., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Prospect Av, s w corner of 178th St, 33x100, 5 years $22,000

BAUMANN, Frank, to North Side Savings Bank; Lot 13, Block F, map of Dore Lyon's property, Westchester, 1 year, 5½% $4,000

BAYLES, Laura, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 16th St, 251 West, n s, 17x80, 3 years $9,000

BELWOOD REALTY CO. to Dollar Savings Bank; Courtlandt Av, 758, e s, 50x100, due Dec. 1, 1912, 5½% $16,000

BERMINGHAM, John J., to Henry M. Powell; Kelly St, 1,038, e s, 19.8x100, 2 years, 6% $1,000

BIANCHETTI CONSTRUCTION CO. to Italian Savings Bank; Hoffman St, w s, 200 ft n of 187th St, 2 lots, each 25x96.11, 2 mtgs, each $12,000, 3 years $24,000

BIZON, Flora, to Edward A. Isaacs; Park Av, 1,648, w s, [illegible] installments $2,750

BOROUGH REALTY CO. to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 7th Av, n w corner of 27th St, 88.8x94.9x88.2x93.2, 1 year, 4½% $30,000

BRAUN, Nicolaus, to German Savings Bank; 87th St, 505 East, n s, 24.11x100.8, 3 years, 4½% $5,000

BRAUN, Nicolaus, to Herrmann H. Rippe; 87th St, 505 East, n s, 24.11x100.8, prior mtg $12,000, due, &c., as per bond $5,000

BUCHERT, Charlotte, to J. G. William Pilgrim; 85th St, 414 East, s s, 29.2x102.2, 3 years $11,500

BURHOP, Frederick, and another to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Wales Av, w s 112.7 ft s of Westchester Av, 25x94.7x29.11x78, 5 years $10,500

BYRNES, Charles J., to Lawyers Realty Co.; Kingsbridge Road, e s, 71.2 ft n of 175th St, 24.5x95.7x21.6x75.7, 5 years $7,500

CLARK, George O., to Helen Le R. Pearsall; 2d Av, e s, Lot 304, map of Mount Eden, 50x100, 3 years, 6% $2,000

CLARK, Philip F., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 7th Av, 345, e s, 21.4x75, 5 years, 4½% $25,000

COOLEY, Eliza J., to N. Y. Eye and Ear Infirmary; 118th St, n s, 140 ft e of Park Av, 40x100.11, due as per bond $22,000

COLUMBIA CONSTRUCTION CO. to Edgar S. Appleby and another; Southern Boulevard, e s, 325 ft n of Barretto St, 151.11x100, 3 years, 5½% $25,000

DE SELDING, Anna S., and another to Lawyers Realty Co.; Fulton St, s s, 160.2 ft e of Broadway, 28.2x107, prior mtg $125,000, 1 year, 6% $23,000

DUFFY, Johanna C., to Sarah F. O'Reilly; 8th Av, s e s, at s s of 12th St, 16.1x—, due, &c., as per bond $8,000

FARQUHAR, Percival, to United States Trust Co.; 5th Av, 1,080, n e corner of 89th St, 25.2x102.2, due March 1, 1915, 4½% ..$190,000

FARRELL, James T., to Harlem Savings Bank; Cordova Place, w s, 188.4 ft s of Van Courtlandt Av, 25x100.1x25x100.3, 1 year $1,500

FEIGEL, Isaac, to Louise Kissling; Wooster St, 135, w s, 25x100, mtg $30,000, 1 year, 6% $5,000

FINGER, Annie, to Eva Davis; Avenue C, 110, w s, 18.3x82.5, prior mtg $—, 1 year $2,000

FINGER, Joseph, and another to Eva Davis; Avenue A, 235, w s, 25.9x94, leasehold, prior mtg $—, 1 year, 6% $2,000

FRANCIS BACON PIANO CO. to Jacob Plate; Walton Av, n w corner of 138th St, 102.2x28.1x100x49.11, due, &c., as per bond $4,000

GERHARDS, Victor, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Prospect Av, 1,340, e s, 25x100, due, &c., as per bond $6,000

GLASER, Henry C., to Adolph Pawel; Forsyth St, e s, 100 ft s of Houston St, 50x100, 3 years, 6% $3,000

HAMMER REALTY CO. to Thomas H. Kelly; Clinton Av, e s, 79.2 ft n of 181st St, 53x104.8, 5 years, 6% $33,000

HAUSMANN, Frederick, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 161st St, 795 East, n s, 19.4x100, due, &c., as per bond $3,500

JACOBS, I. Randolph, to Mary I. Huntington and another; 20th St, n s, 125 ft w of 4th Av, 25x92, 3 years $45,000

KNOWLTON, Mary, to Amanda Eich and another; Hull Av, s e s, 157.4 ft n e of 205th St, 25x100, 1 year, 6% $2,000

LANE, Elizabeth, to Gottlob Sommer; 37th St, s s, 312.6 ft w of 7th Av, 28.1x98.9, prior mtg $30,000, due as per bond $5,000

LIEBHOFF, Abraham, to Priscilla C. Drinker, trustee; Avenue A, 1,523, w s, 68.2 ft s of 81st St, 17x70, 5 years $7,500

LOWENSTEIN, Albert L., to Lena Wexler; Webster Av, e s, 200 ft n of 179th St, 50x125.5x49.11x127.10, prior mtg $34,000, 3 years $6,500

LUDORFF, Albert, to Charlotte Schweger; 57th St, 513 West, 25x100, due March 1, 1913, 4½% $12,000

MADISON REALTY CO. to County Holding Co.; 33d St, 33 to 43 East, n s, 115.6x— to 34th St, 48 to 52, 3 years $600,000

MARVIN, Jennie A., to Louise Withey; Arthur Av, e s, 729.3 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 16.8x100.6, due Aug. 26, 1910 ...$200

MARVIN, Jennie A., to Louise Withey; Arthur Av, e s, 629.3 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 20.3x101, due Aug. 26, 1910, 6% ..$200

MILLER, Abe and Samuel, to Samson Lachman; Avenue B, 256, w s, 22x95.6, prior mtg $8,000, 2 years, 6% $3,000

MOORE, James F., to American Savings Bank; 224th St, n s, 280 ft w of White Plains Road, 50x114, 5 years, 5½% $3,800

OGUS, Rosie, to Isaac A. Benequit; 2d Av, n w corner of 105th St, 24.5x94, prior mtg —, due July 1, 1912, 6% $7,000

O'NEILL, Mary, to John S. O'Neill; Madison St, 256, s s, 26x80, 1 year, 6% $6,000

ORNSTEIN, Helen, to Wilgro Realty Co.; 95th St, n s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.8, prior mtg —, due May 25, 1911, 6% $1,300

REAL CONSTRUCTION CO. to Max Marx; Broadway, n e corner of 95th St, 125.10x121.3x—x127.7, leasehold, 5 years, 6% $40,000

RENSELER, Gertrude P., and Frederick to John F. Holzinger; Stebbins Av, e s, 413.4 ft n of 165th St, 25x154.2x25.4x150, prior mtg $—, 2 years $1,500

RICH, Mary S., to Fulton-Wendover Construction Co.; Fulton Av, 1,537 and 1,539, w s, 50x166.10x50.4x100.7, prior mtg $40,000, 3 years, 6% $9,000

ROSENTHAL, Rebecca, to George B. Bernheim and others, trustees; 120th St, 120 West, s s, 19x100.11, 4 years, 4½% $15,000

ROWAN, Margaret A., to Title Insurance Co.; Horatio St, 80, s s, 24.1x87, 5 years, 4½% $12,000

RUSSO, Caterina, to Dollar Savings Bank; 215th St, s s, Lots 89 to 91, map of Jerome, 75x125, due Dec. 1, 1910, 6% $1,500

SARROSA REALTY CO. to Louis Greenblatt; 111th St, 249 to 253, 2 lots, each 36x100.11, 2 mtgs, each $7,000, 2 prior mtgs, $42,500 each, 3 years, 6% $14,000

SCHETZ, Bertha and Stephen, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Clay Av, 1,310, e s, 19x80, due as per bond $4,000

SILVER, Nathan, to Morris Silver; Catharine St, 21, e s, 23x104.4x23x100.10, prior mtg $28,000, 1 year, 6% $2,000

SNELL, John H., to New York Public Library, a corporation; Madison Av, n w corner of 70th St, 100.5x21, 3 years, 4½% $31,500

STUBENBORD, William, to Louise Groh; 2d Av, 1,911, s w corner of 63d St, 25.2x80, 5 years, 4½% $25,000

TIETZ, Francis D., and others to Max Fischer; 81st St, n s, 175 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2, prior mtg $14,000, 3 years, 6% $3,000

TIETZ, Francis D., and others to Antoinette Schedler; 9th St, 632 East, 27.6x100.11, prior mtg $20,000, 3 years, 6% $5,000

UNGER, Regina, to Baron de Hirsch Fund; 7th St, 297 East, 40x97.6, 5 years $35,000

VAN BOMEL, Isaac N., to Hamilton F. Dean; 210th St, s w s, 100 ft n w of 9th Av, 100x99.11, 3 years $14,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, 1,495 to 1,463; Hopkins & Co. against Henry Phipps estate, owner; United States Restaurant and Realty Co., contractor, $444.

12TH ST, 20 East; Standard Arch Co. against Julia Fitzgerald, owner; Joseph Di Arcia, contractor, $200.

STEBBINS AV, n e corner of Home St, 112x112; Gus Schlaier Eagle Iron Works against Samuel Finkelstein and Joseph Horowitz, owners; Foxvale Realty Co., contractor, $50.

12TH ST, 20 East; Howell & Lawrence against Julia Fitzgerald, owner; Joseph Di Corcia, contractor, $1,765.

111TH ST, 132 to 138 East; Benno Erickson against estate of Joseph Krulish, contractor; Uptown Talmud Torah Association, owner, $382.

12TH ST, 20 East; Joseph R. Potter against Julia Fitzgerald, owner; Joseph Di Corcia, contractor, $1,436.

183D ST, n s, 325 ft w of Webster Av, 25x100; Andrew S. Wright against William Van Antwerp, owner and contractor, $125.

33D ST, 320 East; Edward J. McCabe against Catherine E. Bruning, Annie C. Bruning, Amelia S. Koster, Emma D. Stoaner, Rebecca C. Kissam, Anna Laughlin, and Joseph H. Bruning, owners and contractors, $343.

LAFONTAINE AV, w s, 160 ft s of 179th St, 90x100; John H. Cahill against Valentine Construction Co., owner; Charles Snyder, contractor, $74.

GRAND AV, s w corner of Tremont Av, 129x83; P. & A. Sauer, Inc., against William R. Lowe Co., owner and contractor, $158.

SIMPSON ST, w s, 360 ft n of Westchester Av, 75x150 to Fox St; Louis Zinn against Graham-Adams Co., owner; Charles Schneider, contractor, $48.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

5TH AV, 12; James Roddy against Haines Realty Corporation, Jan. 6, 1910, $9.

34TH ST, 11 West; William S. Munro against The Eleven West 34th St Co. and others, June 5, 1909, $513.

34TH ST, 11 West; William D. Munro against The Eleven West 34th St. Co. and others, June 7, 1909, $513.

FULTON ST, 144; Amsterdam Building Co. against Anna S. De Selding and others, March 10, 1908, $1,398.

FULTON ST, 144; Muller & Vultee against Anna S. De Selding and others, April 13, 1908, $1,187.

Lis Pendens.

24TH ST, 332 East; Samuel Halpern against Lena Sadowsky and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. W. Franklin.

48TH ST, 246 East; Cortlandt O. P. Field and others against Anton Rasmussen and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Riker, Jr.

94TH ST, 235 East; Daniel Eichner against Saul Obler and others, (action to foreclose tax lien;) attorneys, Aaronstamm & Chorosh.

8TH ST, 39 West; Trust Co. of America, trustee, against Isidore Tannenbaum and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. G. Boston.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 100 ft s of 165th St, 25x100; Mary A. Langbein, executrix, against Gussie England and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. J. Langbein.

134TH ST, 522 West; Frank H. Patteson and others against Charles E. Jones Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

134TH ST, 518 West; Manhasset Investment Co. against Charles E. Jones Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

134TH ST, 520 West; Thomas G. Field, trustee, against Charles E. Jones Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

178TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 100x99.10; Kertscher & Co. against Saginaw Holding Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

100TH ST, n s, 260 ft e of 2d Av, 40x100.11; Ernestine Harris and others against Samuel Lorber and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. M. Goldberg.

136TH ST, 30 West; Rosa Krueger and others against Bertha Rehfeidt, (action to determine ownership, &c.;) attorneys, A. & H. Bloch.

132D ST, s s, 95 ft w of 4th Av, 20x99.11; Adelaide Collins against Jacob Siegel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bersen & Prendergast.

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Three single flats in Harlem, near 7th Av., 60x100; all modern improvements; price $75,000.
One 4-story, 20-foot, on 3d Av., in the 40's; first mortgage, $17,000; price $21,500.
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One 23-room house, near 68th St. and 1st Av., 30x100; 6-story semi-fireproof, hot water supply; price $65,000.
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FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO LET
E. Nelson Ehrhart
Tel., 4545—Murray Hill—7 East 42d St.
Tel., 759—Depot Sq., White Plains, N. Y.

Country & Suburban Homes
Westchester County, N. Y.
If you contemplate buying, renting, or building a home in the country consult with
W. J. REED
SCARSDALE, N. Y. Telephone 77.
7 E. 42d St., New York. Tel. 5184—38th St.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Plot 100x145 feet, overlooking Manhasset Bay; water privileges; improvements; eight minutes to either water or station; price, $3,000; good terms. Ernest A. L'Ecluse, Manhasset, L. I.

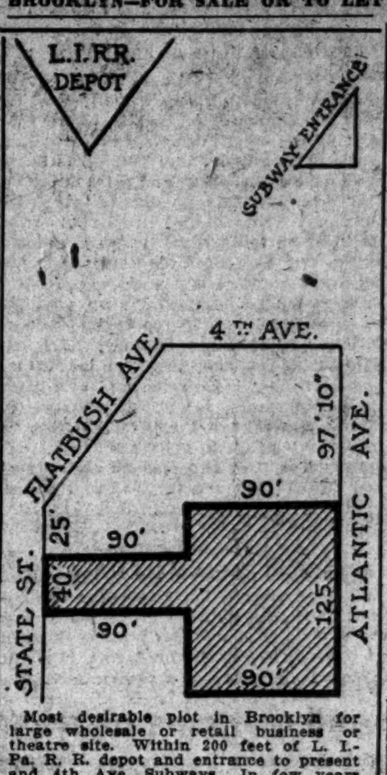
SOUTHAMPTON
& SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to rent. Lists on application. Plans and photographs of houses at office.
J. METCALFE THOMAS
19 LIBERTY ST., N. Y.

$1,000 bungalow, 80 minutes out; $100 cash; cottage, 30 minutes out, $300 cash; also hill and dale acres cheap, with building loan. S 385 Times, Times Square.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

Desirable Dwellings, Apartments to Let. Call or send for list. PORTER & CO., 159 WEST 125TH. TELEPHONE, 958—MORNINGSIDE.

A 20-foot three-story and basement Dwelling to let on 63d St., near Lexington Av.; ten rooms and two baths; rent $1,300; possession May 1st. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.



BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Most desirable plot in Brooklyn for large wholesale or retail business or theatre site. Within 200 feet of L. I. Pa. R. R. depot and entrance to present and 4th Ave. Subways. In few years this site will be the Herald Square of Brooklyn.
John F. James & Sons,
193 Montague St., Brooklyn.

OPPORTUNITY FOR BUILDER
BLOCK FRONT—EIGHTH AVE.
Located at Prospect Park West, where apartments rent for from $8 to $10 per room; with or without building loan; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., B'klyn.

PROSPECT PARK SOUTH
Fine one-family detached houses, plot 55x100; 11 rooms, 2 baths, A1 condition; can be bought right if acted upon quickly.
BRENNAN & CO.,
767 Flatbush Ave. 'Phone 55 Flatbush.
Near Woodruff Ave. Station, Brighton "L."

HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO.
Will send booklet upon request of their One-Family Stone-Front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address Avenue D and East 25th St., Brooklyn.

Two or four splendid lots, $700 each, near Gravesend Av. Eureka, 128 Times Downtown.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE BEST YET.
Grade High NO BASEMENT 1 Family Houses.
3-story, white stone, bay front, box stoop and porch; unmatched in style and finish, with all the accessories of a perfect home; 11 and 12 rooms and 3 baths; hot water heat, electric light, gas and coal ranges; dining room in solid mahogany, parquet floors and most exquisite decorations, are but a few of the features.
OCEAN AVENUE,
OPP. PROSPECT PARK,
BET. LINCOLN ROAD & PARKSIDE AV.
The most exclusive block in Brooklyn, giving you all the surroundings of a beautiful country home in the heart of the city. Nothing can ever be built facing these houses to mar the beauty of the scenery—in fact, Prospect Park is actually your front yard. A few minutes' walk to Prospect Park station on Brighton Beach "L" and all trolley lines.
C. G. REYNOLDS,
Houses Open Daily. BUILDER.

LOOK AT THESE
2-STORY & BASEMNT
ONE-FAMILY HOUSES.
Stone front, box stoop, bay front and rear; the classiest 2-story high stoop houses in Brooklyn; 9 & 10 rooms and bath; hard woods, parquet floors, gas and electric fixtures, hot water or furnace heat, beautiful foyer hall and magnificent library, giving you that desired privacy lacking in most 2-story houses.
RUTLAND ROAD,
NEAR BEDFORD AVE.,
1 block to Flatbush & Nostrand Ave. cars.
C. G. REYNOLDS,
Houses Open Daily. BUILDER.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

$150 Cash. $15 monthly purchases
improved cottage, range, boiler, gas, water, wash-tub, sink; hot water supply; price, $1,600; large plot, near station Lackawanna Road; 25 minutes from Broadway. Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

$5,400 only, on your own terms, for prettiest house on the Palisades Slope, 7 rooms, bath, cellar, furnace, gas and electricity, hardwood trim; beautiful view; train and trolley; 15 minutes to city. Address A1 Times, Times Square.

Free souvenir postcards of Asbury Park sent upon request to any one interested in the growth of Asbury Park and its new bungalows. Secretary, Room 304, 45 West 34th St.

HOME Somerville, best street, brick, 11 rooms, plot 83x300, sacrifice for $6500. J. S. Drake, 42 B'way, N.Y.

Farms, country homes, all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 77 Bible House, Manhattan.

Fifteen minutes from Manhattan, 8-room house; short or long term. Carney, Grantwood, N. J.

100 acres extra soil; extra buildings; part subdivision; terms. Clark, 105 West 64th St.

Artistic Nutley houses $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

East Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

East Side.

Co-operative Ownership of
Gramercy Park Club House
At 36 Gramercy Park—East.

A choice down town location.
To see is to admire the house.
Twenty-four apartments.
EIGHT, NINE, TEN ROOM (3 bath) SUITES.
Apartments for sale
$8,900 to $12,000.
Low annual expense.
THE OWNERS COMPOSE THE
GRAMERCY PARK CLUB.
S. de Walltearss & Hull, Agents
18 WEST 34TH ST. Tel. 379 Murray Hill.
135 BROADWAY. Tel. 855 Cortlandt.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

THE STANLEY,
175 East 79th St.
8-room apartment, thoroughly up-to-date; very reasonable. Apply on premises.

West Side.

FIREPROOF

CASTLETON APARTMENTS
CASTLETON PARK,
St. George, S. I., New York City
A seven-story house, containing twenty-one suites of seven exceptionally large and light rooms, with every modern improvement, and unique roof garden with tiled floor and pergolas.
Located on a three-hundred-foot eminence of the bay at the gateway of the ocean; in a splendid park, with tennis, croquet, and children's grounds.
A charming home of the highest class, combining with the refinement and exclusiveness of a first-class fireproof elevator apartment the freedom of a beautiful suburban residence. Rent $900.
Twenty minutes' delightful sail across New York Bay from foot of Broadway, Manhattan, by municipal ferry, day or night. Seven minutes' walk from house to ferry.
Telephone Superintendent for Booklet.
Castleton Hotel & Realty Co. B. T. Kearns, Pres.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
COLUMBUS AVE., 109TH TO 110TH ST.
2 and 3 Rooms,
Kitchenette and bath; high-class, novel, elevator apartments; just completed; overlooking Morningside and Central Parks; vacuum cleaning system; first-class restaurant connected with the buildings. Will furnish if desired.
RENTS $40 TO $55.
Open for inspection daily, evenings and Sundays.

$55 monthly to October 1, for seven room corner Apartment; elevator, hall service, electric lights, &c.; most advantageously located, 113th St., near Central and Morningside Parks; decorate to suit tenant. For particulars 'phone Mr. C. S. TAYLOR, 4,253—Columbus (182 W. 58th St.).

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210 5th Ave.
Apartment of 2 rooms and bath to sublet; overlooking Madison Square Park; all improvements. Apply James E. Ball, Supt.

We store your furniture; $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

For rent, unfurnished, apartment facing Central Park; eight rooms and bath; all light; moderate rent; references required. Lockwood, 230 West 59th St.

AT 13 EAST 36th ST.
2 Rooms & Bath at $800 Yearly

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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352 WEST 117TH ST.
Choicest "home" apartments in Upper New York for the price; near Park, "L" station and surface lines; 6 and 7 rooms, bath; full service, elevator, and generous treatment; only $40.00 to $57.00. Diagrams and particulars of Superintendent or
WILCOX & SHELTON, Managers.
Tel. 87 Morningside. 245 West 125th St.

414 WEST 118TH STREET
Six rooms and bath, $40 to $50.
63 WEST 106TH STREET
6 and 7 rooms and bath, $40 to $65.
Thoroughly modern elevator houses. All-night service. Vacuum cleaner for tenants. Apply on premises.

VAN PRAAG
522-4 WEST 112TH STREET,
Between Amsterdam and Broadway,
Beautiful 5 & 6 Room Apartments, $40 to $47.
TELEPHONES, ETC.
Also one delightful, well furnished 5-room apartment to sublease. A bargain at $60.00.

To sublet, a beautifully located apartment in the Beaconsfield, corner 136th St. and Riverside Drive, consisting of eight outside rooms, two baths; apartment faces Riverside Drive and can be seen at any time. R. Mayer.

Sacrifice rent; best $70 apartment in city, $50; six large sunny rooms and bath; Subway convenient. 411 West 115th; see janitor.

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The Hudson-Fulton Apartments
E. 193 St. From Marion Ave. to Bainbridge Ave.
Block North Pelham Ave. "L" Station.
6-7 only outside Rooms, latest improvements.
Block from Trolleys, Schools, and Harlem Station.
DON'T FAIL TO INSPECT.

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THE A-RE-CO. APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
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Large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
5 and 6 All Light Rooms.
Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.
948-50-52 TRINITY AV.
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station.
RENTS $24 UP.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Rare bargain; unusual apartment to sublet, account present tenant leaving city; six large rooms, bath, lavatory, and servant's toilet; extra large closets; special attraction in large front portico overlooking Riverside Drive and swept by cool breezes from Hudson River all Summer; 2 minutes' 96th St. Subway station. Inquire Opportunity, 311 West 97th St.

If you wish to obtain high-class Help see Page 17.

HOTELS. HOTELS. HOTELS.

Hotel La Salle

Chicago's Finest Hotel

George H. Gazley, Manager
La Salle at Madison Street, Chicago

Hotel La Salle is one of the finest hotels in the world and excels all Chicago hotels in the elegance of its furnishings, the completeness of its comforts, the beauty of its decorations, the excellence of its cuisine and the thoroughness of its service.

Hotel La Salle is the center of the business, financial, theatre and shopping districts, and there is no hotel in Chicago which is more easily or quickly reached from all railway terminals.

It costs no more to stop at the magnificent new Hotel La Salle than at other first-class Chicago hotels.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

DESIRABLE OFFICES
TO RENT
Single or En Suite
IN THE
CENTRAL SYNDICATE BUILDING
320 BROADWAY
High Class Service
Building Always Open
APPLY H. L. MOXLEY & CO., AGENTS
ON PREMISES

STOCK QUOTATION TELEGRAPH BUILDING
26-28 BEAVER STREET
(Near Broad Street)
LARGE LIGHT OFFICE FLOORS
All modern improvements. Light on all four sides. Ready for occupancy.
Full particulars from
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
172-174 Fulton Street, or on the premises.

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Why pay exorbitant rents in old or poorly managed buildings when the modern fireproof

Acker, Merrall & Condit Company Building

Offers space at reasonable rates, and contains every comfort and convenience, in

THE VERY CENTRE OF NEW YORK, FIFTH AVENUE, COR. 35th STREET

For full particulars apply to the agents,
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MORTON BUILDING
116 Nassau St.
Modern Fireproof Building
Desirable Offices
Single and en Suite
Also a very attractive suite consisting of a large Reception Room and seven private offices conveniently arranged, suitable for large law firm
Rents very moderate
Fred'k Zittel & Sons
Agents on Premises

Manhattan Life Building
66 Broadway through to 15 New St,
Direct Entrance to Subway
Convenient to Exchanges
Attractive Offices,
Singly or En Suite.
Reasonable Rents
Geo. R. Read & Co., Agents
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or on premises. (11783)

172-174 FULTON ST.
Extra Large STORE & Basement
Near Broadway & Hudson Terminal
Fine display windows. Immediate possession.
EXCEPTIONAL LIGHT.
Warren & Skillin,
Agents,
Or your own broker.

Choice corner store and basement on central part of Second Av. to let, with three large plate glass show windows; possession now; rent only $1,000 to desirable tenant; no liquor. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

AT 20 W. 33d St. OPPOSITE WALDORF Near 5th Av.; single front office and back suite of three rooms, private hall; elevator. Apply MISS SWIFT, 13 East 36th.

Factory, 50x95, 6-story and basement; fireproof; whole or part; light on four sides; 415-417 East 93d St. Inquire 408 East 93d St., Adam Happel.

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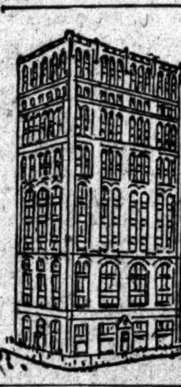
Singly or in Suites
BANKING ROOM
4,400 sq. ft. on Ground Floor.
PROVIDENT BLDG.
W. S. NORTON,
Agent on Premises
TEL. 5999 CORT.
Full Commission to Brokers.
35 NASSAU STREET,
S. W. Cor. Liberty Street.

19-21 Cliff Street
Between John and Fulton Sts.
Unusual
Ground Floor and Basement
Containing 15,000 square feet
Exceptionally well lighted
Splendid shipping facilities
Front and rear entrances
Carrying capacity—450 lbs. per square foot
Long lease if desired
Suitable for ANY mercantile business
For particulars address
HARRY HALL, 100 William St.



41 Park Row
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147 Nassau St.
Formerly known as
TIMES BUILDING
Faces three streets.
All outside light
OFFICES TO LET
Park frontage,
16 Stories Height.
Fast Running Elevators
Apply to
E. A. TREDWELL,
Room 720, on premises.

TOWNSEND BUILDING
1123 B'way, Cor. 25th Street.
A few choice suites and single offices to let; all outside rooms; elevators, steam heat, electric lights; rents low. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

STORE AND BASEMENT, 28x175, at 394 Broadway, one block south of Canal St.; convenient shipping facilities on Cortlandt Alley in rear; reasonable rent, with immediate possession. Elliott & Bush, Agents, 194 Broadway.

NEW HARDWARE DISTRICT, 88-90 Walker St.; loft, 25x85; elevator service; steam heat, power. Inquire engineer, or Hellinger, 309 Broadway.

Desk room and ample display space to rent; $20 monthly; Warren St., west of West Broadway. Fixtures, T 126 Times Downtown.

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Rear building, 2 lofts, 30x50, 312 West 37th St. Call or address Jos. Wenner.

WINTER RESORTS.

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THE BEACH FRONT HOTEL PAR EXCELLENCE
THE SHELBURNE
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
EUROPEAN or AMERICAN PLAN.
Directly on the ocean front. Every detail of modern equipment and comfort. French cuisine of the highest order. Thorough service. The famous SHELBURNE GRILL and ROSE GARDEN (with French service) overlooking the strand. JACOB WEIKEL, Mgr.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

Most Modern and Leading Moderate Rate Hotel.
ALBEMARLE Virginia Ave., near Beach.
New throughout; 100 sunny front rooms; private baths; steam heat; elevators; sun parlors; superior accommodations at special rate, $8, $10, $12.50 up wkly., $2.00 up daily, including excellent table; own farms and dairy. White service. Music. Booklet. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. J. P. COPE.

ISLESWORTH
ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AV.
300 rooms, with fresh and sea water in all baths. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily. European plan, $1.50 up daily. Special weekly terms.
FRANK M. PHOEBUS, Manager. WM. HYMAN, Prop.

HOTEL DUNLOP,
Ocean Ave. and Boardwalk,
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Refurnished and redecorated throughout. European plan, $1.50 per day and up. 1st class restaurant. Full orchestra; white service. Open all year.
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Directly on the beach. Rooms en suite, with baths, with hot and cold salt water. Sun parlor. Elevator to street level. Booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

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Directly on the ocean front, the very heart of all amusements and features.
American and European Plans.
Sea water in all baths. Newly renovated and refurnished. Equipped with everything modern. Orchestra. Famous Windsor Cafe and Restaurant. Open all year.
S. E. PHOEBUS, Manager.

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Park Place, overlooking the Boardwalk, the City Park and the Casino; central yet exclusive location; elevator, steam heat, private and public baths, sun parlors, etc. Write for illustrated booklet. MRS. I. McILWAIN.

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S. Car. Av. and Beach; private baths; elevator to street level; sun parlor; capacity 350; superior table; special Spring rates; booklet; afternoon tea served. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

Hotel Kenderton Tennessee Av., 3d house from Beach and Pier; family hotel; steam heat; private baths; ocean view; elevator, sun parlor; home cooking; $8 up wky; Sat. to Mon. $3. J. G. Mitchell

BERKSHIRE INN Open all year. Ocean end Virginia Av. $2 up daily, $8 to $17 wkly. Private Baths. Rooms, running water. Elevator. Sun Parlor. Cap. 300. 11th season. J. E. DICKINSON.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

Hotel Shoreham OCEAN END VIRGINIA AVENUE. Elevator, steam heat; private baths; open surroundings; $2 up daily; $10 up weekly. Booklet. Capacity 300. W. B. COTTEN.

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AVON INN Ocean end Virginia Av. Hot water heat; elevator. Home comforts; special Spring rates; cap. 200; white service; write for rates. H. W. Williams.

IF GOING TO ATLANTIC CITY send 2ct. Stamp for Free 80-page Hotel Guide with rates, City Map, and all attractions. Hotel Bureau, Box 895, Atlantic City, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

Enjoy Ideal Suburban Life at the New
Hotel Clinton
Located in the prettiest section of
East Orange, N. J.

VIRGINIA.

OLD POINT COMFORT HOTEL CHAMBERLIN.
THE COMPLETE YEAR-ROUND RESORT.
Golf, Tennis, Boating, Dancing, Military Drills, Naval Manoeuvres.
The most magnificent sea water swimming pool in America.
A COMPLETE SYSTEM OF MEDICINAL BATHS, RECOMMENDED BY EMINENT PHYSICIANS.
Reservations and all information at Hotel Chamberlin office, 1,122 Broadway, 'phone, 1872—Madison Square; or address GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Fine location; just around the corner from White House; American and European plans; club breakfast, 20c. to 75c.; table d'hote luncheon, 50c.; dinner, $1.00. Send for Booklet. CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Prop.

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HOTEL ROLAND
Handy to everything. Street cars connect to nearly everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL.
NICE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH AT REASONABLE AND ATTRACTIVE RATES.
59th St., Bet. Madison & Park Avs
Block from Plaza entrance to Park

Alliance House
258-260 WEST 44TH STREET,
One block from Times Square.
TEMPERANCE HOUSE.
A QUIET PLACE FOR QUIET PEOPLE.
Conducted on the American plan, suitable for persons who appreciate the comforts of home life. Transients accommodated.
RATES MODERATE

HOTEL HERMITAGE
7TH—42ND—B'WAY
UNUSUAL COOKING—OLD WINES—GOOD MUSIC
After Theatre Suppers
Sunday Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.00

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VICHY—HOTEL DU PARC & Majestic Palace
J. Aletti, Manager.

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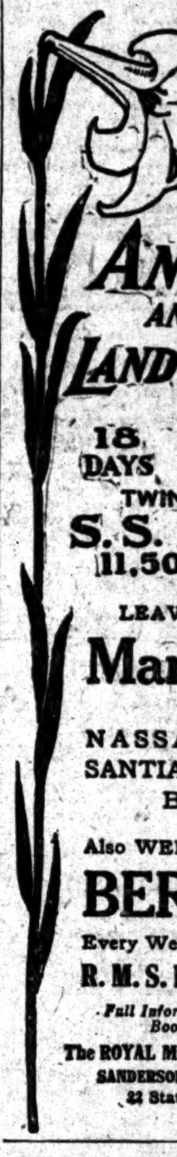
The Barnard School of HOUSEHOLD ARTS 226 W. 79th St., N. Y.
Practical courses in Cooking, Embroidery, Millinery, Dressmaking, Household Decoration, Accounts, Management. Specially intended for girls who do not go to college. One or all of the subjects may be taken. New classes now being formed.
Extension courses for young matrons.

STAMMERING,
and similar affections of speech scientifically corrected; 20 years' success. Call for instructive booklet. Dr. Bryant's School, 62 W. 40th.

FRENCH—GERMAN—SPANISH—ITALIAN.
The Language Phone Method.
807 Metropolis Building, New York.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP?
YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED
by writing School Agency, 41 Park Row, N. Y.



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TO THE
ANTILLES
AND THE
LAND of LILLIES
18 DAYS $85 AND UP
TWIN SCREW
S.S. AVON
11,500 TONS
LEAVES NEW YORK
March 25th
FOR
NASSAU—HAVANA
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BERMUDA
Also WEEKLY SERVICE to
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Every Wednesday, 10 A. M., by
R. M. S. P. "Orotava" 6,000 Tons
Full Information and Illustrated Booklets on Request.
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BRAZIL
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by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 5th and 20th each month.
16 DAYS TO RIO JANEIRO
23 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
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Independent 30-Day Tour. "Invisible Courier System." Starting any time, including Hotels, Pullmans, Transfers, etc., $280.25.
Frank Tourist Co., 396-398 Broadway, N. Y.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Great fun down in Maine these winter days—tobogganing, skiing and snowshoeing.
Just ask the Fall River Line ticket man at No. 171 Broadway.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston.......... $3
Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information
City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CONTRACT R.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply, in Room 910, 299 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on March 1, 1910, for CONTRACT R, for furnishing and delivering either or both of the following classes of supplies:

Class 1—Fifteen thousand tons bituminous coal.

Class 2—One hundred and twenty tons Cumberland coal.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders can be obtained at Room 906 at the above address by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

JOHN A. BENSEL,
President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
CHARLES A. SHAW,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.

List of Lost and Found articles. See Page 17.

To BERMUDA
and RETURN
Every WEDNESDAY, from Pier 50, North River, New York, 10 A. M.
R. M. S. P. Australian Liner
"OROTAVA" 6,000 Tons
High-Class Cuisine—Orchestra—
Electric Fans in All Rooms—
Wireless Telegraphy—Bilge Keels.
For Reservations and Other Details apply to
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY
22 State Street, New York
$30 TO $110
according to location
First Class Only

IF YOU NEED A REST
A TRIP OF 16 DAYS TO BERMUDA, ST. THOMAS, SAN JUAN & HAVANA WILL BUILD YOU UP.
$85 UP
Write for Travel Books.
By the superb twin-screw **S. S. MOLTKE**, 12,500 tons, equipped with wireless, so that you are constantly in touch with home, will leave New York **MARCH 24** return to New York SATURDAY, APRIL 9. This vessel is provided with the comfort and luxury of a first-class hotel, and serves as your hotel at all ports of call, where you are transferred to and from shore by the ship's launches. Take advantage of this excellent opportunity for your Easter vacation trip.
ALSO SUMMER CRUISES TO NORWAY, SPITZBERGEN, ICELAND, Etc.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway.

Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse
Sails March 8th for
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
Wireless and Submarine Signals.
North German Lloyd
To London, Paris, Bremen.
Express Sailings,
Tuesdays, 10 A. M.
K. W'm d. Gr...Mch. 8
Kronp. Cecilie..Mch. 22
K. Wilh'm II.....Apl. 5
K. W'm d. Gr....Apl. 19
Kronp. Cecilie...Apl. 26
To Bremen Direct.
Twin-Screw Sailings,
Thurs'ys, 10 A. M.
Rhein...Mch. 3
Zieten...Mch. 10
*P. Fr. W'm......Mch. 17
*G. Washington..Mch. 31
*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
To Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa.
Sailings Sat'dys 11 A. M.
Prinzess Irene...Mch. 5
*Berlin.........Mch. 12
Fr. der Grosse...Mch. 19
K. Albert......Mch. 26
†Neckar........Apr. 2
*Omits Algiers. †Omits Algiers and Genoa.
Independent Around-the-World Tours.
Travelers checks good all over the world.
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From Piers 54 & 56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
NEW YORK TO LONDON DIRECT
VIA FISHGUARD
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Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA,
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Mauretania...Mar. 2 | Mauretania...Mar. 23
Lusitania....Mar. 9 | Lusitania.....Mar. 30
Campania.....Mar. 16 | Campania.....Apr. 6
SPECIAL CRUISE.
To Italy & Egypt S. S. CARMANIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Str.
MARCH 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
SPECIAL CRUISE
SAXONIA TO ITALY MARCH 19
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
*Carmania.Mar.5, noon | Carpathia....Mar. 31
*Saxonia.Mar.19 noon | Pannonia.....Apr. 14
*Does not call at Trieste and Fiume.
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

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WITH OBER AMMERGAU
70 TOURS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, 1910.
Offering a great variety of routes at inclusive fares.
TOURS DE LUXE and VACATION TOURS.
Many of our tours include the Passion Play at Ober Ammergau and Universal Exposition at Brussels.
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Cook's Travelers Cheques Payable Everywhere.
Official Agents for the Passion Play.

Jamaica-Panama
Finest Steamers in the Tropical Service. From New York to Panama, via Jamaica. Every Thursday, 12 M. Pier 8, East River.
ZACAPA ....March 3d
ALMIRANTE ....March 10th
SANTA MARTA..March 17th
Every Room an Outside Room.
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY,
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Any City S. S. Ticket Agency.
Additional Weekly service from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans.

FOR FORTRESS MONROE,
(Old Point Comfort,) Norfolk, and Portsmouth, Va., via Baltimore and the BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY. (Old Bay Line).
Leave Baltimore every week day at 6:30 P. M. Finest steamers South of New York. Equipped with wireless telegraphy. All the delicacies of the Chesapeake. Delicious meals. Refreshing night's rest. Through tickets at principal railroad ticket offices. Staterooms engaged at S. A. L. Ry. Office, 1,183 B'way.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
from Pier 42, North River, foot Morton St.
*La Savoie...Mch. 3 | *La Touraine.Mch. 24
*La Lorraine..Mch. 10 | *La Savoie...Mch. 31
*La Provence.Mch. 17 | *La Lorraine..April 7
*Twin screw steamers.
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An English lady, connected with the aristocracy, is arranging sets of intellectual tours through Europe. Any American ladies desirous of joining should apply:

Mrs. Patry, care Morgan, Harjes, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.
Mrs. Patry, care Brown, Shipley, Pall Mall, London, S. W.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne
Noordam....Mar. 8, 9 AM | Potsdam ....Mar. 29
Ryndam....Mar. 22, 9 AM | New Amsterdam....Apr. 5
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S TOURS TO EUROPE
Most comprehensive and attractive ever offered; frequent departures between Apr. 16 and July 5, with rates from $275 to $820, including all necessary expenses.
F. C. Clark, Times Building, New York.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 26, N. R., foot of Beach St., every weekday at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

12 DAY TOURS Tropics. All Expenses. **$50.**
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HAMBURG-AMERICAN
All Modern Safety Devices, (Wireless, &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg
KAISERIN AUG. VIC. 25,000 TONS.
Leaving New York March 5, 12 Noon.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton à la Carte Restaurant. Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
†K. Aug. Vic..Mch. 5, 12M. | §Pretoria..........April 2
*Pres. Lincoln.....Mch. 12 | §Graf Waldersee...April 9
*Pres. Grant......Mch. 19 | †Kais'n Aug. Vic...April 16
†Amerika.........Mch. 26 | §Bluecher.........April 21
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.
ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, and GENOA.
S. S. BATAVIA (Naples only).March 25, 1 PM
S. S. HAMBURG..................March 29
S. S. MOLTKE.......................April 19
TRAVELERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
Hamburg-American Line, 45 B'way, N. Y.

American Line From Pier 62, N. R., at 10 A. M.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia..Mar. 5 | St. Louis......Mar. 19
*Adriatic......Mar. 12 | *Oceanic......Mar. 26
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 61, N. R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Min'tonka, Mar. 12, 10:30 AM | Min'apolis, Mar. 26
Minnewaska, Mar. 19, 1 PM | Min'haha, Apl. 9

Red Star Line From Pier 59, N. R., 11 AM
New York—Antwerp—Paris.
Kroonl'd. Mar. 2, 10 AM | Vaderland.....Mar. 12
Finland.........Mar. 5 | Zeeland.......Mar. 19

White Star Line From Piers 60 & 61, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Laurentic, (new,) Mar. 5, noon. Baltic, Mar. 19
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
†Phila'phia, Mar. 5, 10 A. M. | †St. Louis, Mar. 19
Adriatic, Mar. 12, 10 AM | Oceanic, Mar. 26
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO THE **MEDITERRANEAN**
Via Azores, Madeira, Algiers & Gibraltar.
Cretic..........Mar. 12 | Canopic........Mar. 24
Celtic..........Mar. 16 | Romanic.......Apr. 2
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

WHITE STAR LINE
From New York and Boston
TO THE **Mediterranean**
★ Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers ★
Largest in the Trade
CELTIC Mar. 16, 2:00 P. M.
CRETIC..............March 12, April 16
CANOPIC............March 24
ROMANIC............April 2; May 4
9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE
To Rotterdam $50 Only
To Libau $60 Only
on the promenade deck.
S. S. Estonia.........Mar. 9, 2 p. m.; May 4
S. S. Birma..Mar. 23, 2 p. m.; June 1, July 27
S. S. Lituania..........April 6, 2 p. m.; July 6
S. S. Russia.........April 20, 2 P. M.; June 15
For particulars write or apply to
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Gen. Pass. Agents.
27 Broadway, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia, Mar. 5, noon | California, Mar. 19, 2 P. M.
Caledonia, Mar. 12, 9 A. M. | Furnessia Mar. 26, 9 A. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
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ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE, (Fast Italian Line.)
¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
TO NAPLES AND GENOA DIRECT, connecting with steamers for EGYPT, the HOLY LAND, CONSTANTINOPLE, and ATHENS.
†America.Mar. 1, noon | ¶Ancona.......Mar. 9
*D. D'Aosta, Mr. 5, noon | †Europa.......Mar. 15
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 21 State St., N. Y.

GUIDE FOR DINERS
Telephone Your Reservation.

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Broadway (Lincoln Square) & 63d St.
The West Side's most popular Restaurant.
Exceptionally Good Music,
Noted for its
Excellent Cooking and Efficient Service.
Service a la Carte.
ALL THE LATEST SUPPER SPECIALTIES.
We also serve
LUNCH 50c. DINNER $1.00
All Cars Pass Hotel. Tel. 6800—Columbus.

LÜCHOW'S
108 to 114 E. 14th St., Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by the VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

NORMANDIE,
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New Restaurant, Cafe, and Rathskeller. Lunch 40c. Fine Dinner, with Wine, 75c. A la carte at all hours. Famous Bavarian Orchestra. Vocal Entertainment.

Stanford White's Masterpiece, a museum of art, formerly famous 33d Gambling Palace, is now
Bronze Door Restaurant
It's worth while seeing! 33 West 33d St.

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Dinner with Wine, 50c. Special Spaghetti. 259 7th Ave.

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THE FLATIRON RESTAURANT
B'way, 23d St., 5th Ave. Breakfast, Dinner, Supper.

A GOOD THING TO KNOW. Table d'Hote, 6 to 8 P. M. 40c. 67 West 38th st.

THE WASHINGTON RESTAURANT. Get an excellent Table d'Hote dinner for 40c. 58 W. 35th St.

POMMERY "Sec" AND Brut
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY

Shipping and Malls.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:35 | Sun sets..5:52 | Moon rises..11:28

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:51	11:18	4:55	4:52
Governors Island	11:06	11:48	5:37	5:40
Hell Gate	12:56	1:33	7:12	7:15

Arrived—Monday, Feb. 28.

SS Columbia, Glasgow, Feb. 19.
SS Colon, Cristobal, Feb. 22.
SS Edda, Macoris, Feb. 19.
SS Dunkeld, Kingston, Feb. 22.
SS Aurora, Turks Island, Feb. 22.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, Feb. 26.
SS Orotava, Bermuda, Feb. 26.
SS El Sud, Galveston, Feb. 22.
SS Comus, New Orleans, Feb. 23.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, Feb. 25.
SS Manna Hata, Baltimore, Feb. 26.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Alliance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Amazonense, Para	8:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
America, Naples	——	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Mauretania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Rhein, Bremen	——	——
Hellig Olav, Copenhagen	——	12:00 M.
Virginia, Naples	——	——
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Orotava, Bermuda	——	10:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	——	10:00 A.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	——	12:00 M.
Brazos, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Savoie, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
San Jose, Belize	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Camaguey, Tampico	——	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Desterro	Barbados	Feb. 16
James Brand	Tyne	Feb. 11
Cymric	Liverpool	Feb. 16
Zaandyk	Rotterdam	Feb. 12
Buffalo	Hull	Feb. 12
Columbia	Glasgow	Feb. 19
Shimosa	Gibraltar	Feb. 10
Julia Luckenbach	Porto Rico	Feb. 21
Carmania	Naples	Feb. 17
Duca d'Aosta	Palermo	Feb. 17
Ancon	Cristobal	Feb. 21
Rhein	Bremen	Feb. 12
Noordam	Rotterdam	Feb. 19
Finland	Antwerp	Feb. 19
K. Wilhelm der Grosse	Bremen	Feb. 22
Saranac	Liverpool	Feb. 12
Marowijne	Trinidad	Feb. 22
Havana	Havana	Feb. 26
Laurentic	Liverpool	Feb. 19
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Feb. 26
DUE TO-MORROW.		
President Lincoln	Hamburg	Feb. 19
Perugia	Palermo	Feb. 17
Berlin	Genoa	Feb. 17
Uranium	Plymouth	Feb. 16
Tagus	Kingston	Feb. 26
Sibiria	Kingston	Feb. 24
El Siglo	Galveston	Feb. 24
DUE THURSDAY.		
Adriatic	Southampton	Feb. 23
Zeiten	Bremen	Feb. 19
Almirante	Santa Marta	Feb. 21
Ancona	Naples	Feb. 17
Oceana	Bermuda	Mar. 1
Chicago	Havre	Feb. 17

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Laurentic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Chicago, incoming from Havre, was reported 1,115 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:40 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Thursday morning.

SS Duca d'Aosta, incoming from Genoa, was reported 240 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Ancona, incoming from Naples, was reported 650 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

SS Columbia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Berlin, incoming from Genoa, was reported 343 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

By United Wireless.

SS Havana, Havana, 290 m. S. of Sandy Hook 8 P. M., Feb. 28.

SS Ancon, Cristobal, off Scotland Lightship 10:25 P. M.

SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, 200 m. S. of New York 8 P. M.

SS Concho, Galveston, 120 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M.

SS Ligioner, Port Arthur, 101 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M.

SS Tagus, Southampton and West Indies, 559 m. S. of Ambrose Channel Lightship 8 P. M.

SS City of Everett, Jacksonville, 330 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 2 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Cincinnati, at Alexandria, Feb. 26.
SS United States, at Christiansand, Feb. 27.
SS Baltic, at Liverpool, Feb. 27.
SS Oceania, at Naples, Feb. 27.
SS California, at Moville, Feb. 28.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, at Cospoli, Feb. 27.
SS Excelsior, at Rotterdam, Feb. 26.
SS Inveresk, at Port Said, Feb. 27.
SS Indravelli, at Shanghai, Feb. 28.
SS Oceana, at Bermuda, Feb. 28.
SS Aros Castle, at East London, Feb. 26.
SS Aragonia, at Malta, Feb. 28.
SS Martha Washington, at Gibraltar, Feb. 28.
SS Karonga, at Singapore, Feb. 28.

Sailed.

SS Prinz F. Wilhelm, Cherbourg, Feb. 27.
SS Indian, from Liverpool, Feb. 28.
SS Celtic, from Naples, Feb. 27.
SS Estonia, from Blyth, Feb. 25.
SS Geestemunde, from Shields, Feb. 25.
SS Sommelsdyk, from Rotterdam, Feb. 26.
SS Otterburn, from Antwerp, Feb. 26.
SS Themistocles, from Gibraltar, Feb. 27.

Passed.

SS Fert, New York for Genoa, passed Cape Spartel.

SS Satsuma, Manila for New York, passed Gibraltar.

SS Duca degli Abruzzi, New York for Naples, passed Sagres.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii and specially addressed mails for Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	Mar. 3	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Seattle,) (specially addressed only)—Suveric	Mar. 3	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of China	Mar. 4	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Mar. 5	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—General rains occurred within the last twenty-four hours in New England, the Middle and South Atlantic States, and the Ohio Valley, with thunderstorms at scattered points in the Middle and South Atlantic States.

As a result of the rains and high temperature in the East the rivers are rising and flood warnings have issued.

Temperature remains high in the East and South, and it has risen decidedly in the Upper Mississippi Valley and the Plains States. It will fall Tuesday in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, and will rise in the Middle Mississippi Valley, the lake region, and the Ohio Valley. There are no indications of any decidedly colder weather over any part of the country during the next several days.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be light to moderate variable; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate south.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have moderate variable winds, unsettled weather, and rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Unsettled weather, probably showers and cooler in south portion Tuesday. Wednesday unsettled; light variable winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled weather with probably showers Tuesday and Wednesday. Cooler Tuesday; light variable winds.

New England—Unsettled, probably rain in south and east portion Tuesday; cooler. Wednesday unsettled; light to moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	39	52	4 P. M.	38	59
6 A. M.	36	50	6 P. M.	37	58
9 A. M.	35	55	9 P. M.	32	54
12 M.	36	57	12 P. M.	29	51

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 54; for the corresponding date last year it was 35; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 54; at 8 P. M. it was 55; maximum temperature, 59 degrees at 2:30 P. M.; minimum, 49 degrees at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 97 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 94 per cent. at 8 P. M.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The following were among the decisions handed down by the United States Supreme Court to-day:

114—George B. Starkweather, appellant, vs. Herbert W. T. Jenner et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

112—The Board of Assessors of the Parish of Orleans et al., appellants vs. New York Life Insurance Company.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

103—The J. J. McCaskill Company, appellant, vs. The United States.—Decree affirmed and cause remanded to Circuit Court for the Northern District of Florida.

92—The William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company, appellant, vs. The United States.—Judgment reversed and cause remanded, with instructions to enter judgment for claimant for the sum of $49,792.66.

108—William W. Whitnell, appellant, vs. William R. Bush Construction Company et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs, by a divided court.

Original ex parte.—In the matter of the State of Oklahoma, by Gov. Charles N. Haskell, petitioner.—Motion to file a petition for writ of prohibition granted.

Original, ex parte.—In the matter of the State of Oklahoma, by Gov. Charles N. Haskell, petitioner.—Motion to file a petition for writ of prohibition granted.

760—Great Northern Railway Company, petitioner, vs. Western Union Telegraph Company et al.—Certiorari denied.

780—General Electric Company, petitioner, vs. The Richmond Street and Interurban Railway Company.—Certiorari denied.

789—Will F. Woods, petitioner, vs. The United States.—Certiorari denied.

202—Edward G. Lewis, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Motions to dismiss and to advance submitted.

405—The United States vs. Anton Hansen Haug.—Certificate dismissed.

Charles R. Heike, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Motion to vacate allowance of writ of error and supersedas argued and submitted.

816—William F. Flurer et al., appellants, vs. New York Life Insurance Company.—Advanced to be heard with No. 747 on March 14.

212—Wilson R. Hunt, plaintiff in error, vs. Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Company.—Application for order requiring receivers of the defendant in error to become parties herein submitted for the plaintiff in error.—Leave granted defendant in error to file opposition within one week.

726—John B. Mallers, plaintiff in error, vs. The Commercial Loan and Trust Company.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for defendant in error; motion to strike from files the appearance of Horace G. Stone, and motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for the plaintiff in error.

594—The Inter-State Commerce Commission et al., appellants, vs. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company et al.—Argument continued for appellees and concluded for appellants.

490—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Pierre Grimaud et al.; and

491—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Antonio Inda.—Argued for the plaintiffs in error. No counsel appeared for the defendants in error.

449—John Wynne, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Argument commenced for plaintiff in error.

Day call for to-morrow: Nos. 449, 115, 119, 99, 122, 123, 124, (and 125,) 126, 90, (and 245,) and 127.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J.—Jury calendar. 59—Lorraine Mfg Co v. Oshinsky. 44—Motley Green Co v. Detroit Steel Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Admiralty. 98—Cording v. Tug Three Brothers, &c. 90—Rose v. Tug Senator Chase 8—Duval v. SS Burma. 48—Steers v. Tug Hazleton and Dredge 3. 64—Maritime Dredge Co v. McHarg-Barton Co. 65—McHarg-Barton Co v. Maritime Co. 15—Merritt & C D & W Co v. Stbt H Hudson, &c. 18—Torkildson v. Barber & Co. 24—United SS Co v. Newport News S B, &c, Co. 34—Gillen v. City of N Y. 35—Hastorf v. Tug Henry O'Brien. 38—S S Rutherglen Co v. Howard, Houlder, &c. 41—National Surety Co v. Fireman's Fund Ins Co. 42—National Surety Co v. Prov-Wash Ins Co. 46—Walsh v. Yacht Cherokee. 53—Owners SS Florida, Limitation, &c. 57—Shamrock Tow Line v. City of N Y. 61—Carroll v. SS Caronia. 77—Packard v. Tug Maria Hoffman. 84—B & F Marine Ins Co v. Kilgour SS Co. 96—Penn R R v. Merritt & C D & W Co. 97—Hudson v. SS Pallanza. 105—Tracy v. SS Dorothy, &c. 114—Nottage v. Tug Admiral. 124—Rae v. SS St. Louis. 125—Rae v. SS Philadelphia. 126—Rae v. SS New York. 127—Banta v. Stbt Yale. 133—Heaney v. The Am Ice Co. 137—Cuneo Import Co v. SS Banes. 109—Nichols v. Melchior. 49—Luckenback v. Tug Fred J Fenner, &c. 131—Airey v. Tug T W Wellington. 62—Ben Franklin Transp Co v. Tug Trenton. 117—Penn R R v. Tug Jos P Pecne. 139—Paulson v. Tugs Vigilant and Dart, &c. 140—Lane v. Tug General G M Sorrell. 142—M & C Dredg Co v. Stbt Cygnus. 144—Christians, Dunn & Co. 145—Davis v. Tug Transfer 10. 70—Morse v. Stbt Robert Fulton. 29—Gildersleeve v. Stbt Perseus. 75—Aldrich v. Cornell Stbt Co. 147—Cullen v. Tug Arrow. 36—Potter v. Scows 12 and 7. 37—McElwee v. same. 148—Higgins v. Tug Winnie. 149—Hone v. City of N Y. 150—McWilliams v. SS Bunker Hill. 151—Pyman SS Co v. SS Noordland. 2—Meyer v. Tug Wonder. 152—Studmel v. SS Islander, &c. 153—Lehigh Coal Co. v. Tug R B Little. 93—Wood v. Cunard SS Co. 146—Risley v. The Ins Co of N A. 94—Packard v. Scow Fanlight. 154—Smith v. Schr C C Lister. 155—Hammond v. Tug Ira A Hedges, &c. 156—Holman v. The Gans SS Co. 157—Luckenback v. The Insular Line. 158—Johnson v. City of N Y. 159—Snare & Triest Co v. SS Hugin. 160—Iron Stbt Co v. Ferryboat Bergen. 162—Shamrock Tow Co v. N Y C R R. 163—Potter v. Yacht Tolua. 164—Wortendyke v. Stbt Massachusetts. 165—Owners SS Georgia, Limitation, &c. 166—Pell v. Launch Beatrice. 167—Carroll v. Tug John D Dailey. 168—Siegmund v. Tug John J Hague. 169—Underhill Brick Co v. Tug New Rochelle, &c. 170—Hammond v. Barge Ironwood. 171—Miller v. Tug Arrow. 172—Cuneo v. SS St. Paul. 173—Leary v. Schr Myrtle Leaf. 174—Nelson v. SS Apache. 175—Ford v. Tug Mahoney. 176—Roffey v. Arbuckles.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Fitzgerald, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Ellis v. Parker. 2—Rosen v. Philipsbora Co. 3—In re Sewerage Dist 43. 4—In re West 225th St. 5—In re Lejoere St 6—Fiegl v. Bernstein. 7—Cottrell & Sons Co. v. Seymour. 8, 9—Smith v. Ven Epps. 10, 11—Bell v. Ackerman. 12—Cottrell & Sons Co. v. Seymour. 13—Holmes v. Barry. 14—Reilly v. Lord & Taylor. 15—O'Connell v. Bingham. 16—Reinfeld v. Reinfeld. 17—Coey v. Gillette. 18, 19—Bandler v. Rosenthal. 20—Allison v. United Cloak and Suit Co. 21—Stokes v. Investors and Traders' Realty Co. 22—Bucknall v. North British, &c., Insurance Co. 23—Uhlfelder v. Salant. 24—Parker v. Parker. 25—Ancher v. Ancher. 26—In re Ind Sarah Bolels Association. 27—Holmes v. Bell. 28—Bollas v. Bollas. 29—Catalano v. Board of Education. 30—Hunter v. St. John. 31—Feodorowitz v. Potopovitz. 32—Coleman v. Am Car and Foundry Co. 33—Koeltgen v. Ehret. 33½—Vitiello v. Degnon Const Co. 34—Masterson v. McGivney. 35—Petersen v. Post & McCord. 36—Olson v. Olson. 37—People v. Thompson. 38—In re Steinfeld. 39—McGlashan v. Gage. 40—State Bank v. Schulman. 41—Patterson v. Taylor. 42—Schloser v. Rosenberg. 43—Beach v. Alexander. 44—Chandler v. Buchanan. 45—Graham v. Greene Co. 46—Kerker v. Levy. 47—In re Lake Hopatcing Club. 48—Kobler v. Mulligan. 49—Ritter v. Jacobsen. 50, 51—Plint v. Plint. 52—Feinberg v. Feinberg. 53—Galanos v. Hellenic Trans Nav Co. 54—Barnes v. Gardiner. 55—Willets v. Levey. 56—Taylor v. Emmet. 57—Jacobs v. Peterson Lake, &c., Mining Co. 58—Von Lengerke v. City of New York. 59—Skeete v. Skeete. 60—Rump v. Van Rensselaer Realty Co. 61—Purchas v. Gascoigne. 62—Mosher v. Mosher. 63—Levine v. Hymes Const Co. 64—Holland v. Getelson. 65—Feinberg v. Jacobson. 66—Gerr v. Gerr. 67, 68—Emigrant Ind Savings Bank v. Fitzsimons. 69—Conklin v. Shapiro. 70—People v. Krieger. 71—Becker v. Becker. 72—Butts v. Carey. 73—Riordan v. Riordan. 74—Dietz v. Dietz. 75—Goldstein v. Ind Sarah Bobis Sick & Ben Assn. 76—Schaffer v. Tille. 77—People v. Thomson. 78—Orvis v. Claffy. 79—Sprague v. United Wireless Tel Co. 80—Parker v. Parker.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Platzek, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—McCall, J.—Preferred causes. 4594—Witkowski v. Witkowski. 4704—Betjeman v. Bruckhof. General calendar. 3992—Zahnstecher v. Zahnstecher. 3855—Straiton v. Sands. 3861-62—Mad Av and 41st St v. Colgate. 4052—Sanford & Bennet Co v. Carter. 3912—Fulton v. Fulton. 3932—Lane v. Cunningham. 4004—Himmelstein v. Friedman. 3849—Kupperwasser v. Engel. 3837—Goldman v. Kupperman. 4630—Mercantile Trust Co v. Gimbernat. 2257—Morrone v. Weill. 3872—Steiner v. Geis. 4097—Kyselka v. Kyselka. 3858—Minsky v. Minsky. 3924—Salter v. Knight. 3927—Naughton v. Connor. 3933—Rossano v. Maddaloni. 3942—Smith v. Allen. 3879—Bennenson v. Bormann. 3880—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 3882—Cilters v. Schneider. 3896—Goldberg v. Goldberg. 3898—Clausberg v. Kramer. 3903—Orvis v. Claffy. 3907—Englander v. Kuhner. 3956—Abramson v. Edwards. 4107—Murray v. Constant. 1535—Lane v. Welch. 3666—Rendigs v. Rendigs. 3574—Schlesinger v. Saracena. 3822—Barnes v. Washburn. 3936—Warford v. Bagley. 302—Miller v. Barlow. 3964—Sire v. Furst. 3990—Schelling v. Schelling. 3888—Olson v. Olson. 3959—David v. Reiling. 3944—Negbaur v. Negbaur. 3856—Moore v. Moore. 4081—Davenport v. Davenport. 3982—McManus v. McManus. 4082—Hall v. Hall. 4038—Barclay v. Barrie. 3868—Harling v. Harling. 1067—Lond v. Kellner. 3079—Goldman v. Reynolds. 3108—Maier v. Haines. 3245—Guaranty Trust Co v. Edison United Phono Co. 4075—Gordon v. Gordon. 338—Bergen v. Pettus. 4054—Thoma v. Irving Sav Inst. 3938—Greene v. Greene. 3954—Kraus v. N Y Fassepartout Co. 3904—Nicholls v. Nicholls. 1595—Bushby v. Berkley. 1635—Levin v. Hessberg. 3847—Kommel v. Kommel. 3854—Milch v. Stern. 3864—Stewart v. Stewart. 2960—Caffrey v. Caffrey. 2442—Farmers' Loan & T Co v. McCarthy. 3486—Lawall v. Lawall. 3676—Sauter v. Frank. 2473—Pearlman v. Sauerteig. 3600—Collins v. City of N Y. 2237—Scanlon v. Moran. 2834—Enright v. Boyd. 2865—Rosen v. Lyman. 3148—Foster v. Bailey. 3802—Dietrich v. Dietrich. 4113—Wait, Jr, v. Soc'y for Political Study. 3846—Cawley v. Dunn. 4076—Healy v. Davis Bldg Co. 825—Dietrich v. Bowery Sav Bk. 2150—Ryan v. Edwards. 3421—Sandrock Realty Co v. Whitridge. 3704—Leavitt v. Zancig. 4632—Doty v. Norton. 1355½—Thomas v. Abercrombie & Fitch Co. 222—Davies & Thomas Co v. Allison Realty Co. 3171—Young v. Young. 571—Hoyt v. Andrews. 2243—Hugue v. Irvine. 3368—De Rosa v. De Rosa.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Elevated railroad cases. 867—Keane v. Int R T. 365-366—Tietjen v. same. 897—Robinson v. same. 291—Schmitt v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—5941—Auerbache & Co v. Hollwedel. 6784—Cohen v. U S Grand Lodge, &c. 6642—Berlinger v. Strakeesch.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Page, J.—1110—Coniglio v. Joline. 1137—Mobile v. same. 1140—Phillips v. Whitridge. 1141—Blackburn v. N Y, N H & H R R. 1147—Emile v. B H R R. 1161—Maueri v. Joline. 1190—Rofosky v. same. 1220—O'Kane v. same. 1237—Regan v. same. 1293—Sherwood v. Whitridge. 1320—Humenansky v. Int R T Co. 1149—Feigin v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—3110—Barron v. Wyllys Co. 3091—Davidson v. Met Bridge & Const Co. 863—Bernadac v. Schencke Piano Co. 2891—Bull v. Walsh. 3280—Stewart v. Hinckle Piano Co. 2199—Watman v. Hahn. 3365—Nolan v. Seligman. 2856—Dolan v. Commercial Adv. Assn. 2745—De Caro v. N Y Con Co. 3229—McGrane v. Reiser. 3263—Mahon v. Huylers. 3082—Simons vs. Austin. 6698—Jacobs v. Sire. 3286—Slawson v. Sherry. 3069—Jellison v. City of N Y. 3040—Thornton v. Ocean S S Co of Sav. 3041—Murphy v. Bklyn Union Pub Co. 3043—Alter v. Leffer. 3046—Thiesen v. Van Bremen. 3085—Maimone v. N Y Life Ins Co. 3248—McNamara v. Robt Gair Co. 3314—Ferraro v. Hudson Nav Co. 3055—Sprague v. Alstettler. 3098—Dugan v. New York Cab Co. 3012—Banoner v. Traitel Marble Co. 3187—Kirby v. Thomas Wilson's Sons Co. 3035—Joliffe v. Empire Square Realty Co. 3077—Bourne v. Imp Prop Holding Co. 3084—Schlussberg v. Schlussberg. 3097—Schaen v. Schmidt. 3100—Cont Asphalt Pav Co v. Hudson & Man Co. 3112—Gerkowitz v. Rubin. 3114—Pallman v. Bartolicus. 3132—Kornbluth v. Heiskoritz. 3134—Moodie v. King Edward Hotel Co. 3135—Thomas v. Town Topics Pub Co. 3147—Esmond v. Fargo. 3151—Brenner v. Schultz. 3156—Hurd v. Patterton. 3158—Carney v. Willisen. 3169—Lloyd Plate Glass Ins Co v. Bradley. 3171—J. Asmof v. 5th Av Coach Co. 3172—M. Asmof v. same. 3178—Ferbaum v. Bratty. 3181—Akley v. Kasket.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J. 3623—Cruikshank Co v. Sullivan. 4145—Wadick v. Mace. 4161—H. L. Brown Co v. V. J. Hedden & Sons Co. 4191—Zecherman v. Frank Brewing Co. 6625, 6626, 6627, 6628—People, &c., v. Bingham. 2689—Applebaum v. Magnant. 6802—Clement v. liquors seized at Hotel Hargrave, &c. 3766½—Gaspard v. 14th St. Store. 3878—Koenig v. Germania Fire Ins Co. 3896—Koch v. Raub. 2679—Ellis v. Hearn. 3863—Leavitt v. Cory. 3782—Salewitz v. Pappas. 579—Fruit Auction Co v. Hunger. 3956—Barrick v. Tichenor. 4158—Rankin v. Agricultural Ins Co. 3915—Ridway v. Ransone. 6120—Clement v. Seward. 3940—Southeimer Embroidery Mfg Co v. Maier. 4194—Gilsey v. Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. 3152—Lukes v. Corrodi, Pasco, &c, Co. 1713—Conoly v. Bd of Education. 4083—Steinacker v. Sayles Zan Co. 2787—Blanchard Co v. McDuff. 3112—Man Life Ins Co v. Deeves & Son. 701—Doherty v. Bradley. 3758—Watts v. Doull-Miller Co. 478—N Y Prod Exch Bank v. 12th Ward Bank. 3633—Landry Bros v. Astor Trust Co. 3767, 3768—Popp v. Fleischenhaar. 3818—Consol Nat Bk v. Harding.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Motion calendar. Ella M Haffen. Edward Barry, Sophie Beaver, Frank B McDonald, Anna Storminger, Michele Mulieri, Patrick H Tandy, Henry Hachemeister, Antonio Greco, John B Radley, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Harris Elias, Thomas D De Witt, Cristobal N Madan, Mary E Hart, Mathias Simendinger, Herman C Parthelmes, Isaac Bamberg, Christopher Nooney, Stephen T Crilley, Albert Klauber, Albert Klauber, Thomas F Jeremiah, Alfred Le Roy, Jane Riley, John R Foley, Ellen M Pike, Amelia Weir, Herman C Bartholmes, Amanda De Witt, Jacob Goodman, Christopher Blum, Johann Poetz, Marie Fleichmann, John H. Oeters, Adolph Wagner, Hugh J Gilmartin, Charlotte Knipe, Frank J Stevens, James F Halpin, George F. Seymour, James H Skillman, Maurice Seligmann, Edwin G Gilmore, Margaret Montgomery, Henry Hasselman, Nicholas G Geraty, Alice Key Brown, Nathaniel Plympton. Wills for probate. Josephine F Raymond, Ellen Crimmins, Peter Ruppell, George Kellermann, Augustus H Dieck, Betty Vandervelden, Mary J Thiery, Leah De Bear, Mary T Thomas, Joseph Cairns, Mary Nolan. At 2 P. M. Charles Mayle.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Finelite, J.; Part II., La Fetra, J.; Part III., McAvoy, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Smith, J.; Part VII., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part VIII., Lynch, J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 6331—Bennett v. Harris. 6196—Coogan v. Goetz. 6417—Crawley v. Whitridge. 6347—Degenhardt v. N Y Taxicab Co. 4986½—Carboy v. Polstein R & C Co. 6365—Fitzgibbons v. St. Paul Fire & Marine Ins Co. 6304—Hannill v. Goldsmidt. 760—Syrop v. Etlinger. 4940—Anthony v. United Mach & S Co. 6096—Kiernan v. Joline.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Schmuck, J.—Short causes: 1808—Wode v. Blair. 1822—Rosner v. Carton. 1800—Sterling v. Strickoff. 1827—Murray v. Gillis. 1804—Feuerstein v. Goodman. 1774—McOwen v. Phipps. 1842—Adler v. Miles. 1831—Froment v. A Rosenbaum Iron Works. 1837—Neptune Bathing Co v. Magil. 1784—White Plains Hardware Co v. Leslie. 1858—Veith v. Seligman. 1859—Rahm v. Spiro. 1823—B'klyn Union Gas Co v. Hedley. 1840—Met Granite and Supply Co v. Wells Bros Co. 1844—Heib v. Eman Evan Luth Church. 1848—Bernhard v. Raives. 1854—A Bridgman Smith Co v. Wearforever Stocking Co. 1855—King v. Brown. 1861—Clinchy v. Benoit Co. 1864—Weisz v. Bremer. 1868—Henschel v. Weinstein. 1870—Ferris v. Illinois Surety Co. 1871—Mattone v. same. 1873—Friedman v. Horn. 1874—King v. Brown. 1792—Emanuel v. Birch Realty Co. 1798—Smith v. Olsen. 1799—Hemlin v. same. 1698—Schmidt v. Hottenroth. 1860—Ellison v. McDonald. 1880—Kilian v. Mohr.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—Lyle v. Pearson—Charles J. Leslie. Brown v. Maggiola—William Klein. Hill v. Marx (1)—Paul Kiernan. Same v. same (2)—Edward J. McGean.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Central Cigar Co. v. Kaskel—Rudolph A. Seligman. Tiffany v. Norwalk—William T. Keleher. Bernheim v. Falk—Emanuel Blumenstell. Kelly v. Kelly—G. A. Moses.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Yale & Towne Mfg Co v. Hollingdale & Campbell—Charles Burlingham.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Michael Lipsius v. E. Rossetti Co—Michael Lipsius.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Henry H. Jackson v. Mary Grolig—Edward V. Nicholson. John Ingle, Jr., v. Yale D. Benner—Edward V. Nicholson. Annie Buchstahl v. Sarah Berman—William B. Logan. Annie Holland v. William Walser—Maurice Cooper. Ernestine Harris v. Samuel Lorber—Otto Sommerich. Levi Munson v. Lena Zeichner—Henry Bradey.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—Francis H. Ross v. Katherine G. Farrell—Henry T. Hornidge. Harlan F. Stone v. Charles W. Bauschat—Henry Hoffheimer.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Jenks, Burr, Thomas, Rich, and Carr, JJ.—Non-enumerated day calendar. 69—Scott v. Town of North Salem. 70—Hakkannau v. Proctor Co. 71—Matter of Finkelstein. 74—Rubin v. Rubin. 77—Leonard v. B H R R. 78—Bernstein v. Baumann. 80—Blackman v. Iron Clad Mfg Co. 82—Seymour v. Wheeler. 83—Hevia v. Katz. 84—Chadburn v. Pine Crest Co. 85—Ajas v. Board of Health. 86—Horan v. Mason. 89—Eitsaas v. Dreamland. 90—Murray v. Hall. 91—Spiro v. Rubenstein. 92—Rosenthal v. Roth. 94—Shire v. Bingham. 95—Gray v. B H R R. 96—Prentice v. Townsend. 97—Suydam v. Peuton. 99—Brown v. English. 100—Laydon v. City of N Y. 101—Cary v. Given. 102—Stein v. Opry. 103—Magny v. Horan. 104—White v. Maryland Casualty Co. 105—Smith v. Styles. 106—Nelson v. Degnon Co. 107—Smith v. Ball. 109—O'Dwyer v. Castle Square Opera Co. 110—Denier v. Bonewur. 111—Town of Hempstead v. Lawrence. 112—Lang v. Sessler. 113—Matter of City of N Y.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J.—4549—Levin v. Sheppard. 4550—Sheppard v. Snedicor Holding Co. 4332—Stern & Ross Realty Co v. Phillips. 4359—Di Santi v. Patton Realty Co. 4168—G Hoyt v. Miller. 4554—Kuhler v. Kuhler. H R, 4557—Keeler v. Kings Co Trust Co. 4559—Salzman v. Stephens. 4390—Brownstone v. Spitzenberg. 3981—Ferrara v. Ferrara. 4478—Kelly v. Dartmouth. 4115—Magaw v. Robinson. 4507—Thompson v. Sherman.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Stapleton, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Jaycox, J.; Part IV., Crane, J.; Part V., Kapper, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Marean, J. 2273—Russell v. Cornell. 2354—Rosenberg v. Eastern Sales Book Co. 2385—Herr v. B H R R et al. 2396, 2397, 2398—Taylor v. So Bklyn R R. 7481—Linstedt v. Coombs. 2420—Levingston v. B H R R. 2421—McGuckin v. B H R R. 2435—Ries v. Columbia Mach Wks. 7461—Finn v. McAllister. 7744—Brederman v. Hollister. 6833—Falk v. Kronenberg. 7755—Werbalovsky v. Segal et al. 976—Grunfelder v. B H R R. 2447—Berry v. same. 2452 to 2454—Stilwell v. Nassau R R. 2456—Waller v. Schratweiser Fire Proof Co. 2457—Sentner v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2458—Pickles v. Polytechnic Inst. 2459—Smith v. Michaels. 2463—Bischoff v. B H R R. 2466—Cavanagh v. N Y Transp Co. 2473—Sadowsky v. B H R R et al. 2475—Berwanger v. Am Ice Co. 2476—Hope v. C I & G R R. 2477—Smith v. C I & B R R. 2479—Young v. B H R R. 2480—Friedlander v. same. 2482—Hughes v. same. 2483—Frappier v. Nassau R R. 2484—Hogan v. same. 7312—Hedenberg v. Cunningham. 2311—Van Wonk v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2343—Lorenz v. Perkins. 551—Holton v. Tidewater Ins Co. 1359—Lignori v. Am Ry Traffic Co. 1183—Davidson v. City of N Y. 7840—Grossman v. Lafayette Trust Co. 842—Gavin v. Model Home Realty Co. 2357—Smith v. O'Neill. 6358—Pearlman v. Israel. Highest number reached on regular call, 2504.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—1634—Meadows v. Katz. 1650—Knoeppel v. Newell. 1737—Britt v. Barrett. 1742—Bolger v. Stephenson. 1725—Newell v. The N Y, N H & H R R Co. 1739—J A Mahlstedt Lumber & Coal Co v. Molloy. 1743—Baldaccini, as Treasurer, &c, v. Newman. 1748—Clarke and another v. Bogart. 1749—Beardslee v. Wardner.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J.—617—Piuski v. Rosengarten et al. 619—Sweet v. Jaffe and another. 615—Rodgers v. Brewer and another. 620—Sears et al v. Hillside Motor Car Co and another. 621—Diedrick v. Asinof. 524—Doughty v. Taylor. 61—Knospler v. Fabian. 559—Riccio v. Cutolo. 589—Silverman v. Tracey.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Police Building, Long Island City—Humphrey, J.—Trial of civil causes adjourned for the term.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Wine Which Merely Foams Is Held Not a "Sparkling Wine."

In sustaining a protest filed by Cercedo Hermance & Co., the Board of United States General Appraisers held yesterday that a wine which merely foams when the cork is drawn is not to be regarded for dutiable purposes as a "sparkling wine." Instead such wine is entitled to a tax under the tariff provision for "still wine." Collector Loeb's action in assessing the higher duties as "sparkling wine" is reversed and a reliquidation ordered on the basis of the lower duty.

The attempt of the Collector of Customs at Burlington, Vt., to collect duty on a fur coat purchased by John Joyce while in Quebec was held illegal by General Appraiser Hay, who decides that, as the article did not exceed in value the $100 personal effects limit of the tariff law, the traveler is entitled to bring in the coat duty free.

The board declined to grant free entry to a dog imported by Louis Davis on the ground that the pedigree certificate issued by the "Kennel Club of London" is "not known or recognized by the Secretary of the Treasury." It was held furthermore that the certificates were not properly authenticated. The assessment of duty at 20 per cent. as "animals not specially provided for" is affirmed.

It was decided that a dog owned by G. Russell of Niagara Falls, which had been sent to Canada for breeding purposes, is not to be regarded as "American goods returned" within the meaning of that provision of the tariff. The Collector's levy of duty stands. A similar contention raised by B. Denika of Laredo against an assessment on a horse imported from Mexico was overruled.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

WEST SIDE KNITTING MILL COMPANY.—Judge Holt has appointed Edward L. Patterson receiver in bankruptcy for the West Side Knitting Mill Company of 523 Hudson Street, in place of Charles C. Deming, who could not serve.

EDWARD KOLBER.—Judge Holt has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Jan. 10 against Edward Kolber, shoe dealer of 13 Avenue C and 95 Avenue A, on a settlement at 60 cents on the dollar. The liabilities were about $20,000.

REISIG & SCHWARZHART.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Reisig & Schwarzhart, clothing manufacturers, 165 Greene Street, show liabilities of $6,852 and assets of $3,439, consisting of stock, $2,400; acounts, $959, and cash in bank, $80. Among the creditors are the American Woolen Company, $620; Crown Silk Mills, $500, and the H. B. Claflin Company, $422.

PIERSON MOTOR SUPPLY COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Pierson Motor Supply Company of 48 Cortlandt Street and 1,175 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, show liabilities of $10,902 and assets of $3,413, consisting of stock, $2,000, and acounts, $1,413. Among the creditors are Helen T. Pierson, Secretary, $4,000, and Margaret Sprague of Brooklyn, $400. There are 125 creditors.

CHESTER BILLINGS & SON.—A meeting of the creditors of Chester Billings & Son, (a corporation,) dealers in diamonds and jewelry at 353 Fifth Avenue, was held yesterday at the office of Seaman Miller, referee in bankruptcy, 2 Rector Street. Many claims were filed, and the three receivers, Messrs. John C. Van Cleaf, Uzah H. McCarter, and August Oppenheimer, were unanimously chosen trustees, with a bond of $100,000. The schedules showed liabilities of $659,433 and good assets of $302,100.

CARL KAISER.—Carl Kaiser, a salesman of 148 West 117th Street, formerly President of the Kinetoplane Display Company, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,943 and assets consisting of 800 shares of stock of the above company, value unknown, which are pledged to James A. MacElhinney, as trustee for creditors, to secure debts of $4,440. The only other creditor is Sophie Meyers, an infant, on a judgment obtained by her guardian on April 19, 1909, for $7,503.

M. ALICE LYON.—M. Alice Lyon, dressmaker, 20 West Thirty-eighth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,422, of which $5,250 is secured, and assets of $1,008, consisting of stock, $200; fixtures, $750; cash, $58, and twenty-one-year lease of 20 West Thirty-eighth Street, value unknown, with option to purchase the property. Among the creditors are J. G. Innes, Cragsmoor, N. Y., $5,950, of which $5,250 is secured by mortgage on the above lease; Mrs. J. A. Ferguson, Huntington, L. I., $500 for rent., and B. Altman & Co., $4,111.

J. JUNGMAN, Inc.—J. Jungman, Inc., druggists at 50 Church Street, with four other stores, has put in an answer to the bankruptcy petition filed against the corporation on Feb. 15, denying insolvency and claiming to have assets of $200,000, which is far in excess of the liabilities. The corporation yesterday asked Judge Holt to increase the bond of the petitioning creditors from $250 to $100,000, and in default thereof that the appointment of Frederick W. Hinrichs as receiver be vacated, and the Judge granted the motion. The corporation alleged that before the receivership it had a trade of $1,000 a day, but since the receivership the receipts are about $500 a day; that the corporation's credit has been destroyed by the petition in bankruptcy, and should the corporation defeat the petition it will have suffered damages of $100,000 at least.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Holt in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

ISAAC SCHREIBER, clothing manufacturer, 73 Canal Street; liabilities $259,334.

LIZZIE FLIG, real estate operator, 1,653 Bathgate Avenue; liabilities $141,372.

FERDINAND A. WATTENBERG, salesman, 517 West 113th Street; liabilities $18,730.

A. VOLLBRACHT & CO., dealers in cloaks and suits, 8 East Fourteenth Street; liabilities $15,256.

COHN & LEHMAN, poultry, 428 East 105th Street; liabilities $36,800.

MICHAEL EHRLICH, 83 Lenox Avenue, formerly liquors in Brooklyn; liabilities $2,984.

CHARLES H. FULTON, laborer, Bethel, N. Y.; liabilities $4,643.

CYRENUS M. HOPPENSTADT, farmer, Walden, N. Y.; liabilities $8,160.

DAVID C. SEARS, clerk, Walden; liabilities $2,964.

A. & M. JACOBS, dry goods, 84 Hester Street; liabilities $4,030.

ABRAHAM C. SCHWARZWALD, painter, 210 West Thirty-third Street; liabilities $3,001.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Acconcia, Pasquale—Spear & Co., $221.
Anderson, Sarah D.—T. J. Healy, $405.
Baker, George A.—Gorham Co., $745.
Booth, Ralph W., Jr., et al.—Cons. Fruit Jar Co., costs, $115.
Badgley, Howard G.—J. S. Gaines, $113.
Baumeister, Morris and Rosalie—A. Pfitzer, $133.
Bernhardt, Sam and Carrie T.—J. Simon, $400.
Bindseil, Herman F.—J. Vicario, costs, $123.
Craig, William—Brooklyn Builders' Supply Co., $124.
Copit, David S.—Eppens-Smith Co., $237.
Connolly, John A., et al.—Morewood Realty Holding Co., $589.
Cleary, Wm. V.—C. Uhlig et al., $118.
Dumont, Pierre D., et al.—Morewood Realty Holding Co., $589.
Donohue, Matthew F.—Berger Mfg. Co., $231.
Drummond, Wm. L.—W. W. Ladd, costs, $107.
Dumont, Peter D., et al.—W. F. Fuqua, $2,945.
Dryfoos, Milton M., et al.—M. Feinsot, $1,685.
Dixon, Richard—J. Otten, $534.
Davies, Alfred E.—Stewart Distilling Co., $223.
Douth, Charles—J. Baust, costs, $122.
Fogarty, Kathryn V.—B. B. Davenport, $182.
Gluckman, Louis, et al.—M. A. Ornstein, $308.
Heyman, David, et al.—Consolidated Fruit Jar Co., costs, $115.
Harris, Joseph—M. J. Ahren, $193.
Hersberg, Joseph—P. Shotland, $377.
Hoagm, Wm. E.—E. A. Bogue, $365.
Hartigan, Joseph, et al.—C. Sander, $323.
Immerman, Joseph—P. Reinherz, $197.
Krasovitz, Jacob—L. Ulin et al., $154.
Keller, Julius H.—J. D. McBarron, $114.
Kann, George E., et al.—I. Goldstein, costs, $106.
Keogh, Lawrence—George Ringler & Co., $2,404.
Same—Same, $4,669.
Katz, Louis, et al.—M. A. Ornstein, $308.
Khalick, Joseph F. A.—J. Halck, $454.
Lubin, Harris—M. Rivesman, $116.
Lo Presti, Mary—A. H. Joline et al., costs, $128.
Liberti, Carmine—M. Palladino, $2,076.
Morf, Gadton, et al.—H. Lohnert et al., $414.
Machinski, Thomas—J. J. Daly et al., $139.
Meader, John F.—W. S. Hale, $143.
McMahon, John T., (not summoned,) et al.—G. Van Steinburgh, $330.
McGovern, James P.—M. P. Leihy et al., costs, $108.
Nicholas, George—H. C. S. Burley, $3,754.
Nicholas, George—Lincoln Trust Co., $1,229.
Otis, Theodore E.—W. Waddell, $124.
Osgoodby, Alfred B.—W. R. H. Martin et al., $148.
Potter, James B.—Fifth Avenue Building Co., $137.
Parrott, Marvin E.—Hague Realty Co., $161.
Reynolds, James, et al.—G. Van Steinburgh, $331.
Rosenmeyer, Pauline—J. H. Greenbaum, costs, $233.
Ridgway, Edward—C. M. Berlow et al., $136.
Rhoads, Eva K.—H. G. Sanford, $10,501.
Schmidt, Joseph, et al.—H. Lohnert et al., $414.
Stone, Ella T. (not summoned) and Elias M.—Second National Bank, $465.
Schulman, Jacob—A. Teitelbaum, $104.
Stambough, William B.—W. B. Morschauser, $145.
Steinmuller, Robert—M. Lipschitz, $103.
Tausig, Emil, et al.—I. Goldstein, costs, $106.
Tobin, William U.—Federal Land and Improvement Co., $427.
Thomas, Augustus—M. L. Secor, $300.
Timpano, Frank and Vencenzo—Mills & Gurley Co., $321.
Taus, Gustav M.—R. Bracker, costs, $169.
Weinstein, Morris, executor—L. Jacobsohn, $396.
Wallach, Samuel, et al.—M. Feinsot, $1,685.
Warrall, Thomas P.—J. F. Mincher, $117.
Wessell, Arthur L.—G. W. Smith, $169.
City of N. Y.—Horgan & Slattery, $96,230.
Cuba Eastern R. R. Co.—J. E. Berwind, $8,624.
Victor Heating Co. et al.—Morewood Realty Holding Co., $589.
Empire Bottling Works—City of N. Y., $142.
Inter-State Contract Co. et al.—W. F. Fugua, $2,945.
Builders and Contractors' Corp.—Schratavelser Fireproof Construction Co., $232.
James Quinn Contracting Co.—F. J. Ulrich, $132.
Unique Equipment Co. et al.—C. Sander, $323.
Shenk Realty Construction Co.—M. M. Evans, $226.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Abrahams, William—S. Levine et al., Nov. 7, 1907, $539.
Brainard, Clinton T.—Empire State Garage, April 7, 1909, $170.
Berkowitz, Samuel—P. Herring et al., Feb. 18, 1910, $191.
Baumfeld, Maurice—M. Blits, Jan. 21, 1910, $146.
Cozine, Chauncey G.—James H. Havnden Co., Feb. 2, 1910, $275.
De Wolf, Catherine—S. Ford et al., July 7, 1909, $374.
Cosgrove, Patrick—42d Street, Manhattanville & St. Nicholas Av. Ry. Co., June 25, 1908, $108.
Colman, Royal C.—Aeolian Co., Feb. 24, 1908, $354.
Heimerdinger, Henry—G. Percival, Feb. 9, 1901, $444.
Halpern, Jacob, et al.—J. Saphirstein, Dec. 13, 1909, $1,128.
Deitsch, Harry, et al.—Same, Dec. 13, 1909, $1,128.
Seitz, Michael, et al.—Same, Dec. 13, 1909, $1,128.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—G. H. Rees, Feb. 14, 1910, $962.
Lipshitz, Jacob, et al.—M. Damsky et al., Nov. 24, 1909, $136.
Kingston Realty Co.—Staines-Bunnp-Taber Co., Oct. 7, 1907, $421.
Same—Same, Sept. 25, 1907, $420.
Same—Same, Oct. 7, 1907, $348.
Orbach, Julius, et al.—Same, Nov. 24, 1909, $136.
Pluemer, Adolph—C. W. Hunt Co., Feb. 4, 1910, $523.
Quinby, Fred J.—Barstun Realty Co., March 5, 1907, $131.
Quimby, Frederick J.—R. Weil et al., Jan. 5, 1905, $246.
Quimby, Fred J.—L. J. Blash et al., May 7, 1907, $160.
Quinlan, William J.—C. S. Phillips et al., Feb. 18, 1910, $8,675.
Press Publishing Co.—B. Solomon, Feb. 7, 1910, $400.
Paine, John H.—W. A. Schick, Jr., June 10, 1909, $138.
Weil, Benjamin M.—F. F. Lowenfels, Nov. 16, 1908, $249.
Hildebrand, George—M. A. Delhaye, Feb. 17, 1910, (vacated,) $3,346.
Belotto, Leo and Nicola—People of the State of N. Y., Jan. 11, 1910, (vacated,) $1,000.
Moore & Munger Co.—N. W. Antohony, Feb. 1, 1909, (reversed,) $3,613.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Capt. W. P. Pence, Coast Artillery, relieved from treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., and join proper station.

First Lieut. P. L. Smith, Sixteenth Infantry, to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for examination for promotion.

First Lieut. B. Tucker, Eleventh Infantry, to Presidio of San Francisco, general hospital, for observation and treatment.

First Lieut. E. H. Jordan, Medical Reserve, upon arrival at San Francisco, proceed to Fort Ward, Wash., for duty.

Major J. E. Hoffer, Ordnance, to Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N. J., on business pertaining to test of ordnance material.

The Navy.

Commander J. L. Jayne to command the New York.

Commander S. S. Wood to duty as Secretary of the General Board, Washington, D. C.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Preston at Charleston, Truxton at Mare Island, Yankton at Santiago, Hector and Culgoa at Guantanamo, Paducah at Bocas del Toro, Arethusa at Rio de Janeiro, Louisiana and Hannibal at Hampton Roads, South Dakota, Pennsylvania, and Colorado and Glacier at San Francisco, Washington at Bremmerton.

Sailed—Choctaw, from Washington for Norfolk; Dubuque and Marietta, from Tampa for Key West.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Morrison, D. J., & Brother, Savannah, Ga.; D. J. Morrison, furnishing goods; Hotel Marlborough.
Great Department Store, Lewiston, Me.; J. H. Crowley, trimmings; Park Avenue Hotel.
Panton & White Company, Duluth, Minn.; J. G. Brown, carpets; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Woodward.
Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. E. Chapman, clothing; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.
Adler, L., Savannah, Ga.; F. Kanders, housefurnishing goods; 45 East Seventeenth Street; The Breslin.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. P. Selman, cloaks and suits; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Wells, J. B., & Son Company, Utica, N. Y.; A. A. D'Aprix, linens; The Breslin.
Rosenbloom, S., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss I. Plaut, corsets; The Breslin.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. P. Lyons, housefurnishing goods; 684 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.
People's Store Company, Tacoma, Wash.; P. J. Parker, domestics, hosiery, and underwear; 214 Church Street.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. C. Trimes, laces; W. A. Brost, notions; J. J. Sullivan, domestics; T. Moffatt, furnishing goods; 214 Church Street.
Castner-Knott Dry Goods Company, Nashville, Tenn.; T. J. Haile, hosiery; 214 Church Street.
Strauss, W. J., Troy, N. Y.; millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; A. Marks, hosiery and underwear; Mrs. O'Brien, underwear and ribbons; J. B. Ertle, silks; 450 Broome Street.
Sturtevant, H. H., & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; F. W. Pickup, housefurnishing goods; 320 Church Street.
Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; W. Van Wyck, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; 214 Church Street.
Kline Brothers, Altoona, Penn.; J. H. Moser, domestics; 214 Church Street.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; T. C. Burch, notions and jewelry; 214 Church Street.
Patrick, F. A., Company, Duluth, Minn.; W. H. Bruen, ready to wear; 43 Leonard Street.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; H. S. Jacobi, embroideries; F. O. Streich, silks; 72 Leonard Street.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; A. Austin, clothing; 57 White Street.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Jacklin, china and glassware; G. A. Dahlgren, housefurnishing goods and willow ware; 43 Leonard Street.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Kahn, furnishing goods and hosiery; Mr. Van Tassell, silks and dress goods; 684 Broadway.
Fair, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Kline, laces and upholstery goods; T. L. Janes, rugs; 684 Broadway.
Frank, A. B., Company, San Antonio, Texas; C. Davis, cloaks and suits; 43 Leonard Street.
Hutzler & Co., Norwich, Conn.; L. Hutzler, clothing; The Hermitage.
Webber, W. G., Company, Salem, Mass.; M. Van Densmore, ribbons, handkerchiefs, laces, and notions; 75 Spring Street.
Callender, McAuslan & Troupe Company, Providence, R. I.; D. A. Smart, dry goods; G. A. Mellin, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Cadillac.
McAuslan & Wakelin Company, Holyoke, Mass.; Miss K. Dwyer, notions; Miss K. Griffin, ladies' wear; Hotel Navarre.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss K. Shields, corsets; 214 Church Street.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; S. Willard, dry goods; 31 Union Square.
Bacon, J., & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; C. C. Gunn, cloaks, suits, and waists; C. W. Sherwood, dry goods; 214 Church Street; The Hermitage.
Beirle, G. J., Chicago, Ill.; millinery; The Hermitage.
Rathbun & Co., Utica, N. Y.; F. B. Rathbun, domestics, dress goods, and hosiery; 75 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Meckes, John, Sons Company, Cleveland, Ohio; J. H. Meckes, underwear; Hotel Imperial.
Wendland, H. G., Company, Bay City, Mich.; H. G. Wendland, furnishing goods, corsets, and ribbons; Hotel Imperial.
Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. Wise, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; G. C. Baker, remnants; 377 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Malley, E., Company, New Haven, Conn.; Belle C. Morris, books; 320 Church Street; Hotel Grand.
Cohen Company, Richmond, Va.; S. Cohen, housefurnishing goods; W. Pearlstein, dry goods; 100 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Grand.
Nusbaum & Livingstone, Albany, N. Y.; J. Nusbaum, millinery; Hotel Grand.
Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; I. I. Wolf, clothing; L. Michaels, furnishing goods; Hotel Marlborough.
Lanham & Sons Company, Rome, Ga.; F. J. Kane, cloaks and suits; Miss Treat, ladies' wear; J. H. Lanham, hosiery, notions, ribbons, and housefurnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Fraser, R., Utica, N. Y.; J. T. McDermott, waists and ribbons; Herald Square Hotel.
Bunce, J. H., Company, Middleton, Conn.; W. W. Daniels, domestics and notions; 75 Spring Street.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; F. S. Bucks, furnishing goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.
Pearson, J. B., & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. B. Pearson, piece goods; Hotel Wolcott.
Gladding, B. H., Dry Goods Company, Providence, R. I.; J. Cannell, domestics; H. E. Mason, carpets; Hotel Wolcott.
Burton Company, Manchester, N. H.; Mrs. O. L. Gignere, millinery; Miss E. N. Thones, ribbons; Hotel Grand.
Jones & Audette, Jamestown, N. Y.; Mary M. McCormick, cloaks and suits; Hotel Grand.
Fearey & Co., Albany, N. Y.; J. J. Fearey, shoes; Hotel Victoria.
Hammell, L., Dry Goods Company, Mobile, Ala.; J. Hammell, laces, cloaks, and waists; 31 Union Square; Hoffman House.
Wrenn Company, Springfield, Ohio; Miss B. Dunnigan, department store; The Breslin.
Glasgow Brothers, Jackson, Mich.; A. S. Glasgow, department store; Park Avenue Hotel.
Allen, John A., Monmouth, Ill.; department store; Park Avenue Hotel.
Clow, Henrietta, Evanston, Ill.; millinery; Hotel Seville.
Rita, Mme., Evanston, Ill.; Rita Petoit, millinery; Hotel Seville.
Wieboldt, W. A., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. Eickeneier, neckwear; Hotel Woodstock.
Stix, Baer & Fuller, St. Louis, Mo.; Paul Wellman, dry goods; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Davidson Brothers, Sioux City, Iowa; L. C. Moser, basement goods; Grand Hotel.
Brin Store, Terrell, Texas; Edward Brin, general merchandise; Broadway Central Hotel.
Nagel, A. Phillips, Minneapolis, Minn.; M. Bergstrom, millinery; Holland House.
Rouse, H. V., Lexington, Ky.; ladies' ready to wear; New Grand Hotel.
Selig's Cloak House, Indianapolis, Ind.; Sidney Selig, cloaks; Hotel Woodstock.
Tabor & Simon, Detroit, Mich.; Mrs. L. Simon, ladies' ready to wear; Hotel Wellington.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; S. E. Gecoza, cut glass, china, &c.; Hotel Woodward.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; Mrs. M. H. De Mond, children's and misses' cloaks, &c.; Hotel Collingwood.
Morehouse-Martens Company, Columbus, Ohio; M. Tracy, dry goods; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Livingston Glove Shop, Duluth, Minn.; Mrs. L. B. Livingston, gloves; Hotel Imperial.
Lederer, B., & Son, Cincinnati, Ohio; Mitchell J. Lederer, millinery; Mrs. B. Lederer, millinery; Hotel Latham.
Sherley & Gould, St. Louis, Mo.; M. W. Sherley, men's furnishing goods; Hoffman House.
Allen Store Company, Hornell, N. Y.; C. E. Garwood, millinery; Hotel Albert.
Green, Miss F. E., Canaseraga, N. Y.; millinery; Hotel Albert.
Panton & White, Duluth, Minn.; D. Young, dry goods; Hotel Latham.
Goldstein, J. B., Titusville, Penn.; Jacob Goldstein, dry goods; Hotel Grand.
Central Dry Goods Company, Hillsdale, Mich.; C. W. Parker, dry goods; Hotel York.
Moore & Stevenson, Oil City, Penn.; Robert Moore, dry goods and carpets; Anna M. Deveny, suits and coats; L. K. Sherick, suits and coats; Hotel Imperial.
Rosenzweig, William, Pine Bluff, Ark.; general merchandise; Hotel Van Rensselaer.
Wasson, H. P., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Mrs. F. Hudson, general merchandise; Hotel Martinique.
Walker, James, & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; James Walker, dry goods; Hotel Earlington.
Lehman & Co., Chicago, Ill.; M. Heyman, leather goods; Hotel Earlington.
The Fair, Chicago, Ill.; M. B. Thomas, leather goods; 684 Broadway.
Mulkey & Nelson, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss K. McKinley, woolens; Hotel Prince George.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
ALUMINUM NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
Willis-Du Bois Co., 150 Nassau Street.
"BABIHOOD CLOTHES," Children's Aprons, Rompers, Sleeping Garments, Sacques & Robes, Ribbed Vests.
Windsor Knitting Mills, 31 Union Sq. West.
BASKETS & WILLOWWARE NOVELTIES.
Krauss & Co., 11-13 West Houston Street.
Chas. Zinn & Co., 138-140 Grand Street.
BATHING SUITS.
M. Loewenstein, "The Fashion," 438 Broome.
Milbury Atlantic Mfg. Co., 543 Broadway.
BRAIDS.
Elite Braid Co., Imp'rtr's & Mfrs., 105 Greene St.
BRASS AND COPPER ART GOODS.
B. Wiener, Manufacturer, 647 Broadway.
BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint.
E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.
CORD NECK RUCHING & BIAS FABRICS.
Erlanger & Reis, ("Rival" Fastener,) 109 W. 26
CORSET COVERS, MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
Elite Muslin Underwear Co., 435 Broadway.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 B'way, Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
CUT GLASS.
J. Hoare & Co., (Exhibit,) Grand Hotel.
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
DRESSES AND SKIRTS.
Joseph Schwartz, 11 West 20th Street.
FIBRE GOODS, SAMPLE & SUIT CASES.
Fibre Case & Novelty Co., 88 Chambers St.
HAIR ORNAMENTS AND BELTS.
Austin Walker Co., 565 Broadway.
INFANTS' HEADWEAR, Knit Goods & Cloaks
L. Herzig & Co., Inc., 141, 143, 145 W. 17th St.
LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES.
A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.
John Davenport & Co., 7 White Street.
LADIES' WAISTS.
Jos. Zindler, ("Empire" Waist,) 135 Wooster.
MISSES' DRESSES.
A. Adler, 928 B'way. (Also Women's Neckw'r)
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
NECKWEAR—Women's.
Ostrich & Fancy Feather Boa Co., 38 E. 10th
PAPER & CHINA SOUVENIRS for Dinners.
Theo. Metzeler, 46 Vesey Street.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.
PHOENIX MUFFLERS & SILK HOSE.
Phoenix Knitting Works, 45 E. 17th, near B'way.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
SWEATERS & LADIES' BATHING SUITS.
Progressive Knitting Works, 31 Union Sq.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.
H. Rosenstein, 36 Warren St.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SUIT CASES.
S. Rosenhaupt, 418-422 Broadway.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-18 West 20th Street.

PHOENIX KNITTING WORKS
PHOENIX MUFFLERS,
Silk Hose, Neckwear, Knitted Scarfs.
512 Everett Building 45 East 17th St.
Near Broadway, New York.
'Phone Stuyvesant—799.

PACKAGE LADIES' SUITS exchanged by mistake at J. Lew's office, 817 Broadway; will kindly communicate with S. Hirschorn & Co., 54 East 8th St.

WANTED—An experienced salesman; ladies' shirtwaists; with established trade. A 91 Times, Times Square.

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

DIAMONDS [illegible] CREDIT
Call or Write for Illustrated Catalogue 45
L. W. Sweet & Co. 37 to 39 MAIDEN LANE

TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 0 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1¼ Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

New and second-hand desks, typewriter, bookkeeper, roll and flat top; chairs, tables, partitions, and railings. QUICK & McKENNA, 2 Reade St.

DESKS CHAIRS, OFFICE FURNITURE, PARTITIONS, &c. BUY DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS, HAMBURGER, 33 East 20th St.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Eagle T. Co., 312 B'way.

Delivered to your home direct from our hennery, fresh-laid eggs. Maryland Squab Co., Cambridge, Md.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Special sale of used pianos; Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 34th St.

Must sacrifice beautiful mahogany upright piano, (perfect condition,) $100; cost $450; also lot furniture. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

$180 Decker Brothers upright piano, $4 monthly until paid; $90 Steinway, $3 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, March, 2d, 1910
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOMS,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATORS.

10 shs. Broadway & 7th Ave. R. R. Co.
20½ shs. Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins. Co.
12½ shs. Lloyds Plate Glass Ins. Co.
20 shs. Fidelity Trust Co. of Newark, N. J.
15 shs. Pennsylvania Plate Glass Co.
50 shs. Denver Consolidated Mining Co.
$1,000 Town of Hempstead Gas & Electric Light Co. 1st 5s, 1931.
28 shs. Utica, Chenango & Susq. Valley R. R. Co. guar.
6 shs. Madison Safe Deposit Co.
150 shs. Matawok Land Co.
15 shs. Westchester Trust Co.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

$3,000 Maritime Association of the Port of N. Y. 2d Mtge. 5 p. c. bds., 1924.
50 shs. Waterbury Co. pfd.
209 shs. Carmon-Guanajuato Gold Mining Co.
10,000 shs. Branch Mint & Milling Co. of Deadwood.
20 shs. Brentano's pfd.
20 shs. Camden Land & Imp. Co. of S. C.
$1,000 Chamber of Commerce of N. Y. Building Fund Income bond.
237 shs. Omaha & St. Louis Rwy. Common Trust Ctf. and $50 scrip.
201 shs. Omaha & St. Louis Rwy. pfd.
200 shs. U. S. Equitable Gas Co.
500 shs. Atlantic & Pacific R. R. common.
41 shs. Great Western Insurance Co.
$10,000 St. Louis, Kan. City & Northern Rwy. Clarinda Branch, 1st Mtge. Bond Ctf. of Dep.
8 shs. Brooklyn Elevated R. R. pfd. & $69.60 scrip.
8 shs. Brooklyn Elevated R. R. common & $8 scrip.
$100 St. Louis Southwestern Rwy. 1st Mtg. 4 p. c. Bond Central Trust Co. Ctf. of Dep.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE.

$10,000 New York & New Jersey R. R. 1st Mtge. 5% Bds., 1932.
$10,000 Hudson & Manhattan R. R. 1st Convt. 4½% Bds., 1957.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

20 shs. Westchester & Bronx Title & Mtge. Guar. Co.
50 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
10 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
50 shs. James Butler Grocery Co. common.
76 shs. Bethlehem Steel Corp. pfd.
114 shs. Bethlehem Steel Corp. common.
50 shs. Brooklyn Taxicab Co.
5 shs. Columbia Trust Co.
5 shs. New York Life Ins. & Trust Co.
35 shs. Northern Nat'l Bank Trust Ctf.
20 shs. National Reserve Bank.
$8,000 La France Copper Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. bds., 1932; Jan., 1910, coupons attached.
125 shs. E. W. Bliss Co. common.
50 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
30 shs. Northern Bank.
$1,000 St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Co. 6 p. c. secured gold note due April, 1911.
$25,000 Delaware & Eastern R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. gold bonds, due Jan., 1956.
$4,000 Belle Terrace Estates 6 p. c. bonds (with 50 p. c. bonus common stock).
25 shs. Audit Co. pfd.
10 shs. Nat'l Park Bank.
8 shs. Nat'l City Bank.
8 shs. Nat'l Park Bank.
500 shs. United Verde Copper Co.
10,000 shs. San Luis Mining Co.
100 shs. Union Ferry Co.
20 shs. Nat'l Park Bank.
25 shs. Union Exchange Nat'l Bank.
100 shs. Union Ferry Co.
210 shs. Sweetwood Tooth Pick Co.
25 shs. Bankers' Trust Co.
25 shs. Cortright Automatic Press Co. pfd.
50 shs. Cortright Automatic Press Co. common.
25 shs. Bankers' Trust Co.
$1,000 Gulf & Ship Island R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. Ref. & Terminal 5% Bd., 1952.
$3,000 St. Louis, Rocky Mt. & Pacific Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Bds., 1955.
$19,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna Ry. 1st Mtge. 4½% Bds., April, 1953.
160 shs. New York-Westbury Co.
55 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
13 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
25 shs. Mechanics & Metals Nat'l Bank.
$42,000 Leeds & Catlin Co. 1st Mtge. 6% Skg. Fund Gold Bds., 1932, July, 1908, coupons on.
150 shs. Leeds & Catlin Co.
$5,000 Pitts., Shawmut & Northern R. R. Receiver's Certf. of Indebtedness.
1 sh. Continental Insurance Co.
5 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
$60,000 La France Copper Co. 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., Jan., 1909, coupons on.
1,200 shs. La France Copper Co. pfd.
2,400 shs. La France Copper Co. common.
500 shs. Davis-Daly Estates Copper Co.
1 sh. Louisville Property Co.
$34,000 La France Copper 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., Jan., 1909, coupons on.
900 shs. La France Copper Co. common.

BY ORDER OF LINDSAY RUSSELL, ESQ., TRUSTEE IN BANKRUPTCY OF ENNIS & STOPPANI.

All right, title, and interest as Trustee in bankruptcy in and to the following securities, to be sold without warranty and subject to bringing three-fourths of their appraised value:

$237 American Steel & Foundry Co. stock scrip.
$20 American Steel & Foundry Co. deb. scrip.
500 shs. American Taximeter Co.
$240 Atchison Fractional Warrant 10-yr. bonds.
$600 American Ice Securities Co. 6% Bonds.
$300 Atlantic Coast Line Ctf. of Indebt.
40 shs. Bay State Gas Co. Trust Receipt.
335 shs. Bay State Gas Co.
20 shs. Bay State Gas Co. Trust Receipt.
80 shs. Bay State Gas Co.
13 shs. Bingham Central Standard Co.
50 shs. Bingham Consl. Mining & Smelting Co.
3 shs. Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. Interim Ctf.
100 shs. Butte & London.
30 shs. Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.
2,000 shs. Consolidated Arizona Smelting Co.
1 sh. Consolidated Nat. Bank.
$33 Corn Products Refining Co. pfd. scrip.
$3 Corn Products Refining Co. common scrip.
5 shs. Cimeter Publishing Co.
$100 Eagles Mere R. R. 5% Trust Ctf.
$1,000 Crescent Athletic Club 2d Mtge. 5% Bond.
65 shs. Davis-Daly Copper Co.
87 shs. Detroit Southern R. R. common Ctf. of Dep.
122 shs. Dominion Copper Co.
15 shs. Electric Patrol Indicator Co.
10 shs. Foster Cobalt Mining Co. Toronto Ctf.
35 shs. Goldfield Consl. Mines Co.
1,000 shs. Goldfield Daisy Mining Co.
$125 Glenada Club Bonds.
5 shs. Green Gold & Silver Co. pfd.
10 shs. Helvetia Copper Co.
$70 Inter.-Metropolitan Co. scrip.
$100 Inter.-Metropolitan Co.
1 sh. Inter.-Metropolitan Co. pfd.
1 sh. Inter.-Metropolitan Co. common.
2 shs. Isle Royale.
$1,000 Inter.-Metropolitan Co. 4½% Coll. Trust Bonds.
1 sh. Lehigh Valley Coal & Nav. Co. Fract. Warrant.
1 sh. Lehigh Valley Coal & Nav. Co. allotment warrant.
$10 Louis. & Nash. R. R. scrip.
125 shs. Majestic Copper Co.
1,000 shs. Kingston & Pembroke Inn Mining Co.
5 shs. Lake Erie & Western R. R.
10,000 shs. Mexican Mines common.
20,000 shs. Mexican Mines pfd.
$1,000 Mex. Cent. R. R. 1st. Con. Inc. Bds., Ctf. of Dep.
15 shs. Michigan Copper Mining Co.
10 shs. Mine Co.
$25 Missouri Pacific R. R. stock scrip.
40 shs. Montreal & Boston Con. Mining & Smelt. Co.
5 shs. Nevada Consolidated Copper Co.
200 shs. Nevada-Utah Mines & Smelt. Corp.
100 shs. Nevada Smelting Mines Corp.
$1,000 N. Y. Athletic Club Bonds., 1915.
$300 Nipissing Mines Co. 4% 20-yr. Convt. Gold Bond Fractional Warrant.
1,000 shs. Cobalt Mining Co., Ltd.
2 shs. Planters' Compress Co. receipt.
$100 Pope Manfg. Co. pfd. scrip.
50 shs. Raven Mining Co.
50 shs. Oxy-Hydrogen Heat & Light Co.
$2,000 Southern Ry. 4½% Devel. Bonds.
20 shs. Rotary Ring Spinning Co.
80 shs. Santa Fe Gold Mining Co.
5 shs. Seaboard Air Line Ry. Pfd. Trust Ctf.
10 shs. Shawmut Copper Co.
100 shs. Snap Hook & Eye Co.
$750 Southern Pacific R. R. Fractional Warrants.
100 shs. Standard Rope & Twine Co.
110 shs. Shatton's Independence Co., Ltd.
$5,000 Standard Rope & Twine Co. 5% Inc. Bonds Ctf. of Dep.
75 shs. Superior & Boston Copper Co.
200 shs. Susquehanna Iron & Steel Co.
¼ sh. Tenn. Coal & Iron R. R.
10 shs. Tintic Co.
$3,000 Town of Swanton, Vt., 5% Funded Debt Bond of 1880.
10 shs. Turf News Publishing Co.
$2,750 Union Pacific R. R. Fractional Warrants to subscription 20-yr. 4% Gold Bonds.
$55 United Shoe Machinery Co. scrip.
$25 U. S. Smelting & Refining Co. scrip.
25 shs. Victoria Copper Mining Co.
6.25 of one share Western Union Teleg.
36.25 of one share Western Union Teleg.
25-100 of one share Western Union Teleg.
12½-100 of one share Western Union Teleg.
12½-100 of one share Western Union Teleg.
12½-100 of one share Western Union Teleg.
1¼ Fractional Ctf. Western Union Teleg.
$1,000 Wisconsin Cent. Ry. 1st Gen'l Mtge. Bond.
10 shs. Wisconsin Cent. Ry. Com. Ctf. of Dep.
1¼ shs. Yukon Gold Co. Temp. Ctf.
20,000 shs. United Bread Machinery Co. pfd.
30,000 shs. United Bread Machinery Co. common.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,177.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARSHALL B. WILCOX, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Marshall B. Wilcox of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Marshall B. Wilcox was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 28th, 1910.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WARP TWISTING-IN MACHINE COMPANY, Bankrupt. No. 13,247.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred C. Coxe, Jr., the Trustee of the above-named bankrupt, will sell this day, Tuesday, March 1st, 1910, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at public auction at the office of said bankrupt corporation, at No. 309 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, State of New York, at 12 o'clock noon, all the Trustee's right, title, and interest in and to the entire property and assets of the bankrupt corporation, consisting of patents, twisting-in machines, machinery, fixtures, tools, appliances, leases, contracts, accounts, and bills receivable, office furniture, good-will, and all other property, excepting cash, in the hands of the Trustee.

The business is being carried on by the Trustee, and will be sold in its entirety as a going concern.

Each bidder will be required to deposit with the Trustee a certified check for five thousand dollars ($5,000) before he is allowed to bid for the property, which shall be applied as part payment upon the purchase price. No bid will be accepted unless for seventy-five per cent. (75%) or more of the appraised value of the property above described, without the special order of the Court.

The purchaser will be required to assume all outstanding accounts, contracts, bills, and obligations of the Trustee, adopted, undertaken, or incurred in connection with the conduct of the business.

Further information regarding the property can be obtained from the Trustee at his office, No. 2 Rector Street, New York City, or at the office of the company, No. 309 Broadway, New York City.

Dated New York, February 18, 1910.

CHARLES W. H. ARNOLD,
Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Liberty Street, New York City.
ALFRED C. COXE, Jr., Trustee, 2 Rector Street, New York City.
BEARDSLEY & HEMMENS, Attorneys for Trustee, 54 Wall Street, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,264.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HUGO FROMKES, individually and as member of the firm of BROADWAY FUR SHOP, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Hugo Fromkes, individually and as members of the firm of Broadway Fur Shop, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Hugo Fromkes, individually and as members of the firm of Broadway Fur Shop, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 26, 1910.

NO. 13,095.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BERNARD SIMON and WILLIAM SIMON, individually and as copartners trading as B. SIMON & SON, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Bernard Simon and William Simon, individually and as copartners trading as B. Simon & Son, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Bernard Simon and William Simon, individually and as copartners trading as B. Simon & Son, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 15, 1910.

NO. 13,227.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANK COOK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Frank Cook of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Frank Cook was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 15, 1910.

NO. 13,212.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB RASSNER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Jacob Rassner of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Jacob Rassner was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 18, 1910.

NO. 12,923.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CRYSTAL EMBROIDERY COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Crystal Embroidery Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Crystal Embroidery Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 17th, 1910.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of VALERIE DE KERMEN and JUAN C. ALQUIZA, individually, and trading as THE SOUTH TRADE CO., Bankrupts.—No. 12,522.

Notice is hereby given that Valerie de Kermen and Juan C. Alquiza, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated October 19, 1909, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 14th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 26, 1910.

NO. 13,103—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID COHEN and LOUIS B. LEVINSON, individually and as members of the firm of D. COHEN & CO., bankrupts.

To the creditors of David Cohen and Louis B. Levinson, individually and as members of the firm of D. Cohen & Co., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said David Cohen and Louis B. Levinson, individually and as members of the firm of D. Cohen & Co., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Feb. 24, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,856.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN G. STUART, bankrupt.

To the creditors of John G. Stuart of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1909, the said John G. Stuart was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 22d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 28th, 1910.

FINDING THE LOST.

The Lost and Found Column of The New York Times finds many lost articles. The daily circulation of The Times exceeds one hundred and seventy-five thousand copies, so Lost and Found advertisements in The Times are assured widespread publicity. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—In or near Bijou Theatre, on Friday evening, Feb. 25, gold locket set with seven variegated stones, containing two photographs; suitable reward. Address or call, N. S., Steinway Hall, 109 East 14th St., N. Y. City.

LOST—Between 149th and 145th St. and Broadway, Feb. 27, (afternoon,) gold purse with sum of money and two blank checks. Finder will receive reward by returning same to Room 503, Astor Theatre Building.

LOST—Either in Hickson's Wednesday, the 23d, between 12 and 1 o'clock, or at the Metropolitan Skating Rink, a diamond horseshoe brooch; $50 reward, no questions asked. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Universal Pneumatic Transmission Co. stock, 88,430 shares; Nos. 6,192, 6,193; any one purchasing same will do so at their loss; liberal reward for return. Owner, Wm. H. Dinspel, 1 Union Square.

LOST—Sunday, black pocketbook, containing money, commutation ticket, between Newark and New York; Lackawanna R. R.; reward. Return to J. A. Colon, 886 South 17th St., Newark, N. J.

LOST—Gold Phi Beta Kappa key, between 58 West 25th St. and Mineola, L. I.; key inscribed "C. L. S., Cornell, 1908"; reward if returned to G. R. B. S., 320 Grand Av., Nutley, N. J.

LOST—A pearl necklace, diamond and emerald clasp, between 85th St. and Riverside Drive and 79th St. and Columbus Av. Liberal reward if returned to Belsinger, 131 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Between 110th St. and Twenty-second Regiment Armory, bill roll, containing money; owner's name stamped inside. Reward if returned to Cunningham, 104 Barclay St.

LOST or Stolen—Very liberal reward offered for return of large diamond horseshoe and diamond heart; no questions asked. S. Erlanger, Ansonia Hotel, New York.

LOST—Saturday evening, at Knickerbocker Theatre box office, $85; liberal reward. Dr. Schaefer, care of L. Sonneborn Sons, Inc., Belleville, N. J.

LOST—Bank book No. 26,974, on Brevoort Savings Bank, corner Macon St. and Nostrand Av., Brooklyn; payment stopped; please return to bank.

LOST—Mink scarf, between 6th Av. "L" station at 23d St. to 21st St.; liberal reward offered. Fishman & Nathanson, 100 5th Av.

LOST—Saturday evening, between 54th and 136th St., Broadway, pearl star brooch, with diamond in centre; reward. Maley, 601 West 136th St.

LOST—Saturday last, a circular diamond and ruby pendant; liberal reward. 75 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn. Telephone Main 282.

LOST—Vicinity 35th, Broadway, round silver vanity box, monogram "M. C."; reward. Apartment 8, 10 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Feb. 25th, open-faced watch, gold, Chinese coin on fob; valued as keepsake; reward. 446 East 72d St.

LOST—Friday, Feb. 25, lady's gold Waltham watch and pin; liberal reward. Pierce, 460 Miller Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, Feb. 21, between Metropolitan Opera House and 38th St.; reward. 137 4th Av.

LOST—On 5th Av., near 56th, a fur-lined carriage foot warmer. Return to E. C. Walker, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—Near Fort Lee, Sunday morning, Feb. 27, small mink collar; reward. A 72 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Monday, pocketbook, corner 80th St., Broadway; reward. 347 West 122d St.

$25 REWARD.—Lost, Sunday afternoon, 4:30 to 6:30, 5th Av., between 11th and 37th, or 11th, between Broadway and 6th Av., gold watch and silk and gold fob; initials on front case, date on back. Reed & Barton Co., 5th Av. and 32d St.

$500.00 REWARD for large diamond star and bowknot brooch lost Feb. 26th in vicinity of Broadway and 34th St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av., 37th St.

LOST—On Monday evening about 6:30 a piece of silk 19 inches wide 72 yards long, on Subway local, between 14th and Canal Sts.; reward. B. Bevozi, 415 Broadway.

$500 REWARD

for large diamond star and bowknot brooch lost Feb. 26, very likely at Macy's or in that neighborhood; no questions asked. Telephone, write, or apply to B. Kazanjian, 29 Union Square. Tel. 3010 Stuy.

$150 REWARD for diamond bracelet with pig and locket attached; no questions asked. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LIBERAL REWARD for a mink muff lost in hansom. Return San Remo Hotel, 74th St. and Central Park West.

REWARD for return of loose-leaf vest pocket notebook, containing records; name inside John A. Addison, 124 East 28th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Boston bull terrier, 4th Av., near 25th St., on Monday, Feb. 28; collar marked "Buster, 3 East 27th St. Liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to above address.

LOST—Small French bulldog, answers to the name of "Jimmie," on or near St. Nicholas Av. and 112th St.; $10 reward and no questions asked. Carter, 50 West 112th St.

LOST—Fox terrier; tail not cut, black fore leg, one black eye, large black spot on back. Liberal reward if returned to Hotel Manhattan, 230 Duffield St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Saturday, pet of blind girl, female English bull pup; red collar; reward. Harold, 173 West 78th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—Sum of money Sunday; waiting owner proving claim. T 124 Times Downtown.

FOUND, Feb. 28.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station.—Package, scarf and pin, two umbrellas, grip, bag, purse.

FOUND, Feb. 28.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply foot of Liberty St., city. Package of blue-prints.

FOUND, Feb. 28.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City.—Two satchels, package, purse, two umbrellas, pair gloves, coat.

FOUND, Feb. 28.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.—Package, umbrella, pair gloves, pair rubbers, cardcase, lady's handbag, commutation ticket.

FOUND, Feb. 28.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.—Three packages, cardcase, eight umbrellas.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PLYMOUTH, Fall River Line—White sweater, back comb, rosary beads, stick pin.

FOUND, Feb. 28.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggagemaster, Jersey City, N. J. R. R. TRAINS—Pair gloves, lady's umbrella, neck fur, package, package of shoes, package of photographs, umbrella, barrette, pair overshoes, two books, hat, ring, ice bag, purse, muff, pair gloves, pair cuffs and buttons, four pair rubbers, pair eyeglasses and case, carved dollar, pair overshoes, pin cushion, fountain pen and key, handbag, muff, sales book, fur, four handkerchiefs, pair eyeglasses, key, toilet case, night shirt. LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN—Two keys and ring. 23D ST. BOAT—Pair Rubbers. CORTLANDT ST. BOAT—Lady's cape, muff.

FOUND, Feb. 26 and 27.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Co. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Umbrellas, statue, book, stethescope, gloves, aprons, glass, filter and faucet. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Two umbrellas, valise, satchel, purses, 2 railroad tickets, checkers, 3 books, coil of wire, mit, gloves, photo, rubbers, shoes, dress goods, apron, underwear, &c., trousers, coat, vest, neckpiece, tea and coffee, package groceries, bottles vanilla. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Two handbags, purses, spectacles, box candy, magazines, book, gloves, rosary, shirt, laundry, package samples, tobacco, &c., vegetables. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, purse, satchel, book, box braid, apron, papers and books, rubbers, pinchers. SUBWAY—Rubbers, map, overalls, book and letters, books, underwear, neckpiece, 2 muffs, purses, handbag, cards, card case, package books, pin, eyeglasses, photo, pad for collar, satchel, rosary, collars and cuffs, 3 pairs gloves, 2 spools, spectacles, sample case, music, coat, sweater, &c., grip, 3 umbrellas.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Wanted—By young man, room and board with private Catholic family, vicinity Central Park West. Box 205 Times, 80 Broadway.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

APPRENTICE.—ONE WHO HAS BEEN EMPLOYED IN DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT AND WHO DESIRES STEADY WORK AND RAPID ADVANCEMENT. L. DOFFLEIN & CO., 39 EAST 20TH ST.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

MILLINER'S Copyist and Preparers wanted. Abrams & Wiley, 39 Division St.

NURSES.—Applications will be received from young ladies who desire to enter a training school for nurses; must be over 21 years, of good moral character, good education and habits. Address Superintendent, 138 2d St., New York.

OPERATORS.—Negligees, dresses; $12 to $20 weekly; steady work. Steell-Higman, 26 West 31st St.

PRESSERS TO DO LIGHT PRESSING ON HOUSE GOWNS AND KIMONAS; STEADY WORK. L. DOFFLEIN & CO., 39 EAST 20TH ST.

WANTED—Experienced German girl as chambermaid and waitress; 2 in family. Call 9-12, Mrs. Weiland, 194 Riverside Drive.

WANTED—A good cook in a private family; wages, $35 per month; references required. Z 165 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, apartment, two in family; wages, $20; references required. Mrs. E. Cussler, 76 East 55th.

WANTED—Operators on motor machines and finishers, kimonos. Apply George Kassab & Co., 81-85 Washington St.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY
FOR BRIGHT YOUNG MEN WHO
MUST WORK FOR A LIVING.

No matter if you are in a position, if your prospects are not good it will pay you to answer this advertisement, which is from a leading wholesale house in the mercantile world that has rare opportunities for young men from 16 to 33; give full particulars of what you are doing and what you are capable of, also references, which will be treated confidentially. R 168 Times, Downtown.

BOY, bright, just from school, age about 16, wanted in manufacturer's office; salary at start, $4. A 82 Times, Times Square.

CLERK.—YOUNG MAN ABOUT 30 YEARS OLD; MUST BE A GOOD PENMAN, FAMILIAR WITH DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPING, AND BE WELL RECOMMENDED; HOURS 8:30 TO 5:30 P. M. AND ALTERNATE SUNDAYS; SALARY MODERATE. CALL TUESDAY BETWEEN 9 AND 11 A. M. WITH WRITTEN REFERENCES, PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL, 70TH ST. AND MADISON AV.

CUSTOM HOUSE EMPLOYES.—Examinations in New York May 9; salary, $600 to $1,500; recent customs frauds mean many appointments; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Department 513 L, Rochester, N. Y.

DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN wanted, familiar with antique paintings, able to introduce customers for same; good terms. A 74 Times, Times Square.

JAFFE BROS., LTD., BELFAST, require soonest possible an agent to represent them in the United States. Applicants must have a live connection among the retail buyers of all classes of embroidered and fancy linen goods. A first-class man will receive fullest support. All particulars, terms expected, and financial references will oblige, and will be treated in strictest confidence. Applications to Jaffe Bros., Ltd., Belfast, Ireland.

MEN wanted to prepare for Railway Mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 249 M, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN capable of handling high-class real estate proposition; big money for right man; only those with good record need apply. Call, between 10 and 11:30, Room 606, 349 5th Av., corner 34th St.

SALESMAN, capable of handling high-class real estate proposition; big money for right man; only those with good record need apply. Call, between 10 and 11:30, Room 606, 349 5th Av., corner 34th St.

SALESMEN.—We want high-grade stockbond salesmen; producers can easily earn $5,000 per year; introductions furnished. Suite 803, 160 Broadway.

SALESMAN WANTED; retail cigar business; New York City references. Box T 128 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 101 Park Row, New York; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—An A1 wall plaster salesman to cover Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey; must be thoroughly acquainted with trade and conditions in this territory; splendid opening for a competent man; none but experienced salesman need apply. Box A 67 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—A bright, energetic young man to canvass subscriptions for a high-class literary publication; liberal commission to one who can produce results. Address, giving previous experience, Box A 36 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Salesmen with experience to sell the best and cheapest line of bindings and trimmings; none but experienced men need apply; all communications will be held strictly confidential. Address A 59 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Men under 35 for Mercantile Agency Reporting; give age and business experience. Address A. M., P. O. Box 1,548 New York City.

WANTED—First-class jig and fixture draughtsmen. Apply Mergenthaler Linotype Company, No. 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, New York.

WANTED—Quick, bright boy to drill pearls; salary $4. Apply, after 9 A. M., Room 507, 170 Broadway.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, reliable office help wanted. Universal Exchange, now located at 1 West 34th St.

IF STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typewriters, &c., are needed, use "Wright" Agency, 335 Broadway. 973—Franklin.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, bill clerks placed; permanent positions. Diehl's Exchange, 99 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER.—$12-$15 a week; Smith-Premier typewriter; filing. Mrs. Pillsbury's Bureau, 507 5th Av.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

DUNCAN'S HELP EXCHANGE, 250 West 133d St.—Reliable colored help; investigated references. Telephone Morningside—5078.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4096—Plaza.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

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Worthy Men and Women in Search of Employment.

The New York Times welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisments are barred from The Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—A young lady with experience in bookkeeping wishes position; monthly trial balances, profit and loss, business statements; she speaks English, French, and German. Address A. B., 12 Seventh Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—By a competent double-entry bookkeeper, accurate and reliable, capable of taking full charge. Write L. M., Box 2,038 N. Y. City.

COMPANION.—By lady of refinement and education, position as companion to lady desiring congenial and attentive person in her home or when traveling; best references. Miss L. M. S., 1,922 Wilkins Av., Baltimore, Md.

COMPANION.—A capable young lady as companion, invalid's attendant, chaperon, in exchange for room and board with slight remuneration; best references. Address Box A 62 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—Competent nurse, child and infant; three years' reference; city or country; $30. 2,332 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, Office Assistant.—Experienced, capable, reliable, not afraid to work hard; references from former employers; $7; American. 120 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; several years' experience in various lines; willing to work; best references; $15. Miss L. M., 119 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat beginner wants position with advancement; not afraid to work hard; moderate salary to start. Miss Nelson, 739 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—College graduate; thorough French scholar; some German and Italian; morning or whole day. Box 81 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, rapid, accurate, reliable, wishes permanent position; salary $15. A 78 Times, Times Sq.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience; capable touch operator; high school education; reference. Christian. 121 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; operate telephone switchboard; $15; best references. T 129 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—GERMAN, ENGLISH; TEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE. K. HIRSCH, 251 WEST 111TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER.—Broad experience; quick, accurate, painstaking; takes special interest in duties. Efficient, P. O. 1045.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady wishes position; good experience; well educated, capable. Robson, 548 West 156th.

TYPEWRITING.—Weekly rates firms not having stenographer. Room 8,008, 1 Madison Av. 5971—Gramercy.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS.—Tea and coffee agents wanted; experience not necessary; good opportunity to build up a nice business for yourself. Write or call Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St., N. Y.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel., 486 Morningside.

Old Dominion Employment Bureau, 88 West 134th—Bond, $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1,119 Harlem.

SUPERIOR WHITE COOKS, chambermaids, waitresses, laundresses, children's nurses, couples, high class Southern, West Indian colored help; thoroughly investigated; references; 'phone 9348 Riverside. West Side Bureau, 615 Columbus Av.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d St.—Airy, well-furnished rooms; water, steam, 'phone; substantial board; references.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Extra large front room, second floor; private bath, &c.; electric lights, hot water heat; furnished; first class; unexcelled board; telephone; near 5th Av.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Small rooms, elegant surroundings; excellent table; telephone.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, finely furnished; southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

64TH ST., 165 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; clean; excellent German table; homelike; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Sunny third-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; telephone in room; single room adjoining; reference.

71ST ST., 165 WEST.—Elegantly furnished second-floor front and other rooms; superior board; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; private bath; steam heat; single room; table guests.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms; excellent table and service; reasonable; table guests.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Large and small rooms in newly furnished house; parlor dining room.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Desirable room, with board; table guests; home cooking; references are essential.

81ST ST., 116 WEST.—Light, sunny room, refined house; strictly high-class table; reference necessary.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large and small sunny rooms; convenient locality; Virginia cooking; table board.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room, with board; everything new; office and reception room for physician; board optional; references.

83D ST., 23 WEST.—Accommodation for two or three persons in high-grade Jewish home.

87TH ST., 352 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent home table.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Well furnished large and small rooms; all conveniences; telephone; table guests.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large sunny room, adjoining bath; excellent table; telephone; table guests; reasonable.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms; table guests; homlike; telephone, 7442—River; reference.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Rooms, newly furnished and decorated; table a specialty; Subway express; references.

114TH ST., 500 WEST.—Room, with board if desired, overlooking college playgrounds; reasonable. Cowan.

149TH ST., 542 WEST, (near Broadway Subway, "The Audubon.")—First-class rooms; board; very reasonable; first-class parties; parlor dining rooms; excellent meals; every comfort; telephone; booklet on request.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone, 793—Bryant.

MANHATTAN AV., 365, (bet. 113th and 116th Sts.)—Very fine rooms, private baths; first-class cooking and services; popular prices. S. W. Burton.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; opens, closes, balances, disentangles, audits books; $5 monthly; kept part time accurately. Accountant, 51 John St.; 'phone 2327 John.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, (21,) three years' practical experience in double entry, desires position; competent to take full charge of books; highest references as to character, ability, &c.; salary, $15. L. K., 123 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, Invoice, order clerk; young man, highly recommended; experienced, rapid, accurate, reliable; not afraid of hard work. Moderate. 261 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited; system installed; firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway; telephone 2471 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, auditor, 30, married; experienced; opening, balancing, closing books; prompt and accurate trial balance. Cumminskey, 130 West 109th.

BOOKKEEPER.—By young Gentile; excellent experience; references; thoroughly campetent; salary, $18. Hawley, 48 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—College graduate desires bookkeeping or other suitable position. Abramson, 125 Forsyth St., city.

CARPENTER wants a flat, Harlem; exchange for work one or more houses. Mulligan, 500 West 134th St.

CARPENTER, understanding plans, wants work, day or contract. Palsli, 1,831 Bathgate Av., N. Y.

CARPENTER, first-class, wants jobs by the day or contract; German. 207 East 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR, COACHMAN.—City, country; 8 years' references; no fake; employer can be seen; 31, married. J. O., 109 East 89th St.

CLERK.—By young man, 20, as stock or shipping clerk in millinery or clothing house; has had experience in both; can furnish best of references. A Box 71 Times, Times Square.

CONFIDENTIAL MAN, age 37, thorough knowledge general business, A1 accountant, seeks responsible position; best references. Address Confidential, 85 Times, Times Square.

GARDENER, single, thoroughly competent with glass and outdoor work, seeks private place; references from prominent families. Schell, Upland, New Hamburg, N. Y.

HOTEL ACCOUNTANT, auditor, 30, married, 12 years' experience, desires change; can open, balance, close books. Cumminskey, 130 West 109th.

INTERPRETER.—French, Spanish, Italian, Esperanto, spoken, by university graduate. A 83 Times, Times Square.

MASSEUR.—European, all methods massage, highest references, desires patients. Schneider, 304 Columbus Av., (74th.)

RESPONSIBLE YOUNG MAN, experienced in office work, familiar with handling stocks and bonds, desires position in banking or Stock Exchange house. T 130 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—By stenographer, typewriter, correspondent; thorough office man; 11 years' experience; rapid, accurate; $18. T 127 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—By young man; experienced; assist with books. Z 142 Times, Times Square.

USEFUL man around house and garden; best reference. A 77 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN.—An energetic young man, 19 years of age, with several years' commercial experience, wants to connect with mercantile house where hard work and above the average intelligence will be appreciated; references. Irving Lesser, 111 West 114th St.

YOUNG MAN, 12 years' loss and general fire insurance experience, desires to change; temperate, industrious; best references. A 53 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes position with mercantile house, beginning March 7; best references from present employer. T 125 Times Downtown.

YOUNG Italian man, speaking English, honest and sober, wants steady work at anything; good references. A 80 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 20, experienced clerk, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position; best references. R 165 Times Downtown.

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Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway, at 215th St. Telephone Audubon 945. Healthiest and most beautiful location in New York, overlooking Hudson, Harlem River, Spuyten Duyvil. Steam heated, running hot, cold water; private baths. Suites. Auto garage. SUPERIOR TABLE. Table guests. SUBWAY STATION AND CARS AT ENTRANCE. 35 minutes City Hall.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars; beautiful furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; superior table.

WEST END AV., 712, Apartment A. (96th St. Subway.)—Light, heat, hot water; cleanliness; $5.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 54, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Back parlor, private bath; single rooms; excellent board.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—One large and one small room for rent; excellent table; good location; near station. 14 Walnut Crescent.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

9TH ST., 28 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; continuous hot water; all conveniences; light; reasonable.

15TH ST., 252 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; hot and cold water; telephone; private house.

18TH ST., 26 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; single and double; $2 up; heated; all conveniences. S. Addleg & Co.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Comfortable, homelike room; abundant hot water; quiet; reasonable; references exchanged.

45TH ST., between 5th and 6th Avs.—Large, small rooms; hot, cold water. 3545 Bryant.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Delightful large front room; newly furnished; absolutely clean; high-class; breakfast.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, bath; gentlemen only; reference. Telephone 3043—Bryant.

55TH ST., 331 WEST.—Pleasant front room; private family; telephone; bath; breakfast if desired.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Second-story front room; southern exposure; all conveniences; spacious dressing room; quiet, well-kept house; suitable couple or two gentlemen; board optional.

71ST ST., 68 WEST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only.

72D ST., 168 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, well heated house; continuous hot water. 'Phone, 6257—Columbus.

77TH ST., 262 WEST.—Delightful, large and small rooms, with bath; abundant supply hot water.

79TH ST., 172 WEST.—Neatly furnished room for gentleman; references. Graham. Telephone 7280 Schuyler.

80TH ST., WEST.—Exceptionally beautifully furnished, light rooms; exclusive, private residence; three minutes Subway, "L"; every convenience; reference; $10 upward. Telephone 7514—Schuyler. Address Select, 442 Columbus Av.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large front room; furnishings entirely new; references exchanged.

81ST ST., 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms in quiet, well-appointed house; breakfast optional; references.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Handsome, airy suite, also large and small rooms, overlooking Central Park; beautifully furnished; cheerful; homelike; spotlessly kept; reasonable.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Sunny suite large, light rooms, well furnished; baths, telephone; breakfast optional; gentlemen; references.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Well-furnished small, also medium room; running water; telephone; "L"; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable, well-heated; south; large, small; running water; private house; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Pleasant single, also large room, private house; references.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Large, light, double room, adjoining bath; dressing room; convenient "L," Subway.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, large room; private bath; also small room; conveniences; telephone.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large rooms, with excellent board; all conveniences; private house; telephone. Strauss.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Large front, small rooms, nicely furnished; heated; light; bath; moderate. Henderson.

115TH ST., 620 WEST.—A large, choice room, facing Riverside; elevator apartment; private family. Reno.

126TH ST., 255 WEST.—A large furnished room to let; all improvements. Doogens.

143D ST., NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—In exclusive elevator house, attractively furnished light room; private family; 'phone 1226—Audubon. Apartment 53.

152D ST., 557 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; home comforts; private family; references.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless, residential neighborhood; four magnificent connecting, spacious; together, separately. M 195 Times Downtown.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON APARTMENTS, Broadway, 161st St., Near Subway.—Nicely furnished room; telephone; elevator. Apartment 35.

AN ELEGANTLY furnished parlor floor, with running water, piano, &c.; also several smaller rooms in a clean house; reasonable rates. Inquire 322 West 115th St., near Manhattan Av.

HERALD SQUARE,
126 West 36th.—Nicely furnished rooms; also front room suite; private family; good location; gentlemen preferred. Telephone 1167—Murray Hill. Daly.

Private family upper Broadway, having two extra rooms, running water, Subway, "L," offer home comforts to gentlemen; breakfasts. Phone 9984 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, Corner 137th St.—Two-room suite, with or without bath; single room; running water; every modern convenience; Subway express corner; meals optional. Apt. 2.

SUBLET 5-room elevator apartment; refined neighborhood; St. Nicholas Av., near 145th St.; references required. Z 143 Times, Times Square.

THE MARTIN,
217-225 W. 45th St.; large and small comfortable rooms; private baths; hot-water plant; good table; rates reasonable. 1866—Bryant.

THE MARTIN,
120 W. 82d St.; large and medium rooms; private baths; first-class home cooking; coffee a specialty; rates reasonable. 9470—Schuyler.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 425 CONVENT Av., (148th St.)—Single room; gentlemen; telephone; private house. Owner.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Room, with private bath; $10 per week; hotel service.

East Side.

2D AV., 221.—Large heated, elegantly furnished rooms to let, with hot and cold running water; all conveniences.

14TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large sunny front room in modern elevator apartment; also smaller rooms; convenient "L," Subway; $4.50-$9. Brown.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large adjoining rooms, parlor suitable for studio or doctor's office; well heated; board optional.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors, single, double rooms; swimming pool; showers; $6 to $8.

32D ST., 19 EAST.
Handsome rooms, private baths; restaurant with best Southern cooking; meals served to apartments.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.
THE NAYLOR.
PARLOR SUITE; PRIVATE BATH.
TABLE BOARD. OTHER ROOMS.

43D ST., 13 EAST, opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Small pleasant room.

49TH ST., 50 EAST.—Small front room in third floor for rent; exceptionally clean and plenty of light; excellent neighborhood. Telephone Murray Hill—4257.

PHYSICIAN'S office in private house; parlor with bath. 58 East 86th St.

Brooklyn.

170 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.
Handsome private house, with accommodations for a few guests; very desirable suite of two large rooms, overlooking harbor; available March 1; house, table, and appointments substantial and attractive; references. Telephone 2507-J Main.

1.—HEIGHTS, 3 MONTAGUE TERRACE.
Rooms for gentlemen, overlooking water; with and without private baths; convenient Wall St. Subway, bridge.

GREENE AV., 147.—Newly furnished alcove room; also smaller; table guests. Telephone 3158-W Prospect.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Floor to let, suitable for business. Inquire [illegible] West 33d St.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Business woman desires furnished room, running water, with refined adult Christian family, below 45th St.; convenient Subway; rent not exceeding $20 per month; reference. A 70 Times, Times Square.

Light, airy outside room or suite; southern exposure; steam heat; 42d to 110th; or will share high-class apartment; gentleman; state price, full particulars. Permanent, 390 Times, Times Square.

Wanted—Two rooms and bath for adult couple, in good location; private family; references given and demanded. Address Stationery, 1,044 Amsterdam.

Room near Subway; want use of piano one hour a day; with or without board. A 90 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Advertising literature should be prepared by an advertising expert. Let us assist you in your publicity work. We charge nothing for our services for preparing designs or writing up booklets, &c., and do highest grade printing at competitive prices. Write, 'phone, or call for our booklet. McKee, Bendall & Perrine, Inc., Advertising Agents, 150 Nassau St., Telephone, Beekman—3526.

COMPETENT business man desires active occupation with an established concern as Vice President, Secretary, or Treasurer; can invest if business warrants, or will accept position as confidential secretary to man of big affairs or act as business manager of estate; highest personal references exchanged and any amount of bond given. Address A 84 Times, Times Square.

For Sale—A successful business institute fully equipped; terms reasonable to the person worthy to use the name; inquirers state experience, teaching, managing, business school, amount of cash able to invest; owner wishes to retire after 44 years of success, and the death of his family. Box A 54 Times, Times Square.

Experienced wholesale text-book salesman or office man to invest, with services, $2,500; liberal salary and inducements. Standard, 200 Times Downtown.

Bills discounted; merchants and manufacturers financed; companies organized; legal papers drawn. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Inventions developed; ideas perfected; expert mechanics to give advice; bench room with use of machinery to let. F. Alexander, Inc., 129 Fulton St., New York.

Desirable, well-furnished 24 room house, continuous hot water; lease; always occupied; downtown near 5th Av.; no agents. Z 161 Times, Times Square.

Wanted—$300 at once; will give $1,000 security and big commission. Phone 2598 Orchard.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, Southern District of New York.—JAMES C. ROBINSON, Complainant, vs. MUTUAL RESERVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Respondent, and REUBEN O. SCOVILL, Complainant, vs. MUTUAL RESERVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Respondent.—Consolidated Causes in Equity, No. 141.

Notice is hereby given to the policyholders and members of the above-named respondent company and to the creditors of, or claimants against, said company or of or against the Receivers thereof appointed in the above-entitled causes, as follows:

1. The undersigned Special Master, who was directed in an order entered July 1, 1908, to report as to what preferences or priorities exist among the creditors, policyholders and members of the company, reported thereon in a report and supplemental report filed July 1, 1909, and December 14, 1909, respectively, and a decree known as Order No. 54 was entered thereon on February 18, 1910, determining such preferences and priorities; and he has now been directed by the court under Order No. 55, entered herein February 18, 1910, to report upon all claims against the company or against the Receivers.

2. The Receivers have filed with the Special Master all claims against the company or against them which have been filed with the Receivers.

3. Any creditor of or claimant against the company or the Receivers (including citizens and residents of the countries named in paragraph 8 hereof) who has not filed a claim with the Receivers, except claimants under policies (other than death or disability claimants) whose claims are included in the detailed statement of claims filed with the court by the Receivers referred to in paragraph 4 hereof, must file such claim with the Master on or before March 30, 1910, and in default of such filing will be barred and excluded from participating in any way in any of the assets or estate subject to the jurisdiction of this court.

4. The Receivers have filed with the court a detailed statement of the claims of all policyholders and members as shown by the books and records of the company, made up and classified in accordance with the principles established by the court, from the report and supplemental report of the Special Master above referred to, being the same statement provided for in the order on Receivers' Petition No. 37 entered on August 10, 1908; and on February 28, 1910, the Receivers mailed to the policyholders and members at their addresses so far as the same were known to the Receivers, notifications of the manner in which their claims have been reported in the detailed statement above mentioned. Said detailed statement may be examined by any policyholder or member or his representative at any time during business hours at the office of the Receivers, No. 309 Broadway, New York City. Within thirty days of the date of said mailing, that is, on or before March 30, 1910, any policyholder or member may, if dissatisfied with the report made in said detailed statement as to his individual claim, file before the undersigned Special Master, at his address appearing below, a claim for the amount which such policyholder or member considers himself entitled to, thereby contesting the report so made by the Receivers as to such individual claim.

5. Any policyholder, member, creditor or claimant may contest any claim made by any other policyholder, member, creditor or claimant by filing with the Master his objection in writing thereto at any time before the expiration of ten days after the expiration of said thirty days, that is, on or before April 9, 1910.

6. A hearing upon all claims and contests will be held before the undersigned Master at the address given below on April 11, 1910, at 10.30 A. M., and thereafter on days to which the Master may adjourn the hearing, if necessary; the proceedings under Order No. 55 above mentioned and Order No. 51, entered November 13, 1909, to be consolidated and hearings under both orders to take place at the same time on and after said April 11, 1910.

7. No further notice will be given by the Receivers or the Master to any policyholder or member or creditor or claimant, whether his claim be contested or not.

8. Policyholders, members, creditors or claimants who are citizens and residents of Greece, Canada, France, Italy, Spain, Portugal or Belgium shall in pursuance of paragraph 9 of Order No. 54, entered herein February 18, 1910, appear and make proof before the undersigned Special Master under and in accordance with said Orders No. 51 and 55 on or before March 30, 1910, and give evidence of their respective claims of whatsoever nature.

Dated at New York this 1st day of March, 1910.

EDWARD S. RAPALLO,
Special Master,
Appointed in the above-entitled Consolidated Causes, 309 Broadway, New York City.

TO ALFRED H. SMITH & CO., ALFRED H. SMITH, HARRISON B. SMITH, ALFRED H. SMITH JEWELRY CO.:

Take notice that by direction of the holders of three certain promissory notes for $5,000 each, made by you, Alfred H. Smith & Co., and indorsed by you, Alfred H. Smith and Harrison B. Smith, bearing date the 16th day of October 1907, and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and in accordance with the statute in such case made and provided, the undersigned will sell at public auction at the Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, at No. 341 Fourth Avenue, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on Wednesday, March 9, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, for account of whom it may concern, the following described property pledged as security for said notes: 1 diamond brooch, 1 tiara, 1 ruby and diamond ring, diamond pendant, pearl necklace, (98 piece,) pearl necklace, (103 piece,) pearl necklace, (131 piece,) 1 ruby, emerald and diamond ring, pearl and diamond ring, pearl and diamond ring, ruby and diamond ring, emerald and diamond ring, 1 ruby, 1 pearl, pearl and diamond brooch, diamond brooch, 10 pearls, 17 rubies, pearl and diamond ring, ruby and diamond ring, emerald and diamond ring, emerald ring, two fancy brooches, two fancy brooches, one brooch, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said notes, with interest and the expenses of advertisement and sale.

Dated New York, February 21st, 1910.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auctioneer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT G. GORDON MARTIN, M. D., D. D. S., Inc., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at Special Term, Part I., to be held in the County Court House, in the County and City of New York, on the 8th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "G. GORDON MARTIN, INC."

Dated New York, February 10th, 1910.
G. GORDON MARTIN, M. D., D. D. S., INC.
By W. S. DORLAND, President.
W. BERNARD VAUSE, Atty. for Petitioner,
No. 15 Broad Street, New York City.

Want Philosophy.

People are judged by the company they keep—more nowadays than ever before. The person who puts an advertisement in the Want columns of The Times is in good company.

The greatest care and discrimination are used to keep the advertising columns in the same grade with "all the news that's fit to print."

In the first place a person cannot leave an advertisement at The Times' offices without giving his name and address, even though he may wish his advertisement printed under a private letter box. The advertiser's name is a confidential matter.

* * *

Particular care is exercised in the Business Opportunities and Personal Column—departments in which people are most likely to make extravagant statements, and where in some cases the greatest effort is made to exploit propositions that are either palpably fraudulent or at least suspicious.

Those with get-rich-quick schemes and with propositions that claim unreasonable profits cannot get in the Want Columns of The Times. The exclusion of such advertisements, of course, makes it all the better for the man who has a legitimate business proposition.

* * *

The high grade of advertising maintained in Business Opportunities is adhered to in the other classifications. There are numerous Want advertisements to-day that should receive the attention of those desiring help, as well as from those looking for positions.

* * *

A young lady from Baltimore wishes to secure a position as companion.

Salesmen are wanted for real estate and for retail cigar trade.

An office man, who can also do stenography, advertises for a position.

An interpreter, speaking the Latin languages, advertises for a position.

There are several very interesting advertisements in the Lost and Found column.

* * *

If you want an advertisement written, telephone 1000 Bryant.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

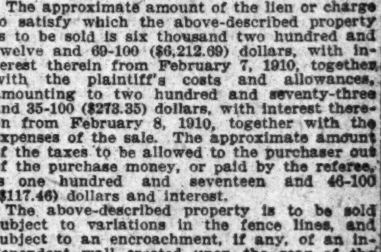
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—THE METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK, Plaintiff, against MICHAEL FREEDMAN and JOSEPH FREEDMAN, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, bearing date the eighth day of February, 1910, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the fourteenth day of February, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 28th day of March, 1910, at twelve o'clock, noon, of that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street distant seventeen (17) feet six (6) inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Second Avenue with the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street; thence running northerly parallel with Second Avenue and part of the way through a party wall seventy-one (71) feet eight (8) inches; thence westerly, parallel with One Hundred and Twenty-second Street fourteen (14) feet; thence southerly, parallel with Second Avenue and part of the way through another party wall seventy-one (71) feet eight (8) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street fourteen (14) feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known by the present street number 263 East One Hundred and Twenty-second Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, February 23d, 1910.
THOS. F. GRADY, Referee.
A. S. & W. HUTCHINS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 84 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is six thousand two hundred and twelve and 69-100 ($6,212.69) dollars, with interest therein from February 7, 1910, together with the plaintiff's costs and allowances, amounting to two hundred and seventy-three and 35-100 ($273.35) dollars, with interest thereon from February 8, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and seventeen and 46-100 ($117.46) dollars and interest.

The above-described property is to be sold subject to variations in the fence lines, and subject to an encroachment, if any, of an independent wall erected upon the rear of the premises adjoining on the north of from one to two inches on the premises above described.

Dated New York, February 23d, 1910.
THOS. F. GRADY, Referee.

SURROGATE CITATION.

WALLACH, ADOLPH.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to EMMA WALLACH, designated as an Executrix in the last will and testament of Adolph Wallach, deceased, and Marie Schiele, Bertha Laufer, Leopold Rosenberger, Max Rosenberger, William Rosenberger, Albert Rosenberger, Charlotte Goodman, Lena Grinberg, Julia Howe, Samuel Wallach, Nathan Wallach, Ignace Wallach, Louis Schloss, Benjamin Schloss, Emma Haas, Augusta Bratter, Gladys Gutman, Beatrice Gutman, and Flora Sello, the heirs and next of kin of Adolph Wallach, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Louis Schiele, Sigmund M. Schiele, and Joseph Fettretch of the City of New York have lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, and codicils thereto, bearing dates December 8th, 1903, December 22d, 1905, and October 30th, 1906, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Adolph Wallach, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 10th day of March, one thousand nine hundred and ten, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 13th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten.

[L. S.]

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.
THEODORE H. SILKMAN and DANIEL E. SEYBEL, Attorneys for Petitioners, 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

DAY OR NIGHT.

Telephone 1000 Bryant, day or night, and advertise the loss in The New York Times. Your advertisement will be accepted over the telephone and bill mailed. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

INDICTED PACKER HELD IN $2,500 BAIL

But Bond of J. E. Bathgate, Jr., Will Not Be Precedent for Non-Residents, Says Prosecutor.

MAY FIGHT EXTRADITION

Counsel Edwards Says Men Never in the State Cannot Be Held to Have Committed Crimes There.

James E. Bathgate, Jr., the only one of the indicted packers known to be a resident of New Jersey, was represented yesterday before Judges John A. Blair and Robert Carey in the Court of Common Pleas of Hudson County by his counsel, Robert S. Hudspeth, who asked that bail be fixed. Assistant Prosecutor George T. Vickers suggested that $2,500 would be sufficient, but added that this must not be taken as an indication of the amount that defendants outside the State will be asked to provide. No word was received yesterday from these defendants by Prosecutor Garven. Discussing the possibility of their surrendering themselves, ex-Senator William D. Edwards, who has been retained by the defense, asked:

"Why should they come here?"

"Do you mean that the packers will fight extradition?" Mr. Edwards was asked.

"I won't say that," he replied, "but why should men with important interests under their control be taken away from their businesses and be brought here merely for acquittal. The trial will take a considerable length of time, and some of those indicted never have been in the State of New Jersey and therefore cannot be held to have committed any crime within its borders."

This view of the difficulty of extradition was upheld yesterday by Moses H. Grossman of the firm of House, Grossman & Vorhaus, 115 Broadway.

"One of the lower United States courts," he said, "in the matter of Reggel, held that a man whose extradition is sought may insist on proof that he was within the demanding State at the time that he is alleged to have committed the crime charged, and the same ruling has been affirmed by both the United States Court of Appeals and the Supreme Court.

"If the meat packers wish to fight extradition they may enter appearances, first before the Governor of New Jersey and then before the Governor of Illinois, and advance these rulings against the demand that they should be given up. Even if the extradition were granted, the defendants could apply to any Justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that the Governor had no jurisdiction, and they could carry the appeal against an adverse decision to the Supreme Court of the United States, which could not decide the matter for about two years.

"It is apparent," summed up Mr. Grossman, "that not only have the meat packers legal justification for resistance to an extradition under the decisions of the highest courts of the land, but in any case they can delay the hearing of the indictments for months, if not years, till the present agitation against trusts may have subsided."

Meanwhile Prosecutor Garven is going ahead with the legal steps necessary to extradition. The capiases were made out yesterday and to-day will be in the hands of Sheriff James S. Kelly. His deputies will search Hudson County first, and then will send the capiases to the Sheriffs of other counties of New Jersey. Meanwhile Mr. Garven will confer with Gov. Fort about issuing a request for extradition to the Governor of Illinois. He declared yesterday that he had no apprehension of the packers escaping on the technical ground that not having been in New Jersey, they could not be considered, as the Illinois law requires, "fugitives from justice."

Mr. Garven will appear next Monday at Trenton before the Assembly Committee, which is considering the cold storage bill, introduced by Assemblyman Peter H. James, which, among other provisions, limits the time during which articles may be kept in cold storage to six months. He will lay before the committee some of the results of the investigation of the cold storage plants of Jersey City, which has been in progress for some weeks.

A seizure of turkeys was made yesterday at the Merchants' Refrigerator Company's Jersey City plant. James J. Hagen, the local Health Inspector; J. C. Hartnet, State Inspector, and Dr. E. J. Mulvaney pronounced them to be unfit for human consumption. They had been in storage since Jan. 4 of last year. An effort is to be made to discover who their owner is and whether he has been in the habit of supplying such food to the markets. The turkeys have been sent to Herman Lehnmann, chemist of the Board of Health, for examination.

MILK DIRECTORS GIVE BAIL.

Seven of the eight Directors of the Consolidated Milk Exchange, indicted on Feb. 23 for combining to fix the "value" of milk, surrendered themselves in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They were accompanied by William Travers Jerome and by Alfred Ely, counsel for the Exchange, and one of its stockholders. Their arraignment was simultaneous with the entrance of the Grand Jury, armed with nine more indictments, which included a second similar charge against the Directors collectively, this time referring to an earlier meeting, and eight separate indictments accusing each man of having voted for the alleged "fixing of value."

Mr. Jerome is counsel for five of the Directors, John A. McBride of Sussex, N. J., President of the Exchange; Frederick C. Seiler of Newark, Henry F. Hunteman of Jersey City, Thomas O. Smith of 862 Sixth Avenue, and James A. Howell of Goshen. Mr. Ely appeared for Daniel Bailey of Glenwood, N. J.; George Slaughter of Campbell Hall, N. Y., and for Walter R. Comfort, the eighth Director, who, he explained, would return shortly from Cuba to surrender himself.

"Of course, we will concede the facts in the case," said Mr. Ely, "the only question hinging on an interpretation of the law."

"Right there we differ," interposed Mr. Jerome, who added that he would like time to examine the voluminous indictments. Justice Goff consented to a postponement of pleading until Thursday.

There then arose a flurry as to the amount of bail. District Attorney Whitman suggested $1,000, to which Mr. Jerome took vigorous exception, protesting against his clients, indicted merely on a misdemeanor charge, being "mulcted of any such exorbitant sum." Justice Goff gave it as his opinion that any lesser bail would hardly be in keeping with the dignity of the gentlemen in question, and it was promptly fixed at $1,000. Each of the seven Directors furnished the bond before he left the building.

Meanwhile the Grand Jury was looking very much ruffled. The jurymen have been on duty ever since Jan. 1, and their admission to the courtroom yesterday was followed by the news that their work is not yet finished. With references to the "public interests," and promises of the greatest haste, Justice Goff informed them that further investigation was needed. Assistant District Attorney De Ford added that witnesses would be subpoenaed for to-day. Justice Goff directed them to report this afternoon, despite the suggestion from Foreman Wendell that they be allowed to adjourn until Monday.

This new investigation, Mr. Whitman explained later, will deal with the live or kosher poultry interests.

MRS. RIDER-KELSEY RESIGNS.

Singer Says Professional Engagements Didn't Cause Hitch in Science Church.

Mrs. Corinne Rider-Kelsey, said to be one of the highest salaried church singers in the United States, has resigned from the choir of the First Church of Christ, Scientist. At first officers of the church denied that Mrs. Kelsey had offered her resignation, but Virgil O. Strickler, first reader of the church, finally admitted that Mrs. Kelsey had resigned, and that the church would be without her services. He said that the action was taken by mutual agreement.

A rumor that Mrs. Kelsey resigned because the Trustees of the church objected to frequent substitutions by Mrs. Kelsey when her professional engagements compelled her to be absent from the church services, was circulated, but Mr. Strickler would not admit that this was the cause. Mrs. Kelsey said that her resignation was not caused through her professional work, as she had an understanding with the Trustees when she signed her contract to sing.

SAYS JURY LACKED SENSE.

Court Lectures the Twelve Men Who Ignored His Instructions.

Justice Marean of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, had twelve frightened jurymen before him yesterday. They had been summoned to show cause why they should not be adjudged in contempt of court for discharging themselves one night two weeks ago without the court's permission after telling the court officers that they had agreed upon a verdict when in reality the verdict was an agreement to disagree. The issue in the case they were considering was whether a contract existed between the plaintiff and defendant. Before they had retired, Justice Marean told them to hand in a sealed verdict.

After several ballots it became evident that no agreement could be reached. This was at 7 o'clock on the night of Feb. 14. From their explanation yesterday they considered this disagreement a verdict. They signed a statement which read, "Jury unable to agree," and sealed it. The court officers upon being informed that a verdict had been reached permitted them to go home. Justice Marean considered their conduct an insult to the court, and the next morning, when he discovered the nature of their verdict, told them to appear before him yesterday to explain their conduct. He also warned them to bring counsel with them.

After questioning each juror Justice Marean said he thought they were guilty of contempt of court legally, but as they had been punished enough he would let them go without fine or imprisonment. All assured the court that they did not know they were doing wrong in calling a "disagreement" a "verdict."

"I hold you to be either too lacking in common sense or in moral probity to be intrusted with the determination of the rights of other people," he said.

The court said he would see that their names were taken off the jury list so that they might not serve again.

SWINDLERS GOT $200,000.

Others Than Cambridge Bookkeeper, Fleeced Out of Large Sums.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—The operations of the band of seven swindlers which wrecked the National City Bank of Cambridge were exposed to-day when to the list of victims was added a Boston banker who was fleeced out of $60,000. This brought the total known plunder of the band to more than $200,000.

The latest victim lost more even than George W. Coleman, the Cambridge bookkeeper, who was robbed of $40,000. It is believed there are others who have sacrificed large sums.

The banker makes the fifteenth man known to have fallen prey to the swindlers.

The victims, so far as known, are a State Street banker, $60,000; George W. Coleman, $40,000; a Malden electrical man, $25,000; a Lynn morocco leather man, $20,000; a restaurant man, $19,000; a Washington Street merchant, $10,000; a Boston brewer's son, $6,500; a Boston grocer, $6,000; two Worcester men, $5,000; a Portland (Me.) horseman, $5,000; a Boston Police Judge, $4,000; an employe of Mrs. John L. Gardner, $1,800, and a Winthrop merchant, $1,800.

The men were induced to play faro after the swindlers had pretended to show them a scheme by which they could break a New York faro bank.

TELLS HOW SHE LOST PIN.

Mrs. Weiher, at Schreiber's Trial, Denies She Gave Gem to Him.

Mrs. Reba E. Weiher, who lives at the Hotel Majestic, was the principal witness yesterday against William S. Schreiber, the man charged with the theft of her diamond crescent pin.

Schreiber recently submitted to Judge O'Sullivan an affidavit attached to a motion for the dismissal of the indictment against him, in which he set forth at some length the events of the night of Jan. 16, 1909, when he is accused of having taken the pin. The motion was denied and the case placed on the preferred calendar for speedy trial at the suggestion of District Attorney Whitman, who gave as his reason the nature of the allegations contained in the affidavit.

On the witness stand yesterday Schreiber stuck to the story he had told in the affidavit, saying that Mrs. Weiher had given him the pin to pawn in order that they might have money enough to make a round of the cafés. Her version of the events of the day was totally different. She said she gave the pin to Schreiber to examine, and he ran away with it.

MALLORY IN THE TRASK FIRM.

Steamship Official Becomes a Partner in the Banking House.

Robert Mallory, son of the founder of the Mallory Line and himself Director and officer in a number of coastwise steamship lines, has been admitted to general partnership in the banking house of Spencer Trask & Co. The firm, which at present occupies offices on the second floor of the Kuhn-Loeb Building at Pine and William Streets, is about to move into rooms on the main floor of the building at 43 Exchange Place, with connecting entrance at 43 Wall Street.

The estate of Spencer Trask, formerly senior partner, will have a continuing interest in the firm by the contribution of special capital. George Foster Peabody, trustee under the will of Mr. Trask, becoming a special partner.

LOST GEM AT THE ANSONIA.

Valuable Pin Gone from Mrs. Erlanger's Apartments.

Mrs. Bella Erlanger, wife of Sigsmund Erlanger, a stock broker, has notified the police a jeweled pin valued at $1,750 had either been lost or stolen from her apartment on the fourth floor of the Hotel Ansonia, Seventy-third Street and Broadway. The pin was a diamond horseshoe containing forty-nine stones set in platinum, which was worn in a safety belt.

Inspector McCafferty, on being informed of the loss, detailed Detectives Shibles and Boyle to the case. So far no trace of the missing jewel has been discovered. The night clerk on duty at the Ansonia said that he had not heard of the robbery.

JERSEY TAXES TILFORD ESTATE

Supreme Court Decides Collateral Inheritance Levy Must Be Paid.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 28.—Justice Reed in an opinion filed in the Supreme Court to-day sustained a collateral inheritance tax of $138,378 levied by Secretary of State Samuel D. Dickinson, as Register of the Prerogative Court, upon the estate of the late Wesley H. Tilford. Mr. Tilford died in New York last March, leaving a personal estate valued at $11,626,987, of which $7,601,962 was composed of shares of stock of corporations chartered in New Jersey.

Author Enjoins Publishers.

Thomas D. Hurst and Richard Hurst, publishers, are restrained by a permanent injunction, granted yesterday by Justice Platzek of the Supreme Court, from publishing "The White Mustang" and "In the Apache Country," two works of juvenile fiction by Edward S. Ellis. The books were written by Ellis several years ago under the pen name of "Lieut. R. H. Jayne," and were republished without his permission. The works were not protected by copright.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
12:05—608 E. 9th St.; H. Messinger...Trifling
12:25—122 and 124 Pearl St. and 86 and 88 Water St.; E. Klapstein and others...$100,000
1:25—830 E. 11th St.; G. Kraeger...Trifling
1:30—530 Hudson St.; Mrs. Kearns...Trifling
4:30—136 W. 27th St.; Gegan & Crosby...Trifling
5:00—110 and 112 5th Av.; Getkey & Co...Slight
5:30—362 E. 72d St.; unknown...$10
6:15—541 W. 30th St.; J. Malone...$50
8:00—77 Barclay St.; Kosalar & Tsarvs...None
8:45—140 W. 112th St.; R. Rhades...$500
9:00—730 E. 134th St.; H. Bruckner...$5
P. M.
12:01—220 W. 116th St.; M. Patrone and others...$6,200
12:15—240 W. 144th St.; unknown...Slight
12:50—240 West 144th St.; unknown...Trifling
2:00—301 West 133d St.; J. Smith...Trifling
2:45—200½ East 28th St.; S. Sloan...$75
3:45—270 Grand St.; J. Loutenberg...Trifling
4:55—3,854 3d Av.; H. Adelstein...Trifling
5:20—1,882 Bathgate Av.; I. Viorwick...Trifling
6:45—180 Eldridge St.; Morris Werner...$3
7:30—9 1st St.; David Lusterharten...$5
8:10—112 East 100th St.; Isaac Johnson...$100

GIVE SUPPORT TO MERGER.

Short Line and Union Pacific Officials Testify in Government Suit.

In presenting its defense to the Government suit for the dissolution of the merger of the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific, the railroads yesterday placed on the stand A. F. Brewer, Superintendent of the Oregon Short Line, a subsidiary of the Union Pacific; C. F. Richardson, Superintendent of transportation of the Southern Pacific, and R. E. Miller, traffic manager of the Oregon Railroad and Navigation, another Union Pacific subsidiary.

Mr. Brewer testifed that in ten years the Oregon Short Line spent $20,000,316 in improvements. Since 1901, he showed, the tons of freight moved one mile increased from 945,000,000 to 1,495,000,000, and the passenger mileage from 71,000,000 to 165,000,000; he admitted that the number of freight trains was about the same in 1901, the increased traffic being cared for by heavier loading of trains.

Through Supt. Richardson it was brought out that the number of trains run to San Francisco over the Southern Pacific direct and in conjunction with the Rock Island lines had been increased, and that the east-bound running time between San Francisco and Ogden had been reduced since 1901. The witness said it was true that the running time between New Orleans and San Francisco was 97 hours and 45 minutes, which is 24 hours longer than the time formerly made by the Sunset Limited, which was withdrawn in 1902.

Traffic Manager Miller testified regarding rate changes following the merger of the Southern Pacific with the Union Pacific. Replying to questions put by the attorney for the Government, he said that the increases to points in Eastern Oregon were not made until two or three years after the merger, and that the advances had been made because it was felt that the previous lower rates had not been justified. He denied that any agreement existed between the Oregon Railroad & Navigation and the Northern Pacific regarding rates.

WOMEN AID DYING MAN.

Creep Under Car to Help Fix Tourniquet and Administer Stimulant.

Heedless of the rain and the muddy roadway, three young women ruined their gowns yesterday afternoon helping Policeman Ruege of the Liberty Avenue Station place a tourniquet improvised from the thong of his club around the leg of Jacob Lutz, 53 years old, of Hempstead, L. I., who had been pinned under the rear trucks of a Brooklyn Rapid Transit car in Jamaica Avenue near Crescent Street, East New York. The women were escorted by two men.

While the women directed the placing of the tourniquet, one of the men went across the street for whisky for the almost unconscious victim. The youngest of the women knelt under the car and gave Lutz the whisky. On the arrival of Dr. Elebash of the Bradford Street Hospital, the three women and their escorts disappeared in the crowd.

Lutz was boarding the car when he lost his grip on the front platform in the struggle of others trying to get on. He fell on the tracks and was pinned by the rear truck. Motorman J. J. Keating of 17 Granite Street, Brooklyn, did not hear Lutz's cries, and the victim was dragged fifty feet before the car was stopped.

A crowd of men tried to push the heavy car up from the tracks, but could not. A wrecking crew was hurried to the scene and the car lifted with jacks. At the hospital it was said Lutz could not live.

Aviator Paulhan's Bond Reduced.

Judge Hand in the United States Circuit Court yesterday reduced from $25,000 to $12,000 the bond which Louis Paulhan, the French aviator, must file pending the decision of his appeal in the Wright aeroplane injunction suit if he wishes to fly with either the Blériot or the Farman machines in the meantime. To enable the preparation of papers on the appeal by Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for Paulhan, Judge Hand suspended the preliminary injunction which he issued recently until May 12. The filing of the bond, however, must be attended to forthwith.

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Some were $40.00, none ever less than $20.00.
Suits,—all sizes.
Overcoats,—large sizes (40 to 52) only.........Now $12.50

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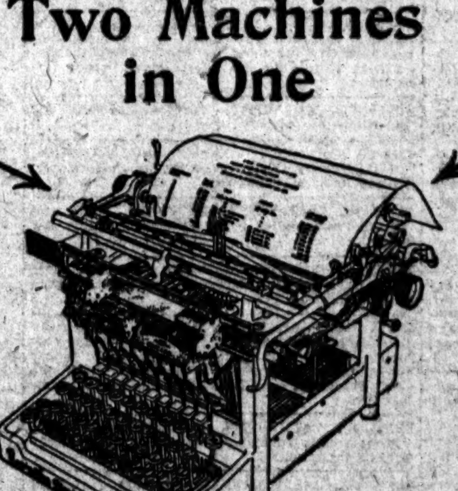

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supplies soap in the most delightful form. Instead of the wet, soggy, germ-laden cake, a turn of the handle shaves off light, flaky granules of hygienically clean soap from a solid soap cylinder.

These granules dissolve into rich, foamy lather instantly the water touches them, and *you know the soap is clean* and not intermixed with the dirt and, it may be, the disease germs from other hands.

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Full dress and Tuxedo Suits, full silk lined, $50.00 values, now...$22.50
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Pairs and Singles, All Colors and Sizes
Parrots, great talkers, comedians, Bullfinches piping Opera Airs.

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Non-Subscription Performances This Week: Thursday and Saturday Evs.; Sat. Mat. Seats in All Parts of the House.
Tickets for All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.

Mr. John Mason and his company in
A SON OF THE PEOPLE
A three-act drama by Sophus Michaelis
(SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT.)
Sheridan's Delightful Comedy
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL
Shakespeare's Charming Comedy
TWELFTH NIGHT

To-night at 8:15...A Son of the People
Wed. Mat. 2:15, Ev. 8:15. A Son of the People
Thur. Mat. (opera)...L'Attaque du Moulin
Thur. Ev., 8:15. The School for Scandal
Fri. 2, (Professional Mat.)...Don
Fri. Ev., 8 (opera) Madama Butterfly and (ballet)...Coppelia
Sat. Mat., 2...Twelfth Night
Sat. Evg., 8:15...Twelfth Night

NEXT WEEK.
Mon. Eve., The School for Scandal; Wed. & Sat. Evgs., The Witch; Thurs. Mat. & Evg. & Fri. Evg., A Son of the People; Sat. Mat., Twelfth Night.
Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c. Opera, $5 to $1.

At Brooklyn Academy of Music, Tues. Eve., March 8, THE NIGGER.

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HIPPODROME Entire Block, 6th Ave. 43rd-44th Sts. Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c. to $1.50. A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts

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Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. Tom'w. BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. This Week Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. Tom'w, 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

Broadway Thea. B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. Tom'w, 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY

COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD.

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT IN THE LOTTERY MAN

WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. WALKER WHITESIDE IN THE Melting Pot

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York
GUSTAV MAHLER Conductor.
To-morrow (Wednesday) Evg. at 8:15
Fifth Historical Concert.
WAGNER—LISZT
Soloist CARL JÖRN Tenor
(Metropolitan Opera Company.)
WAGNER:
"Flying Dutchman"...Overture
"Lohengrin"...Prelude
"Parsifal"...Vorspiel
"Walkure"...Love Song
"Meistersinger"...Prize Song
"Goetterdaemmerung"...Funeral March
LISZT:
"Les Preludes."
"Mazeppa."
Seats 75c. to $2.

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SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor
TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
Overture, "Tannhauser," Wagner; Song, "An die Hoffnung" (Sydney Biden,) Beethoven.
Beethoven's "Ninth Symphony"
16 Soloists and Oratorio Society Chorus.
Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at 1 W. 34th St. & Box Office.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
Wed., RIGOLETTO, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, MM. Renaud, Vallier; Fri., ELEKTRA, (last time), Mme. Mazarin and regular cast; Sat. Aft., SALOME, Miss Mary Garden, Mme. Doria, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Devries, Vallier, Dufour, etc.; Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Eve., pop. prices, TALES OF HOFFMANN, Miles. Cavalieri, Trentini, MM. Renaud, Devries, Gilibert, etc. SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS FOR NEXT SEASON NOW OPEN, 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

CARNEGIE HALL, THIS AFTERNOON at 3
Song Recital Mme. Marcella
SEMBRICH
Frank LaForge at Piano (Baldwin)
TICKETS, $2.50, $2.00, $1.50, $1.00.

BELASCO THEATRE—THURSDAY Matinee,
A brilliant array of artists, including
DAVID BISPHAM, MME. RITA FORNIA
in an Operatic Concert for the Benefit of Morningside Milk Dispensary. Tickets 50c. to $2.00. Management of Loudon Charlton.

WULLNER March 8, 10, 12, Aftern., Mendelssohn Hall. SCHUBERT and SCHUMANN CYCLE SERIES. C. V. BOS at the Piano. Tickets, Subscription & Single, at Box Office, Tyson's; Concert Direction M. H. HANSON, 437 Fifth Av. (Chickering Piano.)

Mendelssohn Hall, TO-NIGHT at 8:15.
Last Subscription Concert,
FLONZALEY QUARTET.
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IRVING PLACE THEATRE. | To-night, Wed. & Thurs. Eves. 8:15. H. Bahr's Comedy, "Der Meister." Fri. and Sat. Eve., Zeller's Operetta, "Der Vogelhaendler." Sat. Mat., "Moral."

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EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:15. "A portrayal of which any actress should be proud."—Sun. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. "Full of Amusing Situations."—Herald. BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT

SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. CHILDREN OF DESTINY

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day, Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. SPECIAL PROFESSION MATINEE TO-DAY in aid of the ACTORS' FUND WM. COLLIER in his great success, A LUCKY STAR "The funniest person on the stage to-day."—Alan Dale.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. LAST 5 NIGHTS, LAST 2 MATINEES. TO-NIGHT, MYSTIC SHRINE NIGHT. OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.

WED., MCH. 9. Seats Thurs. HATTIE WILLIAMS AND AN ALL-STAR CAST in the farce THE GIRL HE COULDN'T LEAVE BEHIND HIM.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Saturday at 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy and 3 times as funny." FRANCIS WILSON THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

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NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. JOS. M. GAITES' New Musical Production, BRIGHT EYES by the Authors of 3 TWINS, with Cecil Lean & Florence Holbrook.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100

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JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow $1. It's Naughty, But It's Nice. WHERE THERE'S A WILL (FRENCH FARCE)

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night at 8, Grand Gala Performance.
I. Pagliacci. Prologue and Act I. Mlle. Destinn; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Bada.
II. Pas de deux, Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkine.
III. Il Trovatore. Act IV. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Martin, Gilly, Audisio.
IV. Tosca, Act II. Mlle. Farrar; MM. Jadlowker, Scotti, Bada, Begue.
V. Pas seule, Mlle. Pavlowa.
VI. La Gioconda. Act III. Mmes. Noria, Meitschik; MM. Caruso, Amato, De Segurola and the entire Corps de Ballet.
Conductors, MM. Toscanini, Podesti and Tango.
Wednesday Evening at 7:30, Siegfried. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Burrian, Reiss, Soomer, Goritz, Blass. Cond., Hertz.
Thursday Evening, at 8...Germania
Friday Evening, at 7:30...Goetterdaemmerung
Sat. Mat., at 2, First Time...Pique Dame
Sat. Evg., at 7:45, Double Bill, Orfeo, and Ballet Coppelia, with Mlle. Pavlowa.
Next Week: Mon. Evg., at 8, Barbiere di Siviglia. Mlle. de Hidalgo, (debut); MM. Bonci, Forsell, Pini-Corsi, Didur. Cond., Podesti; followed by Ballet Div't with Mlle. Pavlowa. Wed. Evg. at 8, Pique Dame.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
Thursday Matinee...L'Attaque du Moulin
Fri. Eve., Madam Butterfly. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Scotti; and Act I. Ballet Coppelia. Mlle. Pavlowa
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
Mon. Evg., Mch. 7. La Gioconda. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Meitschik; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola, Begue, Missiano, Tecchi. Cond., Toscanini.
WEBER PIANO USED.

ASTOR B'way 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Evs. 8 sharp. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. SOTHERN & MARLOWE This Week—Hamlet and Twelfth Night. Special Mat. Thursday, Twelfth Night. Matinee Sat., Romeo and Juliet. Popular Prices. Good Res'v'd Seats, 50c. NEXT WEEK—THE MERRY WIDOW.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "A play that sends 'Raffles' back to the infant class."—Leslie's Weekly. 3RD MONTH H. B. WARNER IN ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE

GARDEN THEA., 27th & Mad. Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat. BEN GREET PLAYERS in REPERTOIRE. "Macbeth" To-night, To-morrow Mat. & Evg. "Merchant of Venice" Thur., Fri., Sat. Mat. & Ev. "Everyman," Special Friday Matinee at 3:15.

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STUYVESANT THE BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
BELASCO Theatre, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. CHARLOTTE WALKER in EUGENE WALTER'S play JUST A WIFE

PLAZA 59th St., Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c, 50c, 75c. GEORGE LASHWOOD RICE & COHEN, others.
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KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. | IRENE FRANKLIN, LOIE FULLER'S BAREFOOT DANCERS, Al Jolson, 8 other big acts.
GRAND Opera House. — HENRY MILLER The Servant in the House.
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ICE HOCKEY N. Y. A. C. vs. Hockey Club | To-night at 8:15. St. Nicholas Rink, 66th St. & Columbus Av.
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